





# Detailed Site Investigation

1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road Willoughby NSW

Prepared for:

Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Revision	Date	Author	Approver	Issued
Draft	20 September 2019	MV	KH	20 September 2019
Rev0	20 September 2019	MV	KH	20 September 2019
Rev1	24 September 2019	MV	KH	24 September 2019

Author	Approved
24	Junual Henderson
Matthew Vanderheyden	Ken Henderson
Senior Environmental Scientist	Principal Environmental Scientist
B.Sc. (Geol, Hons)	B.Sc. (Hons Geology)
	EIANZ CEnvP (SC) #SC40922

Ref. No.:	19.13
Disclaimer:	THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO LIMITATIONS NOTED



# **Table of Contents**

ΕX	cecutiv	e Summary	IV
		duction	
	1.1	Site Background and Details of Proposed Development	1
	1.2	Objective	
	1.3	Scope of Works	
	1.4	Statutory and Regulatory Framework	
2		Description and Setting	
	2.1	Site Identification	
	2.2	Site Description	5
	2.3	Surrounding Land Use	
	2.4	Surface Water Bodies	
	2.5	Regional Geology & Hydrogeology	
	2.6	Acid Sulfate Soils	
	2.7	Registered Groundwater Bore Search	7
	2.8	EPA Records	7
	2.9	SafeWork NSW Storage of Hazardous Chemicals Register	8
	2.10	Previous Environmental Investigations	8
		2.10.1 JBS&G (2013a, 2013b and 2015)	8
		2.10.2 EIS (2017) and EIS (2018) Preliminary Environmental Site Assessments	g
	2.11	Historical Data Review and Data Gap Assessment	10
3	Data	Quality	12
	3.1	Data Quality Objectives	12
	3.2	Data Quality Indicators	14
4	Adop	ted Assessment Criteria	16
	4.1	Soil Assessment Criteria	16
	4.2	Groundwater Beneficial Uses	17
	4.3	Groundwater Investigation Levels	18
5	Field	Program	19
	5.1	Soil Sampling Program	19
	5.2	Groundwater Investigation Program	21
	5.3	Soil Analytical Program	22
	5.4	Groundwater Analytical Program	22
6	Asses	ssment Results	23
	6.1	Site Specific Lithology	23
	6.2	Soil Analytical Results	23



	6.3	Hydrogeological Conditions		
	6.4	Groundwater Analytical Results		
	6.5	Quality Assurance/Quality Control		
		6.5.1 Laboratory QA/QC	26	
		6.5.2 Data Useability	26	
7	Conc	nceptual Site Model and Risk Assessment		
	7.1 CSM Discussion and Summary			
	7.2			
8	Conc	iclusions and Recommendations		
	8.1	Summary and Conclusions	32	
	8.2	Recommendations	33	
9	Refer	ences	34	
		ations		
		Figures		
Tit	tle		Figure	
•			rigare	
		ality Plan		
Sit	te Plar	and Sampling Locations	2	
Er	count	ered Depth of Fill Material	3	
Sc	il Hun	Soil Human Health Criteria Exceedances4		
		an risaan Chara Excessarioss	4	
			4	
		Tables	4	
Tit	tle		Table	
		Tables	Table	
Sı	ımmar	<b>Tables</b> y of Soil Analytical Results – Metals, PAH, TPH/TRH, BTEXN, Asbestos and PCBs	Table	
Sı Sı	ımmar ımmar	Tables  y of Soil Analytical Results – Metals, PAH, TPH/TRH, BTEXN, Asbestos and PCBs y of Soil Analytical Results – Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs	<b>Table</b> 1	
Sı Sı Sı	ımmar ımmar ımmar	Tables  y of Soil Analytical Results – Metals, PAH, TPH/TRH, BTEXN, Asbestos and PCBs y of Soil Analytical Results – Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs y of Soil Analytical Results – Quality Assurance/Quality Control	Table12	
Sı Sı Sı	ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar	Tables  y of Soil Analytical Results – Metals, PAH, TPH/TRH, BTEXN, Asbestos and PCBs y of Soil Analytical Results – Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs y of Soil Analytical Results – Quality Assurance/Quality Control y of Soil Trip Blank and Trip Spike Results	Table1	
Su Su Su Su	ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar	Tables  y of Soil Analytical Results – Metals, PAH, TPH/TRH, BTEXN, Asbestos and PCBs y of Soil Analytical Results – Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs y of Soil Analytical Results – Quality Assurance/Quality Control y of Soil Trip Blank and Trip Spike Results y of Soil Rinsate Analytical Data	Table	
Su Su Su Su Su	ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar	Tables  y of Soil Analytical Results – Metals, PAH, TPH/TRH, BTEXN, Asbestos and PCBs y of Soil Analytical Results – Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs y of Soil Analytical Results – Quality Assurance/Quality Control y of Soil Trip Blank and Trip Spike Results y of Soil Rinsate Analytical Data y of Groundwater Analytical Results	Table1345	
Su Su Su Su Su Su	ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar ımmar	Tables  y of Soil Analytical Results – Metals, PAH, TPH/TRH, BTEXN, Asbestos and PCBs y of Soil Analytical Results – Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs y of Soil Analytical Results – Quality Assurance/Quality Control y of Soil Trip Blank and Trip Spike Results y of Soil Rinsate Analytical Data	Table13456	



# **Appendices**

Title	Appendix
Site Development Plans and Consent Documents	A
Site Photographs	B
Historical Report Excerpts	C
QA/QC Summary	D
Laboratory Results	E
Field Documents	F



## **Executive Summary**

Walter Projects Pty Ltd (Walter Projects) engaged TRACE Environmental to undertake a Detailed Site Investigation (DSI) for the properties located at 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW ('the site'). The site comprises 27 lots and is proposed for redevelopment for high density residential land use. The DSI was completed to assess the potential site contamination associated with current and historic land uses that may affect the suitability of the site for the proposed high density residential land use at the site.

Previous environmental investigations conducted at the site identified the potential for fill material to be present at the site, in addition to other potential sources of contamination, including former on-site and off-site commercial/industrial land uses and potential hazardous building materials. Previous investigations also identified some impacts in shallow soil exceeding applicable criteria in the eastern portion of the site.

Works completed as part of the DSI included the following:

- Review of available historical information for the site;
- · Field investigations, including the following:
  - o Advancing 26 soil bores across the site and installation of a groundwater monitoring well;
  - Sampling of three existing and one newly installed groundwater monitoring wells;
  - Laboratory analysis of soil and groundwater samples for contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) identified during previous environmental assessments and COPCs considered relevant to assessment of the site for the proposed land use;
- Development of a Conceptual Site Model (CSM) of the site.

Based on the findings of this DSI, the following summary and conclusions are provided:

- The majority of the site has historically been utilised for residential purposes, with the exception of the north-eastern portion of the site (462 Willoughby Road) which formally comprised part of a larger commercial/industrial property (possibly used for electrical goods and refrigerator manufacturing) from the 1950s to the 1970s/1980s;
- Fill material was encountered across the site to a maximum depth of 0.9 m below ground surface (bgs) during the current investigation, and up to 1.2 and 1.5 mbgs during previous investigations;
- Soil samples were analysed from 26 boreholes advanced across the site. Groundwater samples were
  collected from three existing (MW1 to MW3) and one newly installed (MW4) monitoring wells at the site.
  Groundwater was encountered in sandstone bedrock during drilling of MW4 at approximately 7 mbgs;
- The soil assessment identified benzo(a)pyrene TEQ, lead and/or asbestos exceeding human health screening criteria for the proposed high density residential land use and/or communal open space areas in soil samples at four locations. One soil sample collected during a previous investigation also reported benzo(a)pyrene TEQ above the human health screening criteria for high density residential and recreational/open space land uses;



- A number of soil samples collected across the site reported concentrations of TRH, copper, zinc and/or benzo(a)pyrene above the ecological assessment criteria for urban residential/public open space land uses, which may present a risk to future on-site ecological receptors;
- Metals were reported at concentrations exceeding the applicable groundwater guideline criteria in the
  analysed groundwater samples. The reported concentrations of metals in groundwater are likely due to
  elevated background conditions and are not considered to present a risk to future high density residential
  site users; and
- Due to the presence of buildings across most of the site, the investigated locations were limited to
  accessible areas of the site and assessment of the soil beneath the existing building footprints could not
  be completed. In addition, as asbestos was reported in soil exceeding the applicable guideline criteria. As
  such, further assessment at the site (including at building footprints following demolition) should be
  undertaken prior to site redevelopment. It is recommended that the additional investigation works be
  conducted as a Data Gap Investigation (DGI) following demolition and removal of the site buildings.

Based on the findings of the DSI, it is considered that the site can be made suitable for the proposed high density residential land use, subject to the following recommendations:

- A RAP should be prepared for the soil impacts identified at the site. The RAP should also outline the
  requirements for a DGI to further assess the site, including assessing areas beneath building footprints
  that were inaccessible during the current investigation. The RAP should also contain contingency
  measures to remediate/validate any additional impacted soil and/or asbestos finds that may be
  encountered during future investigation/remediation works;
- An Asbestos Clearance Inspection of the site surface should also be undertaken by a Licenced Asbestos
  Assessor on completion of demolition works and/or any remedial works that may be required (such as
  following remediation of any additional asbestos 'hotspots' of contamination that may be identified at the
  site following completion of the proposed DGI);
- The RAP should also include an unexpected finds protocol to address unexpected finds that may be encountered during site redevelopment works;
- A hazardous building materials survey of existing site structures should be completed prior to demolition
  works at the site. Any unexpected finds (including suspected ACM, if observed in soil) will require further
  investigation by a qualified environmental consultant;
- Any material to be removed off site must be classified in accordance with the NSW EPA (2014) Waste
  Classification Guidelines, and the soil be disposed appropriately to a facility licensed to accept the material;
  and
- Any imported material brought onto the site for any purpose must first be validated as being suitable for the intended land use, prior to being imported onto the site.



## 1 Introduction

TRACE Environmental was engaged by Walter Projects Pty Ltd (Walter Projects) to undertake a Detailed Site Investigation (DSI) for the properties located at 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW ('the site'). The site comprises 27 lots¹ and is proposed for redevelopment for high density residential land use. A site locality plan is presented in **Figure 1** and a site plan is presented in **Figure 2**. The proposed development plans for the site are included in **Appendix A**.

This DSI was completed to assess the potential site contamination associated with current and historical land uses that may affect the suitability of the site for the proposed high-density residential land use at the site.

### 1.1 Site Background and Details of Proposed Development

The site currently comprises predominantly low to medium density residential properties, with a vacant lot in the north-east portion of the site, and covers an area of approximately 1.5 Ha. Based on the details provided by Walter Projects, it is understood that the planning proposal includes rezoning of the site from R3 (medium density residential) to R4 (high density residential), followed by the construction of a number of multi-storey residential buildings, which will include up to three levels basement car parking and communal open space areas.

Previous environmental investigations have been conducted at the site by Environmental Investigation Services (EIS) which are summarised below in **Section 2.10**. These investigations identified the potential for fill material to be present at the site, in addition to other potential sources of contamination, including former on-site and off-site commercial/industrial land uses and hazardous building materials. Additionally, the previous investigations identified PAHs and zinc exceeding applicable criteria in the eastern portion of the site.

The proposed development is also being conducted per the conditions of three development consent documents issued by Willoughby City Council (Council) as follows:

- Development Consent DA-2016/210 (W) for 5-9 Walter Street, Willoughby (Lot 1 DP 150607, Lot 2 DP 150607, Lot 3 DP 150607;
- Development Consent DA-2016/303 (D) for 11, 11A, 13 & 13A Walter Street, WILLOUGHBY (Lot 2 DP 590018, Lot 1 DP 590018, Lot 362 DP 1032203, Lot 361 DP 1032203; and
- Development Consent DA-2016/425 (D) for 21-27 Walter Street, Willoughby (Lot 1 and Lot 2 DP 166910, Lot 1 DP 168467, Lot 30 DP 977055.

Copies of the above referenced development consent documents are provided in Appendix A.

The conditions of consent relating to 'environmental and health protection' and/or 'health and safety' as noted in the above documents that are considered relevant to this DSI relate to the following conditions:

 An unexpected finds contingency plan should be incorporated into site redevelopment works. In the event that previously unidentified contaminated soils or materials are identified during site redevelopment, works

1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Lot 2 DP586037, Lots 1 and 2 DP1161181, Lot 1 DP81135, Lot 1 DP75133, Lot 1 DP178525, Lots 11 and 12 DP129153, Lot 1 DP1084753, Lots 1 to 3 DP150607, Lots 1 and 2 DP590018, Lots 361 and 362 DP1032203, Lots 34 and 35 DP1037751, Lot 33 DP508777, Lot 1 DP1239384, Lots 1 and 2 DP166910, Lot 1 DP168467, Lot 30 DP977055, Lots 100 and 101 DP857252 and Lot 28 DP977055.



should cease in the immediate vicinity and the affected area isolated to minimise disturbance. A suitably qualified contaminated site consultant should be engaged to assess the degree, type and extent of contamination and establish a suitable remediation plan. The Site Manager/landowner shall notify Council in writing when they become aware of any contamination;

- All materials excavated and removed from the site (fill or natural) shall be classified in accordance with the
  Environment Protection Authority (EPA) Waste Classification Guidelines prior to being disposed of to a
  NSW approved landfill or to a recipient site.
- Following completion of the removal of any identified hazardous material associated with demolition works, a clearance certificate shall be issued by an appropriately qualified occupational hygienist and submitted to the Certifying Authority. The clearance certificate shall verify that the site is free from any hazardous materials from the demolished buildings; and/or
- Any material to be imported onto the site for levelling, construction or engineering purposes must satisfy
  the Office of Environment & Heritage (OEH) requirements for virgin excavated natural material (VENM) or
  excavated natural material (ENM). The determination of VENM or ENM must be made by suitable qualified
  consultant. Pre-certification of the imported material shall be made and details made available to Council
  upon request.

It is also noted that correspondence from Council<sup>2</sup> indicates that a 'Stage 2 Detailed Investigation report is required to send to the Department with the documentation requesting Gateway Determination'. TRACE Environmental understands that this request relates to the findings of historical investigations conducted at the site by EIS.

#### 1.2 Objective

The objective of the DSI is to assess the contamination status of soil and groundwater at the site in the context of the proposed high density residential redevelopment, and to inform any further investigation and/or ongoing remedial or long-term management requirements that may be required.

This DSI was completed in general accordance with the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, Amendment 2013 (NEPM) and relevant NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) Guidelines.

### 1.3 Scope of Works

In order to achieve the objective, the following scope of works were undertaken:

- A review of historical information relating to the property from the following sources:
  - Existing environmental reports for the site;
  - NSW EPA administered environment management and contaminated land registers;
  - o Registered groundwater bore database for groundwater bores in the vicinity of the site;

<sup>2</sup> Email from Jane Hosie (Council) to Mo Chehelnabi (Architecture Urbaneia), subject: 1-31 Walter St and 452-462 Willoughby Rd, Willoughby, dated 16 August 2019.



- Acid Sulfate Soils (ASS) risk maps; and
- o Available geological and hydrogeological information.
- Field investigations, including the following:
  - An inspection of the site to assist with the identification of potential sources of contamination and evaluate the general condition of the site in relation to potential contamination;
  - Orilling of one soil bore (SB1) using a Geoprobe drill rig, and hand auguring an additional 25 shallow soil bores (SB2 to SB26) across the site;
  - Installation of a groundwater monitoring well in the drilled borehole (MW4);
  - Collection of soil samples from 26 locations across the site and submission to a National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) accredited laboratory for selected analysis of the contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) identified during previous environmental assessments and COPCs considered relevant to assessment of the site for the proposed land use. Analysed COPCs included total recoverable hydrocarbons (TRH), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes and naphthalene (BTEXN), heavy metals (arsenic, cadmium, copper, chromium, nickel, mercury and zinc), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), phenols, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), organochlorine pesticides (OCPs), organophosphorous pesticides (OPPs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and/or asbestos. Select soil samples were also analysed for electrical conductivity (EC) and/or pH;
  - Field screening of soil samples using a photo-ionisation detector (PID) for the potential presence of VOCs; and
  - Collection of groundwater samples from one newly installed (MW4) and three existing (MW1 to MW3) monitoring wells and submission to a NATA accredited laboratory for analysis of COPCs including dissolved heavy metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc), TRH, BTEXN, PAHs, phenols, PCBs, OCPs, OPPs, VOCs and perand poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS).
- Completion of a field quality assurance (QA)/quality control (QC) program in accordance with NEPM (2013) requirements, including analysis of duplicate, triplicate, trip spike, trip blank and rinsate samples;
- Development of a conceptual site model (CSM) of the site based on the results of this investigation, outlining potential contamination sources and exposure pathways and receptors which may be impacted, and completion of a preliminary environmental risk assessment; and
- Provide conclusions and recommendations regarding the contamination status of the site and identify any further investigation, management and/or remediation at the site, if considered warranted.

#### 1.4 Statutory and Regulatory Framework

Field activities and reporting were carried out in accordance with the following guidelines, regulations and standards:

 ANZG (2018) Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality. Australian and New Zealand Governments and Australian state and territory governments, Canberra ACT, Australia;



- CRC CARE (2011) Technical Report No. 10 Health Screening Levels for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil and Groundwater Part 1: Technical Development Document, September 2011;
- CRC CARE (2011) Technical Report No. 10, Health Screening Levels for petroleum hydrocarbons in soil and groundwater. Part 2: Application Document, Dated September 2011;
- National Environmental Protection Council (NEPC), National Environmental Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (NEPM), 1999, Amendment 2013;
- National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) (2008) Guidelines for Managing Risks in Recreational Water.
- NEPM (2013) Schedule B(1) Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater, NEPM, 1999, Amendment 2013;
- NEPM (2013) Schedule B(2) Guideline on Site Characterisation, NEPM, 1999, Amendment 2013;
- NHMRC (2018) Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (ADWG), Updated August 2018;
- NSW Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (1998) Managing Land Contamination: Planning Guidelines: SEPP 55 Remediation of Land, August 1998;
- NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines, September 1995;
- NSW EPA (2015), Guidelines on the Duty to Report Contamination under the Contaminated Land Management Act. NSW EPA, September 2015;
- NSW EPA (2017) Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd Ed.), October 2017;
- NSW OEH (2011), Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites. NSW Office of Environment & Heritage (OEH), November 1997, Reprinted September 2000 and August 2011;
- Standards Australia. Guide to the investigation and sampling of sites with potentially contaminated soil. Part 1: Non-volatile and semi-volatile compounds, AS4482.1 (2005) and Part 2: Volatile substances, AS4482.2 (1999); and
- WA Department of Health (DoH) (2009), Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia. WA DoH, May 2009.



## 2 Site Description and Setting

#### 2.1 Site Identification

Details of the site are included in **Table 2-1**, below.

Table 2-1: Summary of Site Identification Details

ID Element	Description
Site Address	1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW
Lot/DP	Lot 2 DP586037, Lots 1 and 2 DP1161181, Lot 1 DP81135, Lot 1 DP75133, Lot 1 DP178525, Lots 11 and 12 DP129153, Lot 1 DP1084753, Lots 1 to 3 DP150607, Lots 1 and 2 DP590018, Lots 361 and 362 DP1032203, Lots 34 and 35 DP1037751, Lot 33 DP508777, Lot 1 DP1239384, Lots 1 and 2 DP166910, Lot 1 DP168467, Lot 30 DP977055, Lots 100 and 101 DP857252 and Lot 28 DP977055
Site Owner	Walter Projects Pty Ltd
Local Council	Willoughby City Council
Site Coordinates	-33.812063°, 151.198433° (approximate centre of site)
Approximate Site Elevation	60 m AHD
Approximate Site Area	1.5 Ha

A Site Locality Plan is presented in Figure 1 and a Site Plan is presented in Figure 2.

## 2.2 Site Description

An initial site inspection was completed by TRACE Environmental on 22 August 2019. Details of the site, as observed during the inspection, are outlined in **Table 2-2** below. Site photographs are provided in **Appendix B** 

**Table 2-2: Site Description** 

Category	Findings
Current Use and Users/Occupiers	The site comprises 16 single to three-story houses along Walter Street, six single-story houses along Willoughby Road and a vacant lot in the north-eastern portion of the site on Willoughby Road.  The current users of the site are residents occupying the residences and visitors.
Future Use and Users/Occupiers	The proposed development comprises the construction of seven high density residential apartment buildings, which will include up to three levels of basement car parking and communal open space areas.
	Future site users will likely include construction workers during development of the site, the residents occupying future residences following site redevelopment, visitors and future maintenance workers.
Current Site Features	The site currently comprises 22 existing single story to three story brick or brick rendered residential houses along Walter Street and Willoughby Road (refer to <b>Photographs 3</b> to <b>7</b> of <b>Appendix B</b> ). Some small garden sheds were observed in the rear of some properties, which may comprise asbestos containing material (ACM).
	Additionally, the north-eastern portion of the site (462 Willoughby Road) comprises vacant land (refer to <b>Photographs 1</b> and <b>2</b> of <b>Appendix B</b> ). A concrete driveway runs east-west along most of the southern boundary of the lot, with the remaining site area being grassed. The central portion of the lot mounds slightly, with the edges of the mound generally sloping gently to the north, east and south. Some timber was observed in the south-eastern portion of this lot (refer to <b>Photograph 1</b> of <b>Appendix B</b> ).



Category	Findings
Chemicals, raw materials and intermediate products storage and use	No evidence of chemicals, raw materials or intermediate products were observed on-site. No evidence of current or historical underground storage tanks (USTs) or above ground storage tanks (ASTs) (such as vent pipes, fill points, fuel dispensers, etc.) were observed at the site during inspection.
Waste Management	General residential/household waste is currently being generated and stored on site (trash bins) prior to off-site disposal. No hazardous waste is currently or is expected to be generated and/or stored on site.
Reported spills, chemical losses, discharges to	No information pertaining to spills, chemical losses, discharges to land or water, and/or incidents/accidents was provided in previous investigations.
land/water and/or incidents/accidents	The NSW EPA environmental register for contaminated land records <sup>3</sup> was accessed online on 30 August 2019. No notices or declarations under Section 58 of the CLM Act 1997 were listed for the site. In addition, a search of the public register under section 308 of the NSW POEO Act 1997 did not identify any licenses referring to the site, and a search of the <i>List of NSW Contaminated Sites Notified to the EPA</i> did not identify the site.
Surface covering/vegetation	At the time of the site inspection, the surface covering at the residential properties at the site included grass, paving, concrete and landscape gravels, with some garden areas. No significant areas of vegetation stress were identified at the site.
	The surface north of the north-eastern lot (462 Willoughby Road) was primarily grassed, except for a concrete driveway extending east-west along most of the southern boundary of the lot. Some trees are also present in this lot.
Electrical transformers/power generation	No electrical transformers are present on the site. The site is provided power via above ground services extending from Walter Street and Willoughby Road.
Topography and infilling	The topography of the site area generally slopes from the north to south, with a number of rock outcroppings visible in the rear of the residential property backyards. The central portion of 462 Willoughby Road is slightly mounded, which slopes to the north, east and south, and may be associated with filling of this area. However, it is noted that soil bores advanced at 462 Willoughby Road encountered fill material to a maximum depth of 0.5 mbgs (SB1) and encountered refusal in fill material on apparent sandstone bedrock at depths of between 0.15 and 0.2 mbgs (refer to Figure 2 for borehole locations and Appendix F for borelogs). Given the natural site topography, it is considered that any filling during historical site levelling and landscaping of the residential properties at the site is likely to have utilised reworked site-sourced material.
Surface drainage	Surface water across the majority of the site is expected to drain toward the south and via gutters and pipes to a municipal storm water conveyance system.

## 2.3 Surrounding Land Use

At the time of the site inspection, the surrounding land uses comprised:

- North: Residential (apartments), childcare centre, television studios and associated satellite communications infrastructure;
- East: Willoughby Road with Bicentennial Reserve Oval and Hallstrom Park beyond;
- South: Walter Street with low density residential, Gore Hill Freeway and Flat Rock Creek beyond; and
- West: Reserve and residential beyond.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/prclmapp/searchregister.aspx



A review of the surrounding land uses indicates a low potential for contaminating activities to have occurred at the off-site surrounding properties.

#### 2.4 Surface Water Bodies

The nearest surface water body is Flat Rock Creek which is located between approximately 60 and 120 m south and 400 m west of the site, which eventually discharges into Sydney Harbour approximately 2 km to the east of the site. This surface water body is considered a likely potential receptor of site-specific groundwater impacts (if any).

## 2.5 Regional Geology & Hydrogeology

The Sydney 1:100,000 Geological Series Sheet 9130 (Ed 1) (Geological Survey of NSW, 1983) indicates that the site is situated on Hawkesbury Sandstone which typically consists of medium to coarse grained quartz sandstone with very minor shale and laminite lenses. This is consistent with the findings observed during borehole drilling at the site (refer to **Section 6.1** for details) and the geotechnical investigation conducted at a portion of the site by JC Geotechnical<sup>4</sup>.

The depth to groundwater encountered during drilling of soil bore SB1 at the site was approximately 7 m below ground surface (bgs) within the sandstone bedrock.

#### 2.6 Acid Sulfate Soils

A review of the Willoughby City Council Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2012 Acid Sulfate Soils Map (Sheet ASS\_004) shows the site is located in a Class 5 area. Class 5 ASS require development consent for works within 500 m of adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land that is below 5 mAHD and by which the water table is likely to be lowered below 1 mAHD on adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land.

A search of the ASRIS databases<sup>5</sup> indicates the site is located in an area of low probability of occurrence for ASS.

#### 2.7 Registered Groundwater Bore Search

A groundwater bore search<sup>6</sup> was conducted on 30 August 2019 for the vicinity of the site, with no registered bores located within 500 m of the site.

#### 2.8 EPA Records

The NSW EPA environmental register for contaminated land records was accessed online<sup>7</sup> on 30 August 2019. No notices or declarations under Section 58 of the CLM Act 1997 were listed for the site. In addition, a search

<sup>6</sup> https://realtimedata.waternsw.com.au

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> JC Geotechnical Pty Ltd (2019) Geotechnical Investigation Report, Nos. 3-31 Walter Street Willoughby NSW 2068, 27 August 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> http://www.asris.csiro.au

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> https://apps.epa.nsw.gov.au/prclmapp/searchregister.aspx



of the public register under section 308 of the NSW POEO Act 1997 did not identify any licenses referring to the site, and a search of the *List of NSW Contaminated Sites Notified to the EPA* did not identify the site.

## 2.9 SafeWork NSW Storage of Hazardous Chemicals Register

A search of the Hazardous Chemicals Register was requested by EIS from SafeWork NSW for the property at 456 Willoughby Road. The results of the search (dated 8 July 2016) indicated no records pertaining to the site (refer to **Section 2.10** below for additional detail).

### 2.10 Previous Environmental Investigations

The following historical investigations relevant to the site were reviewed by TRACE Environmental:

- JBS&G (2013a) Validation Report, Office of Strategic Lands within the Department of Planning and Infrastructure, Willoughby Road, Artarmon, NSW, 2064, 29 October 2013;
- JBS&G (2013b) Remedial Action Plan, Office of Strategic Lands within the Department of Planning and Infrastructure, Lot 2 DP586037 Willoughby Rd, Artarmon, NSW, 2064, 27 September 2013;
- JBS&G (2015) Review of Contamination Status Lot 2 DP 586037, Willoughby Road, Artarmon, NSW.
   21 September 2015;
- EIS (2017) Preliminary Desktop Environmental Site Assessment, 3-31 and 462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby, NSW, 2 March 2017; and
- EIS (2018) Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment, 1-1A Walter Street and 452-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby, NSW, 1 August 2018.

#### 2.10.1 JBS&G (2013a, 2013b and 2015)

JBS&G conducted remediation and validation of asbestos impacted fill material at the property located at 462 Willoughby Road (Lot 2 DP586037) in 2013 (JBS&G 2013a). The objective of the remediation and validation works was to make the site suitable for proposed rezoning of the site to R3 Medium Density Residential under the Willoughby LEP 2012. The remediation and validation works were undertaken in accordance with a Remedial Action Plan (RAP) prepared for the site by JBS&G (2013b), which was prepared based on the identification of asbestos fibres in fill material in the north-eastern portion of the property during a Preliminary Site Investigation undertaken by JBS&G (2013c8).

Remediation works undertaken at the site included the excavation and off-site disposal of material in the vicinity of the asbestos impacted soil identified by JBS&G (2013c). Based on the absence of detectable asbestos in validation samples collected from the remedial excavation, and that ACM was not observed in the remedial excavation, JBS&G considered that the surface soils within the property were remediated and validated, and the site suitable for the proposed residential land use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> JBS&G (2013c) *Preliminary Site Investigation. Department of Planning and Infrastructure, Willoughby Road, Artarmon, NSW, 2064*, February 2013. This report was not provided to TRACE Environmental for review.



JBS&G completed a review of the contamination status of 462 Willoughby Road in 2015° to determine if any changes in environmental factors/conditions had occurred since the previous assessment, remediation and validation works undertaken at the property (2013a, 2013b and 2013c). The scope of work included a review of background information and previous reports for the site, and a site inspection. Dumped building materials (including concrete, wood, metal fencing and a Willoughby Council green recycling bin) were present along the southern border of the site during the inspection, in addition to a small sand stockpile (<2m³) observed against the eastern site fence, with a small amount of sand falling within the site. No asbestos was observed on site. Soil samples were collected from the stockpile and were analysed for heavy metals, TPH, BTEX, PAHs, OCPs, PCBs and asbestos. No analytes were reported above laboratory limits of reporting (LORs), except for some metals which were well below the adopted site and within background concentrations.

Based on the findings of the review, JBS&G (2015) considered that any widespread or gross contamination was unlikely to be present at the site and additional contamination investigations or management actions were not considered necessary for the site (in its condition at the time of reporting).

## 2.10.2 EIS (2017) and EIS (2018) Preliminary Environmental Site Assessments

EIS prepared Preliminary Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs) for planning proposals associated with the proposed high density residential developments at 3-31 Walter Street and 462 Willoughby Road (2017) and 1-1A Walter Street and 452-462 Willoughby Road (2018). The objectives of the Preliminary ESAs were to identify any past or present potentially contaminating activities at the site, and to identify the potential for site contamination. The scope of works completed for each site included review of site information (including background and site history information) and completion of a site inspection. Additionally, the scope of works presented in the EIS (2018) Preliminary ESA also included soil sampling undertaken during a previous investigation completed by EIS in 2016<sup>10</sup> at 450-460 Willoughby Road.

The investigations identified that the site has historically been utilised for residential purposes, except for 462 Willoughby Road which formerly comprised part of a larger commercial/industrial property (possibly electrical goods and refrigerator manufacturing) from the 1950s to the 1970s/1980s, following which the lot was vacant. Except for slag cobble identified in the eastern portion of 462 Willoughby Road and pieces of ash observed in some garden beds, the site walkover inspection did not identify any obvious potentially contaminating activities at the site. However, the potential for ACM to be present in on-site buildings was noted.

Based on the findings of the Preliminary ESAs, EIS identified the following potential contamination sources at the site:

- Historical import of fill material;
- Historical manufacturing of refrigerators and electrical goods (including off-site areas to the north); and
- Hazardous building materials.

<sup>9</sup> JBS&G (2015) Review of Contamination Status – Lot 2 DP 586037, Willoughby Road, Artarmon, NSW. 21 September 2015.

<sup>10</sup> EIS (2016) Report to Greenwood Early Education Centres on Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment for Proposed Childcare Development at 1 and 1A Walter Street & 452-460 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW, 30 June 2016. This report was not provided to TRACE Environmental for review.



The findings of the limited soil sampling undertaken at 450-460 Willoughby Road is summarised below:

- Fill material was identified to a maximum depth of approximately 1.2 mbgs, overlying natural clayey and sandy soils. Fill material was noted to be shallower in the western portion of the investigation area;
- Groundwater seepage was encountered in four of the five boreholes at depths between 0.5 and 1.1 mbgs;
- Carcinogenic PAHs were identified at concentrations above the adopted human health assessment criteria in fill material at one sampling location. The reported concentrations was considered to pose a potential risk to future site users and workers during the proposed site redevelopment; and
- Zinc was reported at a concentration above the adopted ecological assessment criteria in fill material at one sampling location. The reported concentration of zinc was not considered to pose an unacceptable ecological risk due to the urban site setting and location of nearby arterial roads, the absence of any existing vegetation stress and that the elevated concentration appeared to be confined to a relatively shallow surface layer of fill. It was noted by EIS (2018), however, that the elevated zinc concentration should be removed during construction of the proposed development.

Based on the findings of the 2017 and 2018 Preliminary ESAs, EIS considered that the historical land uses and potential sources of contamination identified would not preclude the proposed rezoning and future high density residential development at the site.

As part of the overall planning and development process, EIS recommended the following:

- Intrusive investigation be undertaken to assess the soil and groundwater conditions at the site;
- Screening for bulk landfill gasses be undertaken during borehole drilling in the eastern site area to close
  out any uncertainty regarding the filling history of the land to the east of the site;
- A hazardous building materials survey should be undertaken prior to demolition of the buildings. Following demolition of the buildings (and preferably prior to removal of the hardstand), an asbestos clearance certificate should be provided; and
- A waste classification should be undertaken prior to off-site disposal of any surplus materials to be excavated for the proposed basement construction and should include additional sampling within the proposed basement footprints.

Excerpts from the EIS (2017 and 2018) Preliminary ESAs are included in Appendix C.

#### 2.11 Historical Data Review and Data Gap Assessment

Following review of the results of the above referenced documents, TRACE Environmental considers that the previous investigations undertaken at the site are adequate to assess the site history and potential historical sources of contamination at the site. However, the number of soil sampling locations investigated as part of the ESI (2018) Preliminary ESA were not undertaken in accordance with NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines, which recommends 25 sample locations for a site area of 1.5 Ha. Given that potential on-site and off-site sources of soil and groundwater contamination were identified during the EIS (2017 and 2018) investigations, and that elevated concentrations of COPCs were reported in limited soil sampling completed in



the eastern portion of the site, further intrusive investigations at the site are required to assess the suitability of the site for the proposed high density residential land use.

Additional detail and discussion of the findings of the current DSI, as well as the findings of historical reports conducted at the site, are outlined below in **Section 7**.



## 3 Data Quality

## 3.1 Data Quality Objectives

The NSW EPA (2017) *Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd Edition)*, which is endorsed by the NSW EPA under s105 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, requires that Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) are to be adopted for all assessment and remediation programs. The DQO process as adopted by the NSW EPA is described within US EPA (2000) *Guidance for the Data Quality Objectives Process and Data Quality Objectives Process for Hazardous Waste Site Investigations*.

The DQOs for the site investigation, as detailed within NSW EPA (2017), are summarised in **Table 3-1**, below.

**Table 3-1: Data Quality Objectives** 

Data Quality Objective	Description
Step 1 State the Problem	The site currently comprises 22 low to medium density residential properties and a vacant lot in the north-east of the site, and is proposed for redevelopment for high density residential purposes.
	Previous investigations undertaken at the site by EIS (2017 and 2018) identified the following potential contamination sources at the site:  Historical import of fill material; Historical manufacturing of refrigerators and electrical goods (including off-site areas to the north); and Hazardous building materials.
	Additionally, a previous limited soil investigation in the eastern portion of the site (450-460 Willoughby Road) identified PAHs in fill material at concentrations that may present a risk to future users of the proposed high density residential development. Zinc was also reported at a concentration above the adopted ecological assessment criteria in fill material at one sampling location.
	Additional soil and groundwater sampling is required at the site to provide an assessment of potential site contamination that may affect the suitability of the site for the proposed high density residential land use, and to inform further assessment and/or ongoing remedial or long-term management requirements that may be required.
	The results of the DSI will show the type, concentrations, and extent of potential contamination impacting the site, in exceedance of applicable guideline criteria (if any).
Step 2 Identify the Decisions	<ul> <li>The decisions that must be made are:</li> <li>Is the site potentially contaminated from historic land use/site activities?</li> <li>What is the risk posed to potential on-site (and off-site) receptors from the concentrations of COPCs identified at the site (if any)?</li> <li>Are site soils and/or groundwater suitable for the proposed high density residential land use from a land contamination perspective?</li> <li>If not, is management and/or remediation of site soils and/or groundwater necessary to ensure the site is made suitable for the proposed high density residential land use?</li> </ul>



<b>Data Quality Objective</b>	Description	
Step 3	The primary inputs to the decisions described above are:	
Identify Inputs to the	Assessment of fill and natural soils, with samples collected from 26 locations across the site;	
Decision	• Ensuring a sufficient number of samples are collected at each sampling location to characterise site soils;	
	<ul> <li>Collection of four groundwater samples from one newly installed and three existing monitoring wells;</li> </ul>	
	• Laboratory analysis of soil and groundwater samples for relevant COPCs, based on historical land use and potential contaminant sources;	
	Assessment of the analytical results against applicable guideline criteria, based on the current and proposed future land uses;	
	<ul> <li>Assessment of the suitability of the analytical data obtained, against the Data Quality Indicators (DQIs);</li> </ul>	
	Site physiology and features; and	
	<ul> <li>Field observations including PID measurements, soil staining and waste materials (including ACM if observed).</li> </ul>	
Step 4	The site is located at 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW and comprises	
Define the Study Boundaries	27 lots. The lateral extent of the DSI is the site boundaries (as shown on <b>Figure 2</b> ). The vertical extent of the DSI extends to the maximum depth of drilling (i.e. 9.3 mbgs).	
Step 5	The decision rules for the DSI include:	
Develop a Decision Rule	<ul> <li>If the concentration of a soil or groundwater COPC in a sample is below the applicable guideline criteria, then no further assessment/remediation will be required with respect to that COPC;</li> <li>If soil or groundwater COPCs exceed the applicable guideline criteria, the site will be deemed to notation.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>potentially contain 'hot spots' of contamination;</li> <li>If the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) of a soil COPC is less than applicable guideline criteria, standard deviation is less than 50%, and no reported concentration is greater than 250% of criteria, then no further account (compatition will be required with respect to that COPC and</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>then no further assessment/remediation will be required with respect to that COPC; and</li> <li>If the concentration of a soil or groundwater COPC in a sample exceeds the applicable guideline criteria, additional works (e.g. remediation or quantitative risk assessment) may be required to minimise the risk.</li> </ul>	
Step 6 Specify Limits on Decision Errors	DQIs are used to assess the reliability of field procedures and analytical results. In particular, the DQIs are proposed within NSW EPA (2017) as being used to document and quantify compliance. DQIs are described as follows and are presented in <b>Table 3-2</b> , below:	
	<ul> <li>Completeness – a measure of the amount of useful data (expressed as %) from a data collection activity;</li> </ul>	
	• <b>Comparability</b> – the confidence (expressed qualitatively) that data may be equivalent for each sampling and analytical event;	
	• <b>Representativeness</b> – the confidence (expressed qualitatively) that data are representative of each media present on the site;	
	<ul> <li>Precision – a quantitative measure of the variability (or reproducibility) of data; and</li> <li>Accuracy (bias) – a quantitative measure of the closeness of reported data to the true rule.</li> </ul>	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	In addition, this step should include the following considerations to quantify tolerable limits:  • If 95% UCLs are adopted for a particular soil COPC, a decision can be made based on a 95% probability that the 'true' arithmetic average contaminant concentration within the sampling area will not exceed the value determined by this method. Therefore, the limit on the decision error will be that there is a 5% probability that the calculated arithmetic average contaminant concentration may be incorrect; and	
	• If the minimum soil sampling points required for site characterisation based on detected circular hot spots by using a systematic sampling pattern is adopted (Table A of NSW EPA 1995), a decision can be made based on a 95% confidence of detecting a hot spot of a particular diameter. Therefore, the limit on the decision error will be that there is a 5% probability that a hotspot of a particular diameter may not be detected.	



<b>Data Quality Objective</b>	Description
Step 7	To achieve the DQOs and DQIs, the following sampling procedures will be implemented to optimise
Optimise the Design for	the design for obtaining data:
Obtaining Data	<ul> <li>Primary, duplicate and triplicate soil and groundwater samples will be analysed at NATA accredited laboratories;</li> </ul>
	• Field and laboratory QA/QC results will indicate reliability and representativeness of the data set;
	• Laboratory Limits of Reporting (LORs) will be below the applicable guideline criteria for the analysed COPC, where possible;
	<ul> <li>Applicable guideline criteria will be sourced from NEPM (2013) guidelines and other NSW EPA endorsed guidelines (as necessary);</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Any soil aesthetic issues will be evaluated including areas of discolouration, odour and hazardous waste inclusions;</li> </ul>
	• Soil samples were collected from a total of 26 boreholes advanced at the site to target potential areas of impact at the site;
	Four groundwater monitoring wells were sampled at the site;
	<ul> <li>Soil and groundwater COPCs were selected based on a review of historic activities at the site;</li> <li>Samples will be collected by suitably qualified and experienced environmental consultants;</li> </ul>
	Soil and groundwater samples were collected and preserved in accordance with relevant standards/guidelines;
	Soil observations including odours, staining and PID readings will assist with selection of samples for laboratory analysis; and
	Field and laboratory QA/QC procedures will be adopted and reviewed to indicate the reliability of the results obtained.

## 3.2 Data Quality Indicators

The following Data Quality Indicators (DQIs), referenced in Step 6 in **Table 3-1**, have been adopted in accordance with the NSW EPA (2017) *Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)*. The DQIs outlined in **Table 3-2** assist with decisions regarding the contamination status of the site, including the quality of the laboratory data obtained, and are also discussed in **Appendix D**.

**Table 3-2: Data Quality Indicators** 

Data Quality Indicator	Frequency	Data Acceptance Criteria
Completeness		
Field documentation correct	All samples	All samples
Soil bore logs complete and correct	All samples	All samples
Suitably qualified and experience sampler	All samples	All samples
Appropriate lab methods and LORs	All samples	All samples
Chain of custodies (COCs) completed appropriately	All samples	All samples
Sample holding times complied with	All samples	All samples
Proposed/critical locations sampled	-	Proposed/critical locations sampled
Comparability		
Consistent standard operating procedures for collection of each	All samples	All samples
sample. Samples should be collected, preserved and handled in		
a consistent manner		
Experienced sampler	All samples	All samples
Climatic conditions (temp, rain etc.) recorded and influence on	All samples	All samples
samples quantified (if required)		
Consistent analytical methods, laboratories and units	All samples	All samples
Representativeness		
Sampling appropriate for media and analytes (appropriate	All samples	All Samples
collection, handling and storage)		
Samples homogenous	All samples	All Samples



Data Quality Indicator	Frequency	Data Acceptance Criteria
Detection of laboratory artefacts, e.g. contamination blanks	-	Laboratory artefacts detected and assessed
Samples extracted and analysed within holding times	All samples	-
Precision		
Blind duplicates (intra-laboratory duplicates)*	1 per 20 samples	<30% RPD (Inorganics) <50% RPD (Organics) No Limit RPD Result <10 × LOR
Split duplicates (inter-laboratory duplicates)*	1 per 20 samples	<30% RPD (Inorganics) <50% RPD (Organics) No Limit RPD Result <10 × LOR
Laboratory duplicates	1 per 20 samples	<20% RPD Result > 20 × LOR <50% RPD Result 10-20 × LOR No Limit RPD Result <10 × LOR
Accuracy (Bias)		
Trip blanks	1 per sampling event	COPCs <lor< td=""></lor<>
Trip Spikes	1 per sampling event	70-130%
Surrogate spikes	All organic samples	50-150%
Matrix spikes	1 per 20 samples	70-130%
Laboratory control samples	1 per 20 samples	70-130%
Method blanks	1 per 20 samples	<lor< td=""></lor<>
Rinsate Blanks	1 per day of sampling	<lor< td=""></lor<>

<sup>\*</sup>Including asbestos. Inconsistencies between primary, duplicate and/or triplicate samples analysed for asbestos would either be investigated or consider the highest results.



## 4 Adopted Assessment Criteria

To assess the relative level and significance of any detected COPCs, reference is made to an established environment and/or human health threshold level or criterion. These criteria are dependent mainly on the proposed use of the site, and the associated environmental and human health risk in both the long and short term. Given the proposed high density residential site redevelopment, site assessment criteria have been adopted for high density residential land use. In addition, based on the presence of basement car parking and communal open space areas at the site, site assessment criteria have also been adopted for commercial/industrial and recreational/open space land uses, respectively.

#### 4.1 Soil Assessment Criteria

The soil analytical results collected during this investigation were compared to the following criteria:

#### TRH and BTEXN:

- NEPM (2013) Soil Health Screening Levels (HSLs) for Vapour Intrusion (VI) for low to high density residential land use (HSL A/B), recreational / open space (HSL C) and commercial/industrial (HSL D). Based on the soil characteristics recorded at the time of sampling, the sand HSLs are considered applicable at the site;
- CRC CARE (2011) Soil HSLs for VI for Intrusive Maintenance Workers (Shallow Trench). Based
  on the soil characteristics recorded at the time of sampling, the sand HSLs are considered
  applicable at the site. These criteria are relevant for workers involved in shallow trenches to a
  maximum trench depth of 1 m;
- o CRC CARE (2011) Soil HSLs for Direct Contact for Intrusive Maintenance Workers; and
- CRC CARE (2011) Soil HSLs for Direct Contact for Residential (High Density) and Recreational/Open Space.
- Heavy metals, PAHs, OCPs, OPPs, phenols and PCBs:
  - NEPM (2013) Health Investigation Levels (HILs) for soil contaminants for residential with minimal opportunities for soil access (HIL B), public open space (HIL C) and commercial/industrial (HIL D).

#### · Asbestos:

 NEPM (2013) HSLs for asbestos contamination in soil for residential with minimal opportunities for soil access (HSL B), public open space (HSL C) and commercial/industrial (HSL D).

Given that the proposed development also includes garden areas/deep soil zones and open spaces on the site, the Ecological Screening Levels (ESLs) and Ecological Investigation Levels (ESLs) outlined in Schedule B1 of NEPM (2013) were also considered.

Aesthetic issues relating to soils (such as generation of odours and any discolouration of the soil as a result of contamination) will also need to be adequately addressed as outlined in the NSW EPA (2017) *Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd Edition)* and in accordance with Section 3.6 of Schedule B1 of NEPM (2013).



Summaries of methods and results of the soil investigation are included below in **Sections 5** and **6**, respectively. The soil analytical data for COPCs at the site is included in **Tables 1** and **2**.

#### 4.2 Groundwater Beneficial Uses

This section details the applicable guideline criteria utilised as groundwater investigation levels (GILs) for comparison to the groundwater analytical data collected during this DSI. The GILs are utilised as initial screening values only to determine if there is potential risk to human health and the environment associated with the dissolved phase impacts. The adopted GILs were based on an evaluation of potential beneficial groundwater uses both on and off site. For the purposes of evaluating groundwater conditions at the site, a review of the potential on-site and off-site groundwater beneficial uses has been conducted. The results of the review are provided in **Table 4-1**.

**Table 4-1: Groundwater Beneficial Uses** 

Beneficial Use		Likelihood of Use		Comment	
		On site	Off site		
Aquatic Ecosystems	Groundwater	Nil	Likely	There are no aquatic ecosystems on site and none are anticipated after site redevelopment. Flat Rock Creek is located between approximately 60-120 m south and 400 m west of the site. Based on proximity to the site and topography, Flat Rock Creek is considered a potential receptor of groundwater impacts at the site (if any).	
Human Uses	Potable Water	Unlikely	Unlikely	The site and surrounding suburb have an established reticulated water supply, and no registered domestic or consumption use groundwater bores were identified within 500 m of the site (refer to <b>Section 2.7</b> ). However, given that the site is located within a residential area, as a conservative approach the results will be compared to the NEPM (2013) Drinking Water criteria.	
	Primary/Secondary Contact/Recreation/ Aesthetic	Unlikely	Unlikely	The site and surrounding area have no rivers, creeks or other surface water bodies that would potentially be utilised for swimming and other recreational activities within a 500 m radius of the site. Additionally, no registered domestic or recreational use groundwater bores were identified within 500 m of the site (refer above to <b>Section 2.7</b> ). Therefore, primary/secondary contact/recreation/aesthetic beneficial uses have not been considered for this DSI.	
	Irrigation	Unlikely	Unlikely	Extraction of groundwater for irrigation purposes at the proposed site development is considered unlikely due to the location of the site in a metropolitan area. Furthermore, no registered irrigation use groundwater bores were identified within 500 m of the site (refer to <b>Section 2.7</b> ). Therefore, irrigation beneficial uses have not been considered for this DSI.	
	Stock Watering	Unlikely	Unlikely	Given that the site is located within the metropolitan area, it is unlikely that groundwater will be extracted for stock watering purposes. Furthermore, no registered stock watering groundwater bores were identified within 500 m of the site (refer to <b>Section 2.7</b> ). Therefore, stock watering beneficial uses have not been considered for this DSI.	
	Industrial Use	Unlikely	Unlikely	Given the surrounding land uses (i.e. residential, commercial and open space), potential off-site industrial use of groundwater in the vicinity of the site is considered unlikely. Therefore, industrial beneficial uses have not been considered for this DSI.	
	Aquaculture	Unlikely	Unlikely	The nearest surface water body (i.e. Flat Rock Creek) is considered unlikely to be utilised for aquaculture.	



Beneficial Use	Likelihood of Use		Comment	
	On site	Off site		
Intrusive Maintenance/Trench/Excavation Worker	Potential	Potential	Groundwater was gauged at depths between approximately 2.4 and 4.2 mbgs in the four monitoring wells at the site and was encountered during drilling of monitoring well MW4 at a depth of approximately 7 mbgs. Given that the proposed development will include up to three levels of basement car parking, on-site subsurface activities as part of the future development of the site have the potential for workers to come in direct contact with groundwater and COPCs if it is impacted.	
			Off-site sub-surface activities also have the potential for workers to come in direct contact with groundwater and COPCs if it is impacted.	

## 4.3 Groundwater Investigation Levels

Based on **Table 4-1**, the potential exists for on-site and off-site sub-surface workers to come in direct contact with groundwater in the future. The groundwater analytical data have been compared to the following criteria to account for the most conservative use of groundwater on site and potential off-site uses:

- NEPM (2013) GILs, Drinking Water criteria;
- NEPM (2013) GILs, Maintenance of Aquatic (Freshwater) Ecosystems;
- NEPM (2013) Groundwater HSLs for VI for low to high density residential land use (HSL A/B), recreational/open space (HSL C) and commercial/industrial land use (HSL D);
- CRC CARE (2011) HSL for VI Intrusive Maintenance Worker in a Shallow Trench;
- PFAS National Environmental Management Plan (NEMP) (2018)<sup>11</sup> Drinking Water health-based guidance values; and
- PFAS NEMP (2018) guideline values for 95% species protection slightly to moderately disturbed systems, Freshwater aquatic ecosystems.

Given that groundwater was encountered within sand during drilling of boreholes, the sand HSLs for depth range 2 to <4m and 4m+ have been adopted for this DSI. The applicable guideline criteria with the groundwater analytical data are listed in **Tables 6** and **7**.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The Heads of EPAs Australia and New Zealand (HEPA) (2018) *PFAS National Environmental Management Plan*, January 2018.



## 5 Field Program

The field program included an intrusive investigation to assess the subsurface conditions at the site. Soil samples were collected from 26 boreholes advanced across the site for laboratory analysis, and one groundwater monitoring well was installed and sampled with three existing monitoring wells during the DSI field activities. The sampling methodologies are outlined in the following sections.

## 5.1 Soil Sampling Program

The soil investigation program was undertaken by TRACE Environmental between 26 and 28 August 2019. All subsurface investigations were conducted with reference to the NEPM (2013) and NSW EPA guidelines, as necessary. A total of 26 soil bores (SB1 to SB26) were advanced across the site. Borehole locations are shown on **Figure 2**.

The NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines recommend 25 sample locations for a site area of 1.5 Ha. Based on the current and proposed site use, it is considered that the total number of investigation locations is sufficient to assess the subsurface conditions of material at the site. However, it is noted that the investigated locations were limited to accessible areas of the site and assessment of the soil conditions beneath the existing building footprints has not been completed (refer to **Section 8.2** for further detail).

The sampling methodology adopted for the TRACE Environmental soil investigation is detailed in **Table 5-1** below. Laboratory analytical results are discussed in **Section 6**, and laboratory analytical reports are provided in **Appendix E**.

Table 5-1: Summary of Soil Assessment Activities

Activities	Details
Soil Bores	One soil bore was advanced (SB1, refer to <b>Figure 2</b> ) using a combination of manual hand auger, solid flight auger and air hammer by Epoca Drilling to a final depth of 7.3 mbgs. An additional 25 soil bores were advanced (SB2 to SB26, refer to <b>Figure 2</b> ) across the site using manual hand auger to final depths between 0.1 mbgs (SB14) and 1.05 mbgs (SB8).
Field Logging	Logging of boreholes were conducted in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System. Soil materials were logged and the following information was recorded in the field: soil/rock type, colour, grain size, sorting, inclusions, moisture conditions, staining and observation of any anthropogenic material (e.g. odours and waste materials, including ACM). Descriptions were recorded on TRACE Environmental standard field log sheets for uniformity in descriptions, presentation and to aid in future interpretations.



Activities	Details
Soil Sampling Procedures	Soil samples were collected from SB1 from approximately:
	• the surface (0.2 and 0.5 m);
	at one metre intervals;
	at changes in lithology;
	• at evidence of contamination (e.g. odours, staining, waste inclusions) (if any); and
	at areas of elevated PID readings (if any).
	Soil samples were generally collected from the remaining hand auger boreholes (SB2-SB26) from
	approximately:
	• the surface (0.1 to 0.2 m);
	at half metre intervals;
	at changes in lithology;
	at evidence of contamination (e.g. odours, staining, waste inclusions) (if any); and
	at areas of elevated PID readings (if any).
	Soil samples were manually collected by hand (protected by a nitrile glove) from the hand auger, or solid flight auger. Soil samples were collected in 250 mL jars supplied by the laboratory and were labelled and immediately stored on ice for transport to the laboratory. The soil analytical program is further discussed below in <b>Section 5.3</b> .
	Soil samples submitted for asbestos quantification were collected in laboratory supplied 500 mL plastic bags with a press ('Ziploc') seal. Sampling was generally completed considering methods recommended in Table 5 of WA DoH (2009), namely:
	<ul> <li>Each sampling location was visually inspected for suspected ACM;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Suspect asbestos material or construction debris (i.e., fill material), if observed, were targeted for sampling;</li> </ul>
	One sample collected at each sampling location; and
	The whole sample was submitted for laboratory analysis as per the requirements of Section 4.1.8 of WA DoH (2009).
Field QC Samples	Field duplicates and triplicates of the soil samples were prepared in the field by collecting split samples of the same material from the same depth. Samples were not mixed or homogenised during collection or splitting. Samples for duplicate analyses were selected from sampling locations characterised by indicators of contamination, odour and/or elevated PID responses (if encountered). Additionally, trip blanks/trip spikes and rinsate samples were also analysed at the laboratory during soil sampling. Duplicates and triplicates were collected at the minimum rate of one per 20 primary samples analysed at the laboratory. A full discussion of the QA/QC procedures is included below in <b>Section 6.5</b> and <b>Appendix D</b> .
Sample Labelling, Storage	All samples were clearly labelled with a unique sample identification consisting of the date, sample
and Transport	location, depth of sample and sampler's initials. In the case of field duplicates and triplicates, sample containers were labelled in a manner that did not reveal which primary sample the duplicate or triplicate belonged to.
Field Screening for VOCs	Additional soil from each sample depth range was placed in a sealed plastic bag for field screening purposes. After waiting approximately 5 minutes for the sample and the headspace to equilibrate, the headspace in the bagged samples was assessed by a calibrated ( $100 \pm 3$ parts per million (ppm) isobutylene) PID with a $10.6$ eV lamp to measure the presence of total VOCs. PID readings are included in the bore logs provided in <b>Appendix F</b> .
Decontamination	The hand auger was decontaminated between each borehole location, and a clean pair of disposable nitrile sampling gloves was used between collection of each sample.
	One rinsate water sample was collected each day of sampling and was submitted with the soil samples, with analysis of rinsate water associated with the hand auger.
Waste Disposal	Soil cuttings generated during drilling were reinstated in the soil bores, except for cuttings from soil bore SB1, which remained on site.



## 5.2 Groundwater Investigation Program

One borehole (SB1) advanced during the DSI was converted into a permanent groundwater monitoring well (MW4) and was sampled with three existing monitoring wells (MW1, MW2 and MW3) to determine the condition of groundwater at the site. The groundwater monitoring well locations are shown on **Figure 2**.

Groundwater sampling was undertaken on 2 September 2019 by a TRACE Environmental Scientist who is trained and experienced in the collection of environmental groundwater samples. All groundwater well installation work and investigations were conducted with reference to the NEPM (2013) Schedule B2 and relevant guidelines endorsed by NSW EPA. The sampling methodology adopted for the groundwater investigation conducted is detailed in **Table 5-2**, below.

Table 5-2: Groundwater Sampling Methodology

Activities	Details
Monitoring Well Construction	One newly installed monitoring well (MW4) was constructed using Class 18 uPVC 50 mm inside diameter machine threaded casing and 0.4 mm slotted screen and casing. Well construction, including screen lengths, was based on observations made during drilling. Once the well screen was installed, a filtered sand of 2 mm in diameter was introduced as a filter pack to reduce sediment infiltrating the well annulus. The filter pack was placed around the screened section of the well to between approximately 0.5 m above the top of the screen. Fine-grained bentonite pellets were placed above the sand filter pack around the well to approximately 0.5 m above the top of the filter pack and was slightly wetted to ensure an adequate seal was formed to prevent surface infiltration into the well. The annulus was subsequently backfilled using grout to approximately 0.1 mbgs. A well cap was then inserted and a steel gatic cover was installed flush mounted to the ground surface and secured with concrete at the top of the monitoring well to prevent tampering and damage. The bore logs are included in <b>Appendix F</b> .
Monitoring Well	The newly installed monitoring well was developed using a bailer as soon as practical following
Development	installation. The bailer was used to disturb the water column within the well annulus to remove any groundwater and well debris that may have been introduced during the installation process.
Monitoring Well Gauging	Measurement of the standing water level in the groundwater monitoring wells was undertaken prior to purging using an electronic interface probe. Groundwater gauging data is further discussed below in <b>Section 6.3</b> and is presented in the groundwater sampling logs in <b>Appendix F</b> .
Monitoring Well Purging	The four monitoring wells were purged prior to sampling using low-flow sampling equipment on 2 September 2019. Water quality parameters including temperature, electrical conductivity, dissolved oxygen, redox potential and pH were measured during purging using a calibrated water quality meter. Sampling was completed following the stabilisation of the water quality parameters. Post-purging water quality parameters and purging data is shown in <b>Appendix F</b> .
Monitoring Well Sampling	Sampling of the monitoring wells was completed using the same methods as for purging (i.e. low-flow sampling technique) and was completed following stabilisation of water quality parameters. Samples were collected into appropriate laboratory supplied sample containers. Samples collected for analysis for metals were first filtered through a 0.45 micron filter prior to being dispensed into an appropriate laboratory supplied sample container. All bottles were then sealed immediately using a Teflon lined cap, labelled and placed on ice.
Field QC Samples	Groundwater field duplicate and field triplicate samples were prepared in the field by collecting split samples from the same monitoring well. To meet the QA/QC program objectives, one duplicate was analysed at the laboratory for the COPCs and one triplicate sample was analysed at a secondary laboratory for the COPCs. A trip blank and trip spike sample were transported with the samples during the groundwater sampling and were also analysed at the laboratory.
Sample Labelling, Storage and Transport	All samples were clearly labelled with unique sample identification numbers consisting of the date, sample location and sampler's initials. In the case of field duplicates, sample containers were labelled so as to not reveal their purpose or sample location to the laboratory. All samples were kept chilled in an ice-filled esky prior to dispatch and during transport to the NATA registered laboratory under chain-of-custody procedures.



Activities	Details
Decontamination	During the gauging of monitoring wells, an interface probe was used. The interface probe was decontaminated prior to its use by scrubbing with potable water. New tubing was used to purge the monitoring well during sampling. No reusable equipment was used during groundwater sampling.
Waste Disposal	Water purged during monitoring well development and sampling was disposed on unsealed areas on site.

## **5.3 Soil Analytical Program**

The collected soil samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of various COPCs potentially related to historical import of fill at the site and the current and historic site uses as reported in the EIS 2017 and 2018 reports. A summary of the overall soil analytical program is presented in **Table 5-3**, below.

**Table 5-3: Summary of Soil Analytical Program** 

Analysis	Analytical Method	LORs (mg/kg)	# Primary Samples	# QA/QC Samples <sup>1</sup>
TRH F1 & F2, TPH C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>40</sub>	LTM-ORG-2010	20 to 100	41	3
BTEXN	LTM-ORG-2150	0.1 to 0.5	41	3
PAHs	LTM-ORG-2130	0.5	41	3
Metals (As, Cd, Total Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni, Zn)	LTM-MET-3040	0.1 to 5	41	3
OCPs/OPPs	LTM-ORG-2220 LTM-ORG-2200	0.05 to 2	15	0
PCBs	LTM-ORG-2220	0.1	15	0
Phenols	LTM-ORG-2130	0.4 to 20	10	2
VOCs	LTM-ORG-2150	0.1 to 0.5	5	0
Asbestos	LTM-ASB-8020	0.01% to 0.001 %	26	1
pH (aqueous) or pH (CaCl₂)	LTM-GEN-7090	0.1 units	13	0
Electrical Conductivity	LTM-INO-4030	5 μS/cm	15	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Number of Duplicate/Triplicate pairs.

### 5.4 Groundwater Analytical Program

The collected groundwater samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of various COPCs potentially related to historic import of fill and the current and historic site uses as identified in the EIS 2017 and 2018 reports. A summary of the overall groundwater analytical program is presented in **Table 5-4**, below.

Table 5-4: Summary of Groundwater Analytical Program

Analysis	Analytical Method	LORs (mg/L)	# Primary Samples	# QA/QC Samples <sup>1</sup>
TRH Fraction F1 and F2	LTM-ORG-2010	0.1 to 0.02	4	1
TPH C <sub>6</sub> to C <sub>40</sub>				
BTEXN	LTM-ORG-2150	0.01 to 0.001	4	1
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LTM-ORG-2130	0.001	4	1
Metals (As, Cd, Total Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni, Zn)	LTM-MET-3040	0.0001 to 0.005	4	1
OCPs/OPPs	LTM-ORG-2220	0.0001 to 0.02	4	0
	LTM-ORG-2200			
PCBs	LTM-ORG-2220	0.001	4	0
Phenols	LTM-ORG-2130	0.003 to 0.1	4	1
VOCs	LTM-ORG-2150	0.001 to 0.005	4	0
PFAS	LTM-ORG-2100	0.01 to 0.05 μg/L	4	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Number of Duplicate/Triplicate pairs.



## 6 Assessment Results

## 6.1 Site Specific Lithology

The soil profile encountered by TRACE Environmental during drilling of boreholes at the site is summarised below:

- Fill material comprising clayey/gravelly sand up to approximately 0.9 mbgs; overlying
- Natural material comprising clay/sandy clay; overlying
- Sandstone bedrock.

Concrete, tiles and/or brick fragments were identified in shallow fill material at several boreholes. No staining or odours were observed during borehole drilling, except for organic odour at SB13 (at the southern portion of the site). Field measured PID readings were 0.0 ppm, indicating a low likelihood for the presence of VOCs in the soil samples collected at the site. Borehole logs are provided in **Appendix F**. The depth of fill material encountered at the site is shown on **Figure 3**.

### 6.2 Soil Analytical Results

Soil analytical results for soil bore samples collected at the site, and comparison to relevant soil assessment criteria, are presented in **Tables 1** and **2**, and are summarised below.

- One or more heavy metals were reported at concentrations above laboratory LORs in all soil samples analysed. Lead was reported at a concentration above the NEPM (2013) HIL C criterion in soil sample SB8\_0.1. Zinc and/or copper were reported at concentrations above the NEPM (2013) EILs for urban residential/public open space in soil samples SB8\_0.1 (and the associated duplicate and triplicate samples QS2 and QS2A, respectively), SB8\_0.6, SB17\_0.1, SB19\_0.1, QS3 (duplicate of primary sample SB21\_0.05), SB24\_0.1 and SB25\_0.1;
- One or more PAHs were reported at concentrations above laboratory LORs in soil samples SB16\_0.1, SB17\_0.1, SB18\_0.1, SB18\_0.5, SB19\_0.1, QS3A (duplicate of primary sample SB21\_0.05) and SB25\_0.1. Of these detections, benzo(a)pyrene TEQ exceeded the NEPM (2013) HIL B criterion in soil samples SB18\_0.1 and SB18\_0.5, and exceeded the NEPM (2013) HIL C criterion in soil sample SB19\_0.1. Additionally, benzo(a)pyrene also exceeded the NEPM (2013) ESL for urban residential/public open space in soil samples SB17\_0.1, SB18\_0.1, SB18\_0.5 and SB19\_0.1;
- Concentrations of TPH/TRH compounds were reported above laboratory LORs, but below the soil assessment criteria, in soil samples SB4\_0.1, SB7\_0.5, SB10\_0.5, SB11\_0.6, SB15\_0.1, SB15\_0.4, SB16\_0.1, SB18\_0.1, SB18\_0.5, SB19\_0.1, SB20\_0.1, SB23\_0.1 and SB25\_0.1. The reported concentration of TRH >C16-C34 in soil sample SB13\_0.6 exceeded the NEPM (2013) ESL for urban residential/public open space;
- Asbestos was reported in fibre cement at a concentration exceeding the NEPM (2013) HSL B, C and D
  criteria in soil sample SB2\_0.1. Asbestos was not reported above the laboratory LOR in the remaining soil
  samples analysed, and no suspected ACM fragments were observed during sampling activities;
- OCPs were not reported at concentrations above laboratory LORs in the analysed soil samples, except for chlordane and heptachlor epoxide in soil sample SB10\_0.1 and dieldrin in soil sample SB24\_0.1. The



reported concentrations of OCPs in these samples did not exceed the applicable soil assessment criteria; and

• BTEX, OPPs, PCBs, phenols and VOCs were not reported at concentrations exceeding the laboratory LORs in the analysed soil samples.

The reported guideline exceedances are further discussed below in **Section 7** and the identified human health criteria exceedances are shown on **Figure 4**. Laboratory analytical reports and associated documentation are provided in **Appendix E**.

It is noted that, based on the reported concentrations of lead in soil samples SB5\_0.1, SB8\_0.1 and SB13\_0.1, benzo(a)pyrene in soil samples SB18\_0.1 and SB18\_0.5, and nickel in soil sample QS3A (triplicate of primary sample), analysis of these samples for potential leachability was undertaken using the Toxicity Characteristic Leachability Procedure (TCLP). Results of the soil leachability analysis reported leachate concentrations below laboratory LORs for benzo(a)pyrene (SB18\_0.1 and SB18\_0.5) and nickel (QS3A), and leachable concentrations of 0.10, 0.11 and 0.62 mg/L for lead in soil samples SB5\_0.1, SB8\_0.1 and SB13\_0.1, respectively. Analytical results of the leachate testing are provided in **Appendix E**.

## 6.3 Hydrogeological Conditions

Monitoring well MW4 was installed at the site on 26 August 2019. Groundwater well installation details are shown on the bore logs presented in **Appendix F**. Three existing monitoring wells (MW1 to MW3) at the site were also gauged and sampled. Details regarding the encountered site hydrogeological conditions are summarised in **Table 6-1**, below. Groundwater monitoring well locations are shown on **Figure 2**. Field-measured groundwater data and sampling logs are provided in **Appendix F**.

Table 6-1: Site Hydrogeology

Component	Description		
Depth to Groundwater	Gauged between 2.369 mbtoc (MW1) and 4.226 mbtoc (MW3)		
Non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL)	No measurable NAPL was detected at the site		
Inferred Flow Direction	Assumed to be toward the south based on site topography and location of surface water bodies		
Water Bearing Unit	Natural weathered sandstone		
Total Dissolved Solids	Between approximately 131 mg/L (MW1) and 397 mg/L (MW4)		
Potential Groundwater Discharge Zones	The nearest surface water body is Flat Rock Creek which is located between approximately 60 and 120 m south and 400 m west of the site. Based on proximity to the site and relative location, Flat Rock Creek is considered a likely potential groundwater discharge zone.		

Notes:

mbtoc: metres below top of casing

#### 6.4 Groundwater Analytical Results

A summary of the laboratory analytical results for groundwater samples collected at the site during the TRACE Environmental DSI is presented below.

 One or more heavy metals were reported at concentrations above the laboratory LORs in the four groundwater samples collected at the site. The following criteria exceedances were noted:



- Cadmium, lead and/or nickel were reported at concentrations above the NEPM (2013) Drinking Water GILs in the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MW3 and MW4; and
- Cadmium, copper, lead, nickel and/or zinc were reported at concentrations above the NEPM (2013) Freshwater GILs in groundwater samples collected from all monitoring wells.
- With the exception of 2-propanone (acetone) which was reported at laboratory LOR in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well MW1, VOCs were not reported above laboratory LORs in the analysed groundwater samples;
- One or more PFASs were reported at concentrations above the laboratory LORs, but below the groundwater assessment criteria, in the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MW1, MW2 and MW3; and
- TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAHs, OCPs, OPPs, phenols and PCBs were not reported at concentrations above laboratory LORs in the analysed groundwater samples.

A summary of laboratory analytical data for groundwater samples collected at the site is presented in **Tables 6** and **7**, and guideline exceedances are further discussed below in **Section 7**. Laboratory analytical reports and associated documentation are provided in **Appendix E**.

## 6.5 Quality Assurance/Quality Control

The overall project QA/QC program included collection of duplicates, triplicates, rinsate samples, trip blank samples and trip spike samples, in addition to internal laboratory QA/QC. A summary of the results of the QA/QC results are included in the following sections, and the full QA/QC evaluation is in included in **Appendix D**.

A total of three intra-laboratory and inter-laboratory soil duplicates (QS-1 to QS-3 and QS-1A to QS-3A, respectively), and one intra-laboratory and inter-laboratory groundwater duplicate (QW-1 and QW-1A, respectively) were collected during this investigation. A summary of the QA/QC samples submitted for analysis of the COPCs is included in **Table 6-2**, below.

Table 6-2: Soil and Groundwater Duplicate/Triplicate Summary

Parent Sample	Date	Blind Duplicate	Blind Triplicate	Analysis			
Soil	Soil						
SB1/MW4_0.2	26/08/2019	QS1	QS1A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals, asbestos, phenols			
SB8_0.1	27/08/2019	QS2	QS2A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals, phenols			
SB21_0.05	27/08/2019	QS3	QS3A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals			
Groundwater							
MW1	2/09/2019	QW1	QW1A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals, phenols			

The Relative Percent Difference (RPD) was calculated between the primary and QA/QC samples and are shown on **Table 3** for soil samples and **Table 8** for groundwater samples.

Standards AS 4482.1-1997, AS 4482.2-1999, AS/NZ 5667.1-1998, AS/NZ 5667.11-1998 and NEPM (2013) state that replicate and original sample RPDs should generally be within 30%. However, this variation can be expected to be higher for organic compounds than for inorganics. In addition, greater variation is observed



where low concentrations of analytes are present. Therefore, the following RPD acceptance criteria were adopted during this DSI:

- Inorganics 30% RPD;
- Organics 50% RPD; and
- If primary and/or duplicate concentration <10 x LOR No Limit.</li>

As shown on **Table 3** and **Table 8**, RPD exceedances were reported for metals in some soil samples and groundwater samples. However, based on review of the RPDs and analytical results, the RPDs outside of the acceptance criteria are not considered to affect the interpretation of results and outcome of this DSI (refer to **Appendix D** for further detail).

### 6.5.1 Laboratory QA/QC

The chosen analytical laboratories undertake internal QA/QC procedures which include the analysis of method blanks, internal duplicate samples, laboratory control samples, matrix spikes and surrogate recovery. Additionally, laboratory QA/QC procedures include sample receipt, logging, storage, preservation and analysis within the method specified holding time. The full review of the laboratory QA/QC program is included in **Appendix D**. A review of the laboratory QA/QC procedures indicated that the laboratory QA/QC samples were generally within the laboratory recommended range for acceptable reproducibility, with some exceptions. However, the laboratory QA/QC sample percent recoveries reported outside of the acceptance criteria were not considered to affect the outcomes of this DSI (refer to **Appendix D** for further detail). Additionally, samples were received and stored appropriately, and all samples were analysed within the specified holding time. Laboratory analytical reports and associated documentation are provided in **Appendix E**.

#### 6.5.2 Data Useability

Assessment of the field and laboratory QA/QC procedures and results indicates that the DQOs were met and therefore that the analytical data is considered representative of site conditions at the time of the investigation and suitable to enable an investigation of the site. The majority of internal laboratory QA/QC procedures were met. The data validation procedure employed in the assessment of the field and laboratory QA/QC data indicated that the reported analytical results are representative of the conditions at the sample locations and that the analytical data can be relied upon for the purpose of these investigation works. It is concluded that overall the quality of the analytical data produced is reliable for the purposes of this DSI.



## 7 Conceptual Site Model and Risk Assessment

The environmental risk assessment is based on a contaminant (source) - exposure pathway - receptor methodology. This relationship allows an assessment of potential environmental risk to be determined, in accordance with the current national guidelines. Central to the requirements for the assessment of risk is the development of an initial CSM, identifying each contaminant source and the associated receptor exposures.

Generally, a CSM provides an assessment of the fate and transport of COPCs relative to site-specific subsurface conditions with regard to their potential risk to human health and the environment. The CSM takes into account site specific factors including:

- · Sources of subsurface impacts;
- Identification of COPCs derived from the sources;
- Vertical and lateral distribution of COPCs including presence of light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) and dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL);
- Site specific lithologic information including soil type(s), depth to groundwater, effective porosity, and groundwater flow velocity; and
- Actual or potential receptors focusing on future and current land use both of the site and adjacent properties and sensitive ecological receptors.

Based on the information sourced in this site validation, a CSM has been developed and is outlined in **Table 7-1**, below. Additional details are included in the sections that follow as necessary.

**Table 7-1: Conceptual Site Model** 

Item	Description
Site History/Contaminant Sources	The majority of the site has historically been utilised for residential purposes, except for the north-eastern lot (462 Willoughby Road), which formally comprised part of a larger commercial/industrial property (possibly used for electrical goods and refrigerator manufacturing) from the 1950s to the 1970s/1980s.
	Potential contaminant sources at the site include historical importation of fill material, historical commercial/industrial use of the north-eastern portion of the site (and off-site adjoining properties to the north) and hazardous building materials in existing site structures.
Site Current and Future Use	The site currently comprises 22 residential houses along Walter Street and Willoughby Road, and a vacant lot in the north-eastern portion of the site. The site is being redeveloped for high density residential land use and will include up to three level basement car parking and communal open space areas.
Site Geology	The soil profile encountered during site works completed by TRACE Environmental comprised clayey/gravelly sand fill material up to approximately 0.9 mbgs, overlying natural clayey soils and sandstone bedrock.
	The intrusive investigations undertaken at the site by EIS (2018) and JC Geotechnical (2019) identified fill material to depths of up to 1.2 and 1.5 mbgs, respectively.
Site Hydrogeology	The depths to groundwater in monitoring wells MW1 to MW4 were gauged between 2.369 mbtoc (MW1) and 4.226 mbtoc (MW3). Groundwater was encountered at a depth of approximately 7 mbgs within the sandstone bedrock during drilling of borehole SB1. Based on site topography and the location of nearby surface water bodies, groundwater is inferred to flow toward the south.



Item	Description
COPCs - Soil	COPCs associated with imported fill materials and historical commercial/industrial land uses, including TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, pesticides, PCBs, heavy metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc), VOCs, phenols and/or asbestos.
COPCs - Groundwater	COPCs associated with imported fill materials and historical commercial/industrial land uses, including TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, pesticides, PCBs, heavy metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc), VOCs, PFAS and/or phenols.
COPCs - Soil Vapour	Volatile COPCs were not identified in soil or groundwater samples collected during the current investigation. Therefore, based on current available information it is considered unlikely that vapour issues are unlikely to be present at the site.
Extent of Impacts - Soil	Soil samples collected at the site reported concentrations of lead, benzo(a)pyrene TEQ and/or asbestos exceeding the human health screening criteria for high density residential and/or recreational/open space in soil samples collected at SB2, SB8, SB18 and SB19 (refer to <b>Figure 4</b> ). Additionally, soil samples collected in the eastern portion of the site by EIS (2018) reported benzo(a)pyrene TEQ at a concentration exceeding the NEPM (2013) HIL B and C criteria and zinc at a concentration exceeding the NEPM (2013) EIL criterion for urban residential/open space.
	A number of soil samples collected across the site also reported concentrations of TRH, copper, zinc and/or benzo(a)pyrene above the ecological assessment criteria for urban residential/public open space land uses.
	Refer to <b>Section 7.1</b> below for additional discussion.
Extent of Impacts - Groundwater	Cadmium, lead and/or nickel were reported at concentrations above the NEPM (2013) Drinking Water GILs in the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MW3 and MW4.Additionally, cadmium, copper, lead, nickel and/or zinc were reported at concentrations above the NEPM (2013) Freshwater GILs in groundwater samples collected from all monitoring wells sampled.
	The remaining analysed COPCs did not exceed the laboratory LORs and/or site assessment criteria in groundwater samples collected.
Extent of Impacts - Soil Vapour	Given that no volatile COPCs were identified during the current investigation, it is considered unlikely that vapour issues are present at the site.
Potential Human Receptors	Current and future potential human receptors are considered to be site workers/construction workers, future residents, site visitors and intrusive maintenance workers.
Potential Environmental Receptors	There are no existing sensitive ecological receptors on site. Based on site development plans, deep soil planting zones are proposed at the site (refer to <b>Appendix A</b> ).
	The closest surface water body to the site is Flat Rock Creek, located between approximately 60 and 120 m south and 400 m west of the site.

#### 7.1 CSM Discussion and Summary

The site currently comprises 22 residential houses along Walter Street and Willoughby Road, with a vacant lot in the north-eastern portion of the site, and is proposed for redevelopment for high density residential land use. The development will also include up to three levels of basement car parking and communal open space areas.

The majority of the site has historically been utilised for residential purposes, except for the north-eastern lot (462 Willoughby Road) which formally comprised part of a larger commercial/industrial property (possibly used for electrical goods and refrigerator manufacturing) from the 1950s to the 1970s/1980s.

The results of the soil investigation undertaken at the site identified concentrations of lead, benzo(a)pyrene TEQ and/or asbestos exceeding the human health screening criteria for high density residential and/or recreational/open space in soil samples collected at SB2, SB8, SB18 and SB19 (refer to **Figure 4**). Additionally, the limited soil investigation undertaken in the eastern portion of the site by EIS (2018) reported benzo(a)pyrene TEQ at a concentration exceeding the NEPM (2013) HIL B and C criteria (refer to **Appendix C**). The identified human health criteria exceedances may present a health risk to future site users in the



vicinity of these locations and the extent of the identified soil impacts at SB2, SB8, SB18, SB19 and EIS (2018) location BH1 should be remediated, with an appropriate remedial and/or management strategy for these impacts to be outlined in a RAP (refer to **Section 7.2** for additional detail).

Soil samples collected across the site also reported concentrations of TRH, copper, zinc and/or benzo(a)pyrene above the ecological assessment criteria for urban residential/public open space land uses. In addition, EIS (2018) identified zinc at a concentration exceeding the NEPM (2013) EIL criterion for urban residential/open space at one location in the eastern portion of the site (refer to **Appendix C**). These exceedances should be considered in the overall site redevelopment, with an appropriate remedial and/or management strategy for these impacts be outlined in a RAP (refer to **Section 7.2** for additional detail).

No COPCs were reported at concentrations exceeding the applicable guideline criteria in the groundwater samples collected from the sampled monitoring wells, except for cadmium, copper, lead, nickel and/or zinc which were reported at concentrations above the NEPM (2013) Drinking Water and/or Freshwater GILs. As no other COPCs were reported at concentrations exceeding the laboratory LORs and/or applicable GILs in the analysed groundwater samples and given the location of the site in an urban setting, the reported metals concentrations are likely attributable to elevated background conditions. In addition, given that the site and surrounding suburb have an established reticulated water supply, that no registered domestic or consumption use groundwater bores were identified within 500 m of the site, and that extraction of groundwater for drinking purposes is not proposed as part of the site redevelopment, it is considered that the reported exceedances of NEPM (2013) Drinking Water GILs in monitoring wells MW3 and MW4 and does not affect the suitability of the site for the proposed high density residential land use.

The EIS (2017 and 2018) Preliminary ESAs noted that the recreational/open space land to the east of the site (beyond Willoughby Road, known as 'Bicentennial Reserve Oval') formerly comprised a quarry and recommended that screening for bulk landfill gasses be undertaken during borehole drilling in the eastern portion of the site to close out any uncertainty regarding the filling history of the off-site properties to the east. However, the likelihood for putrescible waste to have been used to fill these areas is considered to be low based on the following:

- A review of the NSW EPA environmental register for contaminated land records, the public register under section 308 of the NSW POEO Act 1997 and the List of NSW Contaminated Sites Notified to the EPA did not identify any entries registered for these properties;
- A search of the Willoughby City Council website identified that "[Bicentennial Reserve] was claimed in 1933 as a 'garbage destructor and sewerage dump' for the community's waste. In 1934 the reverberatory incinerator designed by Walter Burley Griffin opened and material from the waste operation was used to fill the Flat Rock Creek valley and create level areas for playing fields. After 1983 more fill was added to create a regional park";
- The Environmental Risk and Planning Report prepared by Lotsearch (as provided in EIS 2017 and 2018) did not identify these properties on the Australian Government Department of Environment and Energy National Waste Management Database;
- Review of available aerial photographs provided in the Environmental Risk and Planning Report prepared by Lotsearch (as provided in EIS 2017 and 2018) showed the playing field area that comprises the presentday Bicentennial Reserve Oval as a relatively consistent level open space area in the 1943, 1956, 1961, 1965, 1970 and 1982 aerial photographs (i.e. with no evidence of filling noted). The 1991 aerial photograph

Detailed Site Investigation 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road Willoughby NSW Walter Projects Pty Ltd



also shows the entire reserve area as bare ground which appeared to be in the process of redevelopment as a regional park (and generally consistent with the information obtained from the Willoughby City Council website information identified above);

- No olfactory evidence of landfill gasses (e.g. methane, H<sub>2</sub>S or leachate odours) was noted during borehole drilling at the site; and
- No evidence of landfill/whirlybird vents were observed along Willoughby Road that could indicate possible
  of landfill gasses originating at the off-site property to the east of Willoughby Road.

In consideration of the above, monitoring of landfill gasses during borehole drilling was not considered necessary during the current investigation. It is noted, however, that an unexpected finds protocol (UFP) should be prepared for the site should that include details pertaining to evidence of potential landfill wastes/odours/gasses that may be identified during site redevelopment works.

### 7.2 Data Gaps and Uncertainties

Given the potential for ACM and other hazardous building materials (such as lead paint) to be present in onsite buildings, a hazardous building materials survey of existing site structures should be completed prior to demolition of any structure.

The number of soil sampling locations investigated as part of the current DSI was undertaken in accordance with NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines, which recommends 25 sample locations for a site area of 1.5 Ha. However, due to the presence of buildings across most of the site, the investigated locations were limited to accessible areas of the site and assessment of the soil conditions beneath the existing building footprints could not be completed. In addition, as asbestos was reported in soil exceeding the applicable guideline criteria, and potential ACM may be present in the on-site structures, there is considered to be a 'known' likelihood for asbestos to be present at the site. In accordance with the WA DoH 2009 guidelines for asbestos investigation, the suggested investigation regimen for areas where asbestos has been identified is twice the number of sampling points required for site characterisation as outlined in the NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines. Therefore, further assessment at the site, including beneath the current building footprints, should be undertaken prior to site redevelopment. It is recommended that the additional investigation works be conducted as a Data Gap Investigation (DGI) following demolition and removal of the site buildings. The requirements for the DGI can be outlined in the proposed RAP that is required to address the above referenced shallow soil impacts.

The conditions of consent issued by Council (**Appendix A**) also state that, 'following completion of the removal of any identified hazardous material associated with demolition works, a clearance certificate shall be issued by an appropriately qualified occupational hygienist and submitted to the Certifying Authority'. As such, an Asbestos Clearance Inspection of the site surface should be undertaken by a Licenced Asbestos Assessor (LAA) on completion of demolition works and/or any remedial works that may be required (such as following remediation of any additional asbestos 'hotspots' of contamination that may be identified at the site following completion of the proposed DGI).

The RAP should also include a UFP to address unexpected finds that may be encountered during site redevelopment works and as required by the conditions of consent issued by Council (**Appendix A**). The UFP should also provide details for the investigation of any potential landfill wastes or landfill odours that may be encountered during redevelopment works.

Detailed Site Investigation 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road Willoughby NSW Walter Projects Pty Ltd



Refer to **Section 8.2** below for additional recommendations.



## 8 Conclusions and Recommendations

### 8.1 Summary and Conclusions

Based on the findings of this DSI, TRACE Environmental provides the following summary and conclusions:

- The site currently comprises 22 residential houses and a vacant lot in the north-eastern portion of the site, and is proposed for redevelopment for high density residential land use. The development will also include up to three levels of basement car parking and communal open space areas;
- The majority of the site has historically been utilised for residential purposes, with the exception of the north-eastern portion of the site (462 Willoughby Road) which formally comprised part of a larger commercial/industrial property (possibly used for electrical goods and refrigerator manufacturing) from the 1950s to the 1970s/1980s;
- Fill material was encountered across the site to a maximum depth of 0.9 mbgs. Previous investigations undertaken at the site by EIS (2018) and JC Geotechnical (2019) identified fill material to depths of up to 1.2 and 1.5 mbgs, respectively;
- A total of 41 primary soil samples were analysed from 26 boreholes advanced across the site;
- One of the soil bores advanced during this investigation was completed as a permanent groundwater monitoring well (MW4) and was developed, gauged, purged and sampled. Three existing groundwater monitoring wells (MW1 to MW3) were also gauged and sampled. Groundwater was encountered in sandstone bedrock during drilling of MW4 at approximately 7 mbgs;
- The soil assessment identified benzo(a)pyrene TEQ, lead and/or asbestos exceeding human health screening criteria for the proposed high density residential land use and/or communal open space areas in soil samples at four locations. One soil sample collected during a previous EIS (2018) investigation in the eastern portion of the site also reported benzo(a)pyrene TEQ above the human health screening criteria for high density residential and recreational/open space land uses;
- A number of soil samples collected across the site reported concentrations of TRH, copper, zinc and/or benzo(a)pyrene above the ecological assessment criteria for urban residential/public open space land uses, which may present a risk to future on-site ecological receptors;
- Metals were reported in the analysed groundwater samples at concentrations exceeding the GILs. The
  reported concentrations of metals in groundwater at the site are likely due to elevated background
  conditions and are not considered to present a risk to future high density residential site users; and
- Due to the presence of buildings across most of the site, the investigated locations were limited to accessible areas of the site and assessment of the soil beneath the existing building footprints could not be completed. In addition, as asbestos was reported in soil exceeding the applicable guideline criteria. As such, further assessment at the site (including at building footprints following demolition) should be undertaken prior to site redevelopment. It is recommended that the additional investigation works be conducted as a DGI following demolition and removal of the site buildings. The requirements for the DGI should be outlined in the proposed RAP.

Based on the findings of the DSI, it is considered that the site can be made suitable for the proposed high density residential land use, subject to the recommendations outlined below in **Section 8.2**.



#### 8.2 Recommendations

Based on the findings of the DSI, TRACE Environmental provides the following recommendations:

- A RAP should be prepared for the soil impacts identified at the site. The RAP should also outline the
  requirements for a DGI to further assess the site, including assessing areas beneath building footprints
  that were inaccessible during the current investigation. The RAP should also contain contingency
  measures to remediate/validate any additional impacted soil and/or asbestos finds that may be
  encountered during future investigation/remediation works;
- An Asbestos Clearance Inspection of the site surface should also be undertaken by a Licenced Asbestos
  Assessor on completion of demolition works and/or any remedial works that may be required (such as
  following remediation of any additional asbestos 'hotspots' of contamination that may be identified at the
  site following completion of the proposed DGI);
- The RAP should also include an unexpected finds protocol to address unexpected finds that may be encountered during site redevelopment works;
- A hazardous building materials survey of existing site structures should be completed prior to demolition works at the site. Any unexpected finds (including suspected ACM, if observed in soil) will require further investigation by a qualified environmental consultant;
- Any material to be removed off site must be classified in accordance with the NSW EPA (2014) Waste
  Classification Guidelines, and the soil be disposed appropriately to a facility licensed to accept the material;
  and
- Any imported material brought onto the site for any purpose must first be validated as being suitable for the intended land use, prior to being imported onto the site.



## 9 References

- ANZECC (1992) Australian Water Quality Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Waters. Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council, Canberra.
- ANZECC (2000) Australian Water Quality Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Waters. Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council, Canberra.
- ANZG (2018) Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality. Australian and New Zealand Governments and Australian state and territory governments, Canberra ACT, Australia.
- Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- CRC CARE (2011) Technical Report No. 10 Health Screening Levels for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil and Groundwater Part 1: Technical Development Document, September 2011.
- CRC CARE (2011) Technical Report No. 10, Health Screening Levels for petroleum hydrocarbons in soil and groundwater. Part 2: Application Document, Dated September 2011.
- EIS (2017) Preliminary Desktop Environmental Site Assessment, 3-31 and 462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby, NSW, 2 March 2017.
- EIS (2018) Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment, 1-1A Walter Street and 452-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby, NSW, 1 August 2018.
- The Heads of EPAs Australia and New Zealand (HEPA) (2018) *PFAS National Environmental Management Plan*, January 2018.
- JBS&G (2013a) Validation Report, Office of Strategic Lands within the Department of Planning and Infrastructure, Willoughby Road, Artarmon, NSW, 2064, 29 October 2013.
- JBS&G (2013b) Remedial Action Plan, Office of Strategic Lands within the Department of Planning and Infrastructure, Lot 2 DP586037 Willoughby Rd, Artarmon, NSW, 2064, 27 September 2013.
- JBS&G (2015) Review of Contamination Status Lot 2 DP 586037, Willoughby Road, Artarmon, NSW. 21 September 2015.
- JC Geotechnical Pty Ltd (2019) Geotechnical Investigation Report, Nos. 3-31 Walter Street Willoughby NSW 2068, 27 August 2019.
- NHMRC (2018) Australian Drinking Water Guidelines, Updated August 2018.
- NEPC (1999), National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (NEPM).
   National Environment Protection Council (NEPC) 1999.
- NEPC (2013), National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (NEPM).
   National Environment Protection Council (NEPC) 1999, Amendment 2013.
- NSW Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (1998), Managing Land Contamination: Planning Guidelines: SEPP 55 Remediation of Land, 1998.



- NSW EPA (1995), Contaminated Sites Sampling Design Guidelines, September 1995.
- NSW EPA (2014), Waste Classification Guidelines. Part 1: Classifying Waste, November 2014.
- NSW EPA (2015), Guidelines on the Duty to Report Contamination under the Contaminated Land Management Act. NSW EPA, September 2015.
- NSW EPA (2017) Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd Ed.), October 2017.
- NSW OEH (2011), Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites. NSW Office of Environment & Heritage (OEH), November 1997, Reprinted September 2000 and August 2011.
- SafeWork NSW (2016) Code of Practice: How to Manage and Control Asbestos in the Workplace.
- Safe Work NSW (2016) Code of Practice: How to Safely Remove Asbestos.
- Standards Australia (1999), Australian Standard AS 4482.2-1999 Guide to the sampling and investigation of potentially contaminated soil. Part 2: Volatile substances. Standards Australia, Homebush, NSW.
- Standards Australia (2005), Australian Standard AS 4482.1-2005 Guide to the investigation and sampling of sites with potentially contaminated soil. Part 1: Non-volatile and semi-volatile compounds. Standards Australia, Homebush, NSW.
- Standards Australia. Guide to the investigation and sampling of sites with potentially contaminated soil. Part 1: Non-volatile and semi-volatile compounds, AS4482.1 (2005) and Part 2: Volatile substances, AS4482.2 (1999).
- WA Department of Health (DoH) (2009), Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated Sites in Western Australia. WA DoH, May 2009.

Detailed Site Investigation 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road Willoughby NSW Walter Projects Pty Ltd



## 10 Limitations

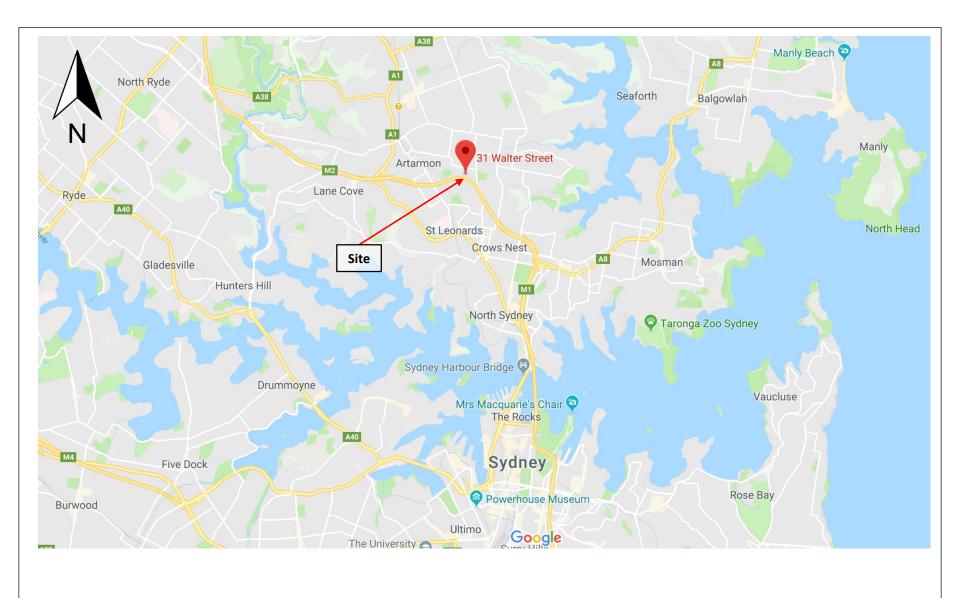
This report has been prepared for Walter Projects Pty Ltd and for the specific purpose to which it refers. No responsibility is accepted to any third party and neither the whole of the report or any part or reference thereto may be published in any document, statement or circular nor in any communication with third parties without our prior written approval of the form and context in which it will appear.

TRACE Environmental has used a degree of skill and care ordinarily exercised by reputable members of our profession practicing in the same or similar locality. The conclusions presented in this report are relevant to the conditions of the site and the state of legislation currently enacted as at the date of this report. We do not make any representation or warranty that the conclusions in this report were applicable in the future as there may be changes in the condition of the site, applicable legislation or other factors that would affect the conclusions contained in this report.

This report and the information contained in it is the intellectual property of TRACE Environmental. Walter Projects Pty Ltd are granted an exclusive licence for the use of the report for the purpose described in the report.



# **Figures**



Source: Map Data 2019 Google



Project:	19.13	Title:	Site Locality Plan
Figure:	1	Address:	1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW



Hand Auger Locations

No.

**Newly Installed Monitoring Well Location** 

**Existing Monitoring Well Locations** 

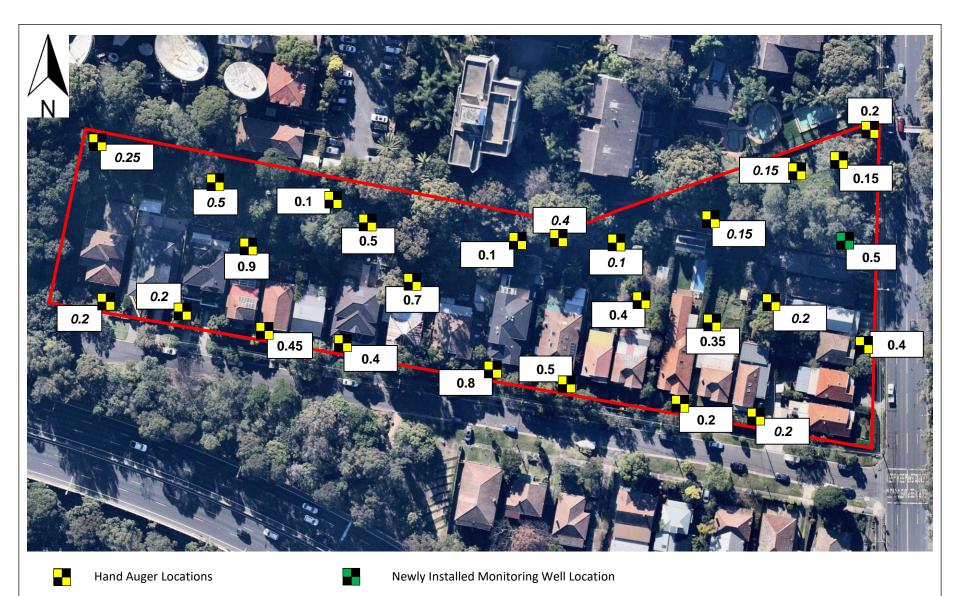
Approximate Site Boundary

Source: NearMap 1/07/2019



Project: 19.13 Title: Site Plan and Sampling locations

Figure: 2 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW



Approximate Site Boundary

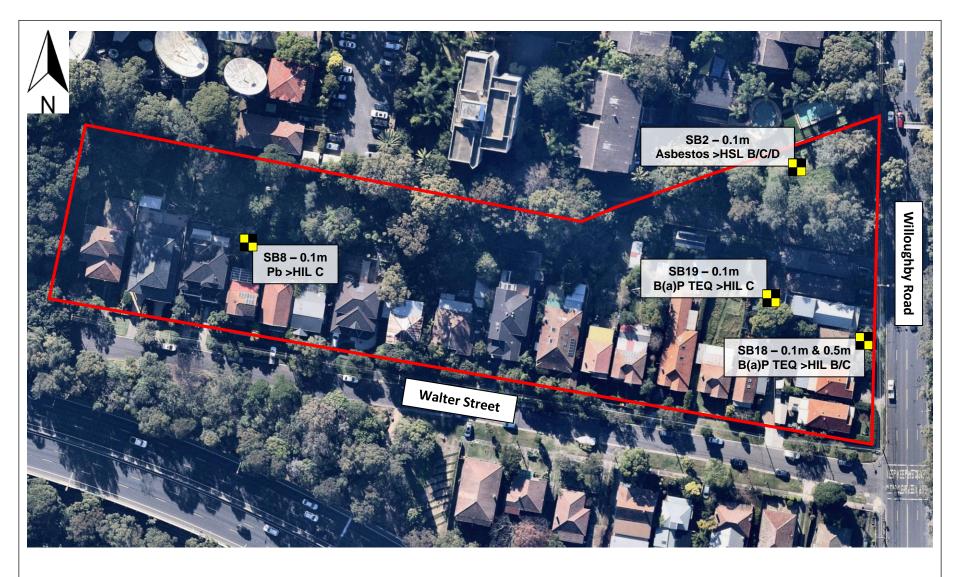
Boreholes terminated due to refusal are italicised.

Source: NearMap 1/07/2019



Project: 19.13 Title: Encountered Depth of Fill Material

Figure: 3 Address: 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW



**Hand Auger Locations** 

Approximate Site Boundary

Source: NearMap 1/07/2019



Project: 19.13 Title: Soil Human Health Criteria Exceedances

Figure: 4 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW



## **Tables**

Analyte									C a	Sample ID:	SB1/MW4_0.2	QS1	QS1A	SB1/MW4_0.5	SB2_0.1	SB3_0.1	SB3_0.2	SB4_0.1	SB5_0.1	SB5_0.5	SB6_0.1	SB7_0.1
Analyte									Sa	mple Depth (mBGS):		0.2		0.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.1
Analyte										Sample Date:		26/08/2019		26/08/2019	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019
	Units	HIL B <sup>1</sup>	HIL C <sup>2</sup>	HIL D <sup>3</sup>	HSL Intrusive Maint. Worker - Sand <sup>4</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Intrusive Maint Worker <sup>5</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Res. (High Density) <sup>6</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Recreational/Open Space <sup>7</sup>	EIL/ESL <sup>8</sup>	LOR												
Conductivity	uS/cm									10	46	-	-	70	50	-	-	-	31	-	19	-
pH (aqueous extract)	pH	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	0.1	7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.8	-	6.8	-
pH (CaCl2)	pH	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	0.1	-	-	-	6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.0	-
Heavy Metals Arsenic	mg/kg	500	300	3000	NE	NE	NF	NE	100	2	2.3	2.3	<5	3.3	2.9	3.1	3.2	2.2	5.0	3.7	2.5	5.3
Cadmium	mg/kg	150	90	900	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	0.5	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium (III+VI)	mg/kg	500	300	3600	NE	NE	NE	NE	400	5	10	8.8	9	9.6	5.4	5.6	8.7	10	9.5	15	7.7	11
Copper	mg/kg	30000	17000	240000	NE	NE	NE	NE	140	5	12	14	7	< 5	11	8.7	13	15	17	15	11	13
Lead	mg/kg	1200	600	1500	NE	NE	NE	NE	1100	5	31	43	21	6.1	38	51	46	110	500	14	18	41
Mercury	mg/kg	120	80	730	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE OF	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg	1200 60000	1200 30000	6000 400000	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	95 310	5	< 5 <b>45</b>	< 5 <b>80</b>	<2 <b>35</b>	< 5 < 5	< 5 <b>90</b>	< 5 <b>54</b>	< 5 <b>60</b>	< 5 <b>91</b>	< 5 140	< 5 <b>29</b>	< 5 <b>31</b>	< 5 <b>55</b>
PAHs	1118/118	00000	30000	40000	IVE	140	IVE	1966	310	-	43				30	34		J. J.	140	25	31	
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a) nyrono	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE 0.7	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a) pyrene Benzo[b+j]fluoranthene	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE NF	NE NF	NE NF	NE.	0.7 NF	0.5 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	<0.5 <0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	N E	NE NF	0.5 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	<0.5 <0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5
Naphthalene	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE.	170	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Carcinogenic PAHs (as B(a)P TPE)	mg/kg	4	3	40	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
PAHs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	400	300	4000	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
<b>TPH/TRH</b> C6 - C9	mg/kg	NE	NE	NF	NF	NE	NF	NIC	NE	20	< 20	< 20	<10	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
C10 - C14	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE.	NE NE	20	< 20	< 20	<50	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
C15 - C28	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	< 50	<100	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
C29-C36	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	< 50	<100	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	62	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	< 50	<50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	62	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
F1 minus BTEX (C6-C10)	mg/kg	45, 70, 110, 200 <sup>9</sup>		260, 370, 630, NL <sup>11</sup>	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	< 20	<10	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
F2-Napth (C10-C16) C6-C10	mg/kg mg/kg	110, 240, 440, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL	NE NL	NE 82000	NE 5600	5100	180	50 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	<50 <10	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20	< 50 < 20
>C10-C16	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NL	62000	4200	3800	120	50	< 50	< 50	<50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
>C16-C34	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	85000	5800	5300	300, 1300	100	< 100	< 100	<100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
>C34-C40 BTEXN	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	120000	8100	7400	2800, 5600	100	< 100	< 100	<100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
Benzene	mg/kg	0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	3, 3, 3, 3 <sup>11</sup>	77, 160, NL	1100	140	120	50, 65	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	mg/kg	160, 220, 310, 540 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>10</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL	120000	21000	18000	85, 105	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	55, NL, NL, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL	85000	5900	5300	70, 125	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylene (m & p)  Xylene (o)	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	<0.5 <0.5	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1	< 0.2 < 0.1
Xylene Total	mg/kg	40, 60, 95, 170 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	230, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL	130000	17000	15000	105, 45	0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	<0.5	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
Naphthalene	mg/kg	3, NL, NL, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL	29000	2200	1900	170	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Asbestos																					-	
Asbestos	w/w%	0.04 <sup>12</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.02 <sup>13</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.05 <sup>14</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.001	ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD	ND	-	1.0% ACM / NRFD <sup>16</sup>	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD
PCBs Arochlor 1016	ma/lea	NE	NE	NE	NUT	NE	NE	nic .	NE	0.1	< 0.1	<u> </u>			< 0.1	<u> </u>	I	< 0.1	< 0.1		< 0.1	
Arochlor 1016 Arochlor 1221	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1232	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1242	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1248	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1254	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1260	mg/kg	NE	NE NE	NE -	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
PCBs (Sum of total) Notes:	mg/kg	1	1	7	NE	NE	NE	WE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-

- 1. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Residential B
- 2. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Open Space C
- 3. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Commercial/Industrial D
- 4. CRC CARE 2011 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Intrusive Maintenance Worker in a Shallow Trench 0m to <2m, 2m to <4m, 4m+
- 5. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Intrusive Maintenance Worker)
- 6. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Residential B)
- 7. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Recreational/Open Space) 8. NEPM 2013 ESLs (urban residential/public open space coarse/fine)/EILs (urban residential/public open space)
- 9. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Residential A/B 10. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion - Recreational Open Space C
- 11. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Commercial/Industrial D
- 12. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Residential B (Residential with minimal opportunities for soil access)
- 13. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Recreational C
- 14. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Commercial/Industrial D
- 15. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Level for FA & AF asbestos
- 16. Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragment. Total estimated asbestos content in ACM = 7.5g. Total estimated asbestos concentration in ACM = 1.0% w/w.
- NRFD = No respirable fibres detected; ND = No asbestos dected at the reporting limit of 0.001%
- QS1 and QS1A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB1/MW4\_0.2
- QS2 and QS2A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB8\_0.1 QS3 and QS3A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB21\_0.05

										Sample ID:	SB7_0.5	SB8_0.1	QS2	QS2A	SB8_0.6	SB9_0.1	SB10_0.1	SB10_0.5	SB11_0.1	SB11_0.6	SB12_0.1	SB12_0.4
									Sa	ample Depth (mBGS):	0.5	020_0.1	0.1	Ψ	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.4
										Sample Date:	27/08/2019		27/08/2019		27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019
Analyte	Units	HIL B <sup>1</sup>	HIL C <sup>2</sup>	HIL D <sup>3</sup>	HSL Intrusive Maint. Worker	HSL Direct Contac Intrusive Maint Worker <sup>5</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Res. (High Density) <sup>6</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Recreational/Open Space <sup>7</sup>	EIL/ESL <sup>8</sup>	LOR												
Conductivity	uS/cm									10	-	34	-	-	-	75	120	110	-	-	-	-
pH (aqueous extract)	pH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	6.4	-	-	-	-	8.4	-	-	-	-	-
pH (CaCl2)  Heavy Metals	pH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.2	-	-	-	-
Arsenic	mg/kg	500	300	3000	NE	NE	NE	NE	100	2	7.7	18	17	15	11	2.5	3.8	3.8	5.3	5.5	7.4	7.1
Cadmium	mg/kg	150	90	900	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	1.6	1	0.9	0.6	< 0.4	< 0.4	2.7	< 0.4	0.6	0.7
Chromium (III+VI)	mg/kg	500	300	3600	NE	NE	NE	NE	400	5	8.3	21	24	22	26	5.8	14	19	11	17	15	27
Copper	mg/kg	30000	17000	240000	NE	NE	NE	NE	140	5	6.1	110	86	70	230	21	21	16	28	< 5	30	47
Lead	mg/kg	1200	600	1500	NE	NE	NE	NE	1100	5	19	850	330	308	290	85	67	22	160	15	120	210
Mercury Nickel	mg/kg	120	80	730	NE NF	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	95	0.1	< 0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2 8.7	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg	1200 60000	1200 30000	6000 400000	NE NF	NE NF	NE NF	NE NE	310	5	< 5 <b>35</b>	610	800	583	590	< 5 <b>110</b>	< 5 <b>81</b>	< 5 170	230	< 5 <b>8.2</b>	< 5 <b>260</b>	< 5 <b>270</b>
PAHs	1116/116	00000	30000	40000	NE.	146	IVL	N.C.	310		33	010	500	303	330	110	01	170	250	0.2	200	2,0
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NÉ	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a) anthracene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE 0.7	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a) pyrene Benzo[b+j]fluoranthene	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NE NF	ME	0.7	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	<0.5 <0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	N.E.	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene Naphthalene	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	170	0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	<0.5 <0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Carcinogenic PAHs (as B(a)P TPE)	mg/kg	4	3	40	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
PAHs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	400	300	4000	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TPH/TRH		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE		NE	20	. 20	. 20	1.20	-10	1 20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1 20	1.20	. 20	120
C6 - C9 C10 - C14	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NE NF	20	< 20 < 20	< 20 < 20	< 20 < 20	<10 <50	< 20 < 20	< 20 < 20	< 20 < 20	< 20 < 20	< 20	< 20 < 20	< 20 < 20	< 20
C15 - C28	mg/kg	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	50	< 50	< 50	< 50	<100	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
C29-C36	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	110	< 50	< 50	<100	< 50	< 50	< 50	99	< 50	130	< 50	< 50
C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	110	< 50	< 50	<50	< 50	< 50	< 50	99	< 50	130	< 50	< 50
F1 minus BTEX (C6-C10)	mg/kg	45, 70, 110, 200 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>10</sup>	260, 370, 630, NL <sup>11</sup>	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	< 20	< 20	<10	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
F2-Napth (C10-C16)	mg/kg	110, 240, 440, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL	NE	NE	NE FC00	NE	NE 190	50	< 50	< 50	< 50	<50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
C6-C10 >C10-C16	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NL NL	82000 62000	5600 4200	5100 3800	180 120	20 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	<10 <50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50
>C16-C34	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	85000	5800	5300	300, 1300	100	120	< 100	< 100	<100	< 100	< 100	< 100	100	< 100	130	< 100	< 100
>C34-C40	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	120000	8100	7400	2800, 5600	100	< 100	< 100	< 100	<100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
BTEXN Benzene	mg/kg	05.05.05.05	NL, NL, NL, NL	3, 3, 3, 3 <sup>11</sup>	77, 160, NL	1100	140	120	50, 65	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	mg/kg		NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL NL	120000	21000	18000	85, 105	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	55, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>10</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL	85000	5900	5300	70, 125	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylene (m & p)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	<0.5	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
Xylene (o)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE NE	NE NI	NE 120000	NE 17000	NE 15000	NE 105 45	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylene Total Naphthalene	mg/kg mg/kg	40, 60, 95, 170 <sup>9</sup> 3, NL, NL, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>10</sup>	230, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup> NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL NL	130000 29000	17000 2200	15000 1900	105, 45 170	0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3 < 0.5	< 0.3 < 0.5	<0.5	< 0.3	< 0.3 < 0.5	< 0.3 < 0.5	< 0.3 < 0.5	< 0.3 < 0.5	< 0.3 < 0.5	< 0.3 < 0.5	< 0.3 < 0.5
Asbestos	1115/ 115	3, IVL, IVL, IVL	INE, INE, INE, INE	IVE, IVE, IVE, IVE	142	25000	2200	1300	170	0.5	· 0.5	1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		~1	1 0.3	1 0.5	1 \ 0.5	1 \ 0.5		1 \ 0.5	1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Asbestos	w/w%	0.04 <sup>12</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.02 <sup>13</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.05 <sup>14</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.001		ND / NRFD	-			ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD		ND / NRFD		ND / NRFD	
PCBs																						
Arochlor 1016	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1221	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	0.1	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1232	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.1	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1242 Arochlor 1248	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.1	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1254	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.1	-	< 0.1	-	<u> </u>	-	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Arochlor 1260	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	0.1	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
PCBs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	1	1	7	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	-	<0.1	-	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Notes:																						

- 1. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Residential B
- 2. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Open Space C
- 3. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Commercial/Industrial D
- 4. CRC CARE 2011 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Intrusive Maintenance Worker in a Shallow Trench 0m to <2m, 2m to <4m, 4m+
- 5. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Intrusive Maintenance Worker)
- 6. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Residential B)
- 7. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Recreational/Open Space) 8. NEPM 2013 ESLs (urban residential/public open space coarse/fine)/EILs (urban residential/public open space)
- 9. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Residential A/B 10. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion - Recreational Open Space C
- 11. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Commercial/Industrial D
- 12. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Residential B (Residential with minimal opportunities for soil access)
- 13. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Recreational C
- 14. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Commercial/Industrial D 15. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Level for FA & AF asbestos
- 16. Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragment. Total estimated asbestos content in ACM = 7.5g. Total estimated asbestos concentration in ACM = 1.0% w/w.
- NRFD = No respirable fibres detected; ND = No asbestos dected at the reporting limit of 0.001%
- QS1 and QS1A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB1/MW4\_0.2
- QS2 and QS2A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB8\_0.1 QS3 and QS3A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB21\_0.05

										Sample ID:	SB13_0.1	SB13_0.6	SB14_0.1	SB15_0.1	SB15_0.4	SB16_0.1	SB16_0.3	SB17_0.1	SB18_0.1	SB18_0.5	SB19_0.1	SB20_0.1
									Sa	ample Depth (mBGS):	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.1
Analyte	Units	HIL B <sup>1</sup>	HIL C <sup>2</sup>	HIL D <sup>3</sup>	HSL Intrusive Maint. Worker - Sand <sup>4</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Intrusive Maint Worker <sup>5</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Res. (High Density) <sup>6</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Recreational/Open Space <sup>7</sup>		Sample Date:	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019
Conductivity	uS/cm									10	28	-	-	91	-	76	-	79	-	-	-	28
pH (aqueous extract)	рН	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	6.3	-	-	5	-	-	-	8.2	-	-	-	6.1
pH (CaCl2)	рН	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		0.1	-	-	-	-	-	4.4	-	-	-	-	-	5.5
Heavy Metals		500	200	2000	NIE	NE	NE	NE	100	2	2.2		0.0	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.2	F 2	4.2	2.0	F.C.	
Arsenic Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg	500 150	300 90	3000 900	NE NE	INE NE	NF	NE NE	100 NE	0.4	<b>3.3</b> < 0.4	< 2 < 0.4	0.5	<b>2.8</b> < 0.4	<b>3.2</b> < 0.4	<b>2.9</b> < 0.4	< 2	<b>5.2</b> < 0.4	0.8	<b>2.9</b> < 0.4	5.6 1.0	6.5 0.4
Chromium (III+VI)	mg/kg	500	300	3600	NE NE	NE	NE NE	N.E	400	5	11	8.4	30	9.5	16	9.7	6.6	14	15	11	13	8.0
Copper	mg/kg	30000	17000	240000	NE	NE	NE	NE	140	5	36	< 5	33	11	5.9	28	< 5	21	120	50	48	28
Lead	mg/kg	1200	600	1500	NE	NE	NE	NE	1100	5	440	14	69	210	60	150	22	64	200	54	260	54
Mercury	mg/kg	120	80	730	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.1	0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	mg/kg	1200	1200	6000	NE	NE	NE	NE	95	5	< 5	< 5	8.0	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	5.1	< 5	< 5
Zinc	mg/kg	60000	30000	400000	NE	NE	NE	NE	310	5	190	20	180	69	36	120	15	320	160	62	430	160
PAHs		NE	NE	NE	NIE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	٠,٥,٢	405	105	105	105	.05	105	105	.0.5	105	105	105
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NE	NE NF	NE	NE NF	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 <b>0.6</b>	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5
Anthracene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	ME	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.6	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	< 0.5	0.9	2.6	2.8	1.6	< 0.5
Benzo(a) pyrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.7	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.7	< 0.5	1.4	2.5	3.3	2.4	< 0.5
Benzo[b+j]fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.1	2.1	2.1	1.4	< 0.5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.9	2.0	2.2	1.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.3	2.3	2.2	1.6	< 0.5
Chrysene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.6	< 0.5	1.1	2.5	2.6	1.6	< 0.5
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 <b>0.9</b>	< 0.5	< 0.5 <b>2.3</b>	0.5 4.4	0.5 4.8	< 0.5 <b>1.5</b>	< 0.5 < 0.5
Fluorene	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NF	NF	NF	NF.	NE NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.3	2.1	1.9	1.6	< 0.5
Naphthalene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	170	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	1.5	2.4	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.8	< 0.5	2.3	4.1	4.9	1.8	< 0.5
Carcinogenic PAHs (as B(a)P TPE)	mg/kg	4	3	40	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.8	<0.5	1.9	4.0	4.7	3.1	<0.5
PAHs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	400	300	4000	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	3.5	< 0.5	13.1	26.6	30.9	15	< 0.5
<b>TPH/TRH</b> C6 - C9	mg/kg	NE	NE	NF	NE	NE	NE	ME	NE	20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
C10 - C14	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE.	NF	NF	NE	NE NE	20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
C15 - C28	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	50	< 50	230	< 50	< 50	< 50	53	< 50	< 50	110	120	110	< 50
C29-C36	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	1000	< 50	78	67	120	< 50	< 50	75	65	72	62
C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NIE	NE	50	< 50	1230	< 50	78	67	173	< 50	< 50	185	185	182	62
F1 minus BTEX (C6-C10)	mg/kg		NL, NL, NL, NL	260, 370, 630, NL <sup>11</sup>	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
F2-Napth (C10-C16)	mg/kg		NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL	NE	NE 02000	NE FCCO	NE F100	NE	50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
C6-C10 >C10-C16	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NF	NE NF	NL NL	82000 62000	5600 4200	5100 3800	180 120	20 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50	< 20 < 50
>C16-C34	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	85000	5800	5300	300, 1300	100	< 100	970	< 100	< 100	< 100	120	< 100	< 100	160	160	160	< 100
>C34-C40	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	120000	8100	7400	2800, 5600	100	< 100	230	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
BTEXN Benzene	mg/kg	0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5 <sup>9</sup>	NI NI NI NI 10	2 2 2 2 11	77, 160, NL	1100	140	120	50, 65	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
				3, 3, 3, 3 <sup>11</sup>															-			
Toluene	mg/kg	160, 220, 310, 540 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL	120000	21000	18000	85, 105	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	55, NL, NL, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL	85000	5900	5300	70, 125	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylene (m & p)  Xylene (o)	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
Xylene (o)  Xylene Total	mg/kg mg/kg		NL, NL, NL, NL	230, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL	130000	17000	15000	105, 45	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.3	< 0.1 < 0.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Naphthalene	mg/kg		NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL	29000	2200	1900	170	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Asbestos			, , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,																		<u></u>
Asbestos	w/w%	0.04 <sup>12</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.02 <sup>13</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.05 <sup>14</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.001	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD
PCBs																						
Arochlor 1016	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1
Arochlor 1221	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1
Arochlor 1232 Arochlor 1242	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE.	NE NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1
Arochlor 1248	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	ME	NE NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1
Arochlor 1254	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1
	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1
Arochlor 1260	6/6														-	+	+				+	
Arochlor 1260 PCBs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	1	1	7	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.1	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-	< 0.1

- 1. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Residential B
- 2. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Open Space C
- 3. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants Commercial/Industrial D
- 4. CRC CARE 2011 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Intrusive Maintenance Worker in a Shallow Trench 0m to <2m, 2m to <4m, 4m+
- 5. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Intrusive Maintenance Worker)
- 6. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Residential B)
- 7. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Recreational/Open Space) 8. NEPM 2013 ESLs (urban residential/public open space coarse/fine)/EILs (urban residential/public open space)
- 9. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Residential A/B
- 10. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Recreational Open Space C
- 11. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Commercial/Industrial D
- 12. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Residential B (Residential with minimal opportunities for soil access)
- 13. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Recreational C
- 14. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos Commercial/Industrial D
- 15. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Level for FA & AF asbestos
- 16. Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragment. Total estimated asbestos content in ACM = 7.5g. Total estimated asbestos concentration in ACM = 1.0% w/w.
- NRFD = No respirable fibres detected; ND = No asbestos dected at the reporting limit of 0.001%
- QS1 and QS1A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB1/MW4\_0.2
- QS2 and QS2A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB8\_0.1
- QS3 and QS3A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB21\_0.05

										Sample ID:	SB21_0.05	QS3	QS3A	SB21_0.1	SB22_0.05	SB23_0.1	SB23_0.5	SB24_0.1	SB24_0.5	SB25_0.1	SB26_0
									S	Sample Depth (mBGS):		0.05		0.1	0.05	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.1
										Sample Date:		27/08/2019		27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	28/08/2019	28/08/2019	28/08/2019	28/08/20
nalyte	Units	HIL B <sup>1</sup>	HIL C <sup>2</sup>	HIL D <sup>3</sup>	HSL Intrusive Maint. Worker - Sand <sup>4</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Intrusive Maint Worker <sup>5</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Res. (High Density) <sup>6</sup>	HSL Direct Contact Recreational/Open Space <sup>7</sup>	EIL/ESL <sup>8</sup>	LOR											
onductivity	uS/cm									10	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-
l (aqueous extract)	рН	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
(CaCl2)	рН	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	5.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
avy Metals																					
senic	mg/kg	500	300	3000	NE	NE	NE	NE	100	2	13	13	10	7.4	3.5	2.0	4.8	4.0	< 2	26	3.3
Imium	mg/kg	150	90	900	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	0.4	1.3	< 0.4	<1	< 0.4	0.9	< 0.4	< 0.4	1.1	< 0.4	6.5	< 0.4
omium (III+VI)	mg/kg	500	300	3600	NE	NE	NE	NE	400	5	26	58	41	13	18	7.8	19	11	6.0	28	12
per	mg/kg	30000	17000	240000	NE	NE	NE	NE	140	5	54	65	44	10.0	63	10	16	35	12	410	23
id	mg/kg	1200	600	1500	NE	NE	NE 	NE	1100	5	110	120	105	20	200	14	35	430	58	430	52
ercury	mg/kg	120	80	730	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE.	NE	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.1	< 0.1	0.2	0.3
kel	mg/kg	1200	1200	6000	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE.	95	5	16	15	47	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	21	6.3
<u>c</u>	mg/kg	60000	30000	400000	NE	NE	NE	NE	310	5	190	350	209	< 5	290	35	64	460	68	2100	91
Hs		NE	NE	NIE	NE.	NE	NE		NE	0.5	.0.5	.05	-0.5	105	105	.0.5	.0.5	105	.0.5	105	1 .0
enaphthene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NL	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.
enaphthylene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	141	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.
:hracene nz(a)anthracene	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	ME	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	<0.5 <0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 <b>0.7</b>	< 0					
nz(a) pyrene	mg/kg	NE NE	NF NF	NE NE	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	ME	0.7	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.7	< 0
nzo[b+j]fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NF	NE NE	NE	NF.	ME	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.6	< 0.
nzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.
nzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	ME	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	< 0.
rysene	mg/kg	NE	NF	NE NE	NE NE	NF.	NF	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.6	< 0.
benz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.
ioranthene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.7	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.9	< 0.
orene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.
deno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.
phthalene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	170	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.
henanthrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0
yrene	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.7	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.9	< 0.5
arcinogenic PAHs (as B(a)P TPE)	mg/kg	4	3	40	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.9	<0.5
AHs (Sum of total)	mg/kg	400	300	4000	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.9	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	4.9	< 0.5
PH/TRH		-										-			-			-			
5 - C9	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	< 20	<10	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
10 - C14	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	< 20	<50	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
15 - C28	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	< 50	<100	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	260	< 50
29-C36	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	< 50	<100	< 50	< 50	59	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
10 - C36 (Sum of total)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	< 50	<50	< 50	< 50	59	< 50	< 50	< 50	260	< 50
1 minus BTEX (C6-C10)	mg/kg	45, 70, 110, 200 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	260, 370, 630, NL <sup>11</sup>	NE	NE	NE	ME	NE	20	< 20	< 20	<10	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
2-Napth (C10-C16)	mg/kg	110, 240, 440, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	< 50	< 50	<50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
5-C10	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NF	NE NE	NL NI	82000	5600	5100	180	20	< 20	< 20	<10	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
C10-C16 C16-C34	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NL NE	62000 85000	4200 5800	3800 5300	120 300, 1300	50 100	< 50 < 100	< 50 < 100	<50 <100	< 50 < 100	< 50 <b>280</b>	< 50 < 100					
C34-C40	mg/kg	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	120000	8100	7400	2800, 5600	100	< 100	< 100	<100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
<b>TEXN</b>	g. g						'		·			'		'	·						'
enzene	mg/kg	0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>10</sup>	3, 3, 3, 3 <sup>11</sup>	77, 160, NL	1100	140	120	50, 65	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
luene	mg/kg			NL, NL, NL, NL	NL	120000	21000	18000	85, 105	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.
nylbenzene	mg/kg	55, NL, NL, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>10</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL	85000	5900	5300	70, 125	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.
lene (m & p)	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NÉ NE	NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	<0.5	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0
lene (o) lene Total	mg/kg mg/kg	NE 40, 60, 95, 170 <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	230, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NE NL	130000	NE 17000	15000	NE 105, 45	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.3	<0.5 <0.5	< 0.1 < 0.3	< 0.1 < 0.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.
phthalene	mg/kg	3, NL, NL, NL <sup>9</sup>	NL, NL, NL, NL	NL, NL, NL, NL <sup>11</sup>	NL NL	29000	2200	1900	105, 45	0.5	< 0.3	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0
bestos	b/\b	J, 14L, 14L, 14L	IVE, IVE, IVE, IVE	IVE, IVE, IVE, IVE				2300	-70	3.3		10.0	`-	1 ,0.5	1 0.3	1 0.5	1 .0.5	1 0.5	1 .0.0	1 .0.5	1 , 0.
pestos 98s	w/w%	0.04 <sup>12</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.02 <sup>13</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	0.05 <sup>14</sup> ; 0.001 <sup>15</sup>	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.001	ND / NRFD	-	-	-	ND / NRFD	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	-	ND / NRFD	ND / I
chlor 1016	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	ME	NE	0.1		_			< 0.1	_	_	< 0.1	_		Τ.
ochlor 1016		NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	N.E	NE NE	0.1	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	-	< 0.1		-	< 0.1	-	-	+
ochlor 1221	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	N.C.	NE NE		<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>	-		-	-	< 0.1	-	-	
ochlor 1232	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	N.L.	NE NE	0.1	<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	
ochlor 1248		NE NE	NE NE	NE NE		NE NE		N.E.			<u>-</u>	-	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	
	mg/kg		NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	No.	NE NE	0.1	<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>	-		-	-		-	-	-
ochlor 1254 ochlor 1260	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE		NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	N.L	NE NE	0.1	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-
	mg/kg mg/kg	NE 4	IVE	NE -	NE NE	NE NE		NL NL	NE NE		-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Bs (Sum of total)	· md///d			7	NE	NE	NE	IN THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON O	NE	0.1	-		-	-	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1	-	-	-

1. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Residential B

2. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Open Space C

3. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Commercial/Industrial D

4. CRC CARE 2011 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion - Intrusive Maintenance Worker in a Shallow Trench - 0m to <2m, 2m to <4m, 4m+

5. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Intrusive Maintenance Worker)

6. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Residential B) 7. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Direct Contact with Soil (Recreational/Open Space)

8. NEPM 2013 ESLs (urban residential/public open space coarse/fine)/EILs (urban residential/public open space)

9. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion - Residential A/B

10. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion - Recreational Open Space C

11. NEPM 2013 Soil Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion - Commercial/Industrial D

12. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos - Residential B (Residential with minimal opportunities for soil access)

13. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos - Recreational C

14. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Levels for Asbestos - Commercial/Industrial D

15. NEPM 2013 Health Screening Level for FA & AF asbestos

16. Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragment. Total estimated asbestos content in ACM = 7.5g. Total estimated asbestos concentration in ACM = 1.0% w/w.

NRFD = No respirable fibres detected; ND = No asbestos dected at the reporting limit of 0.001%

QS1 and QS1A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB1/MW4\_0.2

QS2 and QS2A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB8\_0.1 QS3 and QS3A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB21\_0.05



## Table 2: Summary of Soil Analytical Results - Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

NADE - 18							Sample ID:	SB1/MW4_0.2	QS1	QS1A	SB2_0.1	SB4_0.1	SB5_0.1	SB6_0.1	SB8_0.1	QS2	QS2A
Note																	
Teleformic Control of the Control of							Sample Date:		26/08/2019		26/08/2019	26/08/2019	26/08/2019	27/08/2019		27/08/2019	
Secondary   1965   19	llyte	Units	HIL B <sup>1</sup>	HIL C <sup>2</sup>	HIL D <sup>3</sup>	EIL/ESL⁴	LOR										
American   Color   C																	
Second   Column   C	•	1							<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>				<del>                                     </del>		-
Company   Comp	•	_								 							-
Table   Part	•																-
Part										 	+						_
Description   Property   10   15   16   16   16   16   16   16   16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_								 	<del> </del>						_
Provided	•									 	<del> </del>						-
Temperson   Prop.   10   10   10   10   10   11   11   1	methylphenol	_			NE					-	-	-			< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Section and Application   Section	nitrophenol	_	NE	NE	NE	NE	1	< 1	< 1	-	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-
					25000					-	-	-					-
Property										 	<del> </del>						-
No.										<u> </u>	<del> </del>						-
Company   Comp		_								 							-
Interference		_								 							_
red mpt		_								 	<del> </del>						-
International contributions of the property of	·	_															<1
Part		_									-						-
The CHOICE	enols (Total Halogenated)		NE	NE	NE	NE	1	< 1	< 1	-	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-
Section   Part   Section		mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	< 20	-	-	-	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	-
Property   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1										I							
Company   Comp		_															-
Mart Publish		_															-
Part																	-
Inflame										 							-
The content									1								-
Part		_															-
THE COLOR OF MARINE MOVE AND SHOULD S									<del> </del>	-						-	-
Selection	T	mg/kg	600	400	3600	180	0.05	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	-
Secondary   Marging   Ma	T+DDE+DDD	mg/kg	600	400	3600	NE	0.05	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	-
Secondary   Page   190		mg/kg	10	10	45	NE	0.05	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	-
Secondary Secondary   Second									-	-						-	-
Part		_							-	-						-	-
Internatively might of the control o	·	_							<del>                                     </del>	-							-
Commission   Profit   Commission   Profit   Commission									<del> </del>								-
Billing   Ministry	·								<del> </del>	 							-
psychorian myster   10									<del> </del>								-
Part		_								_							_
Part   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	·								-	-						-	-
Part	exachlorobenzene		15	10	80	NE	0.05	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	-
Part	lethoxychlor	mg/kg	500	400	2500	NE	0.05	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	-
International method   metho	•	mg/kg	30	30	160	NE	1	< 1	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	-
Select Full Supported   Mg/Ng   NfC   Nf																	
Modernaphos		_															-
Indepyreins	<u> </u>	_							<del> </del>								-
Interpretion methyl   mg/kg   NE	<u> </u>	_							<del> </del>								-
muraphos   mg/kg   NF		_															-
metton   mg/kg   NE									-	 							-
Improved   Mark   Mile   Mil									-	 							-
Page						NE			-	-						-	-
Combine   mg/kg   NE					NE	NE					< 0.2						-
sulfoton mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE NE NE NE O.2 <0.2 · · · <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	chlorvos		NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	-
Ne mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE NE 0.2 < 0.2		_			NE	NE			-	-						-	-
Ne		_							-	-						-	-
Negrop   Mg/kg   NE																	-
New		_							-	 							-
Introthion   mg/kg   NE		_								 							-
nsulfothion mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE NE NE O.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2									1								-
Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -      Inthion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE										 							_
Hathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   -      Perphos   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2    Pethyl parathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2    Pethyl parathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2    Pethyl parathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2    Pethyl parathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -     < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2    Pethyl parathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -     < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2    Pethyl parathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -     < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2		_							<del> </del>	 							-
rephos mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE NE 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 <																	-
Ethyl parathion   mg/kg   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   NE   O.2   < 0.2   -   -   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   < 0.2   -		_							-	 							-
New	•	_							<del> </del>	 							-
New Common   Mig/kg   NE		_															-
rethoate mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE NE 2 <2 <	onocrotophos	_	NE	NE	NE	NE	2	< 2	-		< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	-	-
rate mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE O.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 <	led (Dibrom)	mg/kg		NE	NE				-	-						-	-
Imiphos-methyl   mg/kg   NE	nethoate	_			NE				-	-						-	-
razophos mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE NE O.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2		_							-	-	+					-	-
nnel mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE O.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2		-							-	-						-	-
rbufos mg/kg NE NE NE NE NE NE O.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 <		_							-	-						-	-
trachlorvinphos		_							<del> </del>	-							
kuthion mg/kg NE NE NE NE 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 chloronate NE NE NE NE 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0		-															
chloronate mg/kg NE NE NE NE 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2	·	_							1								-
																	-
	OCs	1118/1Kg	IVL	IVL	IVL	IVE	U.Z	\ ∪.∠			1 \ 0.2	\ ∪.∠	\ ∪.∠	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		-

1. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Residential B

2. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Open Space C 3. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Commercial/Industrial D

4. NEPM 2013 ESLs/EILs (urban residential/public open space coarse/fine)

QS1 and QS1A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB1/MW4\_0.2 QS2 and QS2A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB8\_0.1



## Table 2: Summary of Soil Analytical Results - Phenols, VOCs, OCPs and OPPs 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

					Camaril =	Sample ID:	SB10_0.1	SB11_0.1	SB12_0.1	SB13_0.1	SB15_0.1	SB17_0.1	SB20_0.1	SB22_0.05	SB23_0.1	SB24_0.1
						Sample Date:	0.1	0.1 27/08/2019	0.1 27/08/2019	0.1 27/08/2019	0.1 27/08/2019	0.1 27/08/2019	0.1	.05	0.1 27/08/2019	0.1 28/08/201
						Jampie Date:	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	27/08/2019	28/08/201
nalyte	Units	HIL B <sup>1</sup>	HIL C <sup>2</sup>	HIL D <sup>3</sup>	EIL/ESL <sup>4</sup>	LOR										
nenols 4,5-trichlorophenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	1	< 1	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	-
4,6-trichlorophenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	1	< 1	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	-
,4-dichlorophenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	-	-
,4-dimethylphenol ,4-dinitrophenol	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.5 5	< 0.5 < 5	-	-	< 0.5 < 5	< 0.5 < 5	< 0.5 < 5	< 0.5 < 5	< 0.5 < 5	-	-
,,4-dinitrophenol	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	-	<u> </u>	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	-	-
-chlorophenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.5	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	-	-
-methylphenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	-
-nitrophenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	1	< 1	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	-
-&4-methylphenol ,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	mg/kg mg/kg	4700 NE	<b>4000</b> NE	25000 NE	NE NE	0.4 5	< 0.4 < 5	-	<u>-</u>	< 0.4 < 5	< 0.4 < 5	< 0.4 < 5	< 0.4 < 5	< 0.4	-	-
,6-Dinitro-o-cyclohexyl phenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	-	-	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	-	-
-chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	1	< 1	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	-
-nitrophenol	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	5	< 5	-	-	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	-	-
vinoseb entachlorophenol	mg/kg mg/kg	130	NE 120	660	NE NE	20	< 20 < 1	-	-	< 20 < 1	< 20 < 1	< 20 < 1	< 20	< 20	-	-
henol	mg/kg	45000	40000	240000	NE NE	0.5	< 0.5	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	-	-
etrachlorophenols	mg/kg	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	1	< 10	-	-	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	-	-
henols (Total Halogenated)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	1	< 1	-	-	< 1	< 1	< 1	<1	< 1	-	-
henols (Total Non Halogenated)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	20	< 20	-	-	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20	-	-
OCPs ,4-DDE	ma/ka	600	400	3600	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05		< 0.05
1,4-DDE 1-BHC	mg/kg mg/kg	NE	NE	3600 NE	NE NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
ldrin	mg/kg	10	10	45	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
Aldrin + Dieldrin	mg/kg	10	10	45	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	0.06
-BHC	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
Chlordane	mg/kg	90 NE	<b>70</b>	530	NE NE	0.1	0.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1
-BHC	mg/kg mg/kg	600	NE 400	NE 3600	NE NE	0.05 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	-	< 0.05 < 0.05
DT	mg/kg	600	400	3600	180	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
DT+DDE+DDD	mg/kg	600	400	3600	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
ieldrin	mg/kg	10	10	45	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	0.06
ndosulfan I	mg/kg	400	340	2000	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
ndosulfan II	mg/kg	400	340	2000	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
ndosulfan sulphate ndrin	mg/kg mg/kg	NE 20	NE 20	100	NE NE	0.05 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	-	< 0.05 < 0.05
ndrin aldehyde	mg/kg	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
ndrin ketone	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
-BHC (Lindane)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
leptachlor	mg/kg	10	10	50	NE	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
leptachlor epoxide	mg/kg	NE 1E	NE 10	NE	NE	0.05	0.06	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	-	< 0.05
lexachlorobenzene Nethoxychlor	mg/kg mg/kg	15 500	400	80 2500	NE NE	0.05 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	-	< 0.05 < 0.05
oxaphene	mg/kg	30	30	160	NE	1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	-	< 1
)PP																
Azinophos methyl	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
Bolstar (Sulprofos)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos	mg/kg mg/kg	NE 340	NE 250	NE 2000	NE NE	0.2 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	mg/kg	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
Coumaphos	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	-	< 2
emeton-O	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
emeton-S	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
Diazinon Dichlorvos	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
vimethoate	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
isulfoton	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
PN	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
thion	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
thoprop	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
thyl parathion enitrothion	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
ensulfothion	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
enthion	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
lalathion	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
lerphos	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
lethyl parathion levinphos (Phosdrin)	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	< 0.2
lonocrotophos	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
aled (Dibrom)	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
methoate	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	-	< 2
horate	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
irimiphos-methyl	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
yrazophos	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
onnel erbufos	mg/kg mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2 < 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
etrachlorvinphos	mg/kg	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
okuthion	mg/kg	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
OKULIIIOII		NIE	NE	NE	NE	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	-	< 0.2
richloronate  OCs	mg/kg	NE	INL	142												

2. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Open Space C 3. NEPM 2013 Health investigation levels for soil contaminants - Commercial/Industrial D

4. NEPM 2013 ESLs/EILs (urban residential/public open space coarse/fine)

QS1 and QS1A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB1/MW4\_0.2 QS2 and QS2A are duplicate and triplicate of the primary sample SB8\_0.1



## TABLE 3: SUMMARY OF SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS - QUALITY ASSURANCE QUALITY CONTROL

## 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

		•	ı	1			_	ı		<u></u>	Т	•	•	•		
		SB1/MW4_0.2	QS1	RPD	QS1A	RPD	SB8_0.1	QS2	RPD	QS2A	RPD	SB21_0.05	QS3	RPD	QS3A	RPD
	Sample Date	26/08	/2019	5	26/08/2019	5	27/08	3/2019	5	27/08/2019	5	27/08	3/2019	5	27/08/2019	5
	LOR															
TPH/TRH/BTEXN		1														
C6 - C9	20	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%
C10 - C14	20	< 20	< 20	0%	<50	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<50	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<50	0%
C15 - C28	50	< 50	< 50	0%	<100	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<100	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<100	0%
C29-C36	50	< 50	< 50	0%	<100	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<100	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<100	0%
C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	50	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%
F1 minus BTEX (C6-C10)	20	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%
F2-Napth (C10-C16)	50	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%
C6-C10	20	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%	< 20	< 20	0%	<10	0%
>C10-C16	50	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%	< 50	< 50	0%	<50	0%
>C16-C34	100	< 100	< 100	0%	<100	0%	< 100	< 100	0%	<100	0%	< 100	< 100	0%	<100	0%
>C34-C40	100	< 100	< 100	0%	<100	0%	< 100	< 100	0%	<100	0%	< 100	< 100	0%	<100	0%
Benzene	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.2	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.2	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.2	0%
Toluene	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%
Ethylbenzene	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%
Xylene (m & p)	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.2	< 0.2	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.2	< 0.2	0%	<0.5	0%
Xylene (o)	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.5	0%
Xylene Total	0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.3	< 0.3	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.3	< 0.3	0%	<0.5	0%
Naphthalene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<1	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<1	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<1	0%
РАН																
Acenaphthene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Acenaphthylene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Anthracene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Benzo(a) pyrene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Benzo[b+j]fluoranthene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Chrysene Diborator blanthan and	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Fluoranthene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	0.70	94%
Fluorene Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	0.5 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	0% 0%	<0.5 <0.5	0%	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	0% 0%	<0.5 <0.5	0% 0%	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	0% 0%	<0.5 <0.5	0% 0%
Naphthalene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%
Phenanthrene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	0.50	67%
Pyrene	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	0.70	94%
Carcinogenic PAHs (as B(a)P TPE)	0.5	-	-	0%	-	0%	-	-	0%	-	0%	-	-	0%	-	0%
PAHs (Sum of total)	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<0.5	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	1.90	154%
Metals															-100	
Arsenic	2	2.3	2.3	0%	<5	8%	18	17	6%	15	18%	13	13	0%	10	26%
Cadmium	0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	0%	<1	0%	< 0.4	1.6	155%	1	133%	1.3	< 0.4	146%	<1	88%
Chromium (Total)	5	10	8.8	13%	9	11%	21	24	13%	22	5%	26	58	76%	41	45%
Copper	5	12	14	15%	7	53%	110	86	24%	70	44%	54	65	18%	44	20%
Lead	5	31	43	32%	21	38%	850	330	88%	308	94%	110	120	9%	105	5%
Mercury	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.1	0%	0.2	0.2	0%	0.2	0%	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	0.2	120%
Nickel	5	< 5	< 5	0%	<2	0%	11	10	10%	9	20%	16	15	6%	47	98%
Zinc	5	45	80	56%	35	25%	610	800	27%	583	5%	190	350	59%	209	10%
Asbestos																
Asbestos	0.001	ND	ND	0%	ND	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phenols																
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	1	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	1	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,4-dichlorophenol	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,4-dimethylphenol	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,4-dinitrophenol	5	< 5	< 5	0%	-	-	< 5	< 5	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,6-dichlorophenol	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-chlorophenol	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-methylphenol	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	0%	-	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-nitrophenol	1	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3-&4-methylphenol	0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	0%	-	-	< 0.4	< 0.4	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	5	< 5	< 5	0%	-	-	< 5	< 5	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4,6-Dinitro-o-cyclohexyl phenol	20	< 20	< 20	0%	-	-	< 20	< 20	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	1	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4-nitrophenol	5	< 5	< 5	0%	-	-	< 5	< 5	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dinoseb	20	< 20	< 20	0%	-	-	< 20	< 20	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pentachlorophenol	1	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phenol	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<1	0%	< 0.5	< 0.5	0%	<1	0%	-	-	-	-	-
tetrachlorophenols Phenols (Total Halogenated)	1	< 10	< 10	0%	-	-	< 10	< 10	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PRODUCE LIGITAL HAIOGODATOGU	ı 1	< 1	< 1	0%	- 1	-	< 1	< 1	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phenols (Total Non Halogenated)	20	< 20	< 20	0%	_	-	< 20	< 20	0%	_	_	_	-	_	_	-

Notes:

All units in mg/kg

High RPDs are shaded

Acceptable RPDs for each LOR multiplier range are: No Limit (<10 x LOR); <30% RPD (Inorganic); and <50% RPD (Organic).



# TABLE 4: SUMMARY OF SOIL TRIP BLANK AND TRIP SPIKE RESULTS 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

	Sample ID:	TB1	TS1
	Sample Date:	28/08/2019	28/08/2019
TPH/TRH/BTEX	LOR (mg/kg)		
Benzene	0.1	< 0.1	110
Toluene	0.1	< 0.1	110
Ethylbenzene	0.1	< 0.1	130
meta- & para-Xylene	0.2	< 0.2	110
ortho-Xylene	0.1	< 0.1	110
Total Xylenes	0.3	< 0.3	110
Naphthalene	0.5	< 0.5	98
TRH C6-C9	20	<20	110
TRH C6-C10	20	<20	110

### Notes:

LOR - Limits of Reporting

Recoveries (%) are shown for Trip Spike samples



# TABLE 5: SUMMARY OF SOIL RINSATE ANALYTICAL DATA 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

	Sample ID:	RB-1	RB-2	RB-3
DTEVAL	Sample Date:	26/08/2019	27/08/2019	28/08/2019
BTEXN	LOR (mg/L) 0.1	< 0.001	4.0.001	. 0.001
Benzene Toluene	0.1	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
	0.1	< 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001
Ethylbenzene	0.1	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Xylene (m & p) Xylene (o)	0.2	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Xylene (o) Xylene Total	0.1			
<u>'</u>		< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
Naphthalene	0.5	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heavy Metals	1 1	10.001	. 0.004	. 0 001
Arsenic	2	< 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.0002	< 0.001
Cadmium	0.4	< 0.0002		
Chromium (III+VI)	5	< 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001
Copper	5	< 0.001		
Lead	0.1	< 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.0001	< 0.001
Mercury Nickel	5	< 0.0001		
			< 0.001	< 0.001
Zinc	5	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
PAHs	0.5	10.004	. 0.004	. 0 001
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylone	0.5 0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Acenaphthylene		< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Anthracene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(a) pyrene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo[b+j]fluoranthene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chrysene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluoranthene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluorene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
ndeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Naphthalene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Phenanthrene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Pyrene	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
PAHs (Sum of total)	0.5	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
rph/trh				
C6 - C9	20	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
C10 - C14	20	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
C15 - C28	50	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
C29-C36	50	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
C10 - C36 (Sum of total)	50	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
-1 minus BTEX (C6-C10)	20	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
-2-Napth (C10-C16)	50	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
C6-C10	20	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
>C10-C16	50	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
>C16-C34	100	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
>C34-C40	100	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenols (Halogenated)				
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2-Chlorophenol	0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
1-Chloro-3-methylphenol Pentachlorophenol	0.01 0.01	< 0.01 < 0.01	< 0.01 < 0.01	< 0.01
Fetrachlorophenols - Total	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	0.03	< 0.03	\ ∪.∪3	\ U.U3
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4-Dinitrophenol	0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.03
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.13
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2-Nitrophenol	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.006	< 0.006	< 0.006	< 0.006
4-Nitrophenol	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Dinoseb	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenol	0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
Total Halogenated Phenol*	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1

Notes:

LOR - Limits of Reporting



						Sample ID:	MW1	QW1	QW1A	MW2	MW3	MW4
						Sample Date:	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019
Compounds	LOR	NEPM 2013 Drinking Water GIL <sup>1</sup>	NEPM 2013 Freshwater GIL <sup>2</sup>	HSL A/B <sup>3</sup>	HSL C⁴	HSL Intrusive Maint. Worker Sand <sup>5</sup>						
BTEXN Benzene	0.001	0.001	0.95	0.8, 0.8, 0.9	NL	NL	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Toluene Ethylbenzene	0.001 0.001	0.8	NE NE	NL NL	NL NL	NL NL	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	<0.002 <0.002	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
meta- & para-Xylene	0.002	NE	0.2	NE	NE	NE	< 0.002	< 0.002	<0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
ortho-Xylene Total Xylenes	0.001	0.6	NE	NE NL	NE NL	NE <b>NL</b>	< 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.003	<0.002 <0.002	< 0.001 < 0.003	< 0.001 < 0.003	< 0.001
Naphthalene Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons,	0.01 /Total Recov	NE erable Hydrod	0.16 arbons	NL	NL	NL	< 0.01	< 0.01	<0.005	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
C6 - C9 Fraction C10 - C14 Fraction	0.02	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.02 < 0.05	< 0.02 < 0.05	<0.02 <0.05	< 0.02 < 0.05	< 0.02 < 0.05	< 0.02 < 0.05
C15 - C28 Fraction C29 - C36 Fraction	0.1 0.1	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.1 < 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.1	<0.1 <0.05	< 0.1 < 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.1
C10 - C36 Fraction (sum) TRH Fraction F1	0.1	NE NE	NE NE	NE 1, 1, 1	NE NL	NE NL	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.02	<0.05 <0.02	< 0.1 < 0.02	< 0.1	< 0.1
C6 - C10 Fraction	0.02	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
>C10 - C16 Fraction >C16 - C34 Fraction	0.05	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.05 < 0.1	< 0.05 < 0.1	<0.1 <0.1	< 0.05 < 0.1	< 0.05 < 0.1	< 0.05 < 0.1
>C34 - C40 Fraction TRH Fraction F2	0.1	NE NE	NE NE	NE 1, 1, 1	NE NL	NE NL	< 0.1 < 0.05	< 0.1 < 0.05	<0.1 <0.1	< 0.1 < 0.05	< 0.1 < 0.05	< 0.1 < 0.05
Metals Arsenic	0.001	0.01	0.024	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.004
Cadmium Chromium	0.0002 0.001	0.002 0.05	0.0002 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0002 < 0.001	< 0.0002 < 0.001	<0.0001 <0.001	< 0.0002 < 0.001	<b>0.0003</b> < 0.001	<b>0.0048</b> < 0.001
Copper Lead	0.001	2 0.01	0.001 0.0014 0.0034	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.002	0.018	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001	0.033	0.026 0.002	0.017 0.019
Mercury	0.0001	0.001	0.00006	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	< 0.0001	<0.0001	<b>0.007</b> < 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Nickel Zinc	0.001 0.005	<b>0.02</b> NE	0.011 0.008	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	0.003 0.011	0.014 0.070	0.002 0.006	0.014 0.10	0.037 0.19	0.072 0.70
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbo</b> Acenaphthene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Acenaphthylene Anthracene	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	<0.001 <0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001 0.001	NE 0.00001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001 < 0.001	<0.001 <0.001 <0.005	< 0.001 < 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	<0.001 <0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Chrysene Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	<0.001 <0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Fluoranthene Fluorene	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	<0.001 <0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene Naphthalene	0.001	NE NE	NE 0.016	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	<0.001 <0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Phenanthrene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Pyrene Sum of PAHs	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	<0.001 <0.005	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Organochlorine Pesticides 4.4'-DDD	0.0001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
4.4'-DDE 4.4'-DDT	0.0001 0.0001	NE 0.009	NE 0.00006	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
a-BHC Aldrin	0.0001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)	0.0001	0.0003	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
b-BHC Chlordanes - Total	0.0001	0.002	0.00003	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.001	< 0.0001 < 0.001	< 0.0001 < 0.001
d-BHC DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)	0.0001 0.0001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
Dieldrin Endosulfan I	0.0001 0.0001	NE 0.02	NE 0.00003	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
Endosulfan II Endosulfan sulphate	0.0001 0.0001	<b>0.02</b> NE	<b>0.00003</b> NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
Endrin	0.0001	NE	0.00001	NE	NE	NE	< 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Endrin aldehyde Endrin ketone	0.0001 0.0001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
g-BHC (Lindane) Heptachlor	0.0001 0.0001	<b>0.01</b> NE	0.0002 0.00001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
Heptachlor epoxide Hexachlorobenzene	0.0001 0.0001	<b>0.0003</b> NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001	< 0.0001 < 0.0001
Methoxychlor Toxaphene	0.0001 0.01	NE NE	NE 0.0001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.0001 < 0.01	-	-	< 0.0001 < 0.01	< 0.0001 < 0.01	< 0.0001 < 0.01
Organophosphorous Pesticides Azinphos-methyl		0.03	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.002	I	Г -	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Bolstar	0.002	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.002	-	-	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos	0.002 0.02	0.002 0.01	NE 0.00001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.02	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.02
Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos	0.002	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.02	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.02
Demeton-O Demeton-S	0.002 0.02	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.02	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.02
Diazinon Dichlorvos	0.002	0.004 0.005	<b>0.00001</b> NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Dimethoate	0.002	0.007	0.00015	NE	NE	NE	< 0.002	-	-	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Disulfoton EPN	0.002 0.002	<b>0.004</b> NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Ethion Ethoprop	0.002 0.002	0.004 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion	0.002	NE 0.007	NE 0.0002	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Fensulfothion Fenthion	0.002	NE 0.007	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Malathion	0.002	0.07	0.00005	NE	NE	NE	< 0.002	-	-	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Merphos Methyl parathion	0.002	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Mevinphos Monocrotophos	0.002 0.002	<b>0.006</b> NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Naled Omethoate	0.002 0.002	NE <b>0.001</b>	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Phorate Pirimiphos-methyl	0.002	NE 0.09	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.02	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.02	< 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.02
Pyrazophos	0.002	0.02	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.002	-	-	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Ronnel Terbufos	0.002	0.0009	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Tetrachlorvinphos Tokuthion	0.002 0.002	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002	< 0.002 < 0.002
Trichloronate	0.002	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.002	_		< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002

- All units in mg/L unless otherwise noted
- NE Not Established; NL Not Limiting 1. NEPM 2013 Groundwater Investigation Level for Drinking Water
- 2. NEPM 2013 Groundwater Investigation Level for protection of freshwater at 95% confidence for typical slightly to moderately disturbed systems.
- 3. NEPM 2013 Groundwater HSL for low-high density residential land use 2m to <4m, 4m to <8m, 8m+ (Sand). Criteria provided for sand as a conservative approach. 4. NEPM 2013 Groundwater HSL for recreational/open space land use - 2m to <4m, 4m to <8m, 8m+ (Sand). Criteria provided for sand as a conservative approach.
- 5. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Intrusive Maintenance Worker in a Shallow Trench 2m to <4m, 4m to <8m, 8m+ (Sand). Criteria provided for sand as a conservative approach. QW-1 and QW-1A are the duplicate and triplucate of the primary sample MW1



						Sample ID:	MW1	QW1	QW1A	MW2	MW3	MW4
						Sample Date:	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/201
Compounds	LOR	NEPM 2013 Drinking Water GIL <sup>1</sup>	NEPM 2013 Freshwater GIL <sup>2</sup>	HSL A/B <sup>3</sup>	HSL C⁴	HSL Intrusive Maint. Worker Sand <sup>5</sup>	-,00,-000		1,50,555	-7007-000		1 -7-07-0-
Phenols	ı											
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.001	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	0.01	0.02	0.003	NE	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	<0.001	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.003	0.2	0.12	NE	NE	NE	< 0.003	< 0.003	<0.001	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.003	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.003	< 0.003	<0.001	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4-Dinitrophenol	0.03	NE	0.045	NE	NE	NE	< 0.03	< 0.03	-	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.003	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.003	< 0.003	<0.001	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2-Chlorophenol	0.003	0.3	0.34	NE	NE	NE	< 0.003	< 0.003	<0.001	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol 2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.1 0.03	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.003	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	< 0.03 < 0.003	< 0.03 < 0.003	<0.001	< 0.03 < 0.003	< 0.03 < 0.003	< 0.03 < 0.003
2-Nitrophenol	0.003	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.003	< 0.003	<0.001	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.006	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.006	< 0.006	<0.001	< 0.006	< 0.006	< 0.006
I-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.01	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	<0.001	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
l-Nitrophenol	0.03	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.03	< 0.03	-	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Dinoseb	0.1	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Pentachlorophenol	0.01	0.01	0.0036	NE	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	<0.002	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Phenol	0.003	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.003	< 0.003	<0.001	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
etrachlorophenols - Total	0.03	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.03	< 0.03	-	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
otal Halogenated Phenol	0.01	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	-	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol	0.1	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.1	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	I									<u> </u>	Γ	T
Aroclor-1016	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1221	0.001		NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1232	0.001	NE	NE 0.0003	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1242	0.001	NE	0.0003	NE NE	NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1248	0.001	NE NE	NE 0.0001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1254	0.001	NE NE	0.00001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1260 Fotal PCB	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
/olatile Organic Compounds	0.001	INE	INE	INE	INE	INE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	_	_	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001			< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	_	_	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	0.001	NE	0.0065	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	_	_	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
L.1-Dichloroethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
l.1-Dichloroethene	0.001	0.03	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
L.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dibromoethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dichloroethane	0.001	0.003	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dichloropropane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.3-Dichloropropane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
2-Propanone (Acetone)	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.001	-	-	< 0.005	< 0.001	< 0.005
1-Chlorotoluene 1-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.001	-	-	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
Allyl chloride	0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Riiyi chioride Benzene	0.001	0.001	0.95	0.8, 0.8, 0.9	NL NL	NL NL	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromobenzene	0.001	0.001 NE	NE	0.8, 0.8, 0.9 NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromochloromethane	0.001	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromodichloromethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromoform	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromomethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Carbon disulfide	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.001	0.003	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chlorobenzene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chloroethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chloroform	0.005	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.005	-	-	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
Chloromethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
is-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibromochloromethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibromomethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.001	NE 0.3	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
thylbenzene	0.001	0.3	NE NE	NL NE	NL NE	NL NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
odomethane sopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.001 0.001	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001
sopropyi benzene (Cumene) n&p-Xylenes	0.001	NE NE	0.2	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001 < 0.002	-	-	< 0.001 < 0.002	< 0.001	< 0.003
n&p-xylenes Methylene Chloride	0.002	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.002	-		< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
o-Xylene	0.001	NE NE	0.35	NE NE	NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Styrene	0.001	0.03	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Tetrachloroethene	0.001	0.05	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	_	_	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Toluene	0.001	0.8	NE	NL	NL	NL NL	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
rans-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
rans-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Trichloroethene	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Frichlorofluoromethane	0.001	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
/inyl chloride	0.001	0.0003	NE	NE	NE	NE	< 0.001	-	-	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
(ylenes - Total	0.003	0.6	NE	NL	NL	NL	< 0.003	-	-	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003

- All units in mg/L unless otherwise noted
- NE Not Established; NL Not Limiting 1. NEPM 2013 Groundwater Investigation Level for Drinking Water
- 2. NEPM 2013 Groundwater Investigation Level for protection of freshwater at 95% confidence for typical slightly to moderately disturbed systems.
- 3. NEPM 2013 Groundwater HSL for low-high density residential land use 2m to <4m, 4m to <8m, 8m+ (Sand). Criteria provided for sand as a conservative approach. 4. NEPM 2013 Groundwater HSL for recreational/open space land use - 2m to <4m, 4m to <8m, 8m+ (Sand). Criteria provided for sand as a conservative approach.
- 5. CRC CARE 2011 Health Screening Level for Vapour Intrusion Intrusive Maintenance Worker in a Shallow Trench 2m to <4m, 4m to <8m, 8m+ (Sand). Criteria provided for sand as a conservative approach.
- QW-1 and QW-1A are the duplicate and triplucate of the primary sample MW1



## TABLE 7: SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

### - PFAS

## 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

			Sample ID:	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4
			Sample Date:	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	2/09/2019
Compounds	LOR	PFAS NEMP 2018 Drinking Water <sup>1</sup>	PFAS NEMP 2018 Freshwater + Marine Water (Interim) <sup>2</sup>				
Perfluoroalkyl Carboxylic Acids (PFCAs)							
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoDA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	0.01	0.56	220	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoroalkyl Sulfonamido Substances		-					
2-(N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-EtFOSE)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
2-(N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-MeFOSE)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-EtFOSA)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-ethyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-EtFOSAA)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-MeFOSA)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-methyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-MeFOSAA)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (FOSA)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Perfluoroalkyl Sulfonic Acids (PFSAs)							
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	0.01	NE	0.13	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
n:2 Fluorotelomer Sulfonic Acids (n:2 FTSAs)							
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTSA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorododecanesulfonic acid (10:2 FTSA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTSA)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (6:2 FTSA)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
PFASs Summations							
Sum (PFHxS + PFOS)	0.01	0.07	NE	< 0.01	0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Sum of enHealth PFAS (PFHxS + PFOS + PFOA)	0.01	NE	NE	0.01	0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Sum of PFASs (n=30)	0.01	NE	NE	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sum of US EPA PFAS (PFOS + PFOA)	0.01	NE	NE	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Sum of WA DWER PFAS (n=10)	0.05	NE	NE	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05

## Notes:

All units in ug/L unless otherwise noted

- 1. NEMP 2018 health-based guidance values
- 2. NEMP 2018 guideline values for 95% species protection slightly to moderately disturbed systems

QW-1 and QW-1A are the duplicate and triplucate of the primary sample MW1



## TABLE 8: SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL DATA - QUALITY ASSURANCE QUALITY CONTROL 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

		Sample ID	MW1	QW1	חחם	QW1A	DUD
	,	Sample Date	2/09	/2019	RPD	2/09/2019	RPD
	LOR	Unit				'	
BTEXN							
Benzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Toluene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.002	0%
Ethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.002	0%
meta- & para-Xylene ortho-Xylene	0.002 0.001	mg/L	< 0.002 < 0.001	< 0.002 < 0.001	0% 0%	<0.002 <0.002	0% 0%
Total Xylenes	0.001	mg/L mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.002	0%
Naphthalene	0.003	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.003	0%	<0.005	0%
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons/Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons		6/ =	10.02		<b>G</b> /6	10.000	
C6 - C9 Fraction	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	0%	<0.02	0%
C10 - C14 Fraction	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	0%	<0.05	0%
C15 - C28 Fraction	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.1	0%
C29 - C36 Fraction	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.05	0%
C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.05	0%
TRH Fraction F1	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	0%	<0.02	0%
C6 - C10 Fraction >C10 - C16 Fraction	0.02 0.05	mg/L	< 0.02 < 0.05	< 0.02 < 0.05	0% 0%	<0.02 <0.1	0% 0%
>C16 - C34 Fraction	0.03	mg/L mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.03	0%	<0.1	0%
>C34 - C40 Fraction	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	<0.1	0%
TRH Fraction F2	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	0%	<0.1	0%
Metals							
Arsenic	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Cadmium	0.0	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	0%	<0.0001	0%
Chromium	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Copper	0.001	mg/L	0.002	0.018	160%	<0.001	66%
Lead	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	66%	<0.001	0%
Mercury	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0%	<0.0001	0%
Nickel	0.001	mg/L	0.003	0.014	129%	0.002	40%
Zinc Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	0.005	mg/L	0.011	0.07	146%	0.006	59%
Acenaphthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Acenaphthylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Benz(a)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.005	0%
Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Chrysene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Fluorene Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	0.001 0.001	mg/L mg/L	< 0.001 < 0.001	< 0.001 < 0.001	0% 0%	<0.001 <0.001	0% 0%
Naphthalene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Phenanthrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.001	0%
Sum of PAHs	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	0%	<0.005	0%
Phenols							
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	0.001	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	0%	<0.001	0%
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	0%	<0.001	0%
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.001	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	0%	<0.001	0%
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.001	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	0%	<0.001	0%
2.4-Dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	0%	-0.004	- 00/
2.6-Dichlorophenol 2-Chlorophenol	0.003	mg/L mg/L	< 0.003 < 0.003	< 0.003 < 0.003	0% 0%	<0.001 <0.001	0% 0%
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	0%	-	-
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.13	< 0.03	0%	<del> </del>	_
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	0%	<0.001	0%
2-Nitrophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	0%	<0.001	0%
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.006	mg/L	< 0.006	< 0.006	0%	<0.002	0%
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	0%	<0.001	0%
4-Nitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	0%	-	-
Dinoseb	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	0%	-	-
Pentachlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	0%	<0.002	0%
Phenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	0%	<0.001	0%
Takan alalawa alaawa da Takal		1.					
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	0%	- 1	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total Total Halogenated Phenol Total Non-Halogenated Phenol	0.03 0.01 0.10	mg/L mg/L mg/L	< 0.03 < 0.01 < 0.1	< 0.03 < 0.01 < 0.1	0% 0% 0%	-	- - -

Notes:

High RPDs are shaded Acceptable RPDs for each LOR multiplier range are: No Limit (<10 x LOR); <30% RPD (Inorganic); and <50% RPD (Organic).

\* Eurofins lab report converted from mg/L to ug/L where applicable



# TABLE 9: SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER TRIP BLANK AND TRIP SPIKE RESULTS 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

	Sample ID	Trip Spike	Trip Blank	
	Sample Date	2/09/2019	2/09/2019	
TPH/TRH/BTEX	LOR			
Benzene	0.1	95	< 0.001	
Toluene	0.1	91	< 0.001	
Ethylbenzene	0.1	89	< 0.001	
meta- & para-Xylene	0.2	86	< 0.002	
ortho-Xylene	0.1	91	< 0.001	
Total Xylenes	0.3	88	< 0.003	
Naphthalene	0.5	88	< 0.01	
TRH C6-C9	20	88	< 0.02	
TRH C6-C10	20	94	< 0.02	

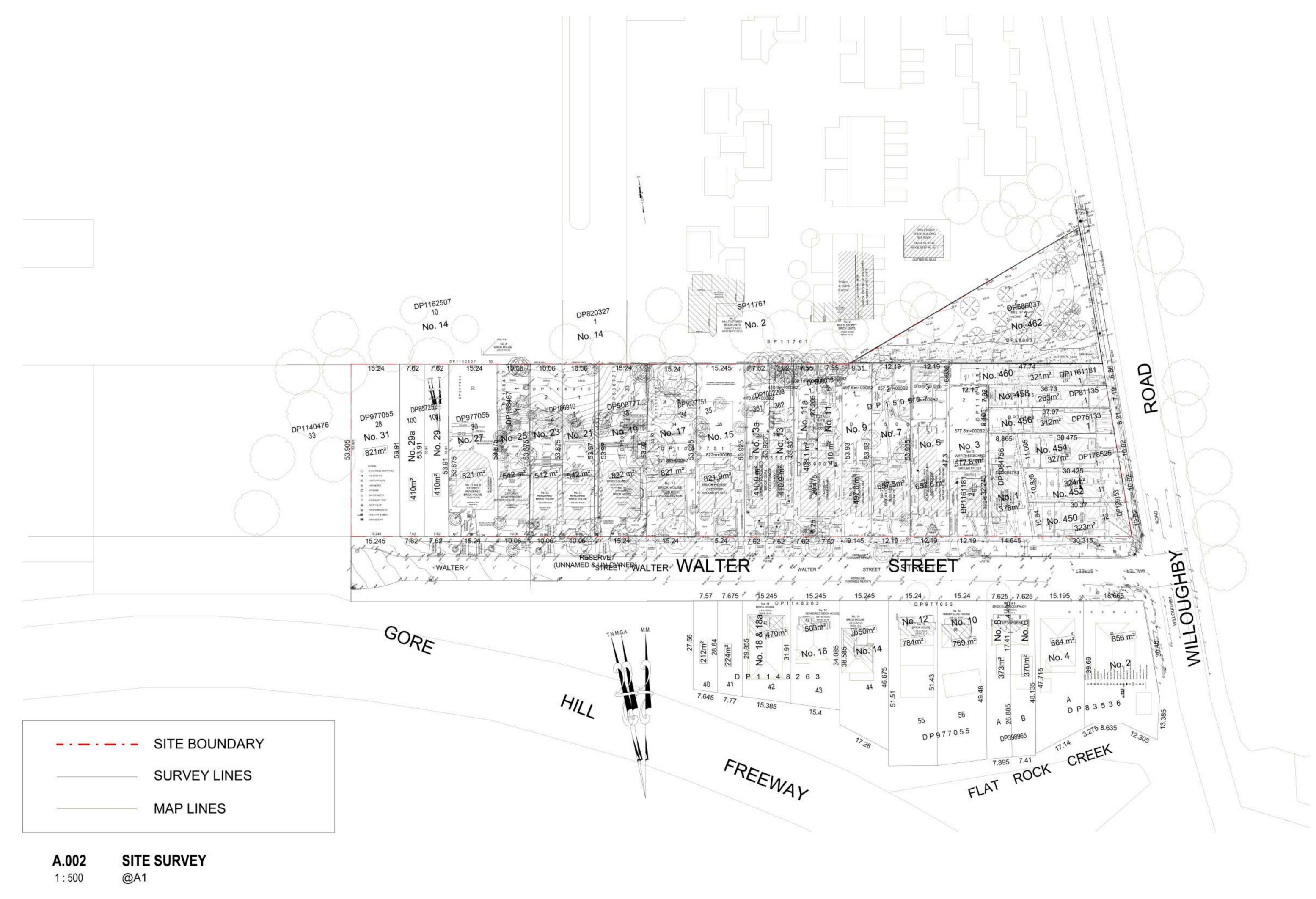
### Notes:

LOR - Limits of Reporting

Recoveries (%) are shown for Trip Spike samples



Appendix A
Site
Development
Plans and
Consent
Documents



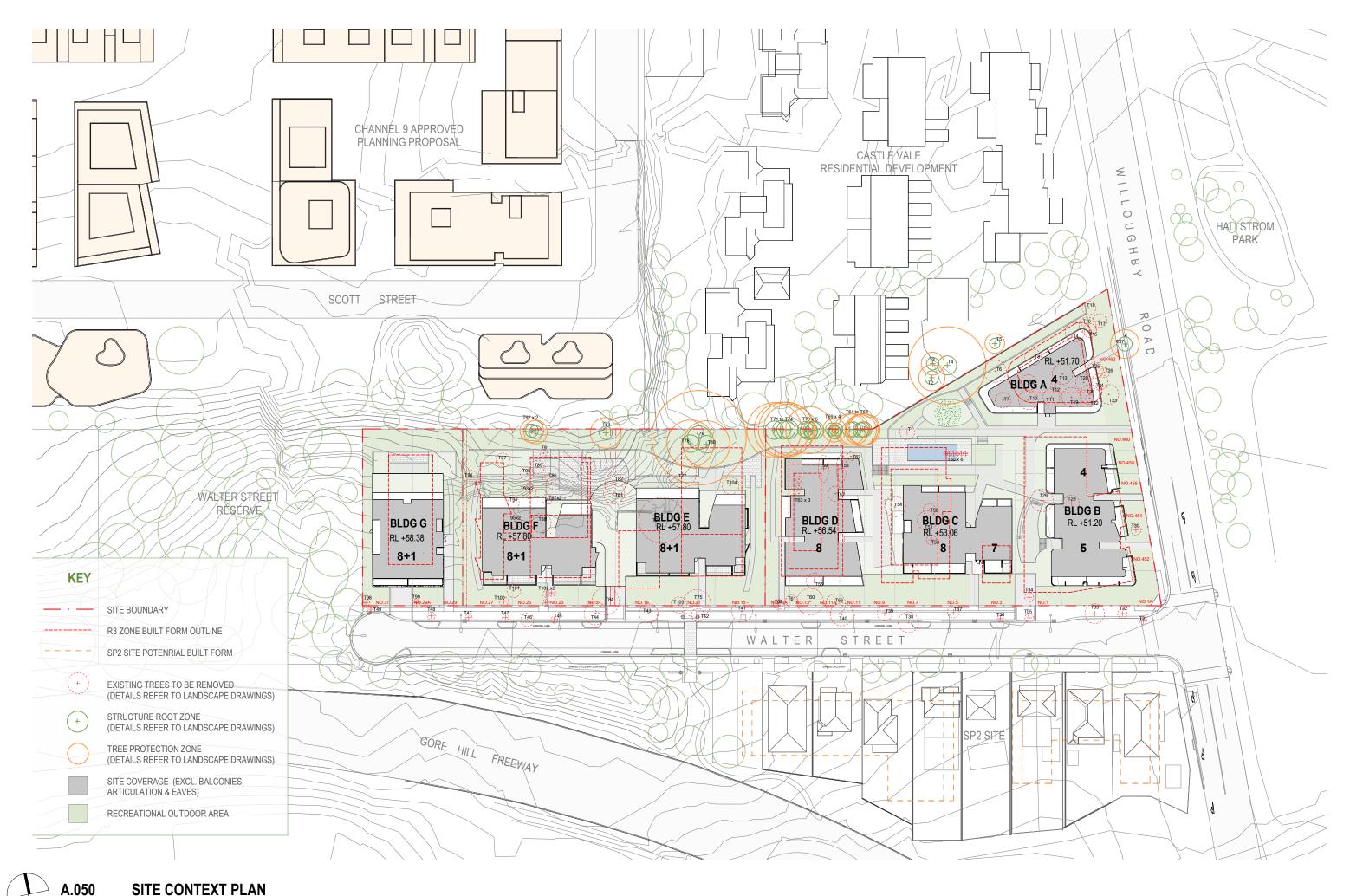
WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

A

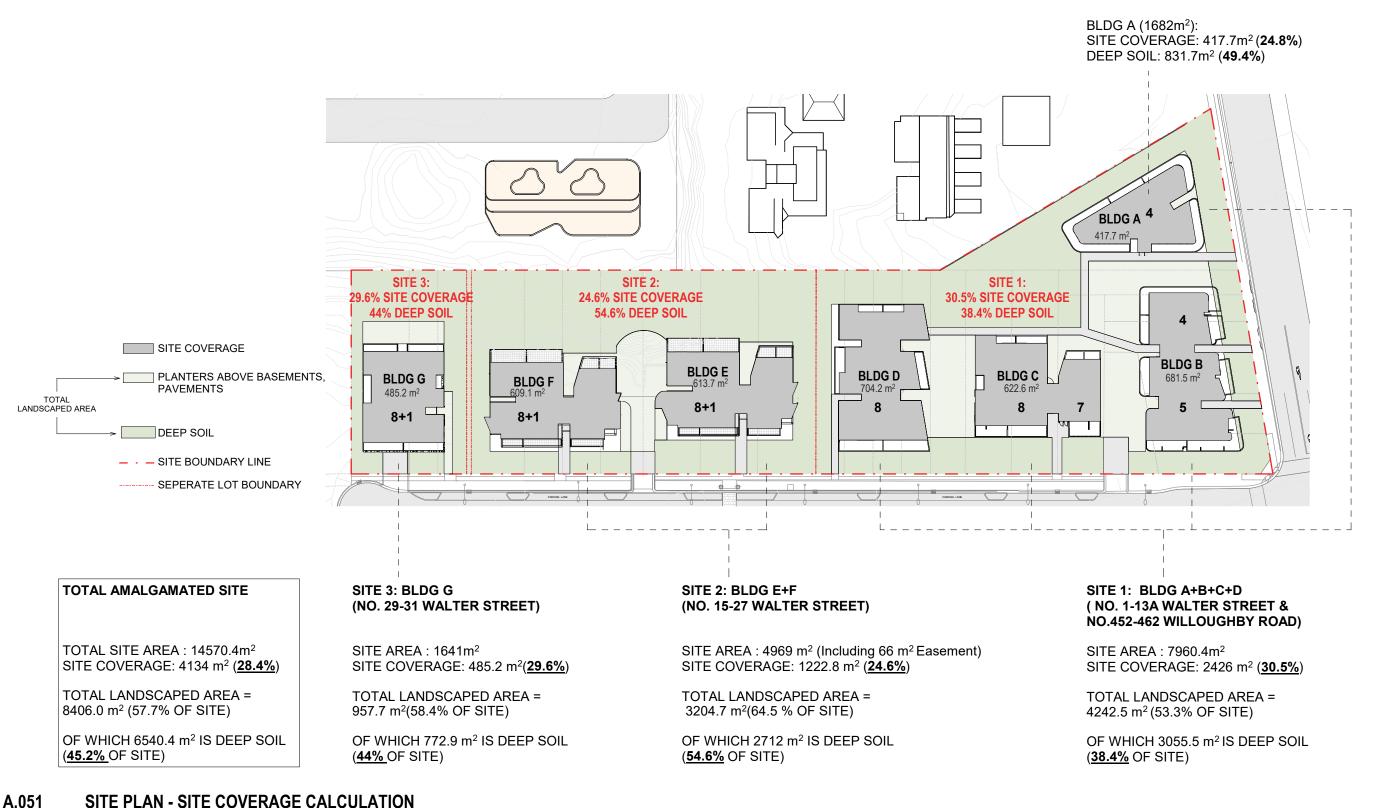
PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE

25/07/2019





A1



URBANEIA

SITE PLAN - SITE COVERAGE CALCULATION

@A1 As indicated

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE





WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

1

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



AU LIRBANETA WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

@A1

**ISSUE** 

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



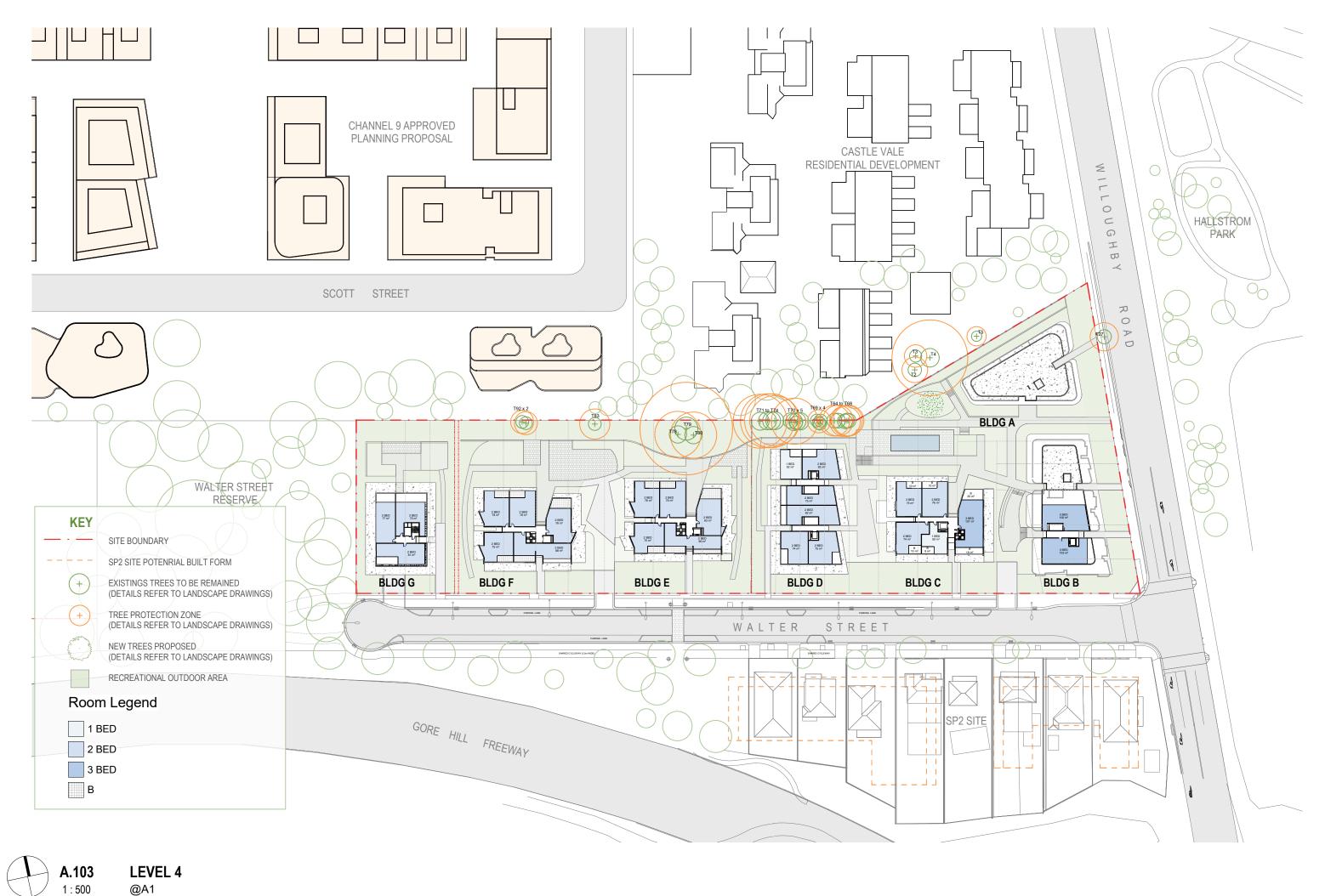
AL URBANEIA

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

1

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



AL URBANEIA

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

A

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



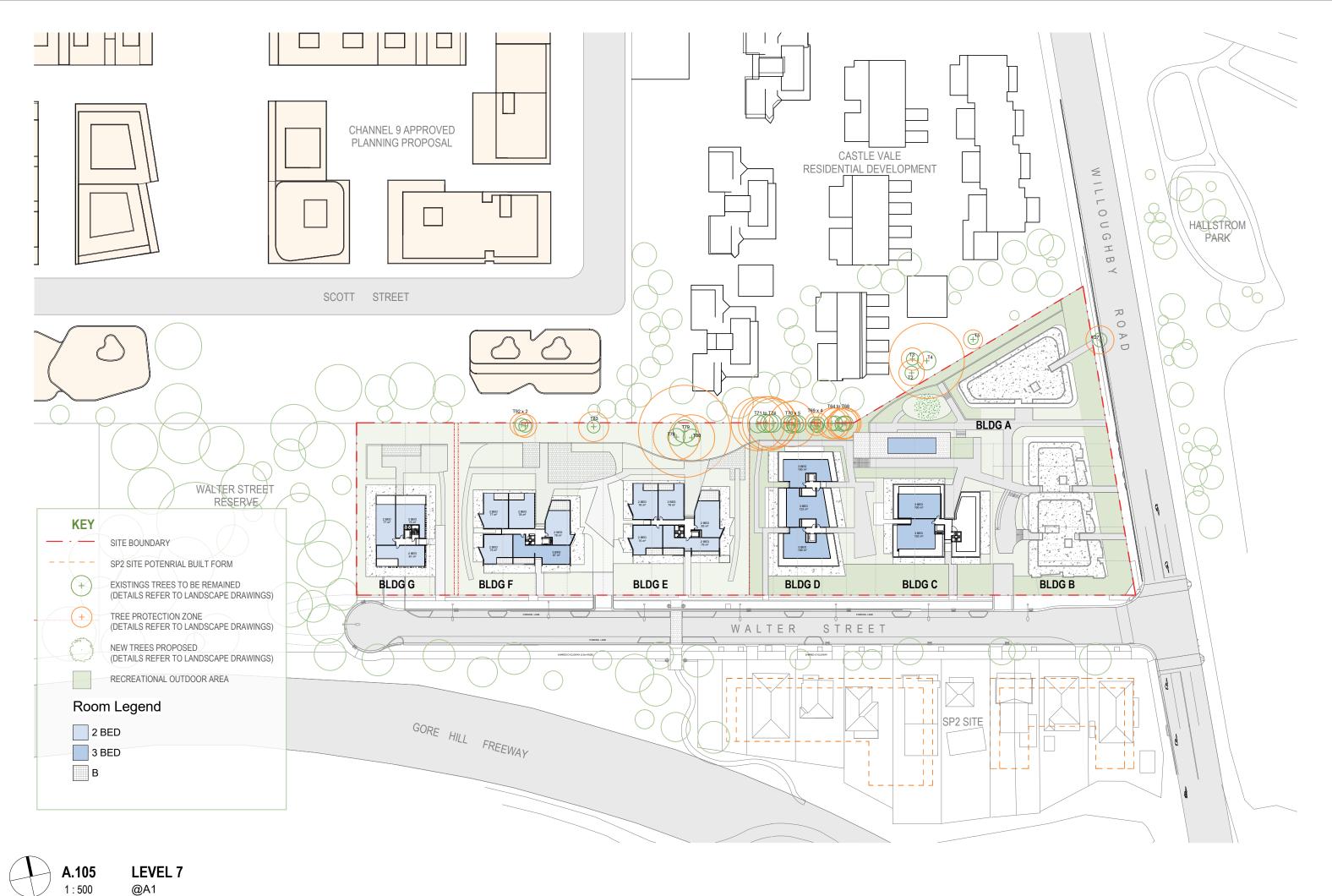
ALI LIRBANEIA

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

A

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



AL URBANEIA

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

A

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE

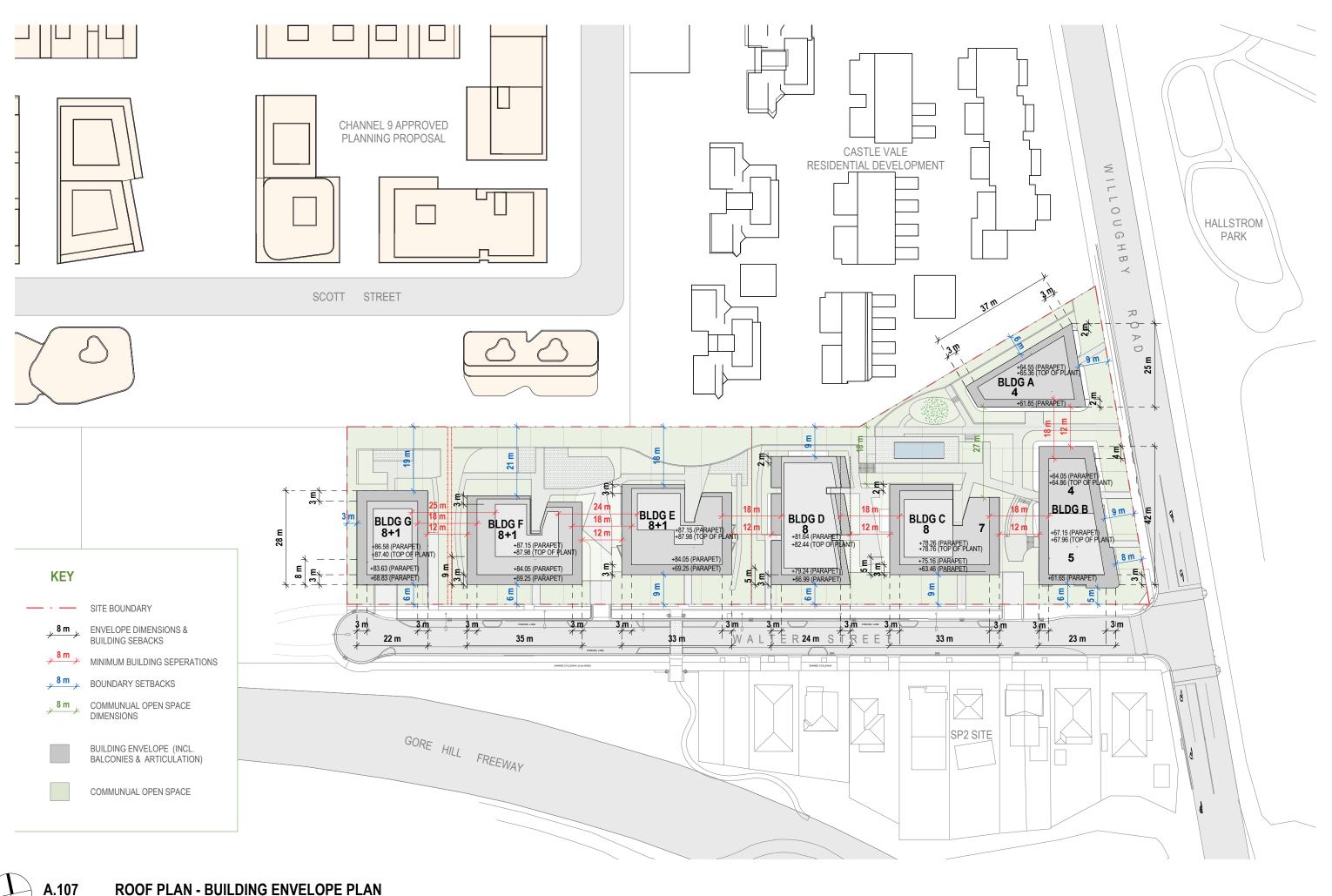




WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



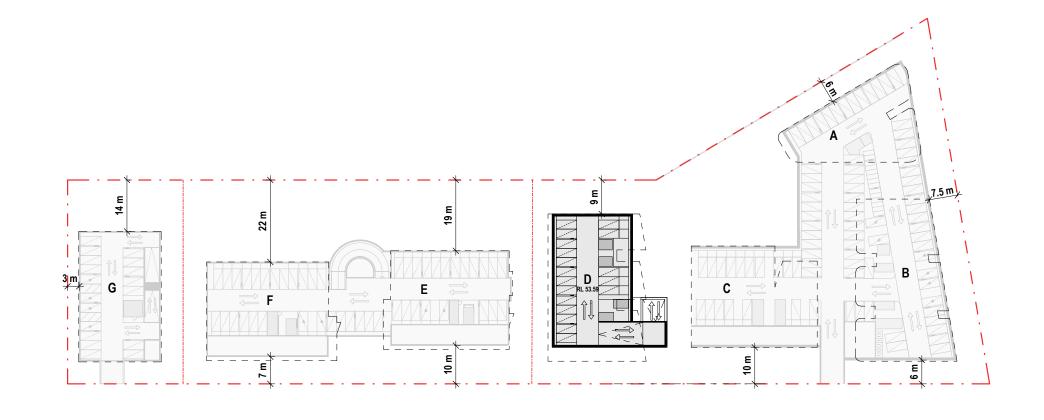


**ROOF PLAN - BUILDING ENVELOPE PLAN**@A1

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



#### TOTAL AMALGAMATED SITE

TOTAL CARPARK SPACE: 332

NOTES: CAR PARKING RATE IS BASED ON 1 SPACE PER 1-BED UNIT, 1 SPACE PER 2-BED UNIT, 1.25 SPACE PER 3-BED UNIT, 1 VISITOR PARKING FOR EACH 4 UNITS AND 25% OF ADAPTABLE UNITS SHOULD HAVE DISABLED ACCESSIBLE CARPARK SPACES AS PER WILLOUGHBY DCP.

SITE 3: BLDG G (NO. 29-31 WALTER STREET)

GF CARPARK SPACE: 11 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 18 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 10

TOTAL: 39

SITE 2: BLDG E+F (NO. 15-27 WALTER STREET)

GF CARPARK SPACE: 20 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 46 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 48

TOTAL: 114

SITE 1: BLDG A+B+C+D ( NO. 1-13A WALTER STREET & NO.452-462 WILLOUGHBY ROAD)

B0 CARPARK SPACE: 18 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 108 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 53

TOTAL: 179



A.120

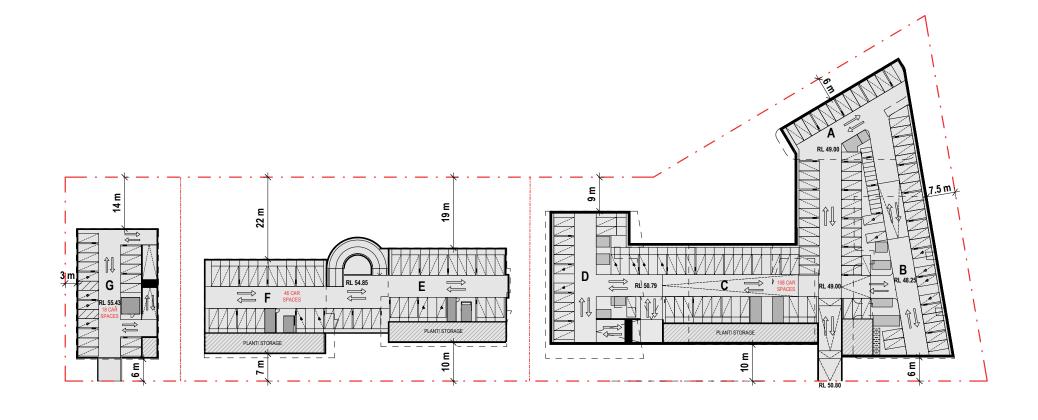
**BASEMENT 0 CARPARK** 

@A1

ALI LIRBANEIA WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



#### TOTAL AMALGAMATED SITE

TOTAL CARPARK SPACE: 332

NOTES: CAR PARKING RATE IS BASED ON 1 SPACE PER 1-BED UNIT, 1 SPACE PER 2-BED UNIT, 1.25 SPACE PER 3-BED UNIT, 1 VISITOR PARKING FOR EACH 4 UNITS AND 25% OF ADAPTABLE UNITS SHOULD HAVE DISABLED ACCESSIBLE CARPARK SPACES AS PER WILLOUGHBY DCP.

SITE 3: BLDG G (NO. 29-31 WALTER STREET)

GF CARPARK SPACE: 11 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 18 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 10

TOTAL: 39

SITE 2: BLDG E+F (NO. 15-27 WALTER STREET)

GF CARPARK SPACE: 20 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 46 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 48

TOTAL: 114

SITE 1: BLDG A+B+C+D ( NO. 1-13A WALTER STREET & NO.452-462 WILLOUGHBY ROAD)

B0 CARPARK SPACE: 18 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 108 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 53

TOTAL: 179



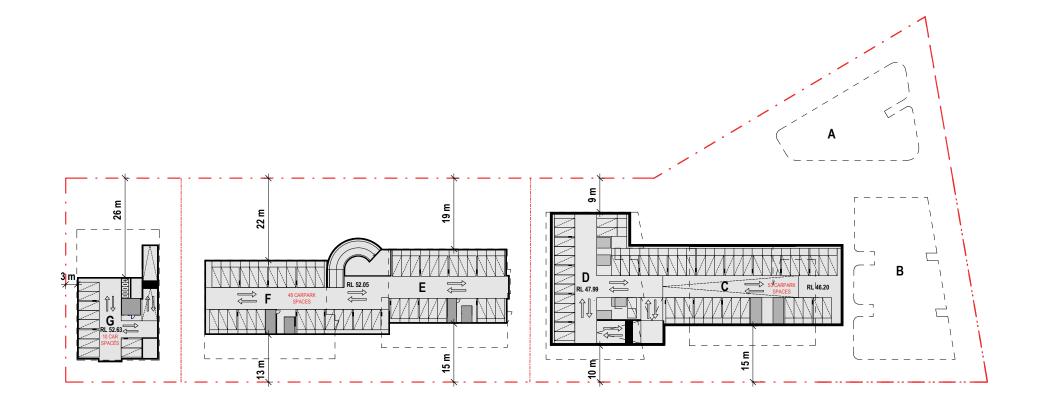
**BASEMENT 1 CARPARK** 

@A1 AL LEBANEIA

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



#### TOTAL AMALGAMATED SITE

TOTAL CARPARK SPACE: 332

NOTES: CAR PARKING RATE IS BASED ON 1 SPACE PER 1-BED UNIT, 1 SPACE PER 2-BED UNIT, 1.25 SPACE PER 3-BED UNIT, 1 VISITOR PARKING FOR EACH 4 UNITS AND 25% OF ADAPTABLE UNITS SHOULD HAVE DISABLED ACCESSIBLE CARPARK SPACES AS PER WILLOUGHBY DCP.

SITE 3: BLDG G (NO. 29-31 WALTER STREET)

GF CARPARK SPACE: 11 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 18 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 10

TOTAL: 39

SITE 2: BLDG E+F (NO. 15-27 WALTER STREET)

GF CARPARK SPACE: 20 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 46 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 48

TOTAL: 114

SITE 1: BLDG A+B+C+D ( NO. 1-13A WALTER STREET & NO.452-462 WILLOUGHBY ROAD)

B0 CARPARK SPACE: 18 B1 CARPARK SPACE: 108 B2 CARPARK SPACE: 53

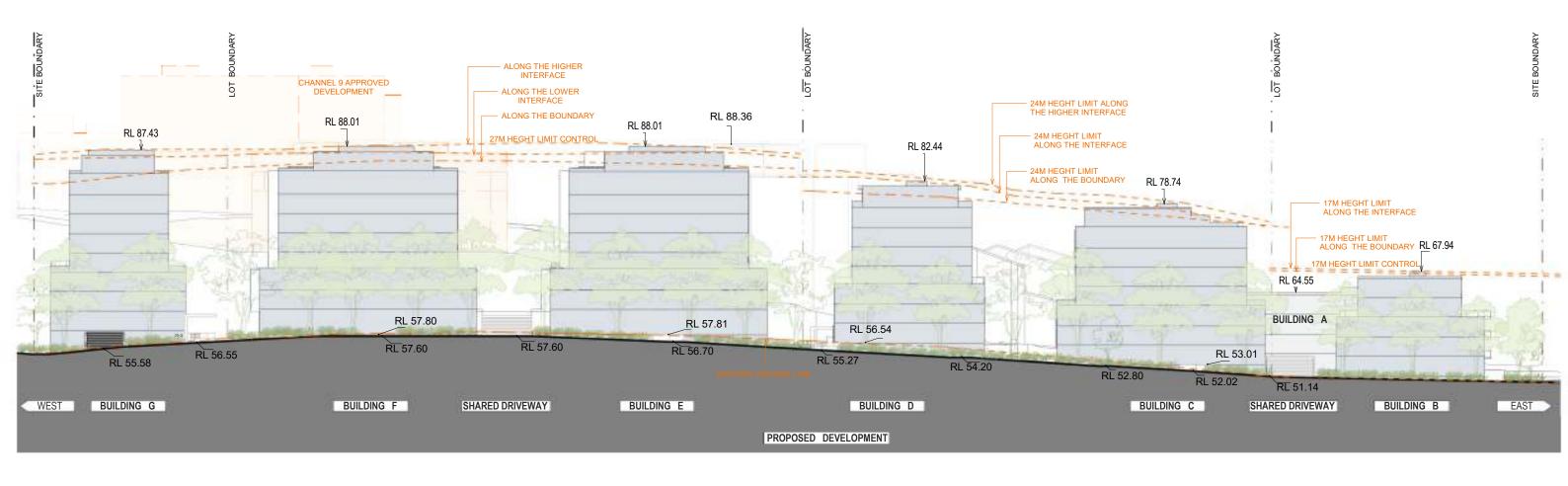
TOTAL: 179



2 BASEMENT 2 CARPARK



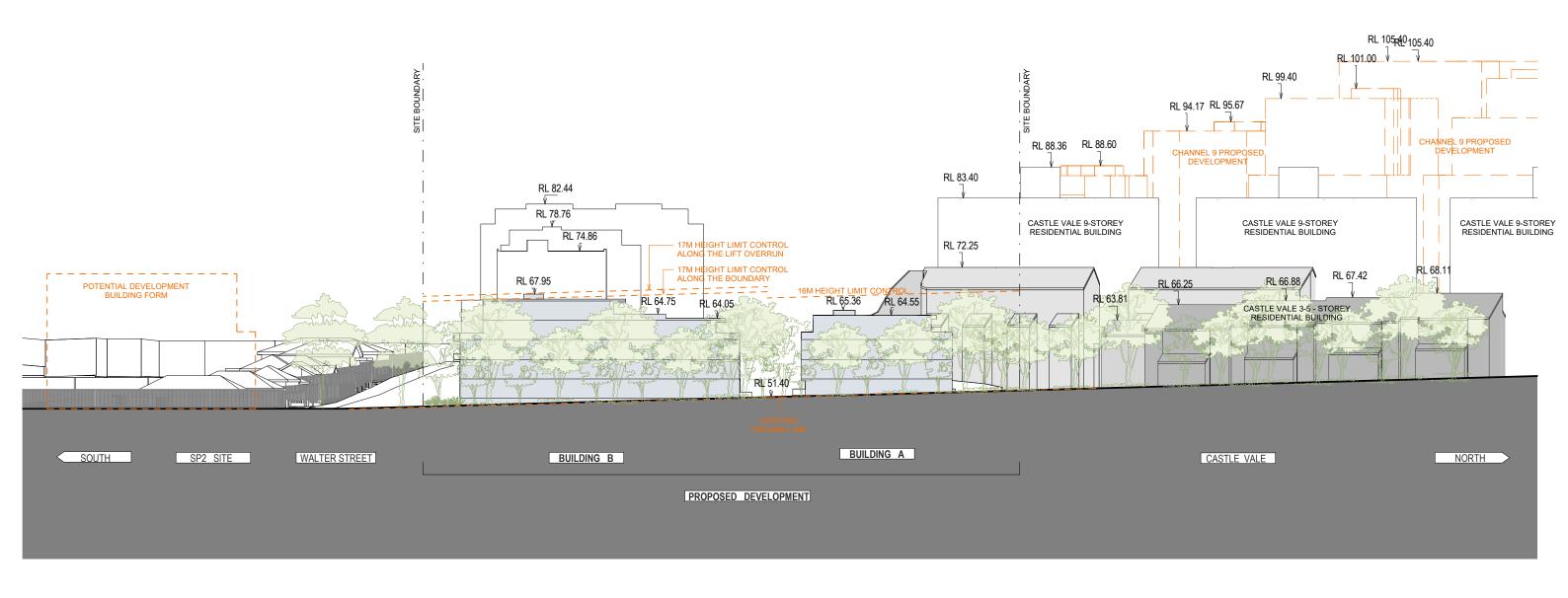
WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN



# A.151 WALTER STREET SOUTH ELEVATION

1:300 @A1

AU LIRBANEIA WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN



# A.152 WILLOUGHBY ROAD EAST ELEVATION

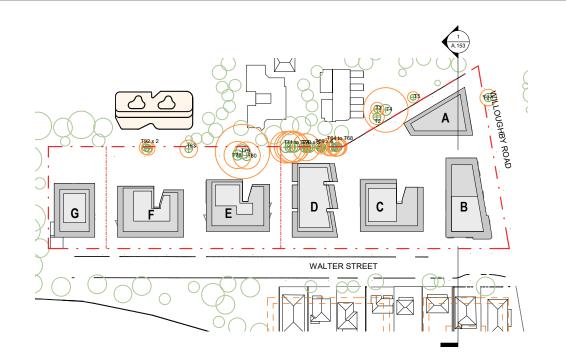
1:300 @A1

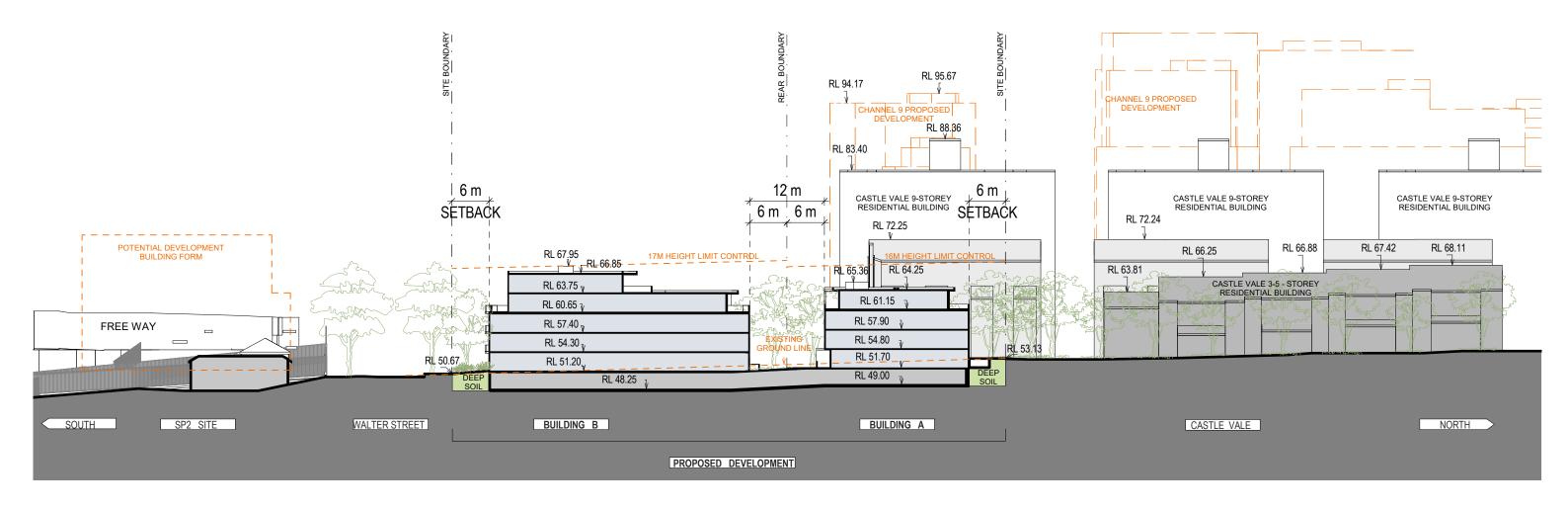
ALI LIRBANETA WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

Α

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



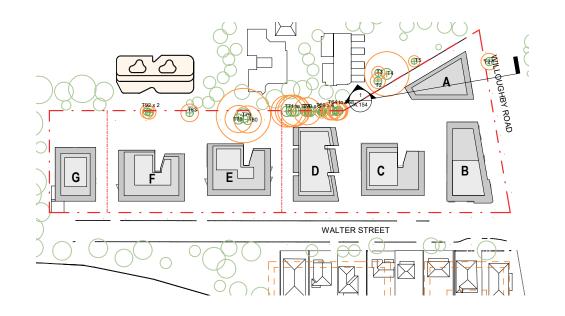


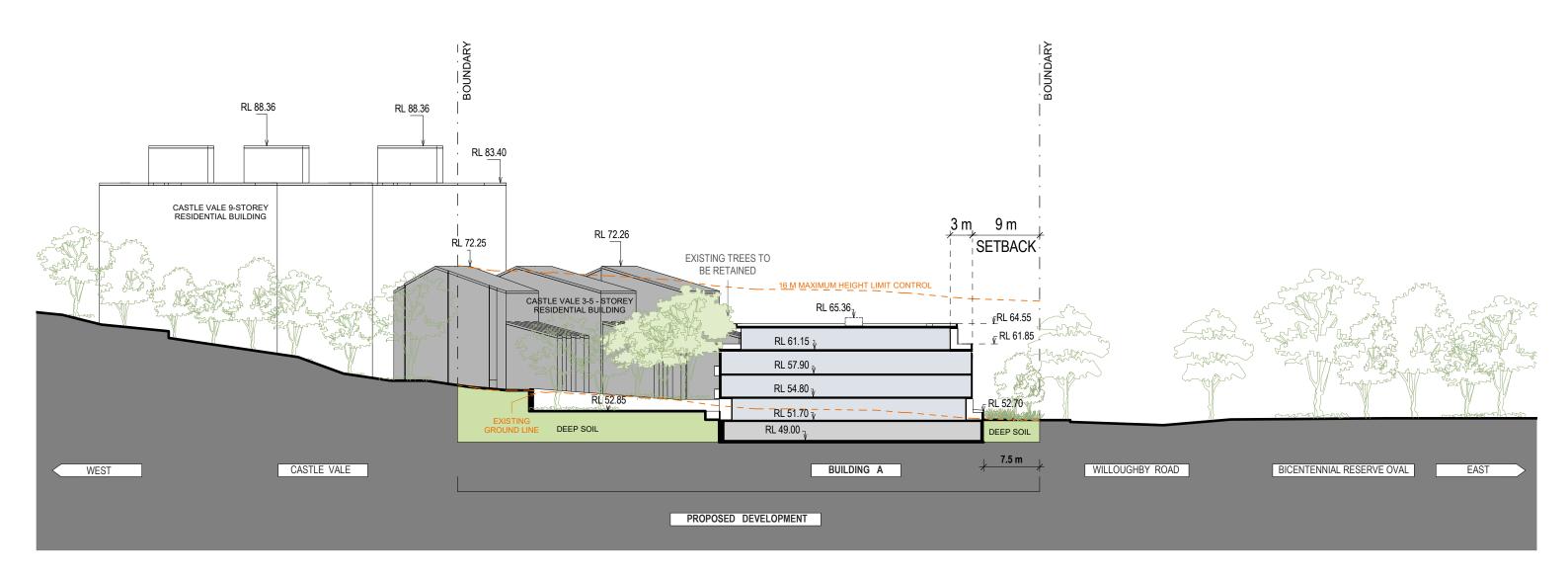
A.153 LONG SECTION SITE A-B 1:300 @ A1 1:600 @ A3

ALI LIRBANETA WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE







**CROSS SECTION A (NO. 462)** 

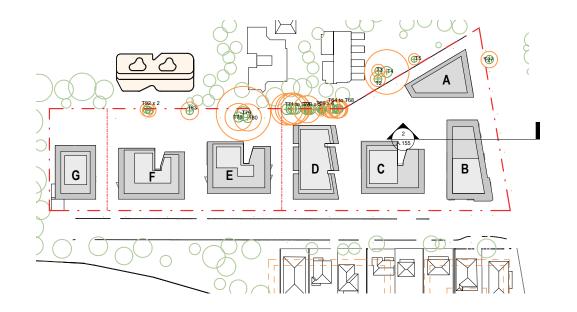
@A1

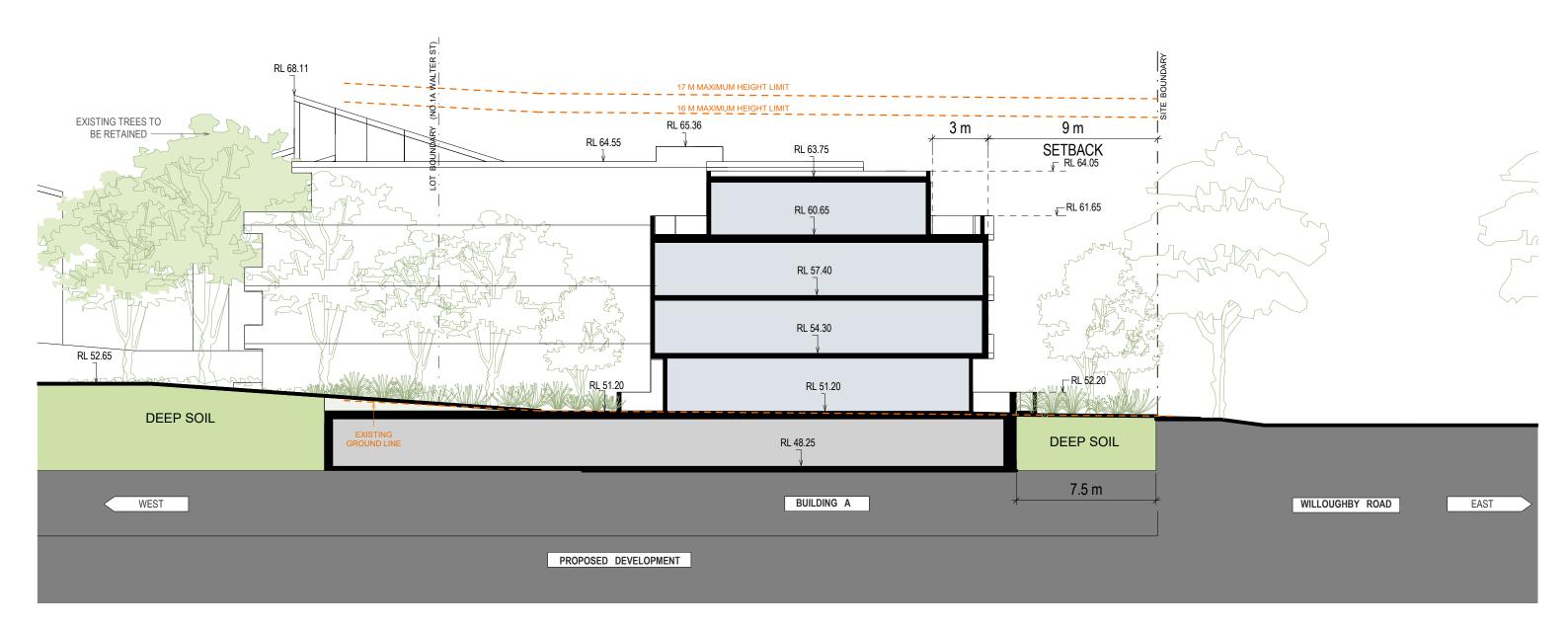
1:250 @ A1 1:500 @ A3

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE

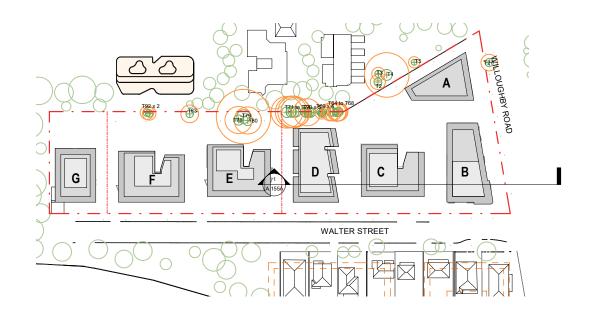


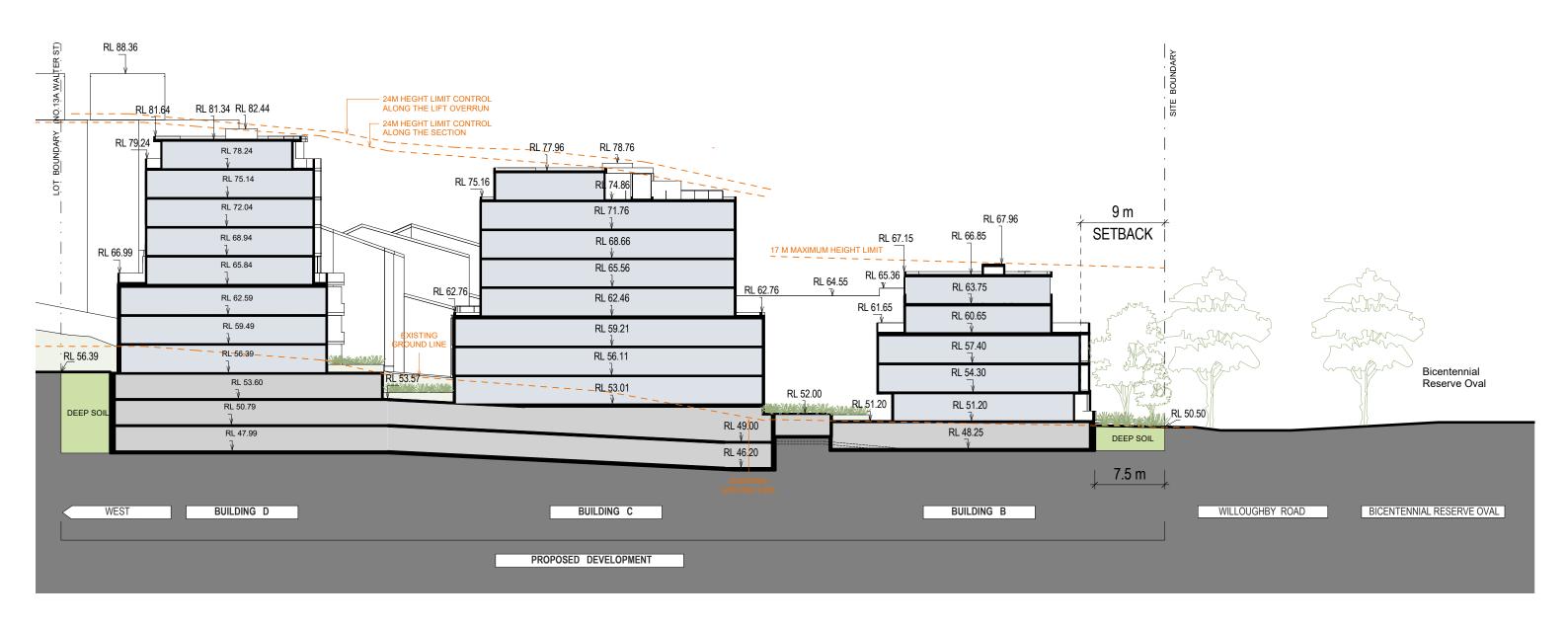


A.155 CROSS SECTION B-1 ( NO.452-460 )
As indicated @A1

As indicated @A

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN





A.155A CROSS SECTION B-2 ( NO.452-460 )

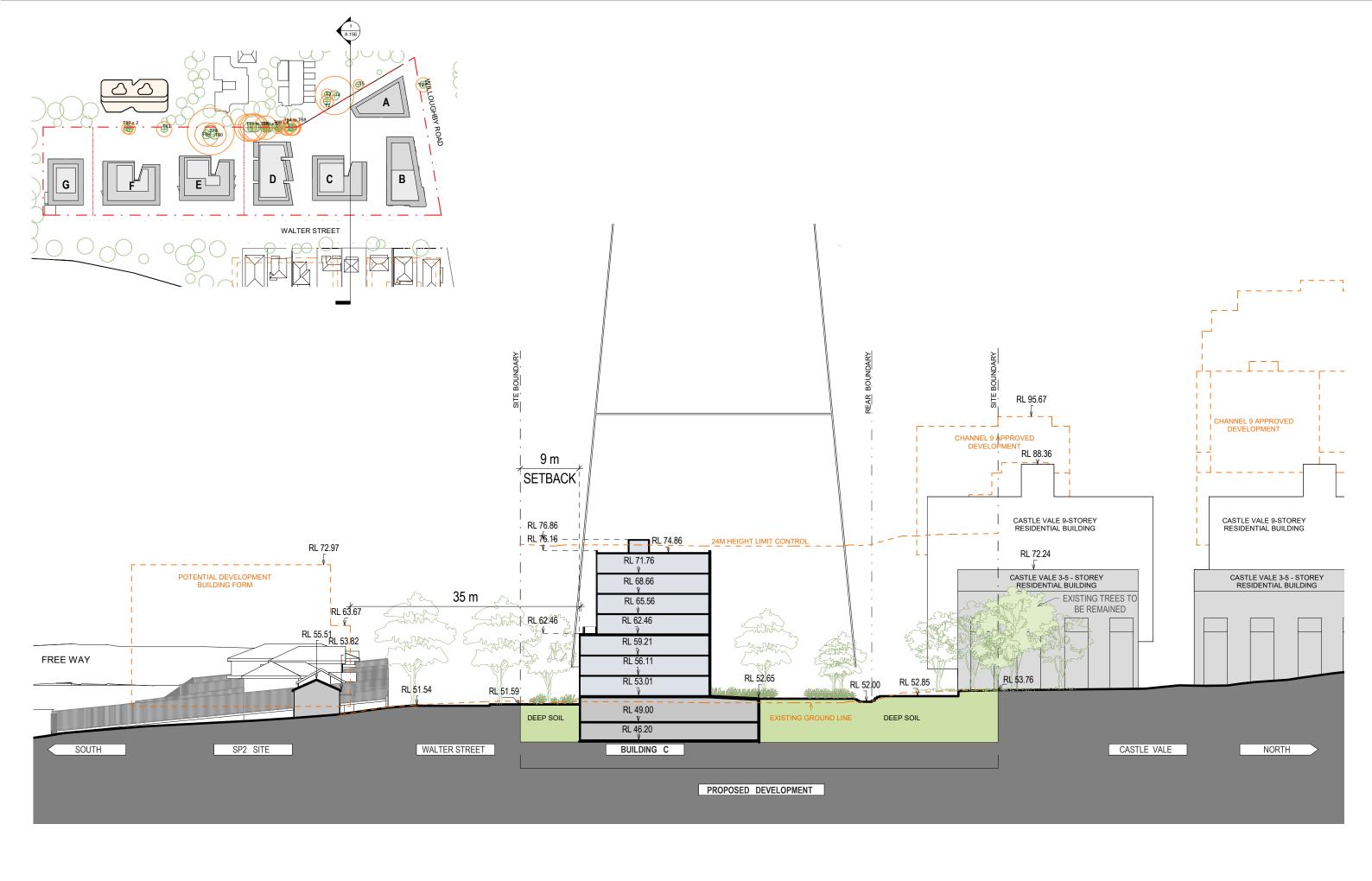
1:200 @ A1 1:400 @ A3

As indicated @A1

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

٨



A.156
As indicated

CROSS SECTION C-1 (NO. 3-9)

1:250 @ A1 1:500 @ A3

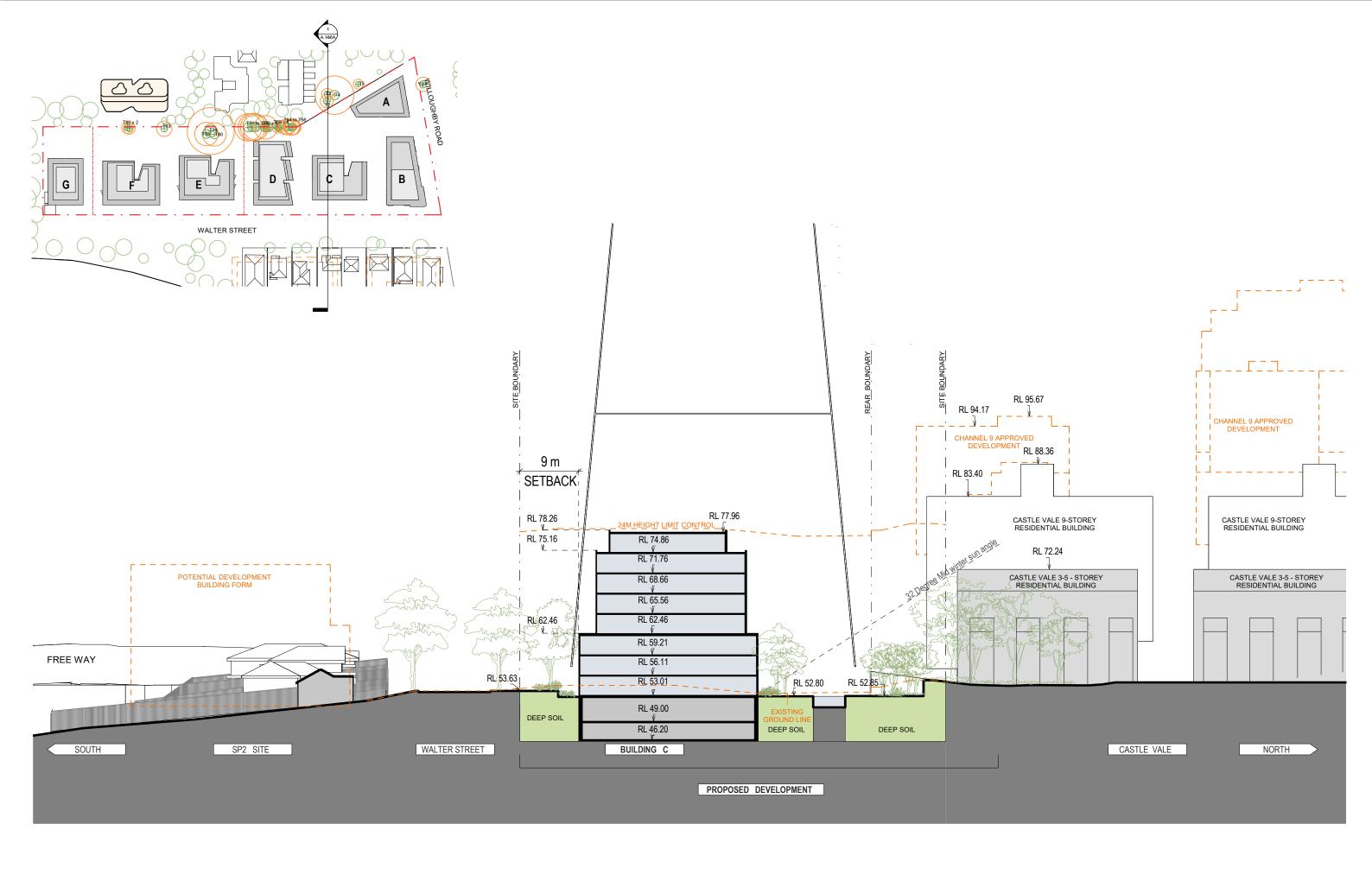
As indicated @A1

AU LIBERTURE WALTER ST

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE



A.156A

AL LEBANEIA

CROSS SECTION C-2 (NO. 3-9)

1:250 @ A1 1:500 @ A3

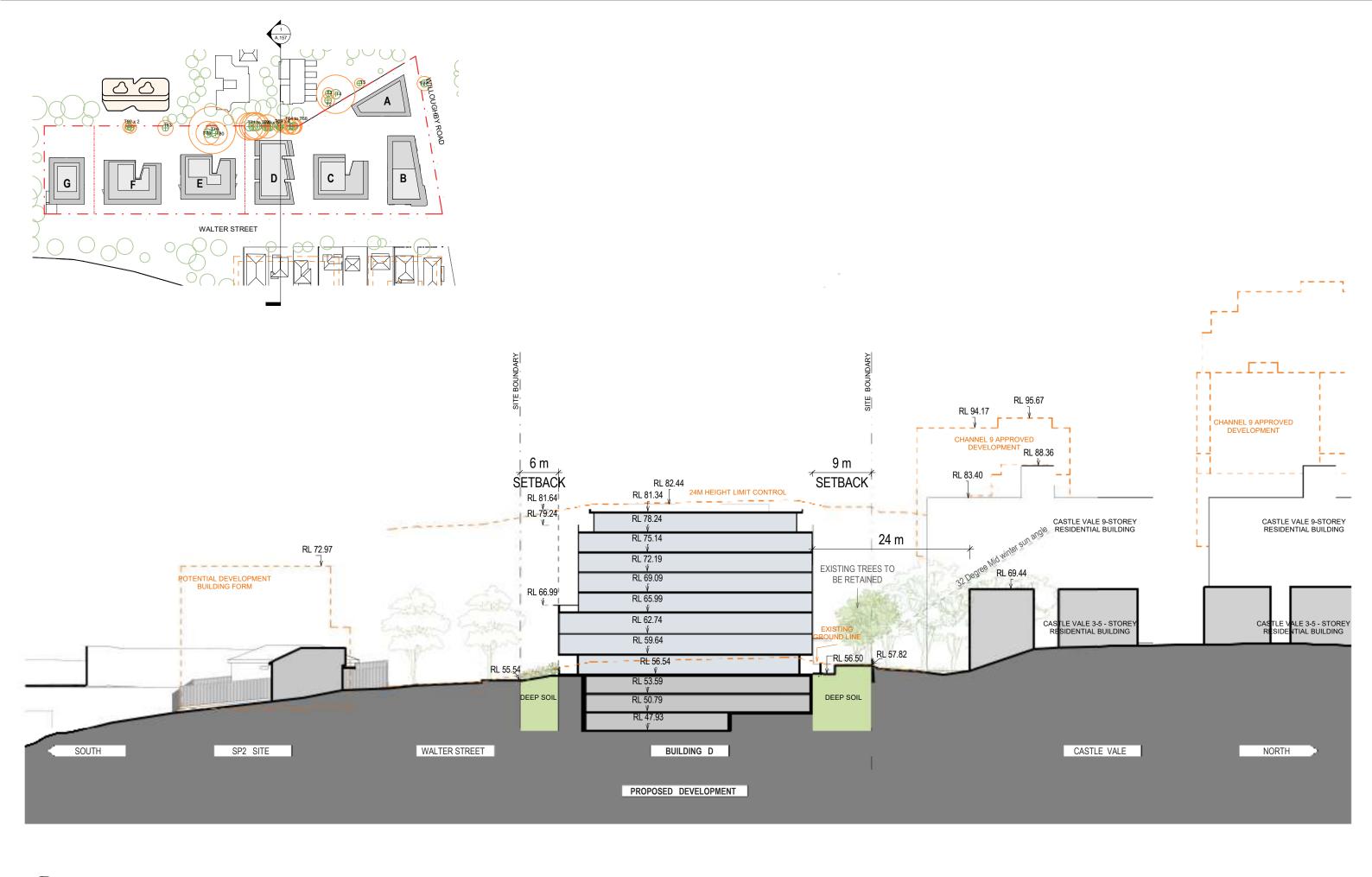
As indicated @A1

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

Α

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE





**CROSS SECTION D (NO. 11-13A)** 1:250 @ A1 @A1 1:500 @ A3

ALI LIRBANETA WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

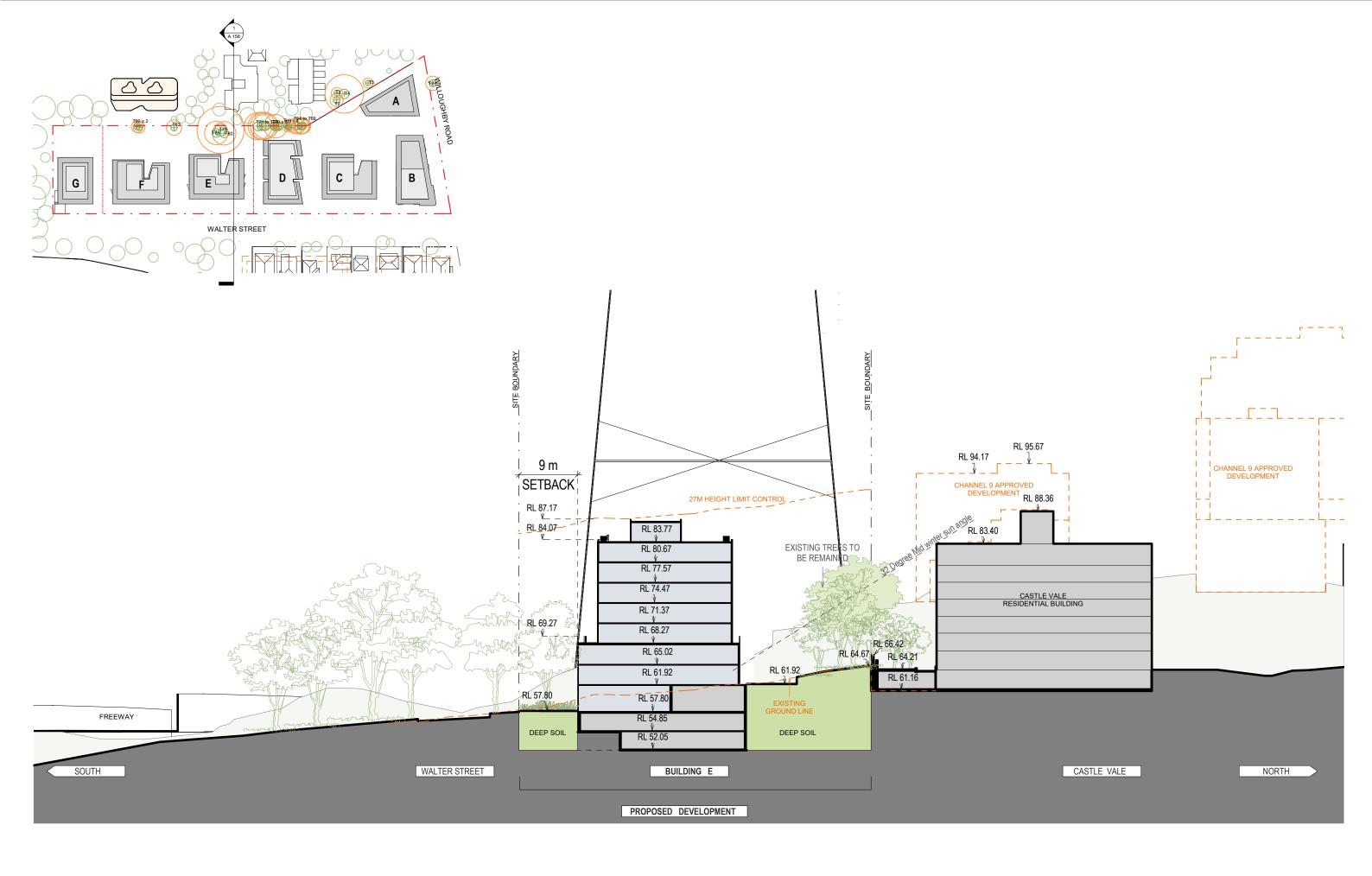
ISSUE

Α

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE

30/08/2019

A





AL LEBANEIA

@A1

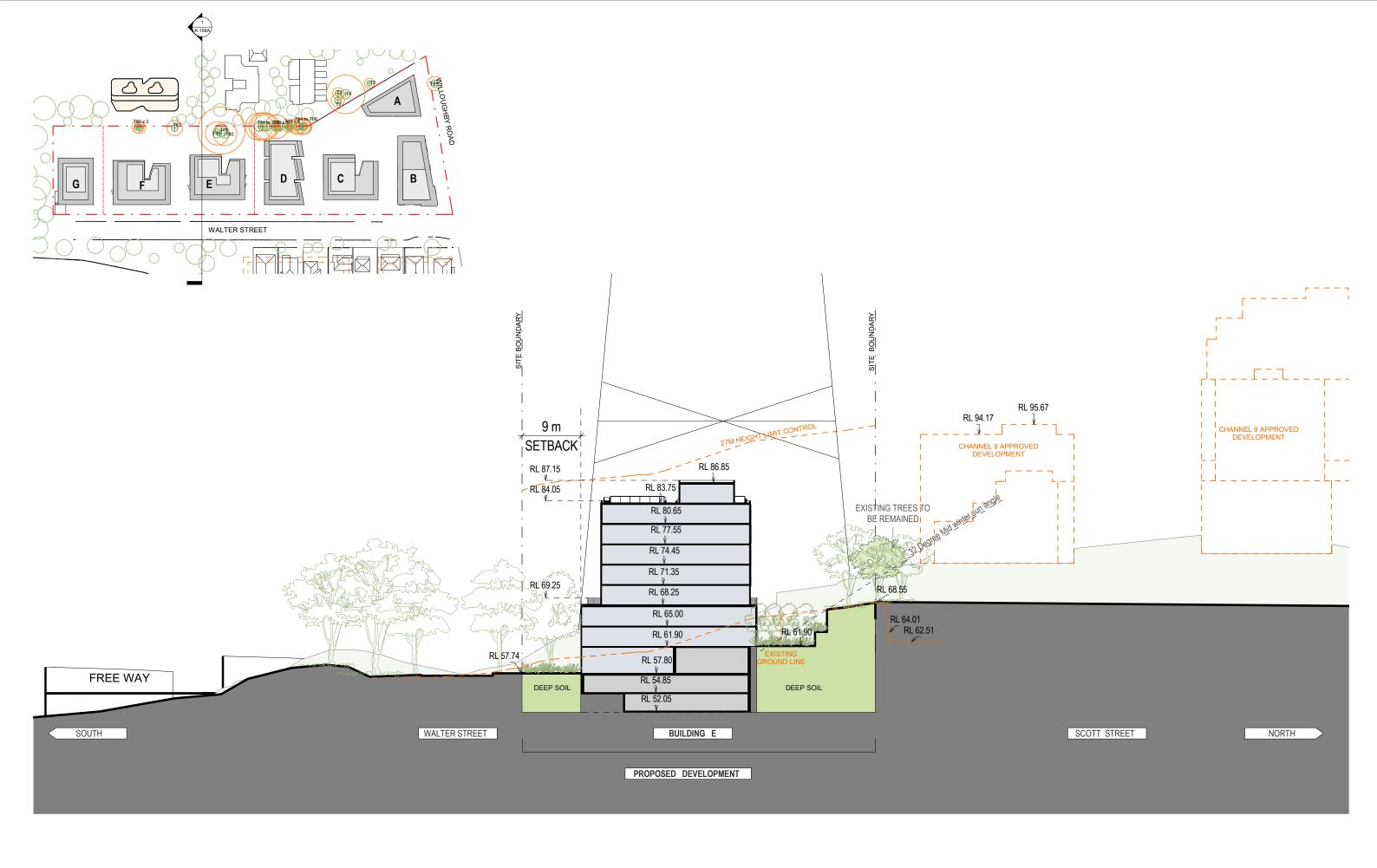
CROSS SECTION E-1 (NO.15-19)

1:250 @ A1 1:500 @ A3

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE





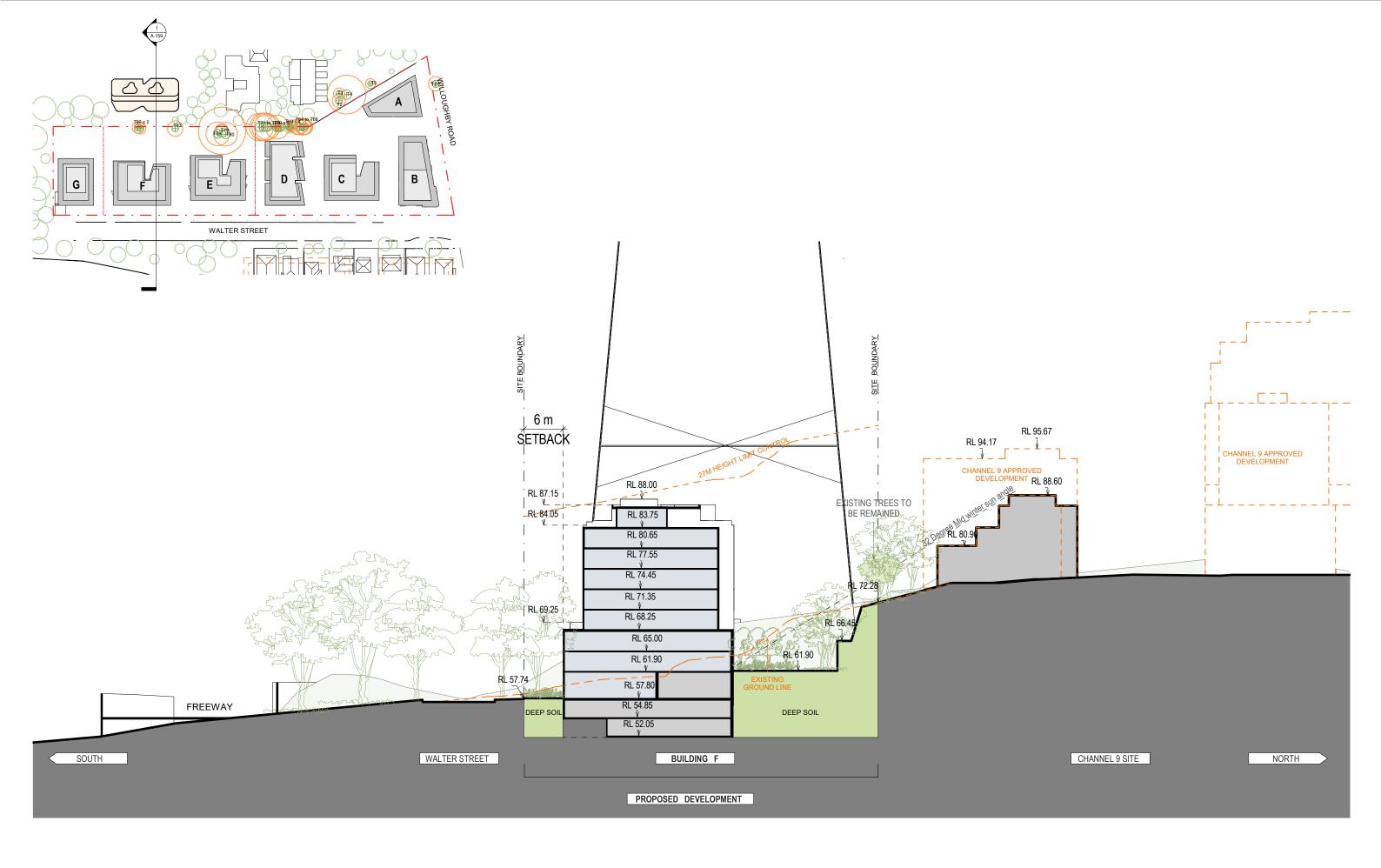
CROSS SECTION E-2 (NO.15-19) 1:250 @ A1 @A1

1:500 @ A3

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE





**CROSS SECTION F-1 (NO. 21-27)** 

1:250 @ A1 1:500 @ A3

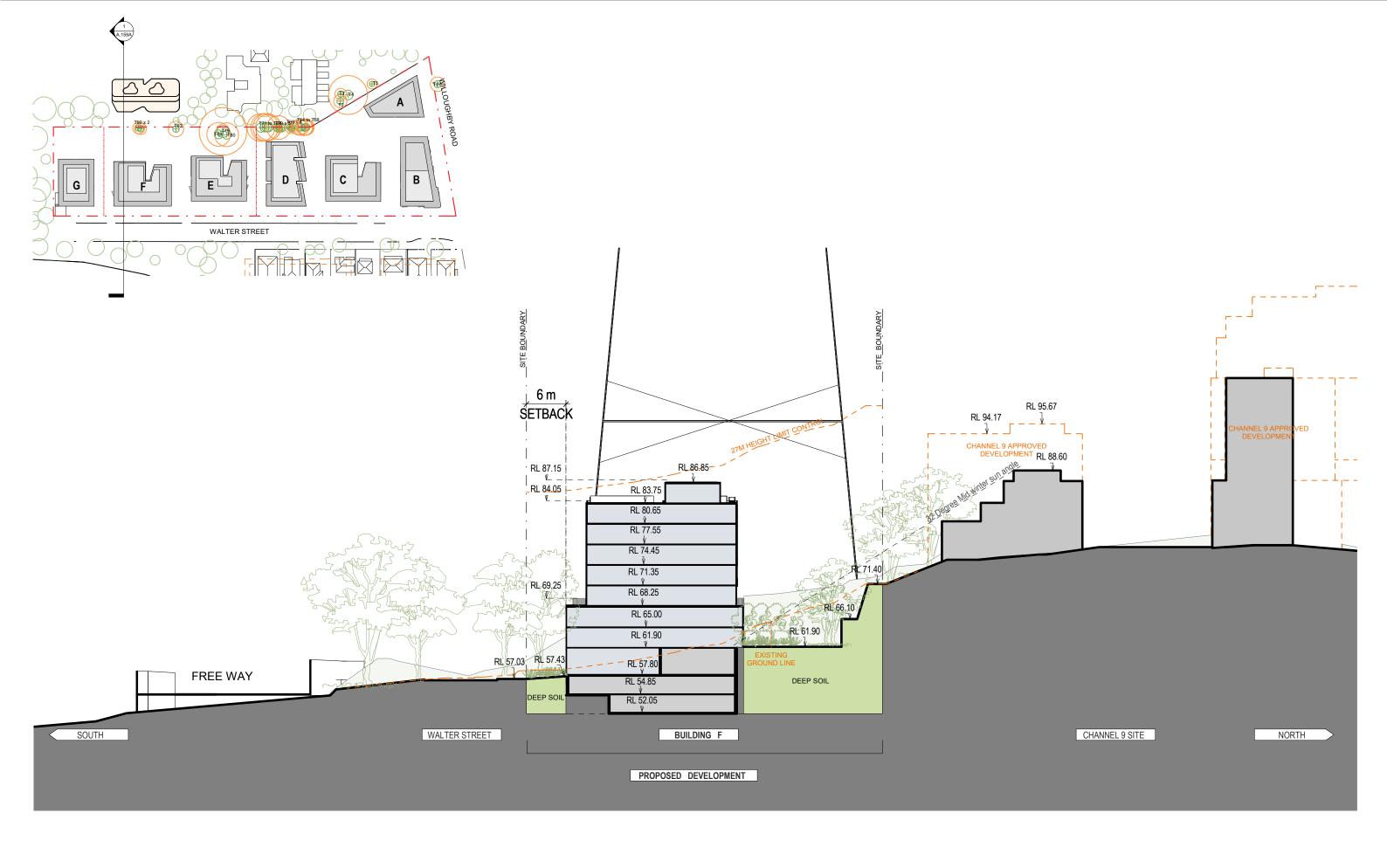
ALI LIRBANEIA

@A1

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE

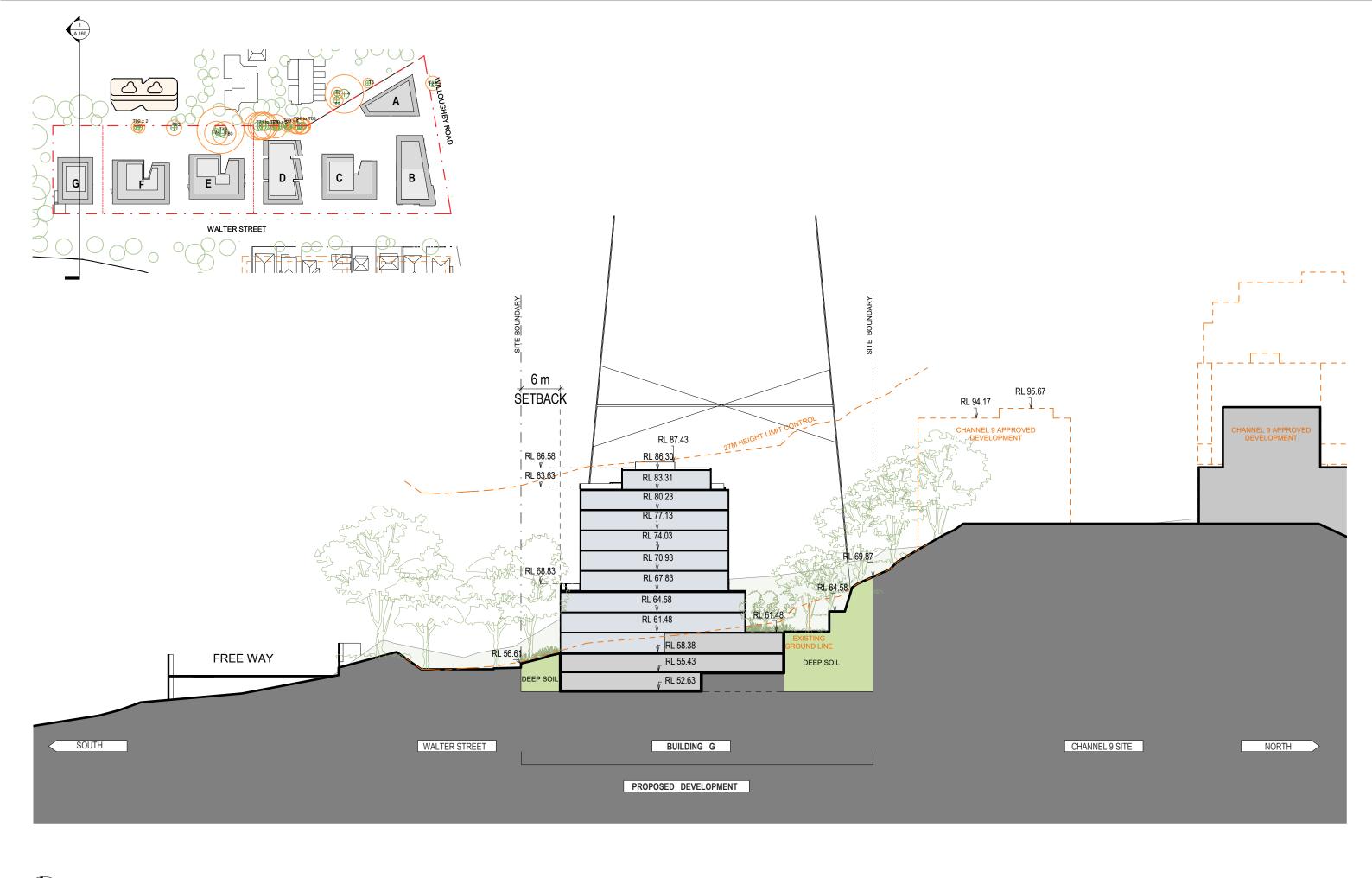




WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

ISSUE

PLANNING PROPOSAL ISSUE





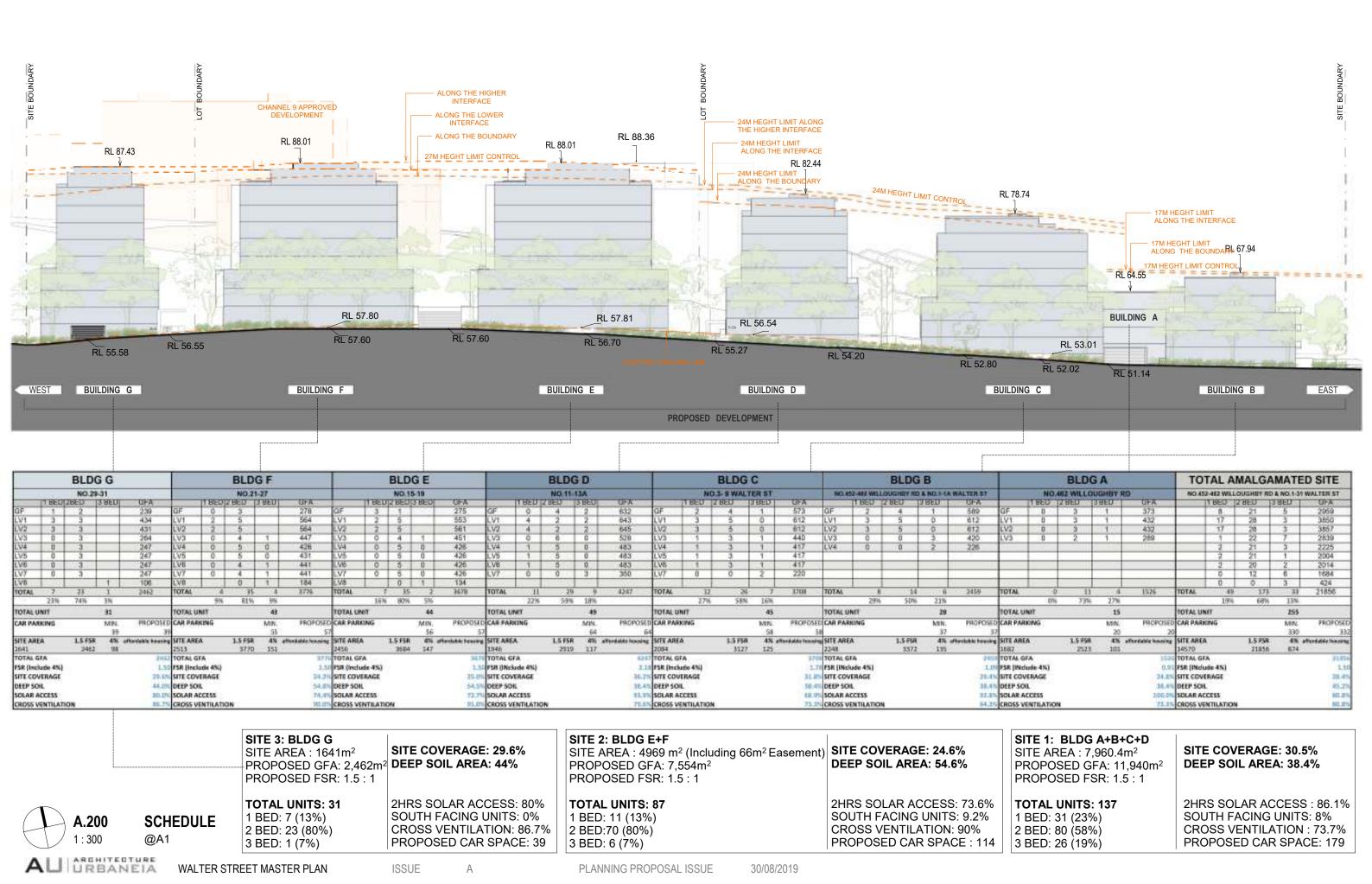
@A1

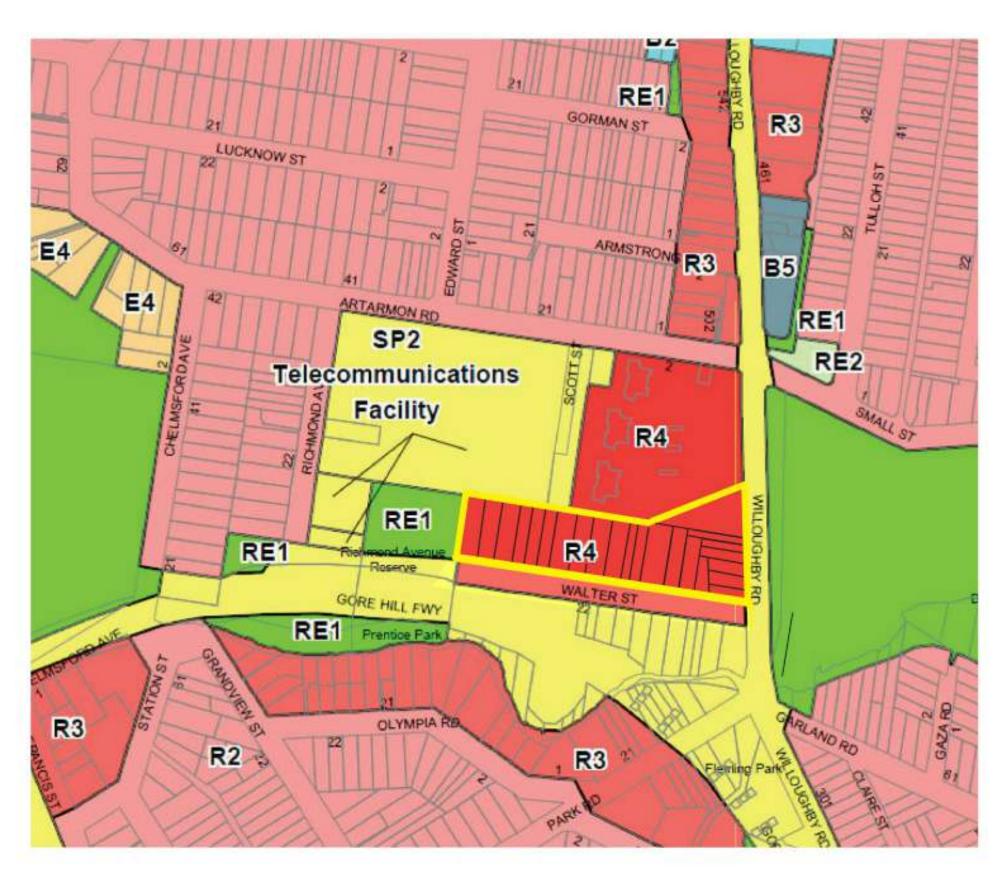
CROSS SECTION G (NO.29-31)

WALTER STREET MASTER PLAN

1:250 @ A1 1:500 @ A3

ISSUE





## Land Zoning Map - Sheet LZN\_004

#### Zone

- 81 Neighbourhood Centre
- B2 Local Centre
- 83 Commercial Core
- B4 Mixed Use
- Business Development
- B7 Business Park
- National Parks and Nature Reserves
- E2 Environmental Conservation
- E4 Environmental Living
- INI General Industrial
- IN2 Light Industrial
- Low Density Residential
- RI Medium Density Residential
- High Density Residential
- RET Public Recreation
- RE2 Private Recreation
- SP1 Special Activities
- 8P2 Infrastructure
- P2 Infrastruc

SITE

PROPOSED ZONING - HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL



### PLANNING & INFRASTRUCTURE Planning Unit

23 March 2017

### Notice of Determination of a Development Application

Issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Section 81(1)(a)

Development Consent DA-2016/303 (D)

Description of Land: 11, 11A, 13 & 13A WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY NSW 2068

LOT 2 DP 590018, LOT 1 DP 590018, LOT 362 DP 1032203,

LOT 361 DP 1032203

Willoughby City Council, pursuant to Section 80(1)(a) of the Act, hereby CONSENTS to the abovementioned land being used for the following purposes, subject to compliance with the Conditions set out in the attached Schedule.

Description of Proposal: Demolition of structures and construction of a four storey residential flat building, carparking, landscaping and associated works.

Consent to operate from:

23.03.2017

Consent to lapse on: 24.03.2022

It should be clearly understood that this Consent in no way relieves the owner or applicant from the obligation to obtain any other approval which may be required under the Local Government Act or any other Act. In particular this Consent is not an approval to carry out any building works whatsoever, such requiring the prior issue of a Construction Certificate which can be obtained from Council.

Debra Just

GENERAL MANAGER

per:

NOTES:

To ascertain the date upon which the consent becomes effective refer to Section 83 of the Act.
 To ascertain the extent to which the consent is liable to lapse refer to Section 95 of the Act.

(3) Section 82A of the Act confers on an applicant the right to request a review of the Council's determination or conditions attached to the consent within a period of six months (6) from the date of determination.

(4) Section 97 of the Act confers on an applicant who is dissatisfied with the determination of a consent authority a right of appeal to the Land and Environment Court exercisable within six months (6) after receipt of this notice.

(5) Section 125 of the Act confers the authority to direct any person to comply with the terms and conditions of any Consent and any person failing to comply with such a direction shall be guilty of an offence under the Act.

(6) Section 127A of the Act confers the authority to issue Penalty Notices for certain offences. The penalty for development not carried out in accordance with consent: - Class 1 & 10 buildings is \$1500 for an Individual & \$3000 for a Corporation -Other building class is \$3000 for an Individual & \$6000 for a Corporation

Reference: Enquiries:

DA-2016/303 Chi Wai Kong

Phone:

02 9777 1064

Availability:

Available 8.30 -10 am, otherwise by appointment

Page 1 of 32

Willoughby City Council | 31 Victor Street, Chatswood NSW 2067 | P (02) 9777 1000 PO Box 57, Chatswood NSW 2057 | F (02) 9777 1038 | E email@willoughby.nsw.gov.au

www.willoughby.nsw.gov.au | ABN 47 974 826 099

#### SCHEDULE

Conditions of Consent: (Including reasons for such conditions)

#### CONSENT IDENTIFICATION

The following condition provides information on what forms part of the Consent.

# 1. Approved Plan/Details

The development must be in accordance with the following consent plans electronically stamped by Council:

Туре	Plan No.	Revision/ Issue No	Plan Date (as Amended)	Prepared by
Site analysis	A003	E	18/01/17	Architecture Urbaneia
Demolition & waste management plan	A005	С	12/8/16	
Basement	A099	Р		
G/F	A100	0	18/01/17	
Level 1	A101	L		
Level 2	A102	L		
Level 3	A103	М		
Roof plan	A104	L		
North elevation	A150	J		
South elevation	A151	К		
East elevation	A152	J		
West elevation	A153	К		
Cross section	A160	L		
Long section 01	A161	К		
Long section 02	A161b	D		
Adaptable units	A204, A206, A207	E	12/01/17	
Adaptable units	A205	Α	12/01/17	
Stormwater management plan	SW01 to SW04	С	19.01.2017	
Erosion & sediment control plan	ESCP01	A	12.08.2016	

Reference: DA-2016/303

2325 LP-01 to	D	12/08/2016	John Lock & Associates
2325 LP-04			Landscape Architecture
			2020 27 07 10

the application form and any other supporting documentation submitted as part of the application, except for:

- any modifications which are "Exempt Development" as defined under S76(2)
   of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979;
- otherwise provided by the conditions of this consent.
   (Reason: Information and ensure compliance)

### PRIOR TO ISSUE OF CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

The following conditions of consent must be complied with prior to the issue of a construction certificate.

#### 2. Amendments

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the proposal is to be amended in the following manner:

(a) The storage area allocated to individual units in the basement car park should be provided in accordance with Part 4G of SEPP 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development and be shown on the plans.

Plans detailing these amendments are required to be shown on the Construction Certificate plans.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 3. Section 94A Contributions

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, a monetary contribution of \$69,791.28 (subject to indexing as outlined below) is to be paid in accordance with Section 94A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

This contribution is based on 1% of the estimated development cost of \$6,979,128 at 12 August 2016 and the adopted Section 94A Contributions Plan.

To calculate the monetary contribution that is payable, the proposed cost of development is to be indexed to reflect quantity variations in the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) [BPI(EBA)] between the date the proposed cost of development was agreed by the Council and the date the levy is to be paid as required by this Plan.

To calculate the indexed levy, the formula used to determine the cash contribution is set out below.

NL = \$Lo + \$Lo x [current index - base index]
base index

Where:

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 3 of 32

NL

is the new section 94A levy

Lo

is the original levy

Current index [BPI(EBA)]

is the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) as published by the NSW Public Works available at the time of review of the contribution rate

Base index [BPI(EBA)]

is the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) as published by the NSW Public Works at the date of the proposed cost of development as above

In the event that the current BPI(EBA) is less than the previous BPI(EBA), the current BPI(EBA) shall be taken as not less than the previous BPI(EBA).

Prior to payment Council can provide the value of the indexed levy.

Copies of the S94A Contributions Plan are available for inspection online at www.willoughby.nsw.gov.au (Reason: Statutory requirement)

### Services - Energy Australia

The applicant should consult with Energy Australia to determine the need and location of any electrical enclosure for the development. Should such an electrical enclosure be required, the location and dimensions of the structure are to be detailed on all the plans issued with the Construction Certificate. In the event of Energy Australia requiring such a structure eg. a substation, the applicant is required to dedicate the land for the substation as public roadway. The Plan of Dedication shall be lodged to Council prior to issue of the Construction Certificate and registered at the Department of Lands prior to issue of the Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Compliance)

#### Roof Material – Reflectivity

The external finish to the roof shall be painted or treated in a neutral, recessive non reflective colour range to minimise the effects of glare to neighbouring properties. Roof colour details being submitted with the construction certificate application for approval.

(Reason: Amenity)

### 6. Sydney Water 'Tap In'

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the approved plans must be submitted online to "Sydney Water Tap In" to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains and to see if further requirements need to be met.

An approval receipt will need to be obtained prior to release of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

Reference: DA-2016/303

#### Adaptable Units

Adaptable residential units for disabled persons are to be provided consistent with the approved plans (Total 11 units). Three (3) disabled car spaces are to be nominated on the Construction Certificate drawings and be allocated to the adaptable units as required under the Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C.6 – Access, Mobility and Adaptability.

(Reason: Amenity)

### 8. Agreement to Transfer Affordable Housing Dwellings

The applicant must enter into a Deed with the Council providing for the transfer of title of the affordable housing dwelling (identified as Unit 114 on the approved plans with a gross floor area of 76m²) to the Council, free of charge. The Deed is to be generally in accordance with the Housing Transfer Deed template available at Council and is to be submitted to the Council and executed prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

The terms of this agreement must be to the satisfaction of the Council and must include a provision to the effect that the transfer of the dwellings is to be completed within two months of the registration of any subdivision of the development creating the areas to be dedicated and within 6 months of the issue of an Occupation Certificate. The applicant must agree to pay the Council's reasonable legal costs in satisfying itself that the agreement is appropriate, and a provision to this effect is to be included in the agreement.

The construction certificate plans should demonstrate that the physical requirements specified in the Housing Transfer Deed are satisfied.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

## 9. Affordable Housing Fittings and Finishes

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant is to submit to the Council details of all internal fittings and finishes of the affordable housing dwellings. The applicant is responsible for obtaining written confirmation from Council that it is satisfied that the internal fittings and finishes are at the same standard as other dwellings within the development.

(Reason: Amenity)

#### 10. Damage Deposit

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant shall lodge a Damage Deposit of \$40,000 (GST Exempt) as cash, cheque or an unconditional bank guarantee, to Council against possible damage to Council's asset during the course of the building works. The deposit will be refundable subject to inspection by Council after the completion of all works relating to the proposed development. For the purpose of inspections carried out by Council Engineers, an inspection fee of \$300 (GST Exempt) is payable to Council. Any damages identified by Council shall be restored by the applicant prior to release of the Damage Deposit. (Reason: Protection of public asset)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 5 of 32

#### 11. Stormwater Conveyed to Street Drainage

Stormwater runoff from the site shall be collected and conveyed to the street drainage system in accordance with Council's specifications. Any new drainage pipe connections to street kerb shall be made using a 125mm x 75mm x 4mm thick galvanised Rectangular Hollow Section (RHS) with a grated drainage pit (min. 600mm x 600mm) provided within the property and adjacent to the boundary prior to discharging to the Council's drainage system. All drainage works shall comply with the requirements described in Part C.5 of Council's DCP and Technical Standards. In this regard, full design and construction details showing the method of disposal of surface and roof water from the site shall be shown on the Construction Certificate plans.

(Reason: Stormwater control)

#### 12. Detailed Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP)

Submit for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed stormwater management plans in relation to the on-site stormwater management and disposal system for the development. The construction drawings and specifications shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer and in accordance with the stormwater management plans. All drawings shall comply with Part C.5 of Council's Development Control Plan and Technical Standards, AS3500.3 – *Plumbing and Drainage Code* and National Construction Code. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### 13. Basement Pumpout Drainage System

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant shall submit, for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed stormwater management plans in relation to the pump-out drainage system. The construction drawings and specifications, shall be generally in accordance with the approved stormwater management plans with the following requirements:

- The pumpout drainage system shall comprise with two (2) submersible type pumps. The two pumps shall be designed to work on an alternative basis to ensure both pumps receive equal use and neither remains continuously idle.
- Each pump shall have a minimum capacity of 10L/s or shall be based on the flow rate generated from the 1 in 100 year ARI 5-minutes duration storm event of the area draining into the system, whichever is greater.
- An alarm warning device (including signage and flashing strobe light) shall be provided for the pump-out system to advise the occupant of pump failure. The location of the signage and flashing strobe light shall be shown on the stormwater management plans.
- The volume of the pump-out tank shall be designed with a minimum storage capacity equivalent to the runoff volume generated from of the area draining into the tank for the 1 in 100 year ARI 2-hours duration storm event.

All drawings shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer and shall comply with Part C.5 of Council's Development Control Plan, AS3500.3 – *Plumbing and Drainage Code* and the National Construction Code. (Reason: Prevent nuisance flooding)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 6 of 32

#### 14. Construction Management Plan (CMP)

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, submit, for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed Construction Management Plan (CMP). The CMP shall address:

- (a) Construction vehicles access to and egress from the site
- (b) Parking for construction vehicles
- (c) Locations of site office, accommodation and the storage of major materials related to the project
- (d) Protection of adjoining properties, pedestrians, vehicles and public assets
- (e) Location and extent of proposed builder's hoarding and Work Zones
- (f) Tree protection management measures for all protected and retained trees. (Reason: Compliance)

### 15. Design of Works in Public Road (Roads Act Approval)

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate, the Applicant must submit, for approval by Council as a road authority, full design engineering plans and specifications prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer for the following infrastructure works:

- Construction of 1.2 metres footpath (max. 2.5% crossfall) for the full frontage of the site in Walter Street. All Adjustments to public utility services and associated construction works in the nature strip are to be at the full cost to the applicant. Detailed long section and cross sections at 5 metres interval shall be provided.
- Construction of new kerb and gutter for the full frontage of the development site in Walter Street with 5 metres wide road restoration. Detailed long sections and cross-section at 5m interval shall be provided.
- Construction of 5.5 new vehicular crossings in Walter Street. The design levels at the property boundary shall be in accordance with the driveway long sections.

The required plans must be designed in accordance with Council's specifications (AUS-SPEC). A minimum of three (3) weeks will be required for Council to assess the *Roads Act* submissions. Early submission is recommended to avoid delays in obtaining a Construction Certificate. For the purpose of inspections carried out by Council Engineers, the corresponding fees set out in Council's current *Fees and Charges Schedule* are payable to Council prior to issue of the approved plans. Approval must be obtained from Willoughby City Council as the road authority under the Roads Act 1993 for any proposed works in the public road prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 16. Splay Corner for Fence

In order to ensure adequate sight distances for pedestrians and traffic in the frontage road, the boundary fence shall be designed and constructed by either a  $2m \times 2.5m$  splay on both sides of the driveway exit. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted with the construction certificate application.

(Reason: Pedestrian safety)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 7 of 32

### 17. Vehicle Access – Engineer's Certification

The Applicant shall submit, for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority, certification from a suitably qualified and experienced traffic engineer. This certification must be based on the architectural drawings and the structural drawings, and must make specific reference to the following:

- That finished driveway gradients and transitions will not result in the scraping of the underside of cars.
- a) That a maximum gradient of <u>5%</u> is provided for the first 6 metres from the property boundary to the basement.
- That the proposed vehicular path and parking arrangements comply in full with AS2890.1 – 2004 in terms of minimum dimensions provided,
- c) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.2 metres between the basement floor and any overhead obstruction is provided which complies with Section 5.3.1 of AS 2890.1 and Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- d) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.5 metres is provided to all parking spaces for people with disabilities which complies with Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- e) Minimum dimensions of 2.4m x 5.4m shared area shall be provided adjacent all disabled parking spaces to comply with AS2890.6. Bollards shall be provided at the location on each shared area specified in AS2890.6 which shall be clearly labelled and shown on plans.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

### 18. Geotechnical Report

Submit to the accredited certifier a geotechnical engineer's report of the proposed geotechnical works including excavation, piling, and shoring. The report shall specifically address safety issues. A report from the Geotechnical Engineer shall be submitted to Council for record purposes.

(Reason: Safety & Amenity)

#### 19. Tree Protection Plan

- Submit to the accredited certifier a Tree Protection Plan drawing for approval prior to issue of a construction certificate.
- The tree Protection Plan is to be prepared by a qualified Arborist with minimum qualification AQF Level 5.
- iii) Tree Protection Plan drawing shall address tree protection and management of all trees to be retained (including those on adjoining properties) in accordance with AS 4970-2009 'Protection of trees on development sites' and clearly mark tree protection zones as well as tree protection measures and fencing.

(Reason: Tree protection)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 8 of 32

#### 20. Internal Noise Levels Residential

To minimise the noise intrusion from any external noise source, the building shall be designed and constructed to comply with the following criteria with windows and doors closed:

Internal Space	Time Period	Criteria L <sub>Aeq (period)</sub>
Living Areas	Any time	40 dB(A)
Sleeping Areas	Day (7am - 10pm)	40 dB(A)
	Night (10pm - 7am)	35 dB(A)

#### Note:

- The above criteria does not apply to kitchens, bathrooms, laundries, foyers, hallways, balconies or outdoor areas.
- The above criteria define the minimum acceptable levels. Buildings may be built to a better than average standard by applying more stringent criteria.

Certification from an appropriately qualified acoustic consultant that the building has been designed to meet this criteria shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

#### 21. Building Ventilation

To ensure that adequate provision is made for ventilation of the building, mechanical and/or natural ventilation shall be provided. These shall be designed in accordance with the provisions of:

- a) The National Construction Code:
  - i) AS1668.1, AS1668.2 and AS3666.1 as applicable; and/or
  - ii) Alterative solution using an appropriate assessment method

Details of all mechanical ventilation and exhaust systems, and certification provided by an appropriately qualified person verifying compliance with these requirements, shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Health and compliance)

# 22. Hazardous Building Material Assessment

A hazardous building material assessment shall be undertaken by an appropriate qualified person and is to be submitted to the Certifying Authority for approval prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. The assessment shall identify any likely hazardous materials within any structure to be demolished and provide procedures on how to handle and dispose of such materials.

(Reason: Environmental protection/public health and safety)

## 23. Noise Mechanical Services

To minimise the impact of noise onto residential receivers, all mechanical services shall be designed and installed to ensure ambient noise levels are maintained.

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 9 of 32

Details of the proposed equipment, siting and any attenuation required shall accompany the application for Construction Certificate. (Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

#### PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT

The following conditions of consent have been imposed to ensure that the administration and amenities relating to the proposed development comply with all relevant requirements. All of these conditions are to be complied with prior to the commencement of any works on site.

#### 24. Licensee Details

The name, address and contractor licence number of the licensee who has contracted to carry out the work or the name and permit number of the owner-builder who intends to carry out the work shall be furnished in writing to the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work.

NB: Should changes be made for the carrying out of the work the Certifying Authority must be immediately informed.

(Reason: Information)

### 25. Building Site Hoarding

Prior to the commencement of work, a hoarding, complying with StateCover NSW requirements which is to be erected to restrict public access to the site (including demolition and/or excavation site), building works, materials or equipment. A separate application is to be made to Council's Infrastructure Services Division for this purpose should the hoarding be located on Council property. (Reason: Safety)

### 26. Site Management

A site Management Plan shall be submitted to and approved by the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work. The site management plan shall include the following measures as applicable.

- Details and contact telephone numbers of the owner, builder and developer;
- Location and construction details of protective fencing to the perimeter of the site;
- Location of site storage areas, sheds and equipment;
- Location of stored building materials for construction;
- Provisions for public safety;
- Dust control measures;
- Site access location and construction;
- Details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- Protective measurers for tree preservation;
- Provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- Location and size of waste containers and bulk bins;
- Soil and Water Management Plans (SWMP); comprising a site plan indicating the slope of land, access controls, location and type of sediment controls and storage/control methods for material stockpiles;

Construction noise and vibration management.

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 10 of 32

The site management measures shall be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and maintained during the construction period. A copy of the approved Site Management Plan shall be conspicuously displayed, maintained on site and be made available to the Certifying Authority/Council officers upon request.

(Reason: Environment protection, public health and safety)

### 27. Dilapidation Report of Adjoining Properties

Prior to commencement of work, submit a photographic survey and report of the adjoining properties Nos 9 and 15 Walter Street, Willoughby to the Certifying Authority and all owners of these adjoining properties. Such photographic survey and report shall be prepared by a suitably qualified person, detailing the physical condition of these properties, both internal and external including items as walls, ceilings, roof, structural members and other items as necessary.

In the event of a property owner refusing to allow access to carry out the photographic survey, the proponent must demonstrate in writing to the Certifying Authority, and provide a copy to Council, that the purpose of the survey was made clear to the property owner and that reasonable attempts to obtain access were made.

(Reason: Protection of adjoining owners)

### 28. Dilapidation Report of Council's Property

Submit a dilapidation report including photographic record of Council's property extending to a distance of 50m from the development, detailing the physical condition of items such as, but not exclusively to, the footpath, roadway, nature strip, and any retaining walls.

The developer may be held liable to any recent damage to public infrastructure in the vicinity of the site, where such damage is not accurately recorded under the requirements of this condition prior to the commencement of works. In this regard, the damage deposit lodged by the applicant may be used by Council to repair such damage on Council's property.

This dilapidation report shall be submitted to Council and the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work. (Reason: Protection of Council's infrastructure)

### 29. Permits and Approvals Required

Application is to be made to Council's Infrastructure Services Division for the following approvals and permits as appropriate:-

- a) Permit to erect Builder's hoarding where buildings are to be erected or demolished within 3.50m of the street alignment. Applications are to include current fees and are to be received at least 21 days before commencement of the construction.
- b) Permit to stand mobile cranes and/or other major plant on public roads. Applications are to include current fees and security deposits and are to be received at least seven days before the proposed use. It should be noted that the issue of such permits may also involve approval from the NSW Police Force and the RTA. A separate written application to work outside normal

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 11 of 32

hours must be submitted for approval.

It should also be noted that, in some cases, the above Permits may be refused and temporary road closures required instead which may lead to longer delays due to statutory advertisement requirements.

- c) Permit to open public roads, including footpaths, nature strip, vehicular crossing or for any purpose whatsoever. All applications are to include current fees.
- d) Permit to place skip/waste bin on footpath and/or nature strip. (Maximum three (3) days).
- e) Permit to work and/or place building materials on footpath and/or nature strip. (Maximum two (2) weeks).
- f) Permit to establish Works Zone on Public Roads adjacent to the Development including use of footpath area. Applications must be received by Council at least twenty-one days prior to the zone being required. The application will then be referred to the Council's Local Traffic Committee for approval, which may include special conditions.
- Permit to construct vehicular crossings over Council's footpath, road or nature strip.

(Reason: Legal requirements)

#### 30. Application for Vehicle crossing

Submit an application with fees to Council for the construction of a plain concrete vehicular crossing.

(Reason: Protection of public asset)

#### 31. Garbage Rooms

Garbage rooms must be large enough to store the generated waste from the proposed uses and allowance should be made for separation of putrescible waste from waste suitable for recycling. The garbage room is not to be smaller than 5000mm x 4000mm, have a 2400mm ceiling height, with a door entry width not less than 2200mm.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### DURING DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION

The following conditions are to be complied with throughout the course of site works including demolition, excavation and construction.

#### 32. Hours of Work

All construction/demolition work relating to this Development Consent within the City, unless varied by an Out of Hours Work Permit, must be carried out only between the hours of 7 am to 5 pm Mondays to Fridays and 7 am to 12 noon on Saturdays. No work is permitted on Sundays or Public Holidays.

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 12 of 32

An application for an Out of Hours Work Permit to allow variation to these approved hours must be lodged with Council at least 48 hours prior to the proposed commencement of the work. The application must include a statement regarding the reasons for the variation sought, the type of work/s to be carried out, the additional time required, the anticipated impact upon the local amenity and how this will be minimized, and must be accompanied by the required fee. One (1) permit is required for each variation to the approved working hours within any 24 hour period.

If a variation to these approved hours for multiple or extended periods is sought, an application under Section 96 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 must be lodged with Council at least twenty-one (21) days in advance of the proposed changes to the hours of work. The application must include a statement regarding the reasons for the variation sought, the type of work/s to be carried out, the additional time required, the anticipated impact upon the local amenity and how this will be minimized, and be accompanied by the required fee. Note: This S96 application may require re-notification in some circumstances.

(Reason: Ensure compliance and amenity)

#### Construction Information Sign 33.

A clearly visible all weather sign is required to be erected in a prominent position on the site detailing:

- that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited; (a)
- the excavator's and / or the demolisher's and / or the builder's name; (b)
- contact phone number/after hours emergency number; (c)
- licence number: (d)
- approved hours of site work; and (e)
- name, address and contact phone number of the Certifying Authority (if other (f) than Council)

## ANY SUCH SIGN IS TO BE REMOVED WHEN THE WORK HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

Council may allow exceptions where normal use of the building/s concerned will continue with ongoing occupation, or the works approved are contained wholly within the building.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### **Building Site Fencing** 34.

Public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5m). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8m and be constructed of cyclone wire or similar with fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control.

Fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible. All parts of the fence, including the fencing blocks shall be located wholly within the property boundaries.

Page 13 of 32 Reference: DA-2016/303

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place and be maintained throughout construction.

(Reason: Safety)

### 35. Provide Erosion and Sediment Control

Erosion and sediment control devices shall be provided wholly within the site whilst work is being carried out in order to prevent sediment and silt from site works (including demolition and/or excavation) being conveyed by stormwater into Council's stormwater system natural watercourses, bushland and neighbouring properties. In this regard, all stormwater discharge from the site shall meet the requirements of the Protection of Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water guidelines. The control devices are to be maintained in a serviceable condition AT ALL TIMES.

(Reason: Environmental protection)

### 36. Suitable Screens

Suitable screens and/or barricades shall be erected during demolition and building work and where required by the Certifying Authority to reduce the emission of noise, dust, water effluent or other matter from the site.

(Reason: Maintain amenity to adjoining properties)

#### 37. Suitable Barricades

Suitable barricades shall be erected during building works on Councils footpath and where directed by the Certifying Authority and/or Council to protect pedestrians using the footpath.

(Reason: Public safety)

### 38. Demolition Work AS 2601-2001

Any demolition must be carried out in accordance with AS 2601 – 2001, The demolition of structures.

(Reason: Safety)

# 39. Suitable Footpath Crossing Provided

Adequate provision is to be made to ensure that a suitable footpath crossing is provided to the site so as to allow safe pedestrian access along the footpath area at all times.

(Reason: Protection of public safety)

### 40. Wash Down and Shaker Areas

During Demolition, Excavation and Construction, wash down and shaker areas are to be provided with facilities for the collection and treatment of waste water. (Reason: Environmental protection)

## 41. Asbestos Sign to be Erected

On sites involving demolition or alterations and additions to building where asbestos cement is being repaired, removed or disposed of a standard commercially manufactured sign not less than 400mm x 300mm containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" is to be erected in a prominent visible

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 14 of 32

position on the site. The sign is to be erected prior to the commencement of works and is to remain in place until such time as all asbestos cement has been removed from the site to an approved waste facility.

(Reason: Public Health and safety/Ensure compliance)

# 42. Neighbour Notification of Asbestos Removal

The applicant/builder is to notify the adjoining residents five working days prior to demolition works involving removal of asbestos. Such notification is to be clearly written, giving the date work will commence, Work Cover NSW phone number 131 050, Councils phone number 9777 1000.

This notification is to be placed in the letterbox of every property (including every residential flat or unit) either side and immediately at the rear of the site.

(Reason: Public health)

# 43. Asbestos Removal

Works involving the removal of asbestos must comply with Councils Policy on handling and disposal of asbestos, and must also comply with the Code of Practice for Safe Removal of Asbestos (National Occupational Health and Safety Commission 2012 (1994).

Demolition is to be carried out in accordance with the applicable provisions of Australian Standard AS 2601 – The Demolition of Structures. (Reason: Public health and safety/Ensure compliance)

# 44. Asbestos Disposal

All asbestos laden waste, including bonded or friable asbestos must be disposed of at a waste disposal site approved by the NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water.

Upon completion of the asbestos removal and disposal the applicant must furnish the Certifying Authority with a copy of all receipts issued by the waste disposal site as evidence of proper disposal.

(Reason: Environmental protection/Public health and safety)

# 45. Survey Certificate

Certification of the following shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority by a registered surveyor:

- Prior to the construction of footings or first completed floor slab (i.e. prior to pouring of concrete) showing the area of the land, building under construction and boundary setbacks;
- At each level indicating the level of that floor to Australian Height Datum;
- Upon completion of the roof framing, before the roofing is laid, indicating the ridge height to Australian Height Datum;
- At roof slab level indicating the level of that slab to Australian Height Datum;
- At completion indicating the relation of the building and any projections to the boundaries, and that the building has been erected to the levels approved in

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 15 of 32

the Development Application.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 46. Road and Footpath

Council's footpath, nature strip or roadway not being damaged and shall be kept clear at all times.

(Reason: Maintain public safety)

# 47. No Storage on Foot/Roadway

Building materials, plant and equipment and builder's waste, are not to be placed or stored at any time on Council's footpath, nature strip or roadway adjacent to building sites unless prior written approval has been granted by Council.

(Reason: Safety)

# 48. Skips and Bins

Rubbish skips or bins are not to be placed on Council's footpath, nature strip or roadway unless prior written approval has been granted by Council. (Reason: Safety)

# 49. Excavations and Backfilling

All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely, and must be properly guarded and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property.

(Reason: Safety)

# 50. Excess or Waste Concrete

Excess or waste concrete from mobile concrete agitators or concrete pumping equipment shall not be washed down, spilled or disposed of onto the road reserve, Council's stormwater system, road, pavement, reserves or Council land. (Reason: Environmental protection)

# 51. Temporary Toilet Facilities

Temporary toilet facilities shall be provided to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

The provision of toilet facilities must be completed before any other work is commenced on site. NOTE: Portable toilet facilities are not permitted to be placed on public areas without prior approval having been obtained from Council. (Reason: Health and amenity)

# 52. Sweep & Clean Pavement

Sweep and clean pavement surface adjacent to the ingress and egress points of earth, mud and other materials at all times and in particular at the end of each working day or as directed by Council.

(Reason: Legal requirement)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 16 of 32

### 53. Street Signs

The applicant is responsible for the protection of all regulatory / parking / street signs fronting the property. Any damaged or missing street signs as a consequence of the development and associated construction works are to be replaced at full cost to the applicant.

(Reason: Protection of public assets)

# 54. Tree Protection

- Retain and protect the following trees and vegetation throughout the demolition and construction period: All trees not indicated for removal on Landscape Plan Dwg No. LP-01 D dated 12/08/2016 prepared by John Lock & Associates Landscape Architecture
- The above trees must be clearly marked and protection devices in place to prevent soil compaction and machinery damage.
- iii) Tree roots greater than 50mm diameter are not to be removed unless approved by a qualified arborist on site. All structures are to bridge roots unless directed by a qualified arborist on site.
- iv) Tree protection measures must comply with the approved Tree Protection Plan and AS 4970-2009 Protection of trees on development sites.

(Reason: Tree management)

# 55. Public Tree Protection

Unless identified by the development consent, no tree roots over 50mm diameter are to be damaged or cut and all structures are to be bridged over such roots.

Should any problems arise with regard to the existing or proposed trees on public land during the construction or bond period, the applicant is to immediately Contact Council's Open Space section and resolve the matter to Council's satisfaction. (Reason: Tree management)

# 56. Storage of Materials on Council Land Prohibited

The dumping or storage of building materials, spoil, vegetation, green waste, or any other material in the Council reserve is prohibited. (Reason: Safety, environmental protection)

# 57. Waste Classification – Excavation Materials

All materials excavated and removed from the site (fill or natural) shall be classified in accordance with the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) Waste Classification Guidelines prior to being disposed of to a NSW approved landfill or to a recipient site. (Reason: Environment and health protection)

# 58. Hazardous Materials - Clearance Certificate

Following completion of the removal of any identified hazardous material associated with demolition works, a clearance certificate shall be issued by an appropriately

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 17 of 32

qualified occupational hygienist and submitted to the Certifying Authority. The clearance certificate shall verify that the site is free from any hazardous materials from the demolished buildings.

(Reason: Health and safety)

# 59. Unexpected Finds Protocol

An unexpected finds contingency plan should be incorporated into site redevelopment works. In the event that previously unidentified contaminated soils or materials are identified during site redevelopment, works should cease in the immediate vicinity and the affected area isolated to minimise disturbance. A suitably qualified contaminated site consultant should be engaged to assess the degree, type and extent of contamination and establish a suitable remediation plan. The Site Manager/landowner shall notify Council in writing when they become aware of any contamination.

(Reason: Environment & Health Protection)

# 60. Importation of Fill

Any material to be imported onto the site for levelling, construction or engineering purposes must satisfy the Office of Environment & Heritage (OEH) requirements for virgin excavated natural material (VENM), or excavated natural material (ENM). The determination of VENM or ENM must be made by suitable qualified consultant. Precertification of the imported material shall be made and details made available to Council upon request.

(Reason: Environment & Health Protection)

# 61. Dust Control

The following measures must be taken to control the emission of dust:

- Dust screens must be erected around the perimeter of the site and be kept in good repair for the duration of the work.
- b) Any existing accumulation of dust (e.g. in ceiling voids and wall cavities) must be removed using an industrial vacuum cleaner fitted with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter.
- c) All dusty surfaces must be wet down and any dust created must be suppressed by means of a fine water spray. Water used for dust suppression must not be allowed to enter the street or stormwater system.
- All stockpiles of materials that are likely to generate dust must be kept damp or covered.
- Demolition work must not be carried out during high winds, which may cause dust to spread beyond the boundaries of the site.

(Reason: Amenity)

# 62. Construction Noise

Construction noise shall be controlled to comply with the requirements as set out in the EPA Interim Construction Noise Guideline. Noise levels shall not exceed the rated background level by more than 10dB(A) at the most sensitive receiver during the standard construction hours. A noise monitoring plan shall be implemented

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 18 of 32

during construction. Where noise levels may be exceeded appropriate measures to control excessive noise shall be implemented immediately. (Reason: Amenity)

# PRIOR TO OCCUPATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

The following conditions of consent must be complied with prior to the issue of an occupation certificate.

# 63. Section 73 Compliance Certificate

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate. Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator, for details see Customer Service, Urban Development at www.sydneywater.com.au or telephone 13 20 92.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to the Certifying Authority. (Reason: Ensure statutory compliance)

# 64. Street Numbering

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, written application shall be made to the Geospatial Services Section of Council for the allocation of street numbering for each of the newly created strata lots and/or allotments. Documentary evidence of the allocated numbering issued by Council is to be lodged with the Subdivision Certificate Application and Linen Plans.

(Reason: Ensure compliance with Council street numbering policy)

DISTRICT DESCRIPTION OF STREET

# 65. Fire Safety Certificate Forwarded to NSW Fire and Rescue

Prior to the issue of the Final Occupation Certificate and upon completion of the building work, a Fire Safety Certificate shall be furnished by the owner to Council, and the owner must cause a copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be forwarded to the Commissioner of New South Wales Fire and Rescue, and must cause a further copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be prominently displayed in the building in accordance with Clause 172 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 in respect to each essential fire safety measure included in the Schedule attached to the Construction Certificate. (Reason: Safety)

# 66. Registration of Plan of Consolidation

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all individual allotments involved in the development site shall be consolidated into a single allotment and evidence of the registration of the plan of consolidation to be submitted to Council. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 67. Safer by Design

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and to minimise the opportunity for crime and in accordance with CPTED principles, the development shall incorporate the following:

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 19 of 32

- i. In order to maintain a safe level of visibility for pedestrians within the development, adequate lighting to AS1158 is to be provided to all common areas including the basement car park, common open space and any common stair access to these areas and pedestrian routes, particularly including the waste storage areas.
  - This lighting shall ensure consistency to avoid contrasts between areas of shadow/illumination and preferably be solar powered and with an automatic/timed switching mechanism, motion sensor or equivalent for energy efficiency. Such lighting shall be installed and directed in such a manner so as to ensure that no nuisance is created for surrounding properties or to drivers on surrounding streets. Car parking lighting system is to be controlled by sensors to save energy during periods of no occupant usage.
- ii. The ceiling and vertical structures of the basement parking area shall be painted white (or equivalent) in order to ensure good visibility, surveillance and less reliance on artificial lighting lux levels.
- iii. The design, installation and maintenance of landscaping (and associated works) within pedestrian routes around the site (and adjacent to mailboxes) shall not impede visibility and clear sight lines along the pedestrian footway from one end to the other.
- iv. Walls/screens between balconies shall be designed to avoid foot holes or natural ladders so as to prevent access between balconies/terraces within the development.
- Adequate signage within the development to identify facilities, entry/exit points and direct movement within the development.
- A small portion of each storage area shall be of solid construction (i.e. Cupboard.

(Reason: Safety and surveillance, energy efficiency, amenity)

# 68. Services - Electricity Supply and Telecommunication Mains

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all existing and proposed electricity supplies and telecommunication mains and services around the perimeter of the site shall be relocated underground to the satisfaction of the relevant utility provider and Willoughby City Council at the full cost of the applicant.

(Reason: Compliance)

# 69. Services - Mailboxes

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all mail boxes provided on site shall comply with the requirements of 'Australia Post' in terms of size, location, numbering and clearing. Details of the requirements can be obtained from Australia Post or from their web site. Letter boxes for adaptable dwellings shall comply with AS 4299 Cl 3.8. (Reason: Legal)

# 70. Residential Flat Building - Clothes to be Dried in the Open Air

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, where provision is made to enable clothes to be dried in the open air, this clothes drying area shall be screened by a fence or landscaping on the sides visible from public areas. (Reason: Amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 20 of 32

# 71. Residential Flat Building - Service Facilities

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the following shall apply to the development:

- Electricity and telephone lines must be placed underground from the street to the building.
- ii. One storage area shall be allocated to each unit.
- iii. A master TV antenna or satellite dish is to be provided for the building. This shall suitably screened from view from the street.
- iv. All plumbing pipes and installations must be concealed in ducts and not exposed on the external walls of the building and must be adequately soundproofed.
- Secure bicycle parking facilities shall be provided in accordance with Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C. 4 and designed in accordance with AS2890.3.

(Reason: Ensure compliance, streetscape and amenity)

# 72. Residential Flat Building - Screening of Rooftop Plant/Structures

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, any rooftop or exposed structures including lift motor rooms, plant rooms etc., together with air conditioning, ventilation and exhaust systems, shall be suitably screened and integrated with the building in order to ensure a properly integrated overall appearance..

(Reason: Visual amenity)

# 73. Affordable Housing – Fittings and Finishes

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the affordable housing dwellings have the internal fittings and finishes at the same standard as the other dwellings within the development and in accordance with the schedule endorsed by Council.

Any costs associated with bringing the affordable housing dwellings to the standards required are to be borne by the applicant.
(Reason: Amenity)

#### 74. Grated Box Drain

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and for stormwater control, a 325 mm wide grated trench drain with a heavy duty removable galvanised grate is to be provided in front of the garage door/basement parking slab to collect driveway runoff. The trench drain shall be connected to the main drainage system and must have an outlet of minimum diameter 150mm to prevent blockage by silt and debris. (Reason: Proper disposal of stormwater)

# 75. On-site Water Management System

The stormwater runoff from the site shall be collected and disposed of via an approved OSD system with a minimum storage volume of 33 m³ in accordance with Sydney Water's requirements, the NSW Code of Practice – Plumbing and Drainage, Council's DCP and Technical Standards. The construction of the stormwater drainage system of the proposed development shall be generally in accordance with

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 21 of 32

the approved design stormwater management plans and Council's specification (AUS-SPEC).

(Reason: Prevent nuisance flooding)

# 76. Sign for On Site Detention System

An aluminium plaque measuring no less than 400mm x 200mm is to be permanently attached and displayed within the immediate vicinity of the OSD system.

The wording for the plaque shall state "This is the OSD system required by Willoughby City Council. It is an offence to alter any part of the system without written consent from Council. The registered proprietor shall keep the system in good working order by regular maintenance including removal of debris". (Reason: Prevent unlawful alteration)

## 77. Confined Space Sign

Securely install a standard confined space danger sign in a prominent location within the immediate vicinity of access grate of the OSD system.

(Reason: Safe access)

### 78. Certification of OSD

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer (generally CP Eng. Qualification) shall certify on Council's standard certification form that the as-built OSD system is in accordance with the approved plans and complies with Council's DCP and Technical Standards. Council's standard certification form is available in the appendix of Council's Technical Standard No.2. (Reason: Legal requirement)

#### 79. Works-As-Executed Plans - OSD

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and upon completion of the OSD System, the following shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority:

- Work-as-Executed plans based on the approved stormwater management plans from a registered surveyor to verify that the volume of storage, PSD, water and floor levels are constructed in accordance with design requirements. Any minor changes or variations to the approved plans should be highlighted in red on the approved stormwater plans.
- Engineer's certification of the OSD system together with the completed Council's standard form for On-Site Detention Record of Installation.

(Reason: Record of works)

#### 80. S88B/S88E(3) Instrument

Create Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land on the Title in favour of Council as the benefiting authority for the as-built OSD system. The standard wording of the terms of the Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land are available in Council's Technical Standards.

The above instruments shall be created under Section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 for newly created lots. For an existing lot, the instruments can be created under Section 88E(3) of the Conveyancing Act 1919 using Form 13PC and 13RPA respectively. The relative location of the OSD system, in relation to the building footprint, must be shown on the final plan of subdivision/strata plan or must be shown

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 22 of 32

on the scale sketch, attached as an annexure to the request 13PC and 13RPA forms. The S88B instrument or 13PC/13RPA forms shall be lodged with Council's Standard S88B/S88E Lodgement Form with all supporting documentations listed in the Form. Council's Standard Form is available from Council upon requested.

Documentary evidence of registration of these instruments with the Land and Property Information shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Maintenance requirement)

# 81. Documentary Evidence of Positive Covenant, Engineers Certificate

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the following documentary evidence of the completed drainage works shall be submitted to Certifying Authority and Council: -

- Registered Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land by way of the Title Deed.
- Certification from a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer (generally CP Eng. Qualification) for the as-built OSD system and/or plumber's certification of the as-built rainwater reuse system.
- Work-as-Executed plans highlighting in red based on the approved stormwater management plans from a registered surveyor for the as-built OSD system and/or rainwater reuse system.

(Reason: Public record)

# 82. Splay Corner for Fence

In order to ensure adequate sight distances for pedestrians and traffic in the frontage road, the boundary fence shall be designed and constructed by a 2m x 2.5m splay on both sides of the driveway exit.

(Reason: Pedestrian safety)

# 83. Construction of Kerb & Gutter

Construct new kerb and gutter together with any necessary associated pavement restoration in accordance with Council's specification for the full frontage of the development site with associated pavement restoration 5 metre wide in Walter Street

(Reason: Public amenity)

# 84. Concrete Footpath

Construct a 1.2 m wide concrete footpath for the full frontage of the development site in Walter Street. All works shall be carried out in accordance with Council's standard specification and drawings.

(Reason: Public amenity)

#### 85. Vehicular Crossing

Construct a new vehicular crossing including the replacement of the existing layback and/or gutter and any associated road restoration as directed by Council's Engineers. All works shall be carried out in accordance with Council's specification AUS-SPEC C271 and Council's Standard Drawing SD105 - Council Vehicular Footpath Crossing and Kerb and Gutter details and any approved longitudinal sections. A separate

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 23 of 32

application for the crossing including current fees and charges is to be submitted for approval by Council.

The crossing is to be 5.5 metres wide with no splays and is to be constructed at right angles to the street kerb in plain concrete. The new crossing shall be located no closer than 1 metre from any power pole and 2 metres from any street tree unless otherwise approved by Council. The centreline of the new crossing shall be "in-line" with the centreline of the parking space(s).

For the design levels of the vehicular crossing at the property boundary, the following shall be complied with:

- At back of layback 100 mm above and parallel to the gutter invert.
- At property boundary 350mm above and parallel to the gutter invert.

The footpath which forms part of the proposed crossing shall have a maximum crossfall of 2.5%. The nature strip, natural rock face and footpath is to be adjusted for a minimum distance of 6metres on both sides of the crossing to suit the new levels.

The suitability of the grade of driveway inside the property is the sole responsibility of the applicant and the required alignment levels fixed by Council may impact upon these levels.

All adjustments to the nature strip, footpath and/or public utilities' mains and services as a consequence of the development and any associated construction works shall be carried out at the full cost to the Applicant. All driveway grades and transitions must comply with AS/NZS 2890.1.

Vehicular Crossing Formwork Inspection Sheet shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Public amenity)

# 86. Removal of Redundant Crossings

Remove all redundant crossings together with any necessary works and reinstate the footpath, nature strip and kerb and gutter accordingly. Such work shall be carried out in accordance with Council's specification.

Vehicular Crossing Formwork Inspection Sheet shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Public amenity)

# 87. Inspection of Civil Works on Road Reserves

All required road pavement, footpath, kerb and gutter, drainage works and/or any necessary associated works on the road reserve shall be completed in accordance with the Council approved drawings, conditions and specification (AUS-SPEC).

Pursuant to Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993, all works carried out on the road reserve shall be inspected and approved by Council's Engineer. Upon completion, Work-as-Executed drawings prepared by a registered surveyor shall be submitted to Council for record purposes. A completion certificate shall be obtained from Council

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 24 of 32

(attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

## 88. Performance Bond

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the Applicant shall lodge with the Council a performance bond of \$20,000 against defective public civil works undertaken by the main Contractor for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of the completion certificate issued by Council as the road authority under the Roads Act 1993. The bond shall be lodged in the form of a cash deposit, cheque or unconditional bank guarantee which will be refundable subject to the approval of Council's Engineers at the end of the maintenance period. In this period, the Applicant is liable for any part of the work which fails to achieve the design specifications. Council shall be given full authority to make use of the bond for such restoration works within the maintenance period as deemed necessary. (Reason: Ensure compliance and specification)

# 89. Turfing of Nature Strip

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and in the event of damages to the grass verge during works, trim the strip of land between the property boundary and the road, spread topsoil on top of the trimmed surface and lay approved turfing on the prepared surfaces. The turf shall be protected from vehicular traffic and kept watered until established.

(Reason: Public amenity)

# 90. Vehicle Access - Construction & Certification

The Applicant shall submit, for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority, certification from a suitably qualified and experienced traffic engineer. This certification must be based on a site inspection of the constructed vehicle access and accommodation areas, with dimensions measurements as necessary, and must make specific reference to the following:

- That the as-constructed carpark complies with the approved Construction Certificate plans,
- a) That a maximum gradient of <u>5%</u> has been provided for the first 6 metres from the property boundary to the basement.
- b) That finished driveway gradients and transitions will not result in the scraping of the underside of cars.
- All parking spaces are open type with no partitions.
- That the as-constructed vehicular path and parking arrangements comply in full with AS2890.1 – 2004 in terms of minimum dimensions provided,
- e) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.2 metres has been provided between the basement floor and any overhead obstruction to comply with Section 5.3.1 of AS 2890.1 and Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- f) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.5 metres has been provided to all parking spaces for people with disabilities to comply with Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- g) That the headroom clearance of minimum 4.5 metres has been provided for the loading area for medium rigid vehicles which complies with AS2890.2.
- h) Minimum dimensions of 2.4m x 5.4m shared area shall be provided adjacent all disabled parking spaces to comply with AS2890.6. Bollards shall be provided at

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 25 of 32

the location on each shared area specified in AS2890.6 which shall be clearly labelled and shown on plans.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

## 91. Tree Planting

Trees are to be planted in accordance with the following table:

No. Required	Species	Location	Min Pot Size
All trees	As indicated on Landscape Plan Dwg No.LP- 01 D dated 12/08/2016 prepared by John Lock & Associates Landscape Architecture	As indicated on the Landscape Plan	As indicated on the Landscape Plan

(Reason: Landscape Amenity)

# 92. Completion of Landscape Works

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the approved landscape works shall be consistent with the approved design, completed to a professional standard, consistent with industry best practice and published standards.

(Reason: Landscape amenity)

# 93. Public Tree Planting

Plant the following trees on Council land forward of the property:

3 x Tristaniopsis laurina

#### The trees shall:

 Have a minimum container size of 75 litres and grown to NATSPEC 2 "Guide Specifying Trees", (2003).

ii. Be planted in accordance with WCC Landscape Specification 08/2007 "Street

Tree Planting".

iii. Be planted generally in alignment with other street trees.

(Reason: Landscape amenity, tree canopy recruitment)

# 94. Sound Level Output Certification

The sound level output from the equipment installed for the operation of the building shall not exceed 5dBA above the ambient background noise level measured at the boundaries of the property in accordance with the current Environment Protection Authority (EPA) guidelines for noise assessment. Certification of the level of sound output is to be provided by an appropriately qualified acoustical Consultant to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Final Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/303

#### 95. Acoustic Treatment - Certification

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified acoustic engineer certifying that the acoustic treatment of the building complies with the construction details approved and the relevant design noise criteria.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

## 96. Noise Emission - Equipment

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified acoustic engineer certifying that the noise from all sound producing plant, equipment, machinery and/or mechanical ventilation system complies with the relevant noise criteria.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

## 97 Certification - Ventilation

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified mechanical engineer certifying that all work associated with the installation of the mechanical and/or natural ventilation systems has been carried out in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards and or alternative solution. (Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

# 98. Waste & Recycling Room

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the waste and recycling container room shall be constructed to comply with all the relevant provisions of Willoughby Development Control Plan and in particular:-

- a) The floor being graded and drained to an approved drainage outlet connected to the sewer and having a smooth, even surface and coved at all intersections with walls.
- b) The walls being cement rendered to a smooth, even surface and coved at all intersections.
- c) Cold water being provided in the room with the outlet located in a position so that it cannot be damaged and a hose fitted with a nozzle being connected to the outlet.
- An overhead type door being provided to the room having a clear opening of not less than 1.8m.
- A galvanised steel bump rail at least 50 mm clear of the wall being provided at the height of the most prominent part of the garbage containers.
- f) Mobile Waste containers or Bulk Bins must have capacity to store waste volume for the development as calculated in accordance with Part C.8 of the Willoughby Development Control Plan and suitable for connection to the garbage collection vehicle being provided in the room. In addition suitable recycling containers must also be provided in the room.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 27 of 32

#### ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

The following conditions have been applied to ensure that the use of the land and/or building is carried out in such a manner that is consistent with the aims and objectives of the planning instrument affecting the land, and relevant legislation.

#### 99. Ground Levels

The finished ground levels external to the building are to be consistent with the development consent and are not to be raised.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 100. Erection Wholly within the Boundaries

All works (with the exception of any works approved under S138 of the Roads Act 1993) including footings, shall be erected wholly within the boundaries of the property.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 101. On-site Car Parking

The on-site car parking provision of twenty-seven (27) (including five (5) visitor car spaces and one (1) car space per residential unit), 1 motorbike space must be physically identified on site with signposted.

Any visitor parking bays required in accordance with Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C.4, are to be grouped together and physically identified by suitable signs and/or pavement and being permanently accessible and reserved for the exclusive use of visitors to the premises.

On any subsequent strata subdivision of the approved development, the car parking spaces of the approved must not be separate allotments, but part allotments and are to be allocated on the following basis 1 car space per residential unit.

All visitor spaces must be part of the common property on any strata subdivision of the approved development.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

# 102. Security Controlled Car Parking

Should any security controlled car parking arrangement be introduced for the residential visitor, commercial, retail and community facility spaces, a visitor voucher or similar system is to be used to enable free access and parking for the tenants/visitors.

(Reason: Amenity)

# 103. Motor Cycle Parking

One motorcycle parking space per 25 car parking spaces or part thereof must be provided for motor cycle parking. These spaces are to have an area of 1.2 metres x 3 metres.

(Reason: Amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 28 of 32

## 104. Cycle Racks

Prior to the issue of the occupation certificate, the development must provide two (2) bicycle rack and three (3) bicycle lockers for the use of residents/visitors of the approved development.

(Reason: Alternative Transport)

# 105. Loading and Unloading

All loading and unloading to the development is to be conducted wholly within the site. Under no circumstances are loading/unloading activities to be conducted from vehicles standing kerbside in Walter Street.

A plan of management with safety and traffic control measures must be prepared for any waste management and removalist activities to occur at the site, including any temporary measures to control vehicles entering and exiting the site when a vehicle is obstructed the vehicular entry. Any waste management and removalist activities to occur at the site and obstruct the vehicular entry must be completed within 15 minutes.

The plan of management must be incorporated in any building management plan and or strata management plan for the approved development.

(Reason: Access and amenity)

# 106. Stormwater Kerb Outlet

New stormwater connection outlets at street kerb shall be made using 125x75x4 galvanised Rectangular Hollow Section (RHS). Where there are multiple outlets required, a minimum distance of 100mm shall separate these outlets. A grated drainage pit (min. 600mm x 600mm) shall be provided within and adjacent to the property boundary prior to discharging to the Council's drainage system. (Reason: Protection of public asset)

# 107. Vehicular Access and Garaging

Driveways and vehicular access ramps shall be designed to provide adequate ground clearance to the underside of B85 vehicles. In all respects, the proposed vehicle access and/or parking spaces shall be designed and constructed to comply with the minimum requirements of AS/NZS 2890.1 and Council's standard specification.

(Reason: Vehicular access)

# 108. Underground Utility Services

Locate and establish the size and levels of all utility services in the footpath and road reserve. Contact "Dial Before You Dig" Service" prior to commencement of any works.

All adjustments to public utilities' mains and services as a consequence of the development and associated construction works shall be at the full cost to the applicant.

(Reason: Protection of utilities)

Reference: DA-2016/303

## 109. Public Infrastructure Restoration

Prior to the release of the Damage Deposit, any damaged public infrastructure caused as a result of the construction works on the subject site (including damage caused by, but not limited to , delivery vehicles, waste collection, contractors, subcontractors, concrete delivery vehicles) must be fully repaired in accordance with Council's specification and AUS-SPEC at no cost to Council.

(Reason: Protection of public assets)

# 110. Trees on Adjoining Properties

No approval is given for the removal or pruning of trees on the nature strip, adjoining reserves, or neighbouring private land.

(Reason: Environmental protection)

# 111. Noise Control - Offensive Noise

To minimise the noise impact on the surrounding environment, the use of the premises, building services, equipment, machinery and ancillary fittings shall not give rise to an "offensive noise" as defined under the provisions of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

(Reason: Amenity)

## 112. Waste Materials

No waste materials are to be stored outside the approved waste storage area at any time. The garbage receptacles are not to be used for the disposal of any type of liquid waste.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

# 113. Refuse Collection Point

A suitable refuse collection point, adjacent to the garbage room(s), must be provided within the building envelope. The loading operation, including the movement of garbage receptacle must take place on a level surface away from gradients and vehicle ramps. No waste/recycling is to be placed on the public footpaths, roadways, plazas, reserves or building colonnade areas, at any time. All garbage receptacles must be returned to the garbage storage area within the property after the bins are serviced.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

# 114. Waste Management

a) Bins must be regularly cleaned (every 3-6 months).

- a) Bins must be returned to bin room as soon as practicable after the servicing of the bins.
- b) All bins must be presented at the kerbside for collection. The building manager/cleaner is responsible for presenting bins for collection and returning bins to the bin rooms.

(Reason: Health and Amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 30 of 32

#### PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS

The following conditions are prescribed by S80A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act for developments involving building work.

# 115. Compliance with National Construction Code

All building works must be carried out in accordance with the performance requirements of the National Construction Code. (Reason: Compliance)

# 116. Support for Neighbouring Buildings

- (1) If development involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building, structure or work (including any structure or work within a road or rail corridor) on an adjoining property, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense:
  - protect and support the building, structure or work from possible damage from the excavation, and
  - if necessary, underpin and support the building, structure or work to prevent any such damage, and
  - c) must, at least 7 days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, give notice of intention to do so to the owner of the adjoining allotment of land and furnish particulars of the excavation to the owner of the building being erected or demolished.
- (2) The owner of the adjoining allotment of land is not liable for any part of the cost of work carried out for the purposes of this clause, whether carried out on the allotment of land being excavated or on the adjoining allotment of land.
- (3) In this clause, "allotment of land" includes a public road and any other public place.

(Reason: Safety)

# STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The following advisory notes are statutory requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act and the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulations and are provided to assist applicants

# 117. Construction Certificate Required

This consent IS NOT an approval to carry out any building works (with the exception of demolition work). A Construction Certificate is required PRIOR TO ANY BUILDING WORKS BEING COMMENCED.

Enquiries regarding the issue of a construction certificate can be made to Council's Customer Service Centre on 9777 1000.

(Reason: Ensure compliance and statutory requirement)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 31 of 32

# 118 Notify Council of Intention to Commence Works

In accordance with the provisions of Clause 81A(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 the person having the benefit of the development consent shall appoint a Certifying Authority and give at least 2 days' notice to Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence the erection of the building. (Reason: Information and ensure compliance)

# 119. Occupation Certificate

The building/structure or part thereof shall not be occupied or used until an interim occupation / final occupation certificate has been issued in respect of the building or part.

(Reason: Safety)

Reference: DA-2016/303 Page 32 of 32



# PLANNING & INFRASTRUCTURE Planning Unit

7 April 2017

# Notice of Determination of a Development Application

Issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Section 81(1)(a)

Development Consent DA-2016/452 (D)

Description of Land: 21-27 WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY NSW 2068

LOT 1 and LOT 2 DP 166910, LOT 1 DP 168467, LOT 30 DP

977055

Willoughby City Council, pursuant to Section 80(1)(a) of the Act, hereby CONSENTS to the abovementioned land being used for the following purposes, subject to compliance with the Conditions set out in the attached Schedule.

Description of Proposal: Demolition of existing dwellings on site and construction of 2 buildings consisting of 28 residential units over 3-5 levels, landscaping and associated works.

Consent to operate from:

7 April 2017

Consent to lapse on: 8 April 2022

It should be clearly understood that this Consent in no way relieves the owner or applicant from the obligation to obtain any other approval which may be required under the Local Government Act or any other Act. In particular this Consent is not an approval to carry out any building works whatsoever, such requiring the prior issue of a Construction Certificate which can be obtained from Council.

Debra Just GENERAL MANAGER

per:

### NOTES:

To ascertain the date upon which the consent becomes effective refer to Section 83 of the Act.

To ascertain the extent to which the consent is liable to lapse refer to Section 95 of the Act.

(3) Section 82A of the Act confers on an applicant the right to request a review of the Council's determination or conditions attached to the consent within a period of six months (6) from the date of determination.

(4) Section 97 of the Act confers on an applicant who is dissatisfied with the determination of a consent authority a right of appeal to the Land and Environment Court exercisable within six months (6) after receipt of this notice.

(5) Section 125 of the Act confers the authority to direct any person to comply with the terms and conditions of any Consent and any person failing to comply with such a direction shall be guilty of an offence under the Act.

(6) Section 127A of the Act confers the authority to issue Penalty Notices for certain offences. The penalty for development not carried out in accordance with consent: - Class 1 & 10 buildings is \$1500 for an Individual & \$3000 for a Corporation -Other building class is \$3000 for an Individual & \$6000 for a Corporation

Reference: Enquiries:

DA-2016/452

Phone:

Pooja Chugh 02 9777 7603

Availability:

Available 8.30 -10 am, otherwise by appointment

Page 1 of 33

# SCHEDULE

Conditions of Consent: (Including reasons for such conditions)

# CONSENT IDENTIFICATION

The following condition provides information on what forms part of the Consent.

# 1. Approved Plan/Details

The development must be in accordance with the following consent plans electronically stamped by Council:

Туре	Plan No.	Issue No	Plan Date (as Amended)	Prepared by	
Architectural	A.004	F	8 March 2017	Architecture Urbaneia	
Plans	A.099	H	8 March 2017		
	A.100	Н	8 March 2017		
	A.101, A.102 A.103	G	8 March 2017		
	A.104, A.105	Н	24 March 2017		
	A.106	F	8 March 2017		
	A.150	G	8 March 2017		
	A.151	Н	8 March 2017		
	A.152, A.153	1	24 March 2017		
	A.154, A.155	E	8 March 2017		
	A.160	н	8 March 2017		
	A.161	E	8 March 2017		
	A.162	Н	8 March 2017		
	A.163	С	8 March 2017		
	A.164	ı	24 March 2017		
	A.165	С	8 March 2017		
	A.170	В	8 March 2017		
Stormwater Plans Ref: P2016-169 - as amended to satisfy Condition 2	SW01, SW02, SW03 ESCP01	Α	8 November 2016	ADCAR Consulting	
Landscape	LP-01 to LP-	D	4 November	John Lock & Associates	
Plans Ref: 2329 – as amended to satisfy Condition 2	07 (inclusive)		2016		

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 2 of 33

the application form and any other supporting documentation submitted as part of the application, except for:

- any modifications which are "Exempt Development" as defined under S76(2)
   of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979;
- b) otherwise provided by the conditions of this consent. (Reason: Information and ensure compliance)

# PRIOR TO ISSUE OF CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

The following conditions of consent must be complied with prior to the issue of a construction certificate.

#### 2. Revised Plans

The Landscape Plans and Stormwater Plans shall be revised to correspond with the amended Architectural Plans and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to issue of a Constriction Certificate.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 3. Section 94A Contributions

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, a monetary contribution of \$106,470.99 (subject to indexing as outlined below) is to be paid in accordance with Section 94A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

This contribution is based on 1% of the estimated development cost of \$10,647,099 at 9 November 2016 and the adopted Section 94A Contributions Plan.

To calculate the monetary contribution that is payable, the proposed cost of development is to be indexed to reflect quantity variations in the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) [BPI(EBA)] between the date the proposed cost of development was agreed by the Council and the date the levy is to be paid as required by this Plan.

To calculate the indexed levy, the formula used to determine the cash contribution is set out below.

NL = \$Lo + \$Lo x [current index - base index]
base index

Where:

NL is the new section 94A levy

Lo is the original levy

Current index

[BPI(EBA)] is the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) as published by the NSW Public Works

available at the time of review of the contribution rate

Base index

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 3 of 33

# [BPI(EBA)]

is the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) as published by the NSW Public Works at the date of the proposed cost of development as above

In the event that the current BPI(EBA) is less than the previous BPI(EBA), the current BPI(EBA) shall be taken as not less than the previous BPI(EBA).

Prior to payment Council can provide the value of the indexed levy.

Copies of the S94A Contributions Plan are available for inspection online at www.willoughby.nsw.gov.au (Reason: Statutory requirement)

# 4. Services - Energy Australia

The applicant should consult with Energy Australia to determine the need and location of any electrical enclosure for the development. Should such an electrical enclosure be required, the location and dimensions of the structure are to be detailed on all the plans issued with the Construction Certificate. In the event of Energy Australia requiring such a structure eg. a substation, the applicant is required to dedicate the land for the substation as public roadway. The Plan of Dedication shall be lodged to Council prior to issue of the Construction Certificate and registered at the Department of Lands prior to issue of the Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Compliance)

# Roof Material – Reflectivity

The external finish to the roof shall be painted or treated in a neutral, recessive non reflective colour range to minimise the effects of glare to neighbouring properties. Roof colour details being submitted with the construction certificate application for approval.

(Reason: Amenity)

#### 6. Adaptable Units

Adaptable residential units for disabled persons are to be provided consistent with the approved plans and supporting Accessibility Assessment Report prepared by Metropolitan Building Approval (Total: 14 Units). Three (3) disabled car spaces are to be nominated on the Construction Certificate drawings and be allocated to the adaptable unit as required under the Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C.6 – Access, Mobility and Adaptability.

(Reason: Access, Mobility and Adaptability)

#### 7. Agreement to Transfer Affordable Housing Dwellings

The applicant must enter into a Deed with the Council providing for the transfer of title of the affordable housing dwelling (identified as Units G05 & G07 on the approved plans with a gross floor area of  $101m^2$ ) to the Council, free of charge. The Deed is to be generally in accordance with the Housing Transfer Deed template available at Council and is to be submitted to the Council and executed prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

The terms of this agreement must be to the satisfaction of the Council and must include a provision to the effect that the transfer of the dwellings is to be completed

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 4 of 33

within two months of the registration of any subdivision of the development creating the areas to be dedicated and within 6 months of the issue of an Occupation Certificate. The applicant must agree to pay the Council's reasonable legal costs in satisfying itself that the agreement is appropriate, and a provision to this effect is to be included in the agreement.

The construction certificate plans should demonstrate that the physical requirements specified in the Housing Transfer Deed are satisfied. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 8. Affordable Housing Fittings and Finishes

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant is to submit to the Council details of all internal fittings and finishes of the affordable housing dwellings. The applicant is responsible for obtaining written confirmation from Council that it is satisfied that the internal fittings and finishes are at the same standard as other dwellings within the development.

(Reason: Amenity)

# 9. Sydney Water 'Tap In'

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the approved plans must be submitted online to "Sydney Water Tap In" to determine whether the development will affect Sydney Water's sewer and water mains and to see if further requirements need to be met.

An approval receipt will need to be obtained prior to release of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### Damage Deposit

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant shall lodge a Damage Deposit of \$70,000 (GST Exempt) as cash, cheque or an unconditional bank guarantee, to Council against possible damage to Council's asset during the course of the building works. The deposit will be refundable subject to inspection by Council after the completion of all works relating to the proposed development. For the purpose of inspections carried out by Council Engineers, an inspection fee of \$300 (GST Exempt) is payable to Council. Any damages identified by Council shall be restored by the applicant prior to release of the Damage Deposit. (Reason: Protection of public asset)

#### 11. Temporary Ground Anchors

Obtain written permission from all private property owners affected by any encroachment either below ground or the air space above as a result of the above works prior to issue of the Construction Certificate. Copies of the permission shall be sent to Council. All works associated with the drilling and stressing of the ground anchors shall be installed in accordance with approved drawings. (Reason: Encroachment of works)

# 12. Stormwater to Street Drainage via Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)

Stormwater runoff from the site shall be collected and conveyed to the underground drainage system in Walter Street via a 375 mm RCP in accordance with Council's

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 5 of 33

specification. A grated drainage pit (min. 600mm x 600mm) shall be provided within the property and adjacent to the boundary prior to discharging to the Council's drainage system. In this regard, full design and construction details showing the method of disposal of surface and roof water from the site are to be submitted to Council for approval prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. (Reason: Prevent nuisance flooding)

# 13. Analysis of Outlet Condition

The capacity of the existing Council stormwater drainage system at the proposed connection of the outlet shall be hydraulically evaluated using the Hydraulic Grade Line method to ensure that no stormwater will be able to surcharge from Council's system to the proposed drainage system. Full engineering details of the hydraulic evaluations prepared and signed by a practising Civil Engineer shall be submitted to Council for consideration prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. (Reason: Prevent property damage)

# 14. Detailed Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP)

Submit for approval by the Accredited Certifier, detailed stormwater management plans in relation to the on-site stormwater management and disposal system for the development. The construction drawings and specifications shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer addressing the following:

- i. Details of an overflow weir/spillway with an overland flow path that directed to the street shall be provided. Calculations are to be provided on the stormwater plans showing that the overflow elements can cope with any 1 in 100 year ARI storm event.
- ii. Submit detailed roof plan (scale 1:100) showing inverted levels and locations of all downpipes, sizes and gradients of all drainage pipes. Stormwater runoff from all non-trafficable roof areas shall be directed to the required OSD system.
- ii. The OSD Design and Calculation Checklists shall be completed and signed by a suitably qualified professional engineer and submitted to Council. This is to ensure that the design of the proposed OSD system has been carried out in accordance with Council's DCP and Technical Standard No. 1 On-Site Detention.
- iii. Minimum of two (2) elevations showing the structure including the trash rack, step irons and orifice plates.
- iv. The layout of the proposed on-site detention (OSD) shall be shown on the stormwater plans. Finished surface levels within the OSD system shall be provided to enable an accurate assessment of the design storage capacity. The applicant shall in order to ensure that the finished level of the new driveway within the property has no impact to the proposed volume and layout of the OSD system.
- v. Stormwater runoff from all impervious areas (including roof areas, paving and driveways) must be drained to the OSD system by gravity. Council will allow the driveway runoff to be directed to the proposed pump -out system and then to the proposed OSD system.

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 6 of 33

- vi. Location and invert level of all downpipes shall be provided on plans demonstrating that no surcharge from downpipes would occur from the OSD system.
- vii. Minimum 300mm freeboard shall be provided for all habitable areas. As such, the placement of the OSD system underneath or above any habitable area is not supported.
- viii. All access grates to the OSD tank shall be minimum 600 mm x 900mm. Minimum two (2) open access grate shall be provided for the OSD tank to allow for ventilation and remote flushing of the tank floor.
- ix. Internal supporting walls must be minimised and minimum internal depth for the OSD system shall be 900mm for ease of maintenance. Typically internal walls shall only be considered for spans greater than three (3) metres.

All drawings shall comply with Part C.5 of Council's Development Control Plan and Technical Standards, AS3500.3 – *Plumbing and Drainage Code* and BCA. (Reason: Ensure Compliance)

# 15. Basement Pumpout Drainage System

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant shall submit, for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed stormwater management plans in relation to the pump-out drainage system. The construction drawings and specifications, shall be generally in accordance with the approved stormwater management plans with the following requirements:

- The pumpout drainage system shall comprise with two (2) submersible type pumps. The two pumps shall be designed to work on an alternative basis to ensure both pumps receive equal use and neither remains continuously idle.
- Each pump shall have a minimum capacity of 10L/s or shall be based on the flow rate generated from the 1 in 100 year ARI 5-minutes duration storm event of the area draining into the system, whichever is greater.
- An alarm warning device (including signage and flashing strobe light) shall be provided for the pump-out system to advise the occupant of pump failure. The location of the signage and flashing strobe light shall be shown on the stormwater management plans.
- The volume of the pump-out tank shall be designed with a minimum storage capacity equivalent to the runoff volume generated from of the area draining into the tank for the 1 in 100 year ARI 2-hours duration storm event.

All drawings shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer and shall comply with Part C.5 of Council's Development Control Plan, AS3500.3 – *Plumbing and Drainage Code* and the National Construction Code. (Reason: Prevent nuisance flooding)

# 16. Construction Management Plan (CMP)

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, submit, for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed Construction Management Plan (CMP). The CMP shall address:

- (a) Construction vehicles access to and egress from the site
- (b) Parking for construction vehicles
- (c) Locations of site office, accommodation and the storage of major materials

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 7 of 33

related to the project

- (d) Protection of adjoining properties, pedestrians, vehicles and public assets
- (e) Location and extent of proposed builder's hoarding and Work Zones
- (f) Tree protection management measures for all protected and retained trees. (Reason: Compliance)

# 17. Design of Works in Public Road (Roads Act Approval)

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate, the Applicant must submit, for approval by Council as a road authority, full design engineering plans and specifications prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer for the following infrastructure works:

- Construction of 1.2 metres footpath (max. 2.5% crossfall) for the full frontage of the site in Walter Street. All Adjustments to public utility services and associated construction works in the nature strip are to be at the full cost to the applicant. Detailed long section and cross sections at 5 metres interval shall be provided.
- Construction of new kerb and gutter for the full frontage of the development site in Walter Street with 5 metres wide road restoration. Detailed long sections and cross-section at 5m interval shall be provided.
- Construction of 5.5 new vehicular crossings in Walter Street. The design levels at the property boundary shall be in accordance with the driveway long sections.

The required plans must be designed in accordance with Council's specifications (AUS-SPEC). A minimum of three (3) weeks will be required for Council to assess the *Roads Act* submissions. Early submission is recommended to avoid delays in obtaining a Construction Certificate. For the purpose of inspections carried out by Council Engineers, the corresponding fees set out in Council's current *Fees and Charges Schedule* are payable to Council prior to issue of the approved plans. Approval must be obtained from Willoughby City Council as the road authority under the Roads Act 1993 for any proposed works in the public road prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

## 18. Splay Corner for Fence

In order to ensure adequate sight distances for pedestrians and traffic in the frontage road, the boundary fence shall be designed and constructed by either a  $2m \times 2.5m$  splay on both sides of the driveway exit. Details demonstrating compliance are to be submitted with the construction certificate application.

(Reason: Pedestrian safety)

### 19. Submit Long Section

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate, the applicant shall submit, for approval by the Accredited Certifier, longitudinal sections along <u>each side/edge</u> of the proposed vehicular access path drawn at <u>1:20 Scale</u>. The longitudinal sections shall be prepared by a suitably qualified civil engineer using B99 Ground Clearance Template from AS2890.1 and shall include the following: -

 Horizontal distance from the centreline of the road to the proposed parking slab, including provision of gutter crossing to be in accordance with Council's requirements and specifications.

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 8 of 33

- Both existing and proposed levels (in AHD) and gradients represented in percentage of the vehicular crossing and driveway.
- Crossfall on road pavement shall be shown on long sections.

The new vehicular crossing is to be 5.5 metres wide with no splays and be constructed at right angle to street kerb. The centreline of the new crossing shall be in-line with the centreline of the internal driveway.

For the design levels of the vehicular crossing at the property boundary, the following shall be complied with:

- At back of layback 100 mm above and parallel to the gutter invert.
- At property boundary 350 mm above and parallel to the gutter invert.

All driveway grades and transitions shall comply with AS 2890.1 -2004 and Council's specifications. The suitability of the grade of driveway inside the property is the sole responsibility of the applicant and the required alignment levels fixed by Council may impact upon these levels.

The longitudinal section must demonstrate that a maximum gradient of 5% has been provided for the first 6 metres from the property boundary into the basement and minimum clearance of 2.5 metres (clear from any proposed roller shutter or building above) at the basement entrance can be achieved to comply with AS2890.1.

## 20. Vehicle Access - Engineer's Certification

The Applicant shall submit, for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority, certification from a suitably qualified and experienced traffic engineer. This certification must be based on the architectural drawings and the structural drawings, and must make specific reference to the following:

- That finished driveway gradients and transitions will not result in the scraping of the underside of cars.
- a) That a maximum gradient of <u>5%</u> is provided for the first 6 metres from the property boundary to the basement.
- That the proposed vehicular path and parking arrangements comply in full with AS2890.1 – 2004 in terms of minimum dimensions provided,
- c) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.2 metres between the basement floor and any overhead obstruction is provided which complies with Section 5.3.1 of AS 2890.1 and Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- d) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.5 metres is provided to all parking spaces for people with disabilities which complies with Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- e) Minimum dimensions of 2.4m x 5.4m shared area shall be provided adjacent all disabled parking spaces to comply with AS2890.6. Bollards shall be provided at the location on each shared area specified in AS2890.6 which shall be clearly labelled and shown on plans.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

# 21. Geotechnical Report

Submit to the accredited certifier a geotechnical engineer's report of the proposed geotechnical works including excavation, piling, and shoring. The report shall

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 9 of 33

specifically address safety issues. A report from the Geotechnical Engineer shall be submitted to Council for record purposes. (Reason: Safety & Amenity)

#### 22. Internal Noise Levels Residential

To minimise the noise intrusion from any external noise source, the building shall be designed and constructed to comply with the following criteria with windows and doors closed:

Internal Space	Time Period	Criteria	
Living Areas	Any time	40 dB(A)	
Sleeping Areas	Day (7am - 10pm)	40 dB(A)	
10.10	Night (10pm - 7am)	35 dB(A)	

#### Note:

- The above criteria does not apply to kitchens, bathrooms, laundries, foyers, hallways, balconies or outdoor areas.
- The above criteria define the minimum acceptable levels. Buildings may be built to a better than average standard by applying more stringent criteria.

Certification from an appropriately qualified acoustic consultant that the building has been designed to meet this criteria shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

# 23. Building Ventilation

To ensure that adequate provision is made for ventilation of the building, mechanical and/or natural ventilation shall be provided. These shall be designed in accordance with the provisions of:

- a) The National Construction Code:
  - i) AS1668.1, AS1668.2 and AS3666.1 as applicable; and/or
  - ii) Alterative solution using an appropriate assessment method

Details of all mechanical ventilation and exhaust systems, and certification provided by an appropriately qualified person verifying compliance with these requirements, shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Health and compliance)

### 24. Hazardous Building Material Assessment

A hazardous building material assessment shall be undertaken by an appropriate qualified person and is to be submitted to the Certifying Authority for approval prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. The assessment shall identify any likely hazardous materials within any structure to be demolished and provide procedures on how to handle and dispose of such materials.

(Reason: Environmental protection/public health and safety)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 10 of 33

#### **Noise Mechanical Services** 25.

To minimise the impact of noise onto residential receivers, all mechanical services shall be designed and installed to ensure ambient noise levels are maintained. Details of the proposed equipment, siting and any attenuation required shall accompany the application for Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

#### PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT

The following conditions of consent have been imposed to ensure that the administration and amenities relating to the proposed development comply with all relevant requirements. All of these conditions are to be complied with prior to the commencement of any works on site.

#### Licensee Details 26.

The name, address and contractor licence number of the licensee who has contracted to carry out the work or the name and permit number of the owner-builder who intends to carry out the work shall be furnished in writing to the Certifying work. commencement Authority prior to NB: Should changes be made for the carrying out of the work the Certifying Authority must be immediately informed.

(Reason: Information)

#### **Building Site Hoarding** 27.

Prior to the commencement of work, a hoarding, complying with StateCover NSW requirements which is to be erected to restrict public access to the site (including demolition and/or excavation site), building works, materials or equipment. separate application is to be made to Council's Infrastructure Services Division for this purpose should the hoarding be located on Council property. (Reason: Safety)

#### Site Management 28.

A site Management Plan shall be submitted to and approved by the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work. The site management plan shall include the following measures as applicable.

- Details and contact telephone numbers of the owner, builder and developer;
- Location and construction details of protective fencing to the perimeter of the
- Location of site storage areas, sheds and equipment;
- Location of stored building materials for construction;
- Provisions for public safety;
- Dust control measures;
- Site access location and construction;
- Details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- Protective measurers for tree preservation;
- Provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- Location and size of waste containers and bulk bins;
- Soil and Water Management Plans (SWMP); comprising a site plan indicating the slope of land, access controls, location and type of sediment

Page 11 of 33 Reference: DA-2016/452

- controls and storage/control methods for material stockpiles;
- Construction noise and vibration management.

The site management measures shall be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and maintained during the construction period. A copy of the approved Site Management Plan shall be conspicuously displayed, maintained on site and be made available to the Certifying Authority/Council officers upon request. (Reason: Environment protection, public health and safety)

## 29. Dilapidation Report of Adjoining Properties

Prior to commencement of work, submit a photographic survey and report of the adjoining properties 29A, 29 & 19 Walter St Willoughby and Building adjoining the subject lots rear boundary at 14 Artarmon Road Willoughby to the Certifying Authority and all owners of these adjoining properties. Such photographic survey and report shall be prepared by a suitably qualified person, detailing the physical condition of these properties, both internal and external including items as walls, ceilings, roof, structural members and other items as necessary.

In the event of a property owner refusing to allow access to carry out the photographic survey, the proponent must demonstrate in writing to the Certifying Authority, and provide a copy to Council, that the purpose of the survey was made clear to the property owner and that reasonable attempts to obtain access were made.

(Reason: Protection of adjoining owners)

## 30. Dilapidation Report of Council's Property

Submit a dilapidation report including photographic record of Council's property extending to a distance of 50m from the development, detailing the physical condition of items such as, but not exclusively to, the footpath, roadway, nature strip, and any retaining walls.

The developer may be held liable to any recent damage to public infrastructure in the vicinity of the site, where such damage is not accurately recorded under the requirements of this condition prior to the commencement of works. In this regard, the damage deposit lodged by the applicant may be used by Council to repair such damage on Council's property.

This dilapidation report shall be submitted to Council and the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work.

(Reason: Protection of Council's infrastructure)

#### 31. Permits and Approvals Required

Application is to be made to Council's Infrastructure Services Division for the following approvals and permits as appropriate:-

- a) Permit to erect Builder's hoarding where buildings are to be erected or demolished within 3.50m of the street alignment. Applications are to include current fees and are to be received at least 21 days before commencement of the construction.
- b) Permit to stand mobile cranes and/or other major plant on public roads. Applications are to include current fees and security deposits and are to be

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 12 of 33

received at least seven days before the proposed use. It should be noted that the issue of such permits may also involve approval from the NSW Police Force and the RTA. A separate written application to work outside normal hours must be submitted for approval.

It should also be noted that, in some cases, the above Permits may be refused and temporary road closures required instead which may lead to longer delays due to statutory advertisement requirements.

- c) Permit to open public roads, including footpaths, nature strip, vehicular crossing or for any purpose whatsoever. All applications are to include current fees.
- d) Permit to place skip/waste bin on footpath and/or nature strip. (Maximum three (3) days).
- e) Permit to work and/or place building materials on footpath and/or nature strip. (Maximum two (2) weeks).
- f) Permit to establish Works Zone on Public Roads adjacent to the Development including use of footpath area. Applications must be received by Council at least twenty-one days prior to the zone being required. The application will then be referred to the Council's Local Traffic Committee for approval, which may include special conditions.
- Permit to construct vehicular crossings over Council's footpath, road or nature strip.

(Reason: Legal requirements)

### 32. Application for Vehicle crossing

Submit an application with fees to Council for the construction of a plain concrete vehicular crossing.

(Reason: Protection of public asset)

#### 33. Spoil Route Plan

Submit a "to and from" spoil removal route plan to Council prior to the commencement of excavation on the site. Such a route plan should show entry and exit locations of all truck movements.

(Reason: Public amenity)

### 34. Garbage Rooms

Garbage rooms must be large enough to store the generated waste from the proposed uses and allowance should be made for separation of putrescible waste from waste suitable for recycling. The garbage room is not to be smaller than 5000mm x 4000mm, have a 2400mm ceiling height, with a door entry width not less than 2200mm.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 13 of 33

# **DURING DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION**

The following conditions are to be complied with throughout the course of site works including demolition, excavation and construction.

#### 35. Hours of Work

All construction/demolition work relating to this Development Consent within the City, unless varied by an Out of Hours Work Permit, must be carried out only between the hours of 7 am to 5 pm Mondays to Fridays and 7 am to 12 noon on Saturdays. No work is permitted on Sundays or Public Holidays.

An application for an Out of Hours Work Permit to allow variation to these approved hours must be lodged with Council at least 48 hours prior to the proposed commencement of the work. The application must include a statement regarding the reasons for the variation sought, the type of work/s to be carried out, the additional time required, the anticipated impact upon the local amenity and how this will be minimized, and must be accompanied by the required fee. One (1) permit is required for each variation to the approved working hours within any 24 hour period.

If a variation to these approved hours for multiple or extended periods is sought, an application under Section 96 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 must be lodged with Council at least twenty-one (21) days in advance of the proposed changes to the hours of work. The application must include a statement regarding the reasons for the variation sought, the type of work/s to be carried out, the additional time required, the anticipated impact upon the local amenity and how this will be minimized, and be accompanied by the required fee. Note: This S96 application may require re-notification in some circumstances.

(Reason: Ensure compliance and amenity)

## 36. Construction Information Sign

A clearly visible all weather sign is required to be erected in a prominent position on the site detailing:

- (a) that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited;
- (b) the excavator's and / or the demolisher's and / or the builder's name;
- (c) contact phone number/after hours emergency number;
- (d) licence number;
- (e) approved hours of site work; and
- (f) name, address and contact phone number of the Certifying Authority (if other than Council)

ANY SUCH SIGN IS TO BE REMOVED WHEN THE WORK HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

Council may allow exceptions where normal use of the building/s concerned will continue with ongoing occupation, or the works approved are contained wholly within the building.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 37. Building Site Fencing

Public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 14 of 33

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5m). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8m and be constructed of cyclone wire or similar with fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control.

Fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible. All parts of the fence, including the fencing blocks shall be located wholly within the property boundaries.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place and be maintained throughout construction.

(Reason: Safety)

#### 38. Provide Erosion and Sediment Control

Erosion and sediment control devices shall be provided wholly within the site whilst work is being carried out in order to prevent sediment and silt from site works (including demolition and/or excavation) being conveyed by stormwater into Council's stormwater system natural watercourses, bushland and neighbouring properties. In this regard, all stormwater discharge from the site shall meet the requirements of the Protection of Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water guidelines. The control devices are to be maintained in a serviceable condition AT ALL TIMES.

(Reason: Environmental protection)

#### 39. Suitable Screens

Suitable screens and/or barricades shall be erected during demolition and building work and where required by the Certifying Authority to reduce the emission of noise, dust, water effluent or other matter from the site.

(Reason: Maintain amenity to adjoining properties)

#### 40. Suitable Barricades

Suitable barricades shall be erected during building works on Councils footpath and where directed by the Certifying Authority and/or Council to protect pedestrians using the footpath.

(Reason: Public safety)

### 41. Demolition Work AS 2601-2001

Any demolition must be carried out in accordance with AS 2601 - 2001, The demolition of structures.

(Reason: Safety)

#### 42. Suitable Footpath Crossing Provided

Adequate provision is to be made to ensure that a suitable footpath crossing is provided to the site so as to allow safe pedestrian access along the footpath area at all times.

(Reason: Protection of public safety)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 15 of 33

#### 43. Access to Site

During Demolition, Excavation and Construction, access to the site is to be available in all weather conditions, and stabilised to prevent vehicles tracking soil materials onto public roads.

(Reason: Environmental protection)

#### 44. Wash Down and Shaker Areas

During Demolition, Excavation and Construction, wash down and shaker areas are to be provided with facilities for the collection and treatment of waste water. (Reason: Environmental protection)

## 45. Asbestos Sign to be Erected

On sites involving demolition or alterations and additions to building where asbestos cement is being repaired, removed or disposed of a standard commercially manufactured sign not less than 400mm x 300mm containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" is to be erected in a prominent visible position on the site. The sign is to be erected prior to the commencement of works and is to remain in place until such time as all asbestos cement has been removed from the site to an approved waste facility.

(Reason: Public Health and safety/Ensure compliance)

# 46. Neighbour Notification of Asbestos Removal

The applicant/builder is to notify the adjoining residents five working days prior to demolition works involving removal of asbestos. Such notification is to be clearly written, giving the date work will commence, Work Cover NSW phone number 131 050, Councils phone number 9777 1000.

This notification is to be placed in the letterbox of every property (including every residential flat or unit) either side and immediately at the rear of the site. (Reason: Public health)

#### 47. Asbestos Removal

Works involving the removal of asbestos must comply with Councils Policy on handling and disposal of asbestos, and must also comply with the Code of Practice for Safe Removal of Asbestos (National Occupational Health and Safety Commission 2012 (1994).

Demolition is to be carried out in accordance with the applicable provisions of Australian Standard AS 2601 – The Demolition of Structures. (Reason: Public health and safety/Ensure compliance)

### 48. Asbestos Disposal

All asbestos laden waste, including bonded or friable asbestos must be disposed of at a waste disposal site approved by the NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water.

Upon completion of the asbestos removal and disposal the applicant must furnish the Certifying Authority with a copy of all receipts issued by the waste disposal site as evidence of proper disposal.

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 16 of 33

(Reason: Environmental protection/Public health and safety)

#### 49. Survey Certificate

Certification of the following shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority by a registered surveyor:

- a) Prior to the construction of footings or first completed floor slab (i.e. prior to pouring of concrete) showing the area of the land, building under construction and boundary setbacks;
- At completion indicating the relation of the building and any projections to the boundaries, and that the building has been erected to the levels approved in the Development Application.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### 50. Road and Footpath

Council's footpath, nature strip or roadway not being damaged and shall be kept clear at all times.

(Reason: Maintain public safety)

#### 51. No Storage on Foot/Roadway

Building materials, plant and equipment and builder's waste, are not to be placed or stored at any time on Council's footpath, nature strip or roadway adjacent to building sites unless prior written approval has been granted by Council.

(Reason: Safety)

#### 52. Skips and Bins

Rubbish skips or bins are not to be placed on Council's footpath, nature strip or roadway unless prior written approval has been granted by Council. (Reason: Safety)

#### **Excavations and Backfilling** 53.

All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely, and must be properly guarded and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property.

(Reason: Safety)

#### 54. **Excess or Waste Concrete**

Excess or waste concrete from mobile concrete agitators or concrete pumping equipment shall not be washed down, spilled or disposed of onto the road reserve, Council's stormwater system, road, pavement, reserves or Council land.

(Reason: Environmental protection)

#### 55. **Temporary Toilet Facilities**

Temporary toilet facilities shall be provided to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

Page 17 of 33 Reference: DA-2016/452

The provision of toilet facilities must be completed before any other work is commenced on site. NOTE: Portable toilet facilities are not permitted to be placed on public areas without prior approval having been obtained from Council. (Reason: Health and amenity)

# Sweep & Clean Pavement

Sweep and clean pavement surface adjacent to the ingress and egress points of earth, mud and other materials at all times and in particular at the end of each working day or as directed by Council.

(Reason: Legal requirement)

## 57. Street Signs

56.

The applicant is responsible for the protection of all regulatory / parking / street signs fronting the property. Any damaged or missing street signs as a consequence of the development and associated construction works are to be replaced at full cost to the applicant.

(Reason: Protection of public assets)

#### 58. Tree Protection

i) Retain and protect the following trees and vegetation throughout the demolition and construction period: All trees not indicated for removal on Landscape Plan – Ground Level Dwg No. LP-02 Revision D dated 04/11/2016 prepared by John Lock & Associates

ii) The above trees must be clearly marked and protection devices in place to

prevent soil compaction and machinery damage.

Tree roots greater than 50mm diameter are not to be removed unless approved by a qualified arborist on site.

iv) All structures are to bridge roots unless directed by a qualified arborist on

site.

v) Tree protection measures must comply with the AS 4970-2009 Protection of trees on development sites with particular reference to Section 4 Tree Protection Measures

(Reason: Tree management)

#### 59. Public Tree Protection

Unless identified by the development consent, no tree roots over 50mm diameter are to be damaged or cut and all structures are to be bridged over such roots.

Should any problems arise with regard to the existing or proposed trees on public land during the construction or bond period, the applicant is to immediately Contact Council's Open Space section and resolve the matter to Council's satisfaction.

(Reason: Tree management)

# 60. Storage of Materials on Council Land Prohibited

The dumping or storage of building materials, spoil, vegetation, green waste, or any other material in the Council reserve is prohibited.

(Reason: Safety, environmental protection)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 18 of 33

### 61. Unexpected Finds Protocol

An unexpected finds contingency plan should be incorporated into site redevelopment works. In the event that previously unidentified contaminated soils or materials are identified during site redevelopment, works should cease in the immediate vicinity and the affected area isolated to minimise disturbance. A suitably qualified contaminated site consultant should be engaged to assess the degree, type and extent of contamination and establish a suitable remediation plan. The Site Manager/landowner shall notify Council in writing when they become aware of any contamination.

(Reason: Environment & Health Protection)

#### 62. Waste Classification – Excavation Materials

All materials excavated and removed from the site (fill or natural) shall be classified in accordance with the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) Waste Classification Guidelines prior to being disposed of to a NSW approved landfill or to a recipient site. (Reason: Environment and health protection)

#### 63. Hazardous Materials - Clearance Certificate

Following completion of the removal of any identified hazardous material associated with demolition works, a clearance certificate shall be issued by an appropriately qualified occupational hygienist and submitted to the Certifying Authority. The clearance certificate shall verify that the site is free from any hazardous materials from the demolished buildings.

(Reason: Health and safety)

### 64. Unexpected Finds Protocol

An unexpected finds contingency plan should be incorporated into site redevelopment works. In the event that previously unidentified contaminated soils or materials are identified during site redevelopment, works should cease in the immediate vicinity and the affected area isolated to minimise disturbance. A suitably qualified contaminated site consultant should be engaged to assess the degree, type and extent of contamination and establish a suitable remediation plan. The Site Manager/landowner shall notify Council in writing when they become aware of any contamination.

(Reason: Environment & Health Protection)

#### 65. Importation of Fill

Any material to be imported onto the site for levelling, construction or engineering purposes must satisfy the Office of Environment & Heritage (OEH) requirements for virgin excavated natural material (VENM), or excavated natural material (ENM). The determination of VENM or ENM must be made by suitable qualified consultant. Precertification of the imported material shall be made and details made available to Council upon request.

(Reason: Environment & Health Protection)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 19 of 33

#### 66. Dust Control

The following measures must be taken to control the emission of dust:

- Dust screens must be erected around the perimeter of the site and be kept in good repair for the duration of the work.
- b) Any existing accumulation of dust (e.g. in ceiling voids and wall cavities) must be removed using an industrial vacuum cleaner fitted with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter.
- c) All dusty surfaces must be wet down and any dust created must be suppressed by means of a fine water spray. Water used for dust suppression must not be allowed to enter the street or stormwater system.
- All stockpiles of materials that are likely to generate dust must be kept damp or covered.
- e) Demolition work must not be carried out during high winds, which may cause dust to spread beyond the boundaries of the site.

(Reason: Amenity)

#### 67. Construction Noise

Construction noise shall be controlled to comply with the requirements as set out in the EPA Interim Construction Noise Guideline. Noise levels shall not exceed the rated background level by more than 10dB(A) at the most sensitive receiver during the standard construction hours. A noise monitoring plan shall be implemented during construction. Where noise levels may be exceeded appropriate measures to control excessive noise shall be implemented immediately. (Reason: Amenity)

#### PRIOR TO OCCUPATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

The following conditions of consent must be complied with prior to the issue of an occupation certificate.

### 68. Section 73 Compliance Certificate

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate. Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator, for details see Customer Service, Urban Development at www.sydneywater.com.au or telephone 13 20 92.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to the Certifying Authority. (Reason: Ensure statutory compliance)

#### 69. Street Numbering

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, written application shall be made to the Geospatial Services Section of Council for the allocation of street numbering for each of the newly created strata lots and/or allotments. Documentary evidence of the allocated numbering issued by Council is to be lodged with the Subdivision Certificate Application and Linen Plans.

(Reason: Ensure compliance with Council street numbering policy)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 20 of 33

#### Fire Safety Certificate Forwarded to NSW Fire and Rescue 70.

Prior to the issue of the Final Occupation Certificate and upon completion of the building work, a Fire Safety Certificate shall be furnished by the owner to Council, and the owner must cause a copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be forwarded to the Commissioner of New South Wales Fire and Rescue, and must cause a further copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be prominently displayed in the building in accordance with Clause 172 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 in respect to each essential fire safety measure included in the Schedule attached to the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Safety)

#### 71. Registration of Plan of Consolidation

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all individual allotments involved in the development site shall be consolidated into a single allotment and evidence of the registration of the plan of consolidation to be submitted to Council. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 72. Safer by Design

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and to minimise the opportunity for crime and in accordance with CPTED principles, the development shall incorporate the following:

- In order to maintain a safe level of visibility for pedestrians within the i. development, adequate lighting to AS1158 is to be provided to all common areas including the basement car park, common open space and any common stair access to these areas and pedestrian routes, particularly including the waste storage areas.
  - This lighting shall ensure consistency to avoid contrasts between areas of shadow/illumination and preferably be solar powered and with an automatic/timed switching mechanism, motion sensor or equivalent for energy efficiency. Such lighting shall be installed and directed in such a manner so as to ensure that no nuisance is created for surrounding properties or to drivers on surrounding streets. Car parking lighting system is to be controlled by sensors to save energy during periods of no occupant usage.
- The ceiling and vertical structures of the basement parking area shall be ii. painted white (or equivalent) in order to ensure good visibility, surveillance and less reliance on artificial lighting lux levels.
- The design, installation and maintenance of landscaping (and associated iii. works) within pedestrian routes around the site (and adjacent to mailboxes) shall not impede visibility and clear sight lines along the pedestrian footway from one end to the other.
- The means to isolate the residential and commercial components of the iv. building shall be incorporated into the development, including the security keying of lifts and doors and other measures for access control.
- Walls/screens between balconies shall be designed to avoid foot holes or natural ladders so as to prevent access between balconies/terraces within the development.

Page 21 of 33 Reference: DA-2016/452

- vi. Adequate signage within the development to identify facilities, entry/exit points and direct movement within the development.
- vii. A small portion of each storage area shall be of solid construction (i.e. Cupboard.

(Reason: Safety and surveillance, energy efficiency, amenity)

# 73. Services - Electricity Supply and Telecommunication Mains

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all existing and proposed electricity supplies and telecommunication mains and services around the perimeter of the site shall be relocated underground to the satisfaction of the relevant utility provider and Willoughby City Council at the full cost of the applicant. (Reason: Compliance)

#### 74. Services - Mailboxes

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all mail boxes provided on site shall comply with the requirements of 'Australia Post' in terms of size, location, numbering and clearing. Details of the requirements can be obtained from Australia Post or from their web site. Letter boxes for adaptable dwellings shall comply with AS 4299 Cl 3.8. (Reason: Legal)

# 75. Residential Flat Building - Clothes to be Dried in the Open Air

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, where provision is made to enable clothes to be dried in the open air, this clothes drying area shall be screened by a fence or landscaping on the sides visible from public areas. (Reason: Amenity)

#### 76. Residential Flat Building - Service Facilities

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the following shall apply to the development:

- Electricity and telephone lines must be placed underground from the street to the building.
- ii. One storage area shall be allocated to each unit.
- iii. A master TV antenna or satellite dish is to be provided for the building. This shall suitably screened from view from the street.
- All plumbing pipes and installations must be concealed in ducts and not exposed on the external walls of the building and must be adequately soundproofed.
- Secure bicycle parking facilities shall be provided in accordance with Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C. 4 and designed in accordance with AS2890.3.

(Reason: Ensure compliance, streetscape and amenity)

### 77. Residential Flat Building - Screening of Rooftop Plant/Structures

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, any rooftop or exposed structures including lift motor rooms, plant rooms etc., together with air conditioning, ventilation

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 22 of 33

and exhaust systems, shall be suitably screened and integrated with the building in order to ensure a properly integrated overall appearance. (Reason: Visual amenity)

#### Affordable Housing - Fittings and Finishes 78.

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the affordable housing dwellings have the internal fittings and finishes at the same standard as the other dwellings within the development and in accordance with the schedule endorsed by Council.

Any costs associated with bringing the affordable housing dwellings to the standards required are to be borne by the applicant. (Reason: Amenity)

#### 79. Grated Box Drain

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and for stormwater control, a 325 mm wide grated trench drain with a heavy duty removable galvanised grate is to be provided in front of the garage door/basement parking slab to collect driveway runoff. The trench drain shall be connected to the main drainage system and must have an outlet of minimum diameter 150mm to prevent blockage by silt and debris. (Reason: Proper disposal of stormwater)

#### 80. **On-site Water Management System**

The stormwater runoff from the site shall be collected and disposed of via an approved OSD system with a minimum storage volume of 59 m3 in accordance with Sydney Water's requirements, the NSW Code of Practice - Plumbing and Drainage, Council's DCP and Technical Standards. The construction of the stormwater drainage system of the proposed development shall be generally in accordance with the approved design stormwater management plans and Council's specification (AUS-SPEC).

(Reason: Prevent nuisance flooding)

#### 81. Sign for On Site Detention System

An aluminium plaque measuring no less than 400mm x 200mm is to be permanently attached and displayed within the immediate vicinity of the OSD system.

The wording for the plaque shall state "This is the OSD system required by Willoughby City Council. It is an offence to alter any part of the system without written consent from Council. The registered proprietor shall keep the system in good working order by regular maintenance including removal of debris".

(Reason: Prevent unlawful alteration)

#### 82. Confined Space Sign

Securely install a standard confined space danger sign in a prominent location within the immediate vicinity of access grate of the OSD system. (Reason: Safe access

Page 23 of 33 Reference: DA-2016/452

### 83. Certification of OSD

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer (generally CP Eng. Qualification) shall certify on Council's standard certification form that the as-built OSD system is in accordance with the approved plans and complies with Council's DCP and Technical Standards. Council's standard certification form is available in the appendix of Council's Technical Standard No.2. (Reason: Legal requirement)

# 84. Certification of the Basement Pumpout Drainage System

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and upon completion of the pump-out system, the following shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority.

 A suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer (generally CP Eng. Qualification) shall certify that the as-built pumpout system complies with Part C5 of Council's DCP, all relevant codes and standards and the approved stormwater management plans.

Work-as-executed plans based on the approved pump-out system plans from a
registered surveyor to verify that the volume of storage and pump capacity are
in accordance with design requirements. Any minor changes or variations to the
approved plans should be highlighted in red on the approved pump-out system
plans.

 Certification from a licensed plumber to ensure that the constructed pump-out system complies with the current plumbing requirements of Sydney Water and Committee on Uniformity of Plumbing and Drainage Regulations of NSW.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### 85. Works-As-Executed Plans - OSD

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and upon completion of the OSD System, the following shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority:

 Work-as-Executed plans based on the approved stormwater management plans from a registered surveyor to verify that the volume of storage, PSD, water and floor levels are constructed in accordance with design requirements. Any minor changes or variations to the approved plans should be highlighted in red on the approved stormwater plans.

 Engineer's certification of the OSD system together with the completed Council's standard form for On-Site Detention Record of Installation.

(Reason: Record of works)

### 86. S88B/S88E(3) Instrument

Create Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land on the Title in favour of Council as the benefiting authority for the as-built OSD system. The standard wording of the terms of the Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land are available in Council's Technical Standards.

The above instruments shall be created under Section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 for newly created lots. For an existing lot, the instruments can be created under Section 88E(3) of the Conveyancing Act 1919 using Form 13PC and 13RPA respectively. The relative location of the OSD system, in relation to the building footprint, must be shown on the final plan of subdivision/strata plan or must be shown on the scale sketch, attached as an annexure to the request 13PC and 13RPA forms. The S88B instrument or 13PC/13RPA forms shall be lodged with Council's Standard

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 24 of 33

S88B/S88E Lodgement Form with all supporting documentations listed in the Form. Council's Standard Form is available from Council upon requested.

Documentary evidence of registration of these instruments with the Land and Property Information shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Maintenance requirement)

# 87. Documentary Evidence of Positive Covenant, Engineers Certificate

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the following documentary evidence of the completed drainage works shall be submitted to Certifying Authority and Council: -

- Registered Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land by way of the Title Deed.
- Certification from a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer (generally CP Eng. Qualification) for the as-built OSD system and/or plumber's certification of the as-built rainwater reuse system.
- Work-as-Executed plans highlighting in red based on the approved stormwater management plans from a registered surveyor for the as-built OSD system and/or rainwater reuse system.

(Reason: Public record)

# 88. Splay Corner for Fence

In order to ensure adequate sight distances for pedestrians and traffic in the frontage road, the boundary fence shall be designed and constructed by a 2m x 2.5m splay on both sides of the driveway exit.

(Reason: Pedestrian safety)

#### 89. Construction of Kerb & Gutter

Construct new kerb and gutter together with any necessary associated pavement restoration in accordance with Council's specification for the full frontage of the development site with associated pavement restoration 5 metre wide in Walter Street.

(Reason: Public amenity)

#### 90. Concrete Footpath

Construct a 1.2 m wide concrete footpath for the full frontage of the development site in Walter Street. All works shall be carried out in accordance with Council's standard specification and drawings.

(Reason: Public amenity)

#### 91. Vehicular Crossing

Construct a new vehicular crossing including the replacement of the existing layback and/or gutter and any associated road restoration as directed by Council's Engineers. All works shall be carried out in accordance with Council's specification AUS-SPEC C271 and Council's Standard Drawing SD105 - Council Vehicular Footpath Crossing and Kerb and Gutter details and any approved longitudinal sections. A separate application for the crossing including current fees and charges is to be submitted for approval by Council.

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 25 of 33

The crossing is to be 5.5 metres wide with no splays and is to be constructed at right angles to the street kerb in plain concrete. The new crossing shall be located no closer than 1 metre from any power pole and 2 metres from any street tree unless otherwise approved by Council. The centreline of the new crossing shall be "in-line" with the centreline of the parking space(s).

For the design levels of the vehicular crossing at the property boundary, the following shall be complied with:

- At back of layback 100 mm above and parallel to the gutter invert.
- At property boundary 350mm above and parallel to the gutter invert.

The footpath which forms part of the proposed crossing shall have a maximum crossfall of 2.5%. The nature strip, natural rock face and footpath are to be adjusted for a minimum distance of 8 metres on both sides of the crossing to suit the new levels.

The suitability of the grade of driveway inside the property is the sole responsibility of the applicant and the required alignment levels fixed by Council may impact upon these levels.

All adjustments to the nature strip, footpath and/or public utilities' mains and services as a consequence of the development and any associated construction works shall be carried out at the full cost to the Applicant. All driveway grades and transitions must comply with AS/NZS 2890.1.

<u>Vehicular Crossing Formwork Inspection Sheet</u> shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Public amenity)

### 92. Removal of Redundant Crossings

Remove all redundant crossings together with any necessary works and reinstate the footpath, nature strip and kerb and gutter accordingly. Such work shall be carried out in accordance with Council's specification.

Vehicular Crossing Formwork Inspection Sheet shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Public amenity)

### 93. Inspection of Civil Works on Road Reserves

All required road pavement, footpath, kerb and gutter, drainage works and/or any necessary associated works on the road reserve shall be completed in accordance with the Council approved drawings, conditions and specification (AUS-SPEC).

Pursuant to Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993, all works carried out on the road reserve shall be inspected and approved by Council's Engineer. Upon completion, Work-as-Executed drawings prepared by a registered surveyor shall be submitted to Council for record purposes. A completion certificate shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 26 of 33

#### 94. Performance Bond

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the Applicant shall lodge with the Council a performance bond of \$35,000 against defective public civil works undertaken by the main Contractor for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of the completion certificate issued by Council as the road authority under the Roads Act 1993. The bond shall be lodged in the form of a cash deposit, cheque or unconditional bank guarantee which will be refundable subject to the approval of Council's Engineers at the end of the maintenance period. In this period, the Applicant is liable for any part of the work which fails to achieve the design specifications. Council shall be given full authority to make use of the bond for such restoration works within the maintenance period as deemed necessary.

(Reason: Ensure compliance and specification)

### 95. Turfing of Nature Strip

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and in the event of damages to the grass verge during works, trim the strip of land between the property boundary and the road, spread topsoil on top of the trimmed surface and lay approved turfing on the prepared surfaces. The turf shall be protected from vehicular traffic and kept watered until established.

(Reason: Public amenity)

### 96. Completion of Landscape Works

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the approved landscape works shall be consistent with the approved design, completed to a professional standard, consistent with industry best practice and published standards.

(Reason: Landscape amenity)

#### 97. Tree Planting

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, trees are to be planted in accordance with the following table:

No. Required	Species	Location	Min Pot Size
All trees	As indicated on Landscape Plan – Ground Level Dwg No. LP-02 Revision D dated 04/11/2016 prepared by John Lock & Associates	Landscape Plan	As indicated on the Landscape Plan

(Reason: Landscape amenity)

#### 98. Sound Level Output Certification

The sound level output from the equipment installed for the operation of the building shall not exceed 5dBA above the ambient background noise level measured at the boundaries of the property in accordance with the current Environment Protection Authority (EPA) guidelines for noise assessment. Certification of the level of sound output is to be provided by an appropriately qualified acoustical Consultant to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Final Occupation Certificate.

(Reason: Amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 27 of 33

### 99. Noise Emission - Equipment

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified acoustic engineer certifying that the noise from all sound producing plant, equipment, machinery and/or mechanical ventilation system complies with the relevant noise criteria.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

### 100. Acoustic Treatment - Certification

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified acoustic engineer certifying that the acoustic treatment of the building complies with the construction details approved and the relevant design noise criteria.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

#### 101. Certification - Ventilation

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified mechanical engineer certifying that all work associated with the installation of the mechanical and/or natural ventilation systems has been carried out in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards and or alternative solution. (Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

### 102. Waste & Recycling Room

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the waste and recycling container room shall be constructed to comply with all the relevant provisions of Willoughby Development Control Plan and in particular:-

- a) The floor being graded and drained to an approved drainage outlet connected to the sewer and having a smooth, even surface, coved at all intersections with walls.
- The walls being cement rendered to a smooth, even surface and coved at all intersections.
- c) Cold water being provided in the room with the outlet located in a position so that it cannot be damaged and a hose fitted with a nozzle being connected to the outlet.
- d) An overhead type door being provided to the room having a clear opening of not less than 1.8m.
- A galvanised steel bump rail at least 50 mm clear of the wall being provided at the height of the most prominent part of the garbage containers.
- f) Mobile containers having a capacity calculated in accordance with Part C.8.4.7 of the Willoughby Development Control Plan and suitable for connection to the garbage collection vehicle being provided in the room. In addition suitable recycling containers must also be provided in the room.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 28 of 33

#### ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

The following conditions have been applied to ensure that the use of the land and/or building is carried out in such a manner that is consistent with the aims and objectives of the planning instrument affecting the land, and relevant legislation.

#### 103. Ground Levels

The finished ground levels external to the building are to be consistent with the development consent and are not to be raised.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 104. Erection Wholly within the Boundaries

All works (with the exception of any works approved under S138 of the Roads Act 1993) including footings, shall be erected wholly within the boundaries of the property.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 105. On-site Car Parking

The on-site car parking provision of thirty five (35) car parking spaces including seven (7) visitor car parking space and two (2) motorbike spaces must be physically identified on site and signposted.

Any visitor parking bays required in accordance with Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C.4, are to be grouped together and physically identified by suitable signs and/or pavement and being permanently accessible and reserved for the exclusive use of visitors to the premises.

On any subsequent strata subdivision of the approved development, the car parking spaces of the approved must not be separate allotments, but part allotments and are to be allocated on the following basis 1 car space per residential unit.

All visitor spaces must be part of the common property on any strata subdivision of the approved development.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

#### 106. Security Controlled Car Parking

Should any security controlled car parking arrangement be introduced for the residential visitor, commercial, retail and community facility spaces, a visitor voucher or similar system is to be used to enable free access and parking for the tenants/visitors.

(Reason: Amenity)

### 107. Motor Cycle Parking

One motorcycle parking space per 25 car parking spaces or part thereof must be provided for motor cycle parking. These spaces are to have an area of 1.2 metres x 3 metres.

(Reason: Amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 29 of 33

### 108. Cycle Racks

110.

Prior to the issue of the occupation certificate, the development must provide three (3) bicycle rack and three (3) bicycle lockers for the use of residents/visitors of the approved development.

(Reason: Alternative Transport)

### 109. Loading and Unloading

All loading and unloading to the development is to be conducted wholly within the site. Under no circumstances are loading/unloading activities to be conducted from vehicles standing kerbside in Walter Street.

A plan of management with safety and traffic control measures must be prepared for any waste management and removalist activities to occur at the site, including any temporary measures to control vehicles entering and exiting the site when a vehicle is obstructed the vehicular entry. Any waste management and removalist activities to occur at the site and obstruct the vehicular entry must be completed within 15 minutes.

The plan of management must be incorporated in any building management plan and or strata management plan for the approved development. (Reason: Access and amenity)

# Vehicular Access and Garaging

Driveways and vehicular access ramps shall be designed to provide adequate ground clearance to the underside of B85 vehicles. In all respects, the proposed vehicle access and/or parking spaces shall be designed and constructed to comply with the minimum requirements of AS/NZS 2890.1 and Council's standard specification.

(Reason: Vehicular access)

#### 111. Underground Utility Services

Locate and establish the size and levels of all utility services in the footpath and road reserve. Contact "Dial Before You Dig" Service" prior to commencement of any works.

All adjustments to public utilities' mains and services as a consequence of the development and associated construction works shall be at the full cost to the applicant.

(Reason: Protection of utilities)

#### 112. Public Infrastructure Restoration

Prior to the release of the Damage Deposit, any damaged public infrastructure caused as a result of the construction works on the subject site (including damage caused by, but not limited to , delivery vehicles, waste collection, contractors, subcontractors, concrete delivery vehicles) must be fully repaired in accordance with Council's specification and AUS-SPEC at no cost to Council.

(Reason: Protection of public assets)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 30 of 33

#### 113. Vehicle Access - Construction & Certification

The Applicant shall submit, for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority, certification from a suitably qualified and experienced traffic engineer. This certification must be based on a site inspection of the constructed vehicle access and accommodation areas, with dimensions measurements as necessary, and must make specific reference to the following:

- a) That the as-constructed carpark complies with the approved Construction Certificate plans,
- a) That a maximum gradient of <u>5%</u> has been provided for the first 6 metres from the property boundary to the basement.
- b) That finished driveway gradients and transitions will not result in the scraping of the underside of cars.
- c) All parking spaces are open type with no partitions.
- That the as-constructed vehicular path and parking arrangements comply in full with AS2890.1 – 2004 in terms of minimum dimensions provided,
- e) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.2 metres has been provided between the basement floor and any overhead obstruction to comply with Section 5.3.1 of AS 2890.1 and Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- f) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.5 metres has been provided to all parking spaces for people with disabilities to comply with Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- g) That the headroom clearance of minimum 4.5 metres has been provided for the loading area for medium rigid vehicles which complies with AS2890.2.
- h) Minimum dimensions of 2.4m x 5.4m shared area shall be provided adjacent all disabled parking spaces to comply with AS2890.6. Bollards shall be provided at the location on each shared area specified in AS2890.6 which shall be clearly labelled and shown on plans.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

#### 114. Trees on Adjoining Properties

No approval is given for the removal or pruning of trees on the nature strip, adjoining reserves, or neighbouring private land.

(Reason: Environmental protection)

#### 115. Noise Control - Offensive Noise

To minimise the noise impact on the surrounding environment, the use of the premises, building services, equipment, machinery and ancillary fittings shall not give rise to an "offensive noise" as defined under the provisions of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

(Reason: Amenity)

### 116. Waste Materials

No waste materials are to be stored outside the approved waste storage area at any time. The garbage receptacles are not to be used for the disposal of any type of liquid waste.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 31 of 33

#### 117. Refuse Collection Point

A suitable refuse collection point, adjacent to the garbage room(s), must be provided within the building envelope. The loading operation, including the movement of garbage receptacle must take place on a level surface away from gradients and vehicle ramps. No waste/recycling is to be placed on the public footpaths, roadways, plazas, reserves or building colonnade areas, at any time. All garbage receptacles must be returned to the garbage storage area within the property after the bins are serviced.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

# 118. Waste Management

a) Bins must be regularly cleaned (every 3-6 months).

b) Bins must be returned to bin room as soon as practicable after the servicing of the bins.

c) All bins must be presented at the kerbside for collection. The building manager/cleaner is responsible for presenting bins for collection and returning bins to the bin rooms.

(Reason: Health and Amenity)

#### PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS

The following conditions are prescribed by S80A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act for developments involving building work.

# 119. Compliance with National Construction Code

All building works must be carried out in accordance with the performance requirements of the National Construction Code. (Reason: Compliance)

# 120. Support for Neighbouring Buildings

- (1) If development involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building, structure or work (including any structure or work within a road or rail corridor) on an adjoining property, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense:
  - a) protect and support the building, structure or work from possible damage from the excavation, and
  - if necessary, underpin and support the building, structure or work to prevent any such damage, and
  - c) must, at least 7 days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, give notice of intention to do so to the owner of the adjoining allotment of land and furnish particulars of the excavation to the owner of the building being erected or demolished.
- (2) The owner of the adjoining allotment of land is not liable for any part of the cost of work carried out for the purposes of this clause, whether carried out on the allotment of land being excavated or on the adjoining allotment of land.
- (3) In this clause, "allotment of land" includes a public road and any other public place.

(Reason: Safety)

Reference: DA-2016/452

#### STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The following advisory notes are statutory requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act and the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulations and are provided to assist applicants

### 121. Construction Certificate Required

This consent IS NOT an approval to carry out any building works (with the exception of demolition work). A Construction Certificate is required PRIOR TO ANY BUILDING WORKS BEING COMMENCED.

Enquiries regarding the issue of a construction certificate can be made to Council's Customer Service Centre on 9777 1000.

(Reason: Ensure compliance and statutory requirement)

# 122. Notify Council of Intention to Commence Works

In accordance with the provisions of Clause 81A(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 the person having the benefit of the development consent shall appoint a Certifying Authority and give at least 2 days' notice to Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence the erection of the building. (Reason: Information and ensure compliance)

### 123. Occupation Certificate

The building/structure or part thereof shall not be occupied or used until an interim occupation / final occupation certificate has been issued in respect of the building or part.

(Reason: Safety)

Reference: DA-2016/452 Page 33 of 33



# PLANNING & INFRASTRUCTURE **Planning Unit**

1 February 2017

# Notice of Determination of a Development Application

Issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Section 81(1)(a)

Development Consent DA-2016/210 (W)

Description of Land: 5-9 WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY NSW 2068

LOT 1 DP 150607, LOT 2 DP 150607, LOT 3 DP 150607

Willoughby City Council, pursuant to Section 80(1)(a) of the Act, hereby CONSENTS to the abovementioned land being used for the following purposes, subject to compliance with the Conditions set out in the attached Schedule.

Description of Proposal: Demolition of dwelling and construction of a residential flat building, landscaping, basement carparking and associated works.

Consent to operate from: 1 Feb 2017

Consent to lapse on: 2 Feb 2022

It should be clearly understood that this Consent in no way relieves the owner or applicant from the obligation to obtain any other approval which may be required under the Local Government Act or any other Act. In particular this Consent is not an approval to carry out any building works whatsoever, such requiring the prior issue of a Construction Certificate which can be obtained from Council.

Debra Just

GENERAL MANAGER

#### NOTES:

To ascertain the date upon which the consent becomes effective refer to Section 83 of the Act.

(1) To ascertain the date upon which the consent becomes effective refer to Section 83 of the (2)
 (2) To ascertain the extent to which the consent is liable to lapse refer to Section 95 of the Act.

(3) Section 82A of the Act confers on an applicant the right to request a review of the Council's determination or conditions attached to the consent within a period of six months (6) from the date of determination.

(4) Section 97 of the Act confers on an applicant who is dissatisfied with the determination of a consent authority a right of appeal to the Land and Environment Court exercisable within six months (6) after receipt of this notice.

(5) Section 125 of the Act confers the authority to direct any person to comply with the terms and conditions of any Consent and any person failing to comply with such a direction shall be guilty of an offence under the Act.

(6) Section 127A of the Act confers the authority to issue Penalty Notices for certain offences. The penalty for development not carried out in accordance with consent: - Class 1 & 10 buildings is \$1500 for an Individual & \$3000 for a Corporation -Other building class is \$3000 for an Individual & \$6000 for a Corporation

Reference:

DA-2016/210

Enquiries:

Annie Leung

Phone:

02 9777 7643

Availability:

Available 8.30 -10 am, otherwise by appointment

Page 1 of 31

#### SCHEDULE

**Conditions of Consent:** (Including reasons for such conditions)

#### **CONSENT IDENTIFICATION**

The following condition provides information on what forms part of the Consent.

### 1. Approved Plan/Details

The development must be in accordance with the following consent plans electronically stamped by Council:

Type	Plan No.	Revision/ Issue No	Plan Date (as Amended)	Prepared by
Architectural	A101, A102,	Н	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
plans	A103			
	A104	F	25/08/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
	A150, A151,	Н	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
	A152, A153,			
	A160	С	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
	A161	Н	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
	A162	С	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
	A163	Н	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
	A164	С	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
	A165	С	13/10/2016	Architecture Urbaneia
Above mention	ed are as amend	ed by plans num	bered A099 Issue I	and A100 Issue K dated
05/12/2016 pre	pared by Archite	cture Urbaneia.		
Stormwater	SW01,	Α	06.06.2016	ADCAR Consulting
P2016-131	SW02,			
	SW03			
Landscape	LP01	E	26/10/2016	John Lock & Associates
Plans				
2314				
Landscape	LP02, LP03,	D	03/06/2016	John Lock & Associates
Plans	LP04			
2314				

the application form and any other supporting documentation submitted as part of the application, except for:

a) any modifications which are "Exempt Development" as defined under S76(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979;

b) otherwise provided by the conditions of this consent. (Reason: Information and ensure compliance)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 2 of 31

#### PRIOR TO ISSUE OF CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

The following conditions of consent must be complied with prior to the issue of a construction certificate.

#### 2. Amendments

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the proposal is to be amended in the following manner:

- a) A roller door or similar to be provided from the garbage room to allow easy access.
- b) The layout of the basement car park is to be amended to provided:
  - a. Twenty eight (28) residential car spaces including three (3) disabled car spaces are required to be provided in accordance with AS2890.6. The disabled car spaces must be allocated to the adaptable units required by this consent.
  - b. Seven (7) visitor car spaces.
- c) Soil depth for planting must be provided as follows:
  - a. All areas identified as deep soil planting on the approved landscaped plan must have soil depth no less than 3m.
  - b. All planting above structures must have soil depths no less than 500mm.

Plans detailing these amendments are required to be shown on the Construction Certificate plans.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### 3. Section 94A Contributions

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, a monetary contribution of \$70,055.64 (subject to indexing as outlined below) is to be paid in accordance with Section 94A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

This contribution is based on 1% of the estimated development cost of \$7,005,564 at 8 June 2016 and the adopted Section 94A Contributions Plan.

To calculate the monetary contribution that is payable, the proposed cost of development is to be indexed to reflect quantity variations in the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) [BPI(EBA)] between the date the proposed cost of development was agreed by the Council and the date the levy is to be paid as required by this Plan.

To calculate the indexed levy, the formula used to determine the cash contribution is set out below.

NL = \$Lo + \$Lo x [current index - base index]
base index

Where:

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 3 of 31

NL

is the new section 94A levy

Lo

is the original levy

Current index [BPI(EBA)]

is the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) as published by the NSW Public Works available at the time of review of the contribution rate

Base index [BPI(EBA)]

is the Building Price Index (Enterprise Bargaining Agreement) as published by the NSW Public Works at the date of the proposed cost of development as above

In the event that the current BPI(EBA) is less than the previous BPI(EBA), the current BPI(EBA) shall be taken as not less than the previous BPI(EBA).

Prior to payment Council can provide the value of the indexed levy.

Copies of the S94A Contributions Plan are available for inspection online at www.willoughby.nsw.gov.au (Reason: Statutory requirement)

### 4. Services - Energy Australia

The applicant should consult with Energy Australia to determine the need and location of any electrical enclosure for the development. Should such an electrical enclosure be required, the location and dimensions of the structure are to be detailed on all the plans issued with the Construction Certificate. In the event of Energy Australia requiring such a structure eg. a substation, the applicant is required to dedicate the land for the substation as public roadway. The Plan of Dedication shall be lodged to Council prior to issue of the Construction Certificate and registered at the Department of Lands prior to issue of the Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Compliance)

### 5. Roof Material – Reflectivity

The external finish to the roof shall be painted or treated in a neutral, recessive non reflective colour range to minimise the effects of glare to neighbouring properties. Roof colour details being submitted with the construction certificate application for approval.

(Reason: Amenity)

#### 6. Adaptable Units

Adaptable residential units for disabled persons are to be provided consistent with the approved plans and supporting Accessibility Assessment Report prepared by Metropolitan Building Approval (Total: 14 Units). Three (3) disabled car spaces are to be nominated on the Construction Certificate drawings and be allocated to the adaptable unit as required under the Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C.6 – Access, Mobility and Adaptability.

(Reason: Access, Mobility and Adaptability)

### 7. Agreement to Transfer Affordable Housing Dwellings

Reference: DA-2016/210

The applicant must enter into a Deed with the Council providing for the transfer of title of the affordable housing dwelling (identified as Unit G02 on the approved plans with a gross floor area of 72m²) to the Council, free of charge. The Deed is to be generally in accordance with the Housing Transfer Deed template available at Council and is to be submitted to the Council and executed prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

The terms of this agreement must be to the satisfaction of the Council and must include a provision to the effect that the transfer of the dwellings is to be completed within two months of the registration of any subdivision of the development creating the areas to be dedicated and within 6 months of the issue of an Occupation Certificate. The applicant must agree to pay the Council's reasonable legal costs in satisfying itself that the agreement is appropriate, and a provision to this effect is to be included in the agreement.

The construction certificate plans should demonstrate that the physical requirements specified in the Housing Transfer Deed are satisfied. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

# 8. Affordable Housing Fittings and Finishes

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant is to submit to the Council details of all internal fittings and finishes of the affordable housing dwellings. The applicant is responsible for obtaining written confirmation from Council that it is satisfied that the internal fittings and finishes are at the same standard as other dwellings within the development.

(Reason: Amenity)

#### 9. Damage Deposit

The applicant shall lodge a Damage Deposit of \$40,000 (GST Exempt) as cash, cheque or an unconditional bank guarantee, to Council against possible damage to Council's asset during the course of the building works. The deposit will be refundable subject to inspection by Council after the completion of all works relating to the proposed development. For the purpose of inspections carried out by Council Engineers, an inspection fee of \$220 (GST Exempt) is payable to Council. Any damages identified by Council shall be restored by the applicant prior to release of the Damage Deposit.

(Reason: Protection of public asset)

#### 10. Stormwater Conveyed to Street Drainage

Stormwater runoff from the site shall be collected and conveyed to the street drainage system in accordance with Council's specifications. Any new drainage pipe connections to street kerb shall be made using a 125mm x 75mm x 4mm thick galvanised Rectangular Hollow Section (RHS) with a grated drainage pit (min. 600mm x 600mm) provided within the property and adjacent to the boundary prior to discharging to the Council's drainage system. All drainage works shall comply with the requirements described in Part C.5 of Council's DCP and Technical Standards. In this regard, full design and construction details showing the method of disposal of surface and roof water from the site shall be shown on the Construction Certificate plans.

(Reason: Stormwater control)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 5 of 31

### 11. Detailed Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP)

Submit for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed stormwater management plans in relation to the on-site stormwater management and disposal system for the development. The construction drawings and specifications shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer and in accordance with the stormwater management plans. All drawings shall comply with Part C.5 of Council's Development Control Plan and Technical Standards, AS3500.3 – *Plumbing and Drainage Code* and National Construction Code. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 12. Basement Pumpout Drainage System

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, the applicant shall submit, for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed stormwater management plans in relation to the pump-out drainage system. The construction drawings and specifications, shall be generally in accordance with the approved stormwater management plans with the following requirements:

- The pumpout drainage system shall comprise with two (2) submersible type pumps. The two pumps shall be designed to work on an alternative basis to ensure both pumps receive equal use and neither remains continuously idle.
- Each pump shall have a minimum capacity of 10L/s or shall be based on the flow rate generated from the 1 in 100 year ARI 5-minutes duration storm event of the area draining into the system, whichever is greater.
- An alarm warning device (including signage and flashing strobe light) shall be provided for the pump-out system to advise the occupant of pump failure. The location of the signage and flashing strobe light shall be shown on the stormwater management plans.
- The volume of the pump-out tank shall be designed with a minimum storage capacity equivalent to the runoff volume generated from of the area draining into the tank for the 1 in 100 year ARI 2-hours duration storm event.

All drawings shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer and shall comply with Part C.5 of Council's Development Control Plan, AS3500.3 – *Plumbing and Drainage Code* and the National Construction Code. (Reason: Prevent nuisance flooding)

### 13. Construction Management Plan (CMP)

Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, submit, for approval by the Certifying Authority, detailed Construction Management Plan (CMP). The CMP shall address:

- (a) Construction vehicles access to and egress from the site
- (b) Parking for construction vehicles
- (c) Locations of site office, accommodation and the storage of major materials related to the project
- (d) Protection of adjoining properties, pedestrians, vehicles and public assets
- (e) Location and extent of proposed builder's hoarding and Work Zones
- (f) Tree protection management measures for all protected and retained trees. (Reason: Compliance)

### 14. Traffic Management Plan

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 6 of 31

Prior to issue of the Construction Certificate, a detailed Traffic Management Plan shall be prepared for pedestrian and traffic management and be submitted to the relevant road authority for approval. The plan shall: -

- a) Be prepared by a RMS accredited consultant.
- b) Be in accordance with the current version of AS1742.3 and its associated handbook; and the RMS's Traffic Control at work site manual.
- c) Implement a public information campaign to inform any road changes well in advance of each change. The campaign shall be approved by the Traffic Committee.
- d) Nominate a contact person who is to have authority without reference to other persons to comply with instructions issued by Council's Traffic Engineer or the Police.
- e) Confine temporary road closures to weekends and off-peak hour times and shall be the subject of approval from Council. Prior to implementation of any road closure during construction, Council shall be advised of these changes and a Traffic Control Plan shall be submitted to Council for approval. This Plan shall include times and dates of changes, measures, signage, road markings and any temporary traffic control measures.

(Reason: Public safety and amenity)

### 15. Vehicle Access – Engineer's Certification

The Applicant shall submit, for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority, certification from a suitably qualified and experienced traffic engineer. This certification must be based on the architectural drawings and the structural drawings, and must make specific reference to the following:

- a) That finished driveway gradients and transitions will not result in the scraping of the underside of cars.
- a) That a maximum gradient of <u>5%</u> is provided for the first 6 metres from the property boundary to the basement.
- b) That the proposed vehicular path and parking arrangements comply in full with AS2890.1 2004 in terms of minimum dimensions provided,
- c) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.2 metres between the basement floor and any overhead obstruction is provided which complies with Section 5.3.1 of AS 2890.1 and Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- d) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.5 metres is provided to all parking spaces for people with disabilities which complies with Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- e) Minimum dimensions of 2.4m x 5.4m shared area shall be provided adjacent all disabled parking spaces to comply with AS2890.6. Bollards shall be provided at the location on each shared area specified in AS2890.6 which shall be clearly labelled and shown on plans.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

#### 16. Geotechnical Report

Reference: DA-2016/210

Submit to the accredited certifier a geotechnical engineer's report of the proposed geotechnical works including excavation, piling, and shoring. The report shall specifically address safety issues. A report from the Geotechnical Engineer shall be submitted to Council for record purposes.

(Reason: Safety & Amenity)

# 17. Design of Works in Public Road (Roads Act Approval)

Prior to issue of any Construction Certificate, the Applicant must submit, for approval by Council as a road authority, full design engineering plans and specifications prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer for the following infrastructure works:

- Construction of 1.2 metres footpath (max. 2.5% crossfall) for the full frontage
  of the site in Walter Street. All Adjustments to public utility services and
  associated construction works in the nature strip are to be at the full cost to
  the applicant. Detailed long section and cross sections at 5 metres interval
  shall be provided.
- Construction of new kerb and gutter for the full frontage of the development site with 5 metres wide road restoration. Detailed long sections and cross-section at 5m interval shall be provided.
- Construction of 6 new vehicular crossings in Walter Street. The design levels at the property boundary shall be in accordance with the driveway long sections.
- The required plans must be designed in accordance with Council's specifications (AUS-SPEC). A minimum of three (3) weeks will be required for Council to assess the Roads Act submissions. Early submission is recommended to avoid delays in obtaining a Construction Certificate. For the purpose of inspections carried out by Council Engineers, the corresponding fees set out in Council's current Fees and Charges Schedule are payable to Council prior to issue of the approved plans. Approval must be obtained from Willoughby City Council as the road authority under the Roads Act 1993 for any proposed works in the public road prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 18. Internal Noise Levels Residential

To minimise the noise intrusion from any external noise source, the building shall be designed and constructed to comply with the following criteria with windows and doors closed:

Internal Space	Time Period	Criteria	
		L <sub>Aeg (period)</sub>	
Living Areas	Any time	40 dB(A)	
Sleeping Areas	Day (7am – 10pm)	40 dB(A)	
	Night (10pm – 7am)	35 dB(A)	

#### Note:

1. The above criteria does not apply to kitchens, bathrooms, laundries, foyers, hallways, balconies or outdoor areas.

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 8 of 31

2. The above criteria define the minimum acceptable levels. Buildings may be built to a better than average standard by applying more stringent criteria.

Certification from an appropriately qualified acoustic consultant that the building has been designed to meet this criteria shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

### 19. Building Ventilation

To ensure that adequate provision is made for ventilation of the building, mechanical and/or natural ventilation shall be provided. These shall be designed in accordance with the provisions of:

- a) The National Construction Code:
  - i) AS1668.1, AS1668.2 and AS3666.1 as applicable; and/or
  - ii) Alterative solution using an appropriate assessment method

Details of all mechanical ventilation and exhaust systems, and certification provided by an appropriately qualified person verifying compliance with these requirements, shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

(Reason: Health and compliance)

#### 20. Noise Mechanical Services

To minimise the impact of noise onto residential receivers, all mechanical services shall be designed and installed to ensure ambient noise levels are maintained. Details of the proposed equipment, siting and any attenuation required shall accompany the application for Construction Certificate. (Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

#### PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT

The following conditions of consent have been imposed to ensure that the administration and amenities relating to the proposed development comply with all relevant requirements. All of these conditions are to be complied with prior to the commencement of any works on site, including demolition.

### 21. Licensee Details

The name, address and contractor licence number of the licensee who has contracted to carry out the work or the name and permit number of the owner-builder who intends to carry out the work shall be furnished in writing to the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work.

NB: Should changes be made for the carrying out of the work the Certifying Authority must be immediately informed.

(Reason: Information)

#### 22. Site Management

A site Management Plan shall be submitted to and approved by the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work. The site management plan shall include the following measures as applicable.

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 9 of 31

- Details and contact telephone numbers of the owner, builder and developer:
- Location and construction details of protective fencing to the perimeter of the site:
- Location of site storage areas, sheds and equipment;
- Location of stored building materials for construction;
- Provisions for public safety;
- Dust control measures:
- Site access location and construction:
- Details of methods of disposal of demolition materials;
- Protective measurers for tree preservation;
- · Provisions for temporary sanitary facilities;
- Location and size of waste containers and bulk bins;
- Soil and Water Management Plans (SWMP); comprising a site plan indicating the slope of land, access controls, location and type of sediment controls and storage/control methods for material stockpiles;
- Construction noise and vibration management.

The site management measures shall be implemented prior to the commencement of any site works and maintained during the construction period. A copy of the approved Site Management Plan shall be conspicuously displayed, maintained on site and be made available to the Certifying Authority/Council officers upon request. (Reason: Environment protection, public health and safety)

### 23. Dilapidation Report of Adjoining Properties

Submit a photographic survey and report of the adjoining properties 3 & 11 Walter Street Willoughby, to the Certifying Authority and all owners of these adjoining properties. Such photographic survey and report shall be prepared by a suitably qualified person, detailing the physical condition of these properties, both internal and external including items as walls, ceilings, roof, structural members and other items as necessary.

In the event of a property owner refusing to allow access to carry out the photographic survey, the proponent must demonstrate in writing to the Certifying Authority, and provide a copy to Council, that the purpose of the survey was made clear to the property owner and that reasonable attempts to obtain access were made. (Reason: Protection of adjoining owners)

### 24. Dilapidation Report of Council's Property

Submit a dilapidation report including photographic record of Council's property extending to a distance of 50m from the development, detailing the physical condition of items such as, but not exclusively to, the footpath, roadway, nature strip, and any retaining walls.

The developer may be held liable to any recent damage to public infrastructure in the vicinity of the site, where such damage is not accurately recorded under the requirements of this condition prior to the commencement of works. In this regard, the damage deposit lodged by the applicant may be used by Council to repair such damage on Council's property.

This dilapidation report shall be submitted to Council and the Certifying Authority prior to commencement of work.

(Reason: Protection of Council's infrastructure)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 10 of 31

### 25. Permits and Approvals Required

Application is to be made to Council's Infrastructure Services Division for the following approvals and permits as appropriate:-

- a) Permit to erect Builder's hoarding where buildings are to be erected or demolished within 3.50m of the street alignment. Applications are to include current fees and are to be received at least 21 days before commencement of the construction.
- b) Permit to stand mobile cranes and/or other major plant on public roads. Applications are to include current fees and security deposits and are to be received at least seven days before the proposed use. It should be noted that the issue of such permits may also involve approval from the NSW Police Force and the RTA. A separate written application to work outside normal hours must be submitted for approval.

It should also be noted that, in some cases, the above Permits may be refused and temporary road closures required instead which may lead to longer delays due to statutory advertisement requirements.

- c) Permit to open public roads, including footpaths, nature strip, vehicular crossing or for any purpose whatsoever. All applications are to include current fees.
- d) Permit to place skip/waste bin on footpath and/or nature strip. (Maximum three (3) days).
- e) Permit to work and/or place building materials on footpath and/or nature strip. (Maximum two (2) weeks).
- f) Permit to establish Works Zone on Public Roads adjacent to the Development including use of footpath area. Applications must be received by Council at least twenty-one days prior to the zone being required. The application will then be referred to the Council's Local Traffic Committee for approval, which may include special conditions.
- g) Permit to construct vehicular crossings over Council's footpath, road or nature strip.

(Reason: Legal requirements)

#### 26. Application for Vehicle crossing

Submit an application with fees to Council for the construction of a plain concrete vehicular crossing.

(Reason: Protection of public asset)

#### 27. Spoil Route Plan

Submit a "to and from" spoil removal route plan to Council prior to the commencement of excavation on the site. Such a route plan should show entry and exit locations of all truck movements.

(Reason: Public amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/210

### 28. Adjustment to Street Lighting

Consult with utility authorities to determine the requirements of relocation/adjustment of electricity supply and street lighting services fronting the property at Walter Street. Such street lighting shall also conform to Council's standard specifications. (Reason: Public amenity)

### 29. Garbage Rooms

Garbage rooms must be large enough to store the generated waste from the approved development as calculated in accordance with Part C.8 of the Willoughby Development Control Plan and allowance should be made for separation of putrescible waste from waste suitable for recycling. The garbage room is not to be smaller than 5000mm x 4000mm, have a 2400mm ceiling height, with a door entry width not less than 2200mm.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### **DURING DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION**

The following conditions are to be complied with throughout the course of site works including demolition, excavation and construction.

#### 30. Hours of Work

All construction/demolition work relating to this Development Consent within the City, unless varied by an Out of Hours Work Permit, must be carried out only between the hours of 7 am to 5 pm Mondays to Fridays and 7 am to 12 noon on Saturdays. No work is permitted on Sundays or Public Holidays.

An application for an Out of Hours Work Permit to allow variation to these approved hours must be lodged with Council at least 48 hours prior to the proposed commencement of the work. The application must include a statement regarding the reasons for the variation sought, the type of work/s to be carried out, the additional time required, the anticipated impact upon the local amenity and how this will be minimized, and must be accompanied by the required fee. One (1) permit is required for each variation to the approved working hours within any 24 hour period.

If a variation to these approved hours for multiple or extended periods is sought, an application under Section 96 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 must be lodged with Council at least twenty-one (21) days in advance of the proposed changes to the hours of work. The application must include a statement regarding the reasons for the variation sought, the type of work/s to be carried out, the additional time required, the anticipated impact upon the local amenity and how this will be minimized, and be accompanied by the required fee. Note: This S96 application may require re-notification in some circumstances. (Reason: Ensure compliance and amenity)

### 31. Construction Information Sign

A clearly visible all weather sign is required to be erected in a prominent position on the site detailing:

- (a) that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited;
- (b) the excavator's and / or the demolisher's and / or the builder's name;

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 12 of 31

- (c) contact phone number/after hours emergency number;
- (d) licence number;
- (e) approved hours of site work; and
- (f) name, address and contact phone number of the Certifying Authority (if other than Council)

ANY SUCH SIGN IS TO BE REMOVED WHEN THE WORK HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

Council may allow exceptions where normal use of the building/s concerned will continue with ongoing occupation, or the works approved are contained wholly within the building.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 32. Building Site Fencing

Public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary safety fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5m). Temporary fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8m and be constructed of cyclone wire or similar with fabric attached to the inside of the fence to provide dust control.

Fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible. All parts of the fence, including the fencing blocks shall be located wholly within the property boundaries.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place and be maintained throughout construction.

(Reason: Safety)

#### 33. Provide Erosion and Sediment Control

Erosion and sediment control devices shall be provided wholly within the site whilst work is being carried out in order to prevent sediment and silt from site works (including demolition and/or excavation) being conveyed by stormwater into Council's stormwater system natural watercourses, bushland and neighbouring properties. In this regard, all stormwater discharge from the site shall meet the requirements of the Protection of Environment Operations Act 1997 and the Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water guidelines. The control devices are to be maintained in a serviceable condition AT ALL TIMES.

(Reason: Environmental protection)

#### 34. Suitable Screens

Suitable screens and/or barricades shall be erected during demolition and building work and where required by the Certifying Authority to reduce the emission of noise, dust, water effluent or other matter from the site.

(Reason: Maintain amenity to adjoining properties)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 13 of 31

#### 35. Suitable Barricades

Suitable barricades shall be erected during building works on Councils footpath and where directed by the Certifying Authority and/or Council to protect pedestrians using the footpath.

(Reason: Public safety)

#### 36. Demolition Work AS 2601-2001

Any demolition must be carried out in accordance with AS 2601 – 2001, *The demolition of structures*.

(Reason: Safety)

### 37. Suitable Footpath Crossing Provided

Adequate provision is to be made to ensure that a suitable footpath crossing is provided to the site so as to allow safe pedestrian access along the footpath area at all times.

(Reason: Protection of public safety)

#### 38. Wash Down and Shaker Areas

During Demolition, Excavation and Construction, wash down and shaker areas are to be provided with facilities for the collection and treatment of waste water. (Reason: Environmental protection)

### 39. Asbestos Sign to be Erected

On sites involving demolition or alterations and additions to building where asbestos cement is being repaired, removed or disposed of a standard commercially manufactured sign not less than 400mm x 300mm containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" is to be erected in a prominent visible position on the site. The sign is to be erected prior to the commencement of works and is to remain in place until such time as all asbestos cement has been removed from the site to an approved waste facility.

(Reason: Public Health and safety/Ensure compliance)

### 40. Neighbour Notification of Asbestos Removal

The applicant/builder is to notify the adjoining residents five working days prior to demolition works involving removal of asbestos. Such notification is to be clearly written, giving the date work will commence, Work Cover NSW phone number 131 050, Councils phone number 9777 1000.

This notification is to be placed in the letterbox of every property (including every residential flat or unit) either side and immediately at the rear of the site. (Reason: Public health)

#### 41. Asbestos Removal

Works involving the removal of asbestos must comply with Councils Policy on handling and disposal of asbestos, and must also comply with the Code of Practice for Safe Removal of Asbestos (National Occupational Health and Safety Commission 2012 (1994).

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 14 of 31

Demolition is to be carried out in accordance with the applicable provisions of Australian Standard AS 2601 – The Demolition of Structures. (Reason: Public health and safety/Ensure compliance)

### 42. Asbestos Disposal

All asbestos laden waste, including bonded or friable asbestos must be disposed of at a waste disposal site approved by the NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water.

Upon completion of the asbestos removal and disposal the applicant must furnish the Certifying Authority with a copy of all receipts issued by the waste disposal site as evidence of proper disposal.

(Reason: Environmental protection/Public health and safety)

### 43. Survey Certificate

Certification of the following shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority by a registered surveyor:

- a) Prior to the construction of footings or first completed floor slab (i.e. prior to pouring of concrete) showing the area of the land, building under construction and boundary setbacks;
- b) At each level indicating the level of that floor to Australian Height Datum;
- c) At completion indicating the relation of the building and any projections to the boundaries, and that the building has been erected to the levels approved in the Development Application.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### 44. Road and Footpath

Council's footpath, nature strip or roadway not being damaged and shall be kept clear at all times.

(Reason: Maintain public safety)

### 45. Excavations and Backfilling

All excavations and backfilling associated with the erection or demolition of a building must be executed safely, and must be properly guarded and protected to prevent them from being dangerous to life or property.

(Reason: Safety)

### 46. Temporary Toilet Facilities

Temporary toilet facilities shall be provided to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

The provision of toilet facilities must be completed before any other work is commenced on site. NOTE: Portable toilet facilities are not permitted to be placed on public areas without prior approval having been obtained from Council. (Reason: Health and amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 15 of 31

### 47. Sweep & Clean Pavement

Sweep and clean pavement surface adjacent to the ingress and egress points of earth, mud and other materials at all times and in particular at the end of each working day or as directed by Council.

(Reason: Legal requirement)

### 48. Street Signs

The applicant is responsible for the protection of all regulatory / parking / street signs fronting the property. Any damaged or missing street signs as a consequence of the development and associated construction works are to be replaced at full cost to the applicant.

(Reason: Protection of public assets)

### 49. OSD System

The applicant shall supply and install OSD tank with a minimum storage volume of 43 m³ in accordance with the approved stormwater plans, Sydney Water's requirements and Council's DCP and Technical Standards.

(Reason: Ensure compliance and conserve natural resources)

#### 50. Tree Protection

Retain and protect the following trees and vegetation throughout the demolition and construction period: All trees not indicated for removal on the approved plans, unless exempt under relevant planning instruments or legislation.

The above trees must be clearly marked and protection devices in place to prevent soil compaction and machinery damage.

Tree roots greater than 50mm diameter are not to be removed unless approved by a qualified arborist on site. All structures are to bridge roots unless directed by a qualified arborist on site.

Tree protection measures must comply with the Arboricultural Impact Assessment prepared by Lee Hancock Consulting Arborist and AS 4970-2009 Protection of trees on development sites.

(Reason: Tree management)

#### 51. Public Tree Protection

Unless identified by the development consent, no tree roots over 50mm diameter are to be damaged or cut and all structures are to be bridged over such roots.

Should any problems arise with regard to the existing or proposed trees on public land during the construction or bond period, the applicant is to immediately Contact Council's Open Space section and resolve the matter to Council's satisfaction. (Reason: Tree management)

### 52. Storage of Materials on Council Land Prohibited

The dumping or storage of building materials, spoil, vegetation, green waste, or any other material in the Council reserve is prohibited. (Reason: Safety, environmental protection)

(Modeon: Caroty, on mornion protocion,

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 16 of 31

#### 53. Waste Classification – Excavation Materials

All materials excavated and removed from the site (fill or natural) shall be classified in accordance with the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) Waste Classification Guidelines prior to being disposed of to a NSW approved landfill or to a recipient site. (Reason: Environment and health protection)

#### 54. Hazardous Materials - Clearance Certificate

Following completion of the removal of any identified hazardous material associated with demolition works, a clearance certificate shall be issued by an appropriately qualified occupational hygienist and submitted to the Certifying Authority. The clearance certificate shall verify that the site is free from any hazardous materials from the demolished buildings.

(Reason: Health and safety)

### 55. Importation of Fill

Any material to be imported onto the site for levelling, construction or engineering purposes must satisfy the Office of Environment & Heritage (OEH) requirements for *virgin excavated natural material* (VENM), or *excavated natural material* (ENM). The determination of VENM or ENM must be made by suitable qualified consultant. Precertification of the imported material shall be made and details made available to Council upon request.

(Reason: Environment & Health Protection)

### 56. Dust Control

The following measures must be taken to control the emission of dust:

- a) Dust screens must be erected around the perimeter of the site and be kept in good repair for the duration of the work.
- b) Any existing accumulation of dust (e.g. in ceiling voids and wall cavities) must be removed using an industrial vacuum cleaner fitted with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter.
- c) All dusty surfaces must be wet down and any dust created must be suppressed by means of a fine water spray. Water used for dust suppression must not be allowed to enter the street or stormwater system.
- d) All stockpiles of materials that are likely to generate dust must be kept damp or covered.
- e) Demolition work must not be carried out during high winds, which may cause dust to spread beyond the boundaries of the site.

(Reason: Amenity)

### 57. Construction Noise

Construction noise shall be controlled to comply with the requirements as set out in the EPA Interim Construction Noise Guideline. Noise levels shall not exceed the rated background level by more than 10dB(A) at the most sensitive receiver during the standard construction hours. A noise monitoring plan shall be implemented

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 17 of 31

during construction. Where noise levels may be exceeded appropriate measures to control excessive noise shall be implemented immediately. (Reason: Amenity)

### PRIOR TO OCCUPATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

The following conditions of consent must be complied with prior to the issue of an occupation certificate.

#### 58. Section 73 Compliance Certificate

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate. Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator, for details see Customer Service, Urban Development at www.sydneywater.com.au or telephone 13 20 92.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to the Certifying Authority, (Reason: Ensure statutory compliance)

# 59. Street Numbering

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, written application shall be made to the Geospatial Services Section of Council for the allocation of street numbering for each of the newly created strata lots and/or allotments. Documentary evidence of the allocated numbering issued by Council is to be lodged with the Subdivision Certificate Application and Linen Plans.

(Reason: Ensure compliance with Council street numbering policy)

#### 60. Surface Water Runoff

Surface water runoff from paved areas shall be directed away from neighbouring properties and disposed of to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority. (Reason: Health and amenity)

# 61. Fire Safety Certificate Forwarded to NSW Fire and Rescue

Prior to the issue of the Final Occupation Certificate and upon completion of the building work, a Fire Safety Certificate shall be furnished by the owner to Council, and the owner must cause a copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be forwarded to the Commissioner of New South Wales Fire and Rescue, and must cause a further copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be prominently displayed in the building in accordance with Clause 172 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 in respect to each essential fire safety measure included in the Schedule attached to the Construction Certificate. (Reason: Safety)

# 62. Registration of Plan of Consolidation

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all individual allotments involved in the development site shall be consolidated into a single allotment and evidence of the registration of the plan of consolidation to be submitted to Council. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 18 of 31

### 63. Safer by Design

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate and to minimise the opportunity for crime and in accordance with CPTED principles, the development shall incorporate the following:

- i. In order to maintain a safe level of visibility for pedestrians within the development, adequate lighting to AS1158 is to be provided to all common areas including the basement car park, common open space and any common stair access to these areas and pedestrian routes, particularly including the waste storage areas.
  - This lighting shall ensure consistency to avoid contrasts between areas of shadow/illumination and preferably be solar powered and with an automatic/timed switching mechanism, motion sensor or equivalent for energy efficiency. Such lighting shall be installed and directed in such a manner so as to ensure that no nuisance is created for surrounding properties or to drivers on surrounding streets. Car parking lighting system is to be controlled by sensors to save energy during periods of no occupant usage.
- ii. The ceiling and vertical structures of the basement parking area shall be painted white (or equivalent) in order to ensure good visibility, surveillance and less reliance on artificial lighting lux levels.
- iii. The design, installation and maintenance of landscaping (and associated works) within pedestrian routes around the site (and adjacent to mailboxes) shall not impede visibility and clear sight lines along the pedestrian footway from one end to the other.
- iv. The means to isolate the residential and commercial components of the building shall be incorporated into the development, including the security keying of lifts and doors and other measures for access control.
- v. Walls/screens between balconies shall be designed to avoid foot holes or natural ladders so as to prevent access between balconies/terraces within the development.
- vi. Adequate signage within the development to identify facilities, entry/exit points and direct movement within the development.
- vii. A small portion of each storage area shall be of solid construction (i.e. Cupboard.

(Reason: Safety and surveillance, energy efficiency, amenity)

#### 64. Services - Electricity Supply and Telecommunication Mains

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all existing and proposed electricity supplies and telecommunication mains and services around the perimeter of the site shall be relocated underground to the satisfaction of the relevant utility provider and Willoughby City Council at the full cost of the applicant. (Reason: Compliance)

#### 65. Services - Mailboxes

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, all mail boxes provided on site shall comply with the requirements of 'Australia Post' in terms of size, location, numbering and clearing. Details of the requirements can be obtained from Australia Post or from their web site. Letter boxes for adaptable dwellings shall comply with AS 4299 Cl 3.8. (Reason: Legal)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 19 of 31

#### 66. Residential Flat Building - Clothes to be Dried in the Open Air

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, where provision is made to enable clothes to be dried in the open air, this clothes drying area shall be screened by a fence or landscaping on the sides visible from public areas.

(Reason: Amenity)

#### 67. Residential Flat Building - Service Facilities

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the following shall apply to the development:

- Electricity and telephone lines must be placed underground from the street to i. the building.
- ii. One storage area shall be allocated to each unit.
- iii. A master TV antenna or satellite dish is to be provided for the building. This shall suitably screened from view from the street.
- All plumbing pipes and installations must be concealed in ducts and not iv. exposed on the external walls of the building and must be adequately soundproofed.
- Secure bicycle parking facilities shall be provided in accordance with ٧. Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C. 4 and designed in accordance with AS2890.3.

(Reason: Ensure compliance, streetscape and amenity)

#### Residential Flat Building - Screening of Rooftop Plant/Structures 68.

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, any rooftop or exposed structures including lift motor rooms, plant rooms etc., together with air conditioning, ventilation and exhaust systems, shall be suitably screened and integrated with the building in order to ensure a properly integrated overall appearance. (Reason: Visual amenity)

#### 69. Affordable Housing – Fittings and Finishes

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the affordable housing dwellings have the internal fittings and finishes at the same standard as the other dwellings within the development and in accordance with the schedule endorsed by Council.

Any costs associated with bringing the affordable housing dwellings to the standards required are to be borne by the applicant. (Reason: Amenity)

#### 70. **Grated Box Drain**

For stormwater control a 325 mm wide grated trench drain with a heavy duty removable galvanised grate is to be provided in front of the garage door/basement parking slab to collect driveway runoff. The trench drain shall be connected to the main drainage system and must have an outlet of minimum diameter 150mm to prevent blockage by silt and debris.

(Reason: Proper disposal of stormwater)

Page 20 of 31 Reference: DA-2016/210

### 71. On-site Water Management System

The stormwater runoff from the site shall be collected and disposed of via an approved stomwater system in accordance with Sydney Water's requirements, the NSW Code of Practice – Plumbing and Drainage, Council's DCP and Technical Standards. The construction of the stormwater drainage system of the proposed development shall be generally in accordance with the approved design stormwater management plans and Council's specification (AUS-SPEC). (Reason: Prevent nuisance flooding)

### 72. Sign for On Site Detention System

An aluminium plaque measuring no less than 400mm x 200mm is to be permanently attached and displayed within the immediate vicinity of the OSD system.

The wording for the plaque shall state "This is the OSD system required by Willoughby City Council. It is an offence to alter any part of the system without written consent from Council. The registered proprietor shall keep the system in good working order by regular maintenance including removal of debris". (Reason: Prevent unlawful alteration)

### 73. Confined Space Sign

Securely install a standard confined space danger sign in a prominent location within the immediate vicinity of access grate of the OSD system. (Reason: Safe access to tank)

#### 74. Certification of OSD

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer (generally CP Eng. Qualification) shall certify on Council's standard certification form that the as-built OSD system is in accordance with the approved plans and complies with Council's DCP and Technical Standards. Council's standard certification form is available in the appendix of Council's Technical Standard No.2. (Reason: Legal requirement)

#### 75. Works-As-Executed Plans - OSD

Upon completion of the OSD System, the following shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority:

- Work-as-Executed plans based on the approved stormwater management plans from a registered surveyor to verify that the volume of storage, PSD, water and floor levels are constructed in accordance with design requirements. Any minor changes or variations to the approved plans should be highlighted in red on the approved stormwater plans.
- Engineer's certification of the OSD system together with the completed Council's standard form for On-Site Detention Record of Installation.

(Reason: Record of works)

### 76. S88B/S88E(3) Instrument

Create Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land on the Title in favour of Council as the benefiting authority for the as-built OSD system. The standard

Reference: DA-2016/210

wording of the terms of the Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land are available in Council's Technical Standards.

The above instruments shall be created under Section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 for newly created lots. For an existing lot, the instruments can be created under Section 88E(3) of the Conveyancing Act 1919 using Form 13PC and 13RPA respectively. The relative location of the OSD system, in relation to the building footprint, must be shown on the final plan of subdivision/strata plan or must be shown on the scale sketch, attached as an annexure to the request 13PC and 13RPA forms. The S88B instrument or 13PC/13RPA forms shall be lodged with Council's Standard S88B/S88E Lodgement Form with all supporting documentations listed in the Form. Council's Standard Form is available from Council upon requested.

Documentary evidence of registration of these instruments with the Land and Property Information shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority and Council prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Maintenance requirement)

#### 77. Documentary Evidence of Positive Covenant, Engineers Certificate

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the following documentary evidence of the completed drainage works shall be submitted to Certifying Authority and Council: -

- Registered Positive Covenant and Restriction on the Use of Land by way of the Title Deed.
- Certification from a suitably qualified and experienced civil engineer (generally CP Eng. Qualification) for the as-built OSD system and/or plumber's certification of the as-built rainwater reuse system.
- Work-as-Executed plans highlighting in red based on the approved stormwater management plans from a registered surveyor for the as-built OSD system and/or rainwater reuse system.

(Reason: Public record)

#### 78. Splay Corner for Fence

In order to ensure adequate sight distances for pedestrians and traffic in the frontage road, the boundary fence shall be designed and constructed by a 2m x 2.5m splay on both sides of the driveway exit.

(Reason: Pedestrian safety)

#### 79. Construction of Kerb & Gutter

Construct new kerb and gutter together with any necessary associated pavement restoration in accordance with Council's specification for the full frontage of the development site for stage 1with associated pavement restoration 3 metre wide in Walter Street.

(Reason: Public amenity)

#### 80. Concrete Footpath

Construct a 1.2 m wide concrete footpath for the full frontage/stage 1 of the development site in Northcote Street. All works shall be carried out in accordance with Council's standard specification and drawings.

(Reason: Public amenity)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 22 of 31

#### 81. Vehicular Crossing

Construct a new vehicular crossing including the replacement of the existing layback and/or gutter and any associated road restoration as directed by Council's Engineers. All works shall be carried out in accordance with Council's specification AUS-SPEC C271 and Council's Standard Drawing SD105 - Council Vehicular Footpath Crossing and Kerb and Gutter details and any approved longitudinal sections. A separate application for the crossing including current fees and charges is to be submitted for approval by Council.

The crossing is to be 6 metres wide with no splays and is to be constructed at right angles to the street kerb in plain concrete. The new crossing shall be located no closer than 1 metre from any power pole and 2 metres from any street tree unless otherwise approved by Council. The centreline of the new crossing shall be "in-line" with the centreline of the parking space(s).

For the design levels of the vehicular crossing at the property boundary, the following shall be complied with:

- At back of layback 100 mm above and parallel to the gutter invert.
- At property boundary adopt the existing footpath level.

The footpath which forms part of the proposed crossing shall have a maximum crossfall of 2.5%. The nature strip, natural rock face and footpath is to be adjusted for a minimum distance of 4metres on both sides of the crossing to suit the new levels.

The suitability of the grade of driveway inside the property is the sole responsibility of the applicant and the required alignment levels fixed by Council may impact upon these levels.

All adjustments to the nature strip, footpath and/or public utilities' mains and services as a consequence of the development and any associated construction works shall be carried out at the full cost to the Applicant. All driveway grades and transitions must comply with AS/NZS 2890.1.

<u>Vehicular Crossing Formwork Inspection Sheet</u> shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Public amenity)

#### 82. Removal of Redundant Crossings

Remove all redundant crossings together with any necessary works and reinstate the footpath, nature strip and kerb and gutter accordingly. Such work shall be carried out in accordance with Council's specification.

Vehicular Crossing Formwork Inspection Sheet shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Public amenity)

## 83. Inspection of Civil Works on Road Reserves

All required road pavement, footpath, kerb and gutter, drainage works and/or any necessary associated works on the road reserve shall be completed in accordance with the Council approved drawings, conditions and specification (AUS-SPEC).

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 23 of 31

Pursuant to Section 138 of the Roads Act 1993, all works carried out on the road reserve shall be inspected and approved by Council's Engineer. Upon completion, Work-as-Executed drawings prepared by a registered surveyor shall be submitted to Council for record purposes. A completion certificate shall be obtained from Council (attesting to this condition being appropriately satisfied) and submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

#### 84. Performance Bond

The Applicant shall lodge with the Council a performance bond of \$20,000 against defective public civil works undertaken by the main Contractor for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of the completion certificate issued by Council as the road authority under the Roads Act 1993. The bond shall be lodged in the form of a cash deposit, cheque or unconditional bank guarantee which will be refundable subject to the approval of Council's Engineers at the end of the maintenance period. In this period, the Applicant is liable for any part of the work which fails to achieve the design specifications. Council shall be given full authority to make use of the bond for such restoration works within the maintenance period as deemed necessary. (Reason: Ensure compliance and specification)

#### 85. Turfing of Nature Strip

In the event of damages to the grass verge during works, trim the strip of land between the property boundary and the road, spread topsoil on top of the trimmed surface and lay approved turfing on the prepared surfaces. The turf shall be protected from vehicular traffic and kept watered until established. (Reason: Public amenity)

## 86. Vehicle Access - Construction & Certification

The Applicant shall submit, for approval by the Principal Certifying Authority, certification from a suitably qualified and experienced traffic engineer. This certification must be based on a site inspection of the constructed vehicle access and accommodation areas, with dimensions measurements as necessary, and must make specific reference to the following:

- a) That the as-constructed carpark complies with the approved Construction Certificate plans.
- a) That a maximum gradient of <u>5%</u> has been provided for the first 6 metres from the property boundary to the basement.
- b) That finished driveway gradients and transitions will not result in the scraping of the underside of cars.
- c) All parking spaces are open type with no partitions.
- d) That the as-constructed vehicular path and parking arrangements comply in full with AS2890.1 2004 in terms of minimum dimensions provided,
- e) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.2 metres has been provided between the basement floor and any overhead obstruction to comply with Section 5.3.1 of AS 2890.1 and Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.
- f) That the headroom clearance of minimum 2.5 metres has been provided to all parking spaces for people with disabilities to comply with Section 2.4 of AS2890.6.

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 24 of 31

- g) That the headroom clearance of minimum 4.5 metres has been provided for the loading area for medium rigid vehicles which complies with AS2890.2.
- h) Minimum dimensions of 2.4m x 5.4m shared area shall be provided adjacent all disabled parking spaces to comply with AS2890.6. Bollards shall be provided at the location on each shared area specified in AS2890.6 which shall be clearly labelled and shown on plans.

(Reason: Ensure Compliance)

#### 87. Public Tree Maintenance

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the applicants arborist or landscape designer is to certify that:

- i All trees on public land have been adequately maintained, that there has been no net deterioration in health and condition, and that any remedial work complies with AS 4970-2009 "Protection of trees on development sites" and AS 4373 2007 "Pruning of Amenity Trees".
- ii All new and replacement public trees are of the required species, container size, planting locations, planting standards, and have been grown and supplied from a recognised nursery complying to NATSPEC 2 Guide, "Specifying Trees", 2003.

(Reason: Tree management, public asset management)

### 88. Tree Planting

Trees are to be planted in accordance with the following table:

No. Required	Species	Location	Min Pot Size
All trees	As indicated on Landscape Plan Dwg No. LP-01 D dated 03/06/2016 prepared by John Lock & Associates Landscape Architecture	As indicated on the Landscape Plan	As indicated on the Landscape Plan

(Reason: Landscape Amenity)

#### 89. Completion of Landscape Works

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the approved landscape works shall be consistent with the approved design, completed to a professional standard, consistent with industry best practice and published standards.

(Reason: Landscape amenity)

#### 90. Public Tree Planting

Plant the following trees on Council land forward of the property:

2 x Tristaniopsis laurina

The trees shall:

i. Have a minimum container size of 100 litres and grown to NATSPEC 2 "Guide Specifying Trees", (2003).

ii. Be planted in accordance with WCC Landscape Specification 08/2007 "Street Tree Planting".

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 25 of 31

iii. Be planted generally in alignment with other street trees and generally as indicated on the landscape plan.

(Reason: Landscape amenity, tree canopy recruitment)

### 91. Emitted Noise - Air Conditioning

To minimise the impact of noise from the air conditioning unit on the occupants of adjoining residential buildings, the air conditioning system shall be installed so that the noise emitted from the air conditioning system shall be not more than 5dBA above the ambient background noise level measured at the boundaries of the property within the permitted times of use stipulated in the Protection of the *Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2008.* 

Certification from an appropriately qualified acoustic consultant that these design requirements have been met shall be submitted to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Final Occupation Certificate for the air conditioning unit. (Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

### 92. Sound Level Output Certification

The sound level output from the equipment installed for the operation of the building shall not exceed 5dBA above the ambient background noise level measured at the boundaries of the property in accordance with the current Environment Protection Authority (EPA) guidelines for noise assessment. Certification of the level of sound output is to be provided by an appropriately qualified acoustical Consultant to the Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Final Occupation Certificate. (Reason: Amenity)

#### 93. Acoustic Works - Report

To ensure all acoustic work has been completed, certification shall be provided upon completion of the works, accompanied with evidence from suitably qualified and practising acoustic engineer, to the effect that the acoustic attenuation has been carried out in accordance with the acoustic report 20E-16-0060-TRP-455798-3 by ViPAC Envineers & Scientists Ltd dated 7 June 2016 to minimise the noise impact on the noise receivers, inside and surrounding the site. (Reason: Amenity)

#### 94. Noise Emission – Equipment

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified acoustic engineer certifying that the noise from all sound producing plant, equipment, machinery and/or mechanical ventilation system complies with the relevant noise criteria.

(Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

#### 95. Certification - Ventilation

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, certification shall be provided from a suitably qualified mechanical engineer certifying that all work associated with the installation of the mechanical and/or natural ventilation systems has been carried out in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards and or alternative solution. (Reason: Amenity, environmental compliance and health)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 26 of 31

### 96. Waste & Recycling Room

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, the waste and recycling container room shall be constructed to comply with all the relevant provisions of Willoughby Development Control Plan and in particular:-

- a) The floor being graded and drained to an approved drainage outlet connected to the sewer and having a smooth, even surface, coved at all intersections with walls.
- b) The walls being cement rendered to a smooth, even surface and coved at all intersections.
- c) Cold water being provided in the room with the outlet located in a position so that it cannot be damaged and a hose fitted with a nozzle being connected to the outlet.
- d) An overhead type door being provided to the room having a clear opening of not less than 1.8m.
- e) A galvanised steel bump rail at least 50 mm clear of the wall being provided at the height of the most prominent part of the garbage containers.
- f) Mobile Waste containers or Bulk Bins must have capacity to store waste volume for the development as calculated in accordance with Part C.8 of the Willoughby Development Control Plan and suitable for connection to the garbage collection vehicle being provided in the room. In addition suitable recycling containers must also be provided in the room.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

#### ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

The following conditions have been applied to ensure that the use of the land and/or building is carried out in such a manner that is consistent with the aims and objectives of the planning instrument affecting the land, and relevant legislation.

#### 97. Ground Levels

The finished ground levels external to the building are to be consistent with the development consent and are not to be raised. (Reason: Ensure compliance)

### 98. Retaining Walls and Drainage

If the soil conditions require it:

- a) retaining walls associated with the erection or demolition of a building or other approved methods of preventing movement of the soil must be provided, and
- b) adequate provision must be made for drainage.

(Reason: Safety)

## 99. Erection Wholly within the Boundaries

All works (with the exception of any works approved under S138 of the Roads Act 1993) including footings, shall be erected wholly within the boundaries of the property.

(Reason: Ensure compliance)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 27 of 31

#### 100. Annual Fire Safety Statement

Attention is directed to Clause 177 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 regarding the submission of an Annual Fire Safety Statement in relation to each essential fire safety measure implemented in the building or on the land on which the building is situated.

(Reason: Safety)

#### 101. On-site Car Parking

The on-site car parking provision of thirty 35 car parking spaces (including 7 visitor car spaces and 1 car space per residential unit), 1 motorbike space must be physically identified on site with signposted.

Any visitor parking bays required in accordance with Willoughby Development Control Plan Part C.4, are to be grouped together and physically identified by suitable signs and/or pavement and being permanently accessible and reserved for the exclusive use of visitors to the premises.

On any subsequent strata subdivision of the approved development, the car parking spaces of the approved must not be separate allotments, but part allotments and are to be allocated on the following basis 1 car space per residential unit.

All visitor spaces must be part of the common property on any strata subdivision of the approved development. (Reason: Ensure Compliance)

## 102. Security Controlled Car Parking

Should any security controlled car parking arrangement be introduced for the residential visitor car spaces, an intercom or similar system is to be used to enable free access and parking for the tenants/visitors.

(Reason: Amenity)

### 103. Motor Cycle Parking

Prior to the issue of the occupation certificate, at least one motorcycle parking space must be provided for motor cycle parking by the development. The space is to have an area of 1.2 metres x 3 metres.

(Reason: Amenity)

### 104. Cycle Racks

Prior to the issue of the occupation certificate, the development must provide four(4) bicycle rack and three (3) bicycle lockers for the use of residents/visitors of the approved development.

(Reason: Alternative Transport)

#### 105. Loading and Unloading

All loading and unloading to the development is to be conducted wholly within the site. Under no circumstances are loading/unloading activities to be conducted from vehicles standing kerbside in Walter Street.

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 28 of 31

A plan of management with safety and traffic control measures must be prepared for any waste management and removalist activities to occur at the site, including any temporary measures to control vehicles entering and exiting the site when a vehicle is obstructed the vehicular entry. Any waste management and removalist activities to occur at the site and obstruct the vehicular entry must be completed within 15 minutes.

The plan of management must be incorporated in any building management plan and or strata management plan for the approved development. (Reason: Access and amenity)

#### 106. Stormwater Kerb Outlet

New stormwater connection outlets at street kerb shall be made using 125x75x4 galvanised Rectangular Hollow Section (RHS). Where there are multiple outlets required, a minimum distance of 100mm shall separate these outlets. A grated drainage pit (min. 600mm x 600mm) shall be provided within and adjacent to the property boundary prior to discharging to the Council's drainage system. (Reason: Protection of public asset)

#### 107. Vehicular Access and Garaging

Driveways and vehicular access ramps shall be designed to provide adequate ground clearance to the underside of B99 vehicles. In all respects, the proposed vehicle access and/or parking spaces shall be designed and constructed to comply with the minimum requirements of AS/NZS 2890.1 and Council's standard specification.

(Reason: Vehicular access)

#### 108. Underground Utility Services

Locate and establish the size and levels of all utility services in the footpath and road reserve. Contact "Dial Before You Dig" Service" prior to commencement of any works.

All adjustments to public utilities' mains and services as a consequence of the development and associated construction works shall be at the full cost to the applicant. (Reason: Protection of utilities)

#### 109. Adjustment to Electricity

All existing and proposed overhead electricity supply mains and other overhead services around the street frontage of the site are to be relocated underground to the specification of Energy Australia and Willoughby City Council at full cost to the applicant.

(Reason: Public amenity)

## 110. Public Infrastructure Restoration

Prior to the release of the Damage Deposit, any damaged public infrastructure caused as a result of the construction works on the subject site (including damage caused by, but not limited to , delivery vehicles, waste collection, contractors, subcontractors, concrete delivery vehicles) must be fully repaired in accordance with Council's specification and AUS-SPEC at no cost to Council.

(Reason: Protection of public assets)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 29 of 31

#### 111. Trees on Adjoining Properties

No approval is given for the removal or pruning of trees on neighbouring private land. (Reason: Environmental protection)

#### 112. Noise Control - Offensive Noise

To minimise the noise impact on the surrounding environment, the use of the premises, building services, equipment, machinery and ancillary fittings shall not give rise to an "offensive noise" as defined under the provisions of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

(Reason: Amenity)

#### 113. Waste Management

a) Bins must be regularly cleaned (every 3-6 months).

- a) Bins must be returned to bin room as soon as practicable after the servicing of the bins.
- b) All bins must be presented at the kerbside for collection. The building manager/cleaner is responsible for presenting bins for collection and returning bins to the bin rooms.

(Reason: Health and Amenity)

#### 114. Waste Materials

No waste materials are to be stored outside the approved waste storage area at any time. The garbage receptacles are not to be used for the disposal of any type of liquid waste.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

#### 115. Refuse Collection Point

A suitable refuse collection point, adjacent to the garbage room(s), must be provided within the building envelope. The loading operation, including the movement of garbage receptacle must take place on a level surface away from gradients and vehicle ramps. No waste/recycling is to be placed on the public footpaths, roadways, plazas, reserves or building colonnade areas, at any time. All garbage receptacles must be returned to the garbage storage area within the property after the bins are serviced.

(Reason: Health and amenity)

#### PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS

The following conditions are prescribed by S80A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act for developments involving building work.

# 116. Compliance with National Construction Code

All building works must be carried out in accordance with the performance requirements of the National Construction Code.

(Reason: Compliance)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 30 of 31

#### 117. Support for Neighbouring Buildings

- (1) If development involves an excavation that extends below the level of the base of the footings of a building, structure or work (including any structure or work within a road or rail corridor) on an adjoining property, the person having the benefit of the development consent must, at the person's own expense:
  - a) protect and support the building, structure or work from possible damage from the excavation, and
  - b) if necessary, underpin and support the building, structure or work to prevent any such damage, and
  - c) must, at least 7 days before excavating below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, give notice of intention to do so to the owner of the adjoining allotment of land and furnish particulars of the excavation to the owner of the building being erected or demolished.
- (2) The owner of the adjoining allotment of land is not liable for any part of the cost of work carried out for the purposes of this clause, whether carried out on the allotment of land being excavated or on the adjoining allotment of land.
- (3) In this clause, "allotment of land" includes a public road and any other public place.

(Reason: Safety)

#### STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The following advisory notes are statutory requirements of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act and the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulations and are provided to assist applicants

#### 118. Construction Certificate Required

This consent IS NOT an approval to carry out any building works (with the exception of demolition work). A Construction Certificate is required PRIOR TO ANY BUILDING WORKS BEING COMMENCED.

Enquiries regarding the issue of a construction certificate can be made to Council's Customer Service Centre on 9777 1000.

(Reason: Ensure compliance and statutory requirement)

#### 119. Notify Council of Intention to Commence Works

In accordance with the provisions of Clause 81A(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 the person having the benefit of the development consent shall appoint a Certifying Authority and give at least 2 days' notice to Council, in writing, of the persons intention to commence the erection of the building. (Reason: Information and ensure compliance)

#### 120. Occupation Certificate

The building/structure or part thereof shall not be occupied or used until an interim occupation / final occupation certificate has been issued in respect of the building or part.

(Reason: Safety)

Reference: DA-2016/210 Page 31 of 31



Appendix B
Site
Photographs





Photograph 1 (22/08/19): View of 462 Willoughby Road. Photograph taken looking north.



Photograph 2 (22/08/19): View of 462 Willoughby Road. Photograph taken looking west.





Photograph 3 (22/08/19): Front yard of 452 Willoughby Road.



Photograph 4 (22/08/19): Front yard of 13 Walter Street.

### Photographic Log 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road Willoughby NSW





Photograph 5 (22/08/19): Front yard of 9 Walter Street. Monitoring well MW2 visible in the foreground.

Photograph 6 (22/08/19): Front yard of 31 Walter Street.







Photograph 7 (22/08/19): Front yard of 15 Walter Street.



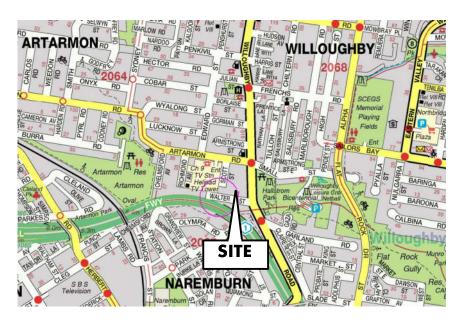


Photograph 8 (27/08/19): Back yard at 13A Walter Street.



Appendix C
Historical
Report
Excerpts

EIS (2017)
Preliminary
Desktop ESA







NOTES: Figure has been recreated from https://maps.six.nsw.gov.au/ and UBD on disc (version 7.1)

Figure is not to scale. UBD Map ref: 195 Q16

This plan should be read in conjunction with the EIS report

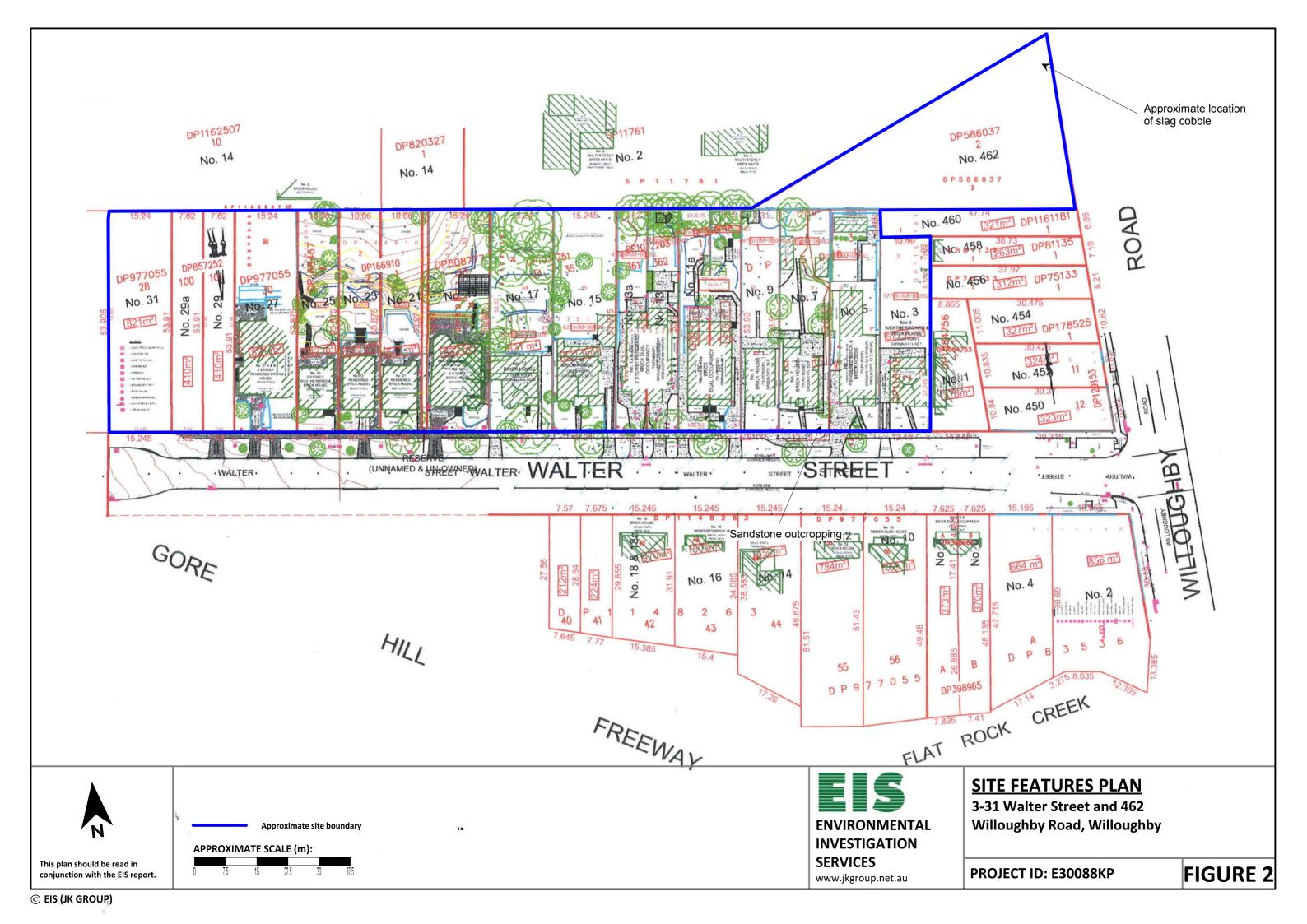


# **SITE LOCATION PLAN**

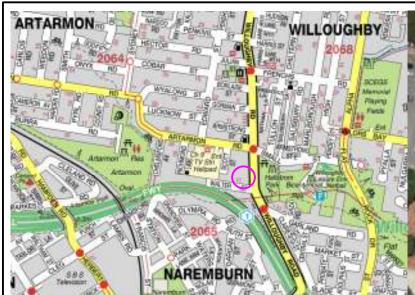
3-31 Walter Street and 462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby

PROJECT ID: E30088KP

FIGURE 1



EIS (2018) Preliminary ESA







NOTES: Figure has been recreated from https://maps.six.nsw.gov.au/ and UBD on disc (version 7.1)

Figure is not to scale. UBD Map ref: 195 Q16

This plan should be read in conjunction with the EIS report

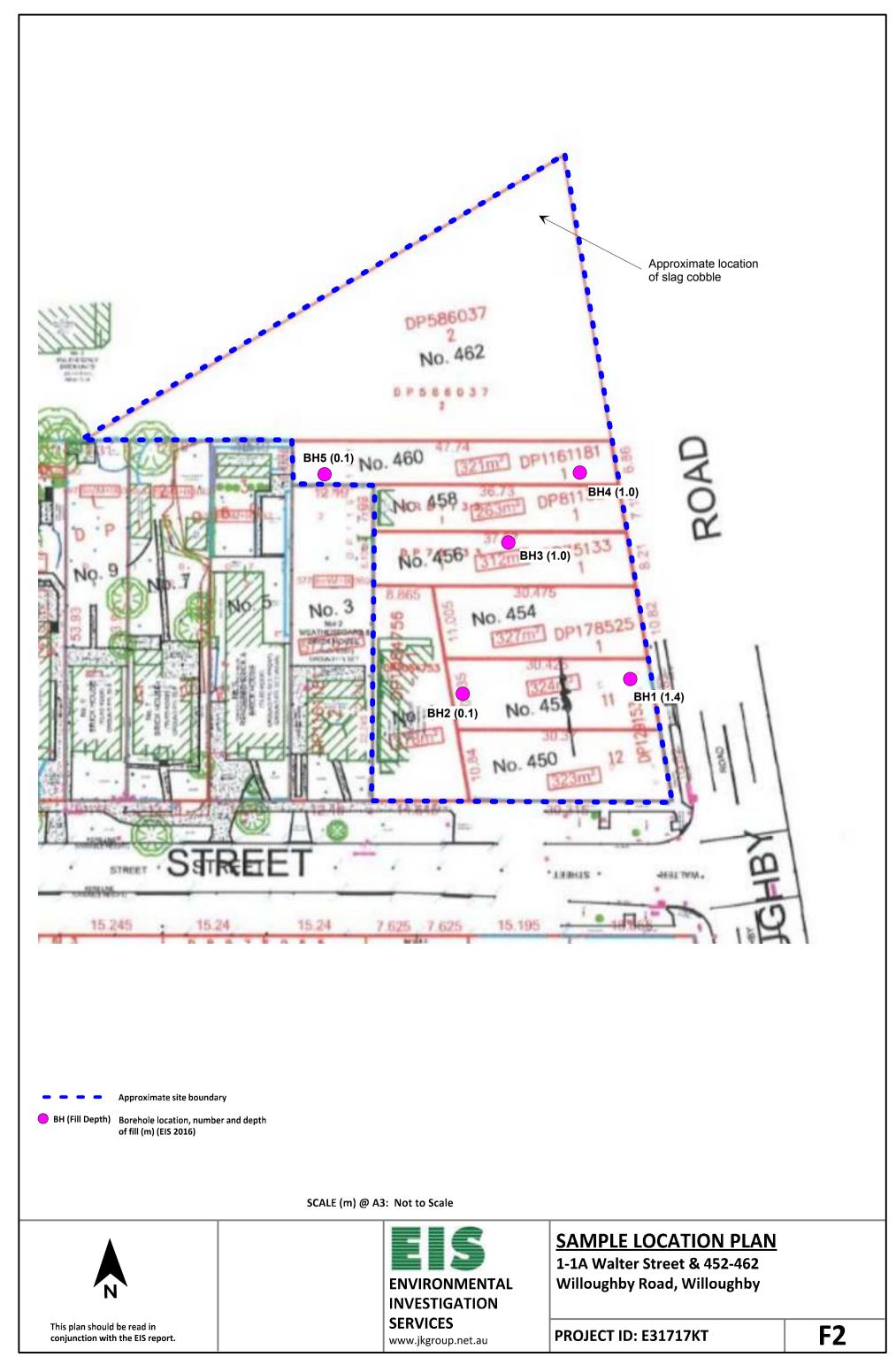


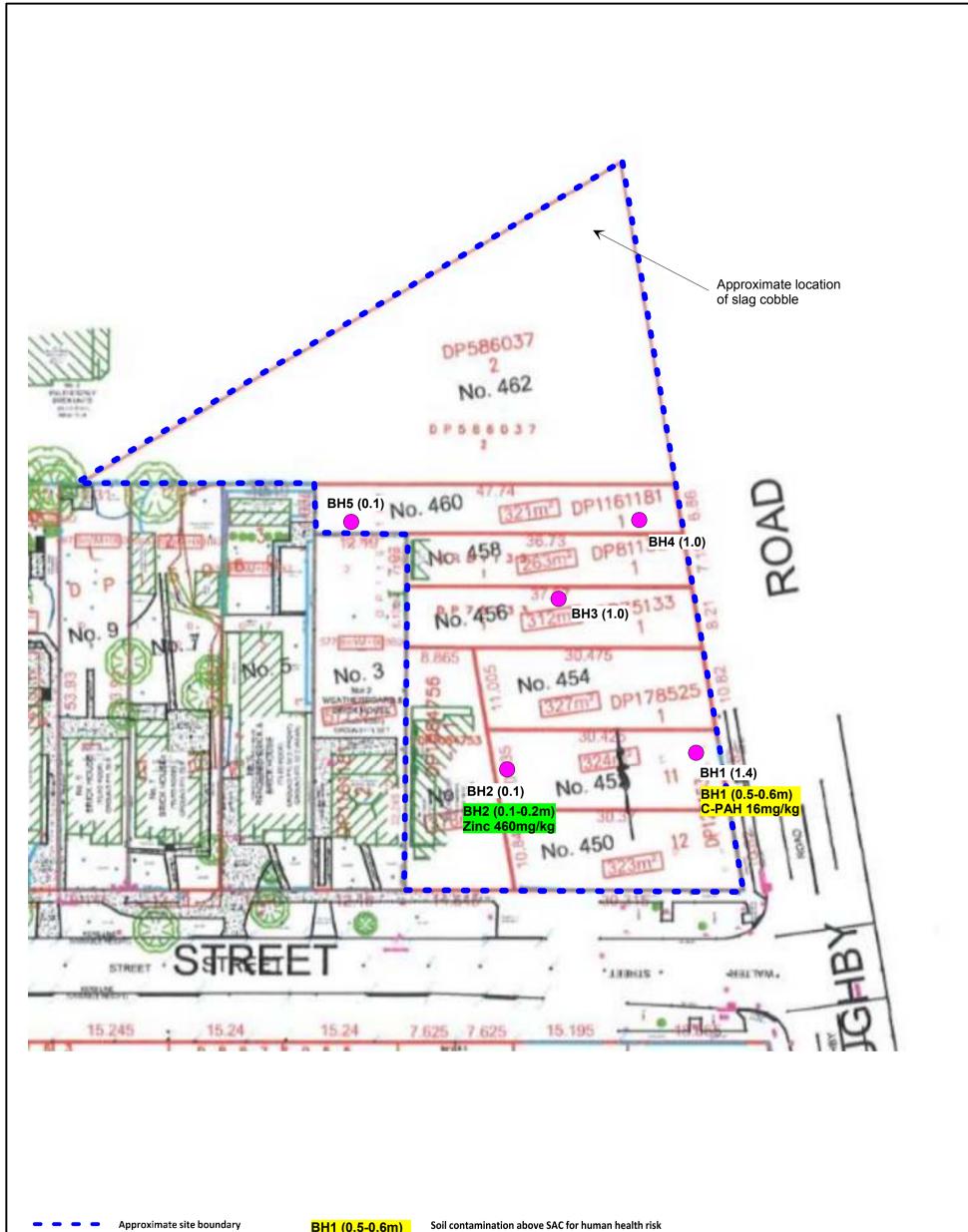
# **SITE LOCATION PLAN**

1-1a Walter Street & 452-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby

**PROJECT ID: E31717KT** 

FIGURE 1





Approximate site boundary

BH (Fill Depth) Borehole location, number and depth of fill (m) (EIS 2016)

BH1 (0.5-0.6m) C-PAH 16mg/kg

BH2 (0.1-0.2m) Zinc 460mg/kg Soil contamination above SAC for ecological risk

SCALE (m) @ A3: Not to Scale



This plan should be read in conjunction with the EIS report.



# **CONTAMINATION LOCATION PLAN**

1-1A Walter Street & 452-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby

PROJECT ID: E31717KT

**F3** 



#### TABLE A

### SOIL LABORATORY RESULTS COMPARED TO NEPM 2013.

HIL-A: 'Residential with garden/accessible soils; children's day care centers; preschools; and primary schools'

						HEAVY	METALS					PAHs			ORGANOCHL	ORINE PESTI	CIDES (OCPs)			OP PESTICIDES (OPPs)		
All data in mg <sub>/</sub>	/kg unless stated	d otherwise	Arsenic	Cadmium	Chromium VI	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Nickel	Zinc	Total PAHs	Carcinogenic PAHs	НСВ	Endosulfan	Methoxychlor	Aldrin & Dieldrin	Chlordane	DDT, DDD & DDE	Heptachlor	Chlorpyrifos	TOTAL PCBs	ASBESTOS FIBRES
PQL - Envirolal	o Services		4	0.4	1	1	1	0.1	1	1	-	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100
Site Assessmer	nt Criteria (SAC)		100	20	100	6000	300	40	400	7400	300	3	10	270	300	6	50	240	6	160	1	Detected/Not Detected
Sample Reference	Sample Depth	Sample Description																				
BH1	0.5-0.6	Fill	<4	<0.4	11	65	47	0.2	3	110	96	16	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	Not Detected
BH1	1.2-1.3	Natural	<4	<0.4	9	4	13	<0.1	<1	4	<0.1	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NA
BH2	0.1-0.2	Fill	11	3	14	60	290	0.1	10	460	6.1	0.8	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	Not Detected
BH2	0.4-0.5	Natural	<4	<0.4	9	<1	6	<0.1	<1	2	<0.1	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NA
вн3	0.1-0.2	Fill	<4	<0.4	15	7	8	<0.1	12	13	<0.1	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	Not Detected
вн3	0.9-1.0	Natural	<4	<0.4	2	3	6	<0.1	<1	3	0.37	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NA
BH4	0.4-0.5	Fill	<4	<0.4	9	12	20	0.1	<1	17	0.93	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	Not Detected
BH4	1.0-1.1	Natural	<4	<0.4	6	10	12	<0.1	1	9	15	2.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NA
BH5	0.2-0.3	Fill	5	<0.4	8	8	21	<0.1	3	48	2.7	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	Not Detected
вн5	0.5-0.6	Natural	<4	<0.4	12	4	5	<0.1	1	62	<0.1	<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NA
Total Number	er of Samples		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	5
Maximum V	alue		11	3	15	65	290	0.2	12	460	96	16	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<>	NC

Concentration above the SAC

VALUE



# TABLE B SOIL LABORATORY RESULTS COMPARED TO HSLs All data in mg/kg unless stated otherwise

					C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>10</sub> (F1)	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub> (F2)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	Naphthalene	Field PID Measurement
PQL - Envirola	ab Services				25	50	0.2	0.5	1	1	1	ppm
NEPM 2013 H	ISL Land Use	Category					HSL-A/B:LO	W/HIGH DENSITY	RESIDENTIAL			
Sample Reference	Sample Depth	Sample Description	Depth Category	Soil Category								
BH1	0.5-0.6	Fill	0m to < 1m	Clay	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	0.1	0
BH1	1.2-1.3	Natural	1m to <2m	Sand	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
BH2	0.1-0.2	Fill	0m to < 1m	Clay	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
BH2	0.4-0.5	Natural	0m to < 1m	Sand	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
вн3	0.1-0.2	Fill	0m to < 1m	Sand	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
внз	0.9-1.0	Natural	0m to < 1m	Sand	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
BH4	0.4-0.5	Fill	0m to < 1m	Sand	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
BH4	1.0-1.1	Natural	1m to <2m	Sand	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
вн5	0.2-0.3	Fill	0m to < 1m	Sand	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
BH5	0.5-0.6	Natural	0m to < 1m	Clay	<25	<50	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.1	0
Total Number	er of Samples				10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Maximum Va	alue				<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""></pql<></td></pql<>	0.1	<pql< td=""></pql<>

Concentration above the SAC

VALUE

The guideline corresponding to the elevated value is highlighted in grey in the Site Assessment Criteria Table below

#### SITE ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

					C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>10</sub> (F1)	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub> (F2)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	Naphthalene
PQL - Envirola	b Services				25	50	0.2	0.5	1	1	1
NEPM 2013 H	SL Land Use C	Category					HSL-A/B:LO	W/HIGH DENSITY F	RESIDENTIAL		
Sample	Sample	Camaria Dagarintian	Depth	Cail Catagoni							
Reference	Depth	Sample Description	Category	Soil Category							
BH1	0.5-0.6	Fill	0m to < 1m	Clay	50	280	0.7	480	NL	110	5
BH1	1.2-1.3	Natural	1m to <2m	Sand	70	240	0.5	220	NL	60	NL
BH2	0.1-0.2	Fill	0m to < 1m	Clay	50	280	0.7	480	NL	110	5
BH2	0.4-0.5	Natural	0m to < 1m	Sand	45	110	0.5	160	55	40	3
внз	0.1-0.2	Fill	0m to < 1m	Sand	45	110	0.5	160	55	40	3
внз	0.9-1.0	Natural	0m to < 1m	Sand	45	110	0.5	160	55	40	3
BH4	0.4-0.5	Fill	0m to < 1m	Sand	45	110	0.5	160	55	40	3
3H4	1.0-1.1	Natural	1m to <2m	Sand	70	240	0.5	220	NL	60	NL
3H5	0.2-0.3	Fill	0m to < 1m	Sand	45	110	0.5	160	55	40	3
BH5	0.5-0.6	Natural	0m to < 1m	Clay	50	280	0.7	480	NL	110	5



# TABLE C SOIL LABORATORY RESULTS COMPARED TO NEPM 2013 EILs AND ESLs All data in mg/kg unless stated otherwise

Land Use Ca	tegory											URBA	N RESIDENTIAL A	ND PUBLIC OP	PEN SPACE								
						Clay Content			AGED HEAV	Y METALS-EILs			EII	Ls					ESLs				
				рН	CEC (cmol <sub>c</sub> /kg)	(% clay)	Arsenic	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Nickel	Zinc	Naphthalene	DDT	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>10</sub> (F1)	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub> (F2)	>C <sub>16</sub> -C <sub>34</sub> (F3)	>C <sub>34</sub> -C <sub>40</sub> (F4)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	B(a)P
PQL - Enviro	ab Services			-	1	-	4	1	1	1	1	1	0.1	0.1	25	50	100	100	0.2	0.5	1	3	0.05
Ambient Bac	kground Co	ncentration (ABC)		-	-	-	NSL	13	28	163	5	122	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL
Sample Reference	Sample Depth	Sample Description	Soil Texture																				I
BH1	0.5-0.6	Fill	Fine	NA	NA	NA	<4	11	65	47	3	110	0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	380	120	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	11
BH1	1.2-1.3	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	<4	9	4	13	<1	4	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.05
BH2	0.1-0.2	Fill	Fine	NA	NA	NA	11	14	60	290	10	460	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	0.59
BH2	0.4-0.5	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	<4	9	<1	6	<1	2	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.05
вн3	0.1-0.2	Fill	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	<4	15	7	8	12	13	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.05
вн3	0.9-1.0	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	<4	2	3	6	<1	3	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	240	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	0.09
BH4	0.4-0.5	Fill	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	<4	9	12	20	<1	17	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	0.1
BH4	1.0-1.1	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	<4	6	10	12	1	9	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	1.5
BH5	0.2-0.3	Fill	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	5	8	8	21	3	48	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	0.3
ВН5	0.5-0.6	Natural	Fine	NA	NA	NA	<4	12	4	5	1	62	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	<0.05
																							<u> </u>
Total Num	Total Number of Samples				0	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Maximum	Value			<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td><td>15</td><td>65</td><td>290</td><td>12</td><td>460</td><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>380</td><td>120</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td><td>15</td><td>65</td><td>290</td><td>12</td><td>460</td><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>380</td><td>120</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td>11</td><td>15</td><td>65</td><td>290</td><td>12</td><td>460</td><td>0.1</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>380</td><td>120</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	11	15	65	290	12	460	0.1	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>380</td><td>120</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>380</td><td>120</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td>380</td><td>120</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	380	120	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td>11</td></pql<>	11

Concentration above the SAC

VALUE

The guideline corresponding to the elevated value is highlighted in grey in the EIL and ESL Assessment Criteria Table below

#### EIL AND ESL ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

Land Use Ca	tegory											URBAI	N RESIDENTIAL A	ND PUBLIC OF	PEN SPACE								
						Clav Content			AGED HEAVY	METALS-EILs			EI	Ls					ESLs				
				рН	CEC (cmol <sub>c</sub> /kg)	(% clay)	Arsenic	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Nickel	Zinc	Naphthalene	DDT	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>10</sub> (F1)	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub> (F2)	>C <sub>16</sub> -C <sub>34</sub> (F3)	>C <sub>34</sub> -C <sub>40</sub> (F4)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	B(a)P
PQL - Enviro	lab Services			-	1	-	4	1	1	1	1	1	0.1	0.1	25	50	100	100	0.2	0.5	1	3	0.05
Ambient Bac	kground Cor	ncentration (ABC)		-	-	-	NSL	13	28	163	5	122	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL	NSL
Sample Reference	Sample Depth	Sample Description	Soil Texture																				
BH1	0.5-0.6	Fill	Fine	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	1300	5600	60	105	125	45	33
BH1	1.2-1.3	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	33
BH2	0.1-0.2	Fill	Fine	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	1300	5600	60	105	125	45	33
BH2	0.4-0.5	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	33
BH3	0.1-0.2	Fill	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	33
BH3	0.9-1.0	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	33
BH4	0.4-0.5	Fill	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	33
BH4	1.0-1.1	Natural	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	33
BH5	0.2-0.3	Fill	Coarse	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	300	2800	50	85	70	105	33
BH5	0.5-0.6	Natural	Fine	NA	NA	NA	100	203	88	1263	35	192	170	180	180	120	1300	5600	60	105	125	45	33



# TABLE D SOIL LABORATORY RESULTS COMPARED TO WASTE CLASSIFICATION GUIDELINES All data in mg/kg unless stated otherwise

						HEAVY I	METALS				PA	AHs		OC/OP	PESTICIDES		Total			TRH				BTEX CON	MPOUNDS		
			Arsenic	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Nickel	Zinc	Total	B(a)P	Total	Chloropyrifos	Total Moderately	Total	PCBs	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> -C <sub>36</sub>	Total	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl	Total	ASBESTOS FIBRES
			Arsenic	Caumum	Cilioilliulii	Сорреі	Leau	iviercury	INICKEI	ZIIIC	PAHs		Endosulfans		Harmful	Scheduled						C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>36</sub>			benzene	Xylenes	
PQL - Envirola	b Services		4	0.4	1	1	1	0.1	1	1	-	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	25	50	100	100	250	0.2	0.5	1	3	100
General Solid	Waste CT1		100	20	100	NSL	100	4	40	NSL	200	0.8	60	4	250	<50	<50	650		NSL		10,000	10	288	600	1,000	-
General Solid	Waste SCC1		500	100	1900	NSL	1500	50	1050	NSL	200	10	108	7.5	250	<50	<50	650		NSL		10,000	18	518	1,080	1,800	-
Restricted Soli	d Waste CT2		400	80	400	NSL	400	16	160	NSL	800	3.2	240	16	1000	<50	<50	2600		NSL		40,000	40	1,152	2,400	4,000	-
Restricted Soli	d Waste SCC2		2000	400	7600	NSL	6000	200	4200	NSL	800	23	432	30	1000	<50	<50	2600		NSL		40,000	72	2,073	4,320	7,200	-
Sample Reference	Sample Depth	Sample Description																									
BH1	0.5-0.6	Fill	LPQL	LPQL	11	65	47	0.2	3	110	96	11	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	210	230	440	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	Not Detected
BH1	1.2-1.3	Natural	LPQL	LPQL	9	4	13	LPQL	LPQL	4	<0.1	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>NA</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	NA
BH2	0.1-0.2	Fill	11	3	14	60	290	0.1	10	460	6.1	0.59	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>Not Detected</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	Not Detected
BH2	0.4-0.5	Natural	LPQL	LPQL	9	LPQL	6	LPQL	LPQL	2	<0.1	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>NA</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	NA
вн3	0.1-0.2	Fill	LPQL	LPQL	15	7	8	LPQL	12	13	<0.1	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>Not Detected</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	Not Detected
внз	0.9-1.0	Natural	LPQL	LPQL	2	3	6	LPQL	LPQL	3	0.37	0.09	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	270	270	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	NA
BH4	0.4-0.5	Fill	LPQL	LPQL	9	12	20	0.1	LPQL	17	0.93	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>Not Detected</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	Not Detected
BH4	1.0-1.1	Natural	LPQL	LPQL	6	10	12	LPQL	1	9	15	1.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>NA</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	NA
BH5	0.2-0.3	Fill	5	LPQL	8	8	21	LPQL	3	48	2.7	0.3	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>Not Detected</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	Not Detected
BH5	0.5-0.6	Natural	LPQL	LPQL	12	4	5	LPQL	1	62	<0.1	<0.05	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<25	<50	<100	<100	<pql< td=""><td>&lt;0.2</td><td>&lt;0.5</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>&lt;1</td><td>NA</td></pql<>	<0.2	<0.5	<1	<1	NA
Total Numb	er of samples	1	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	5
Maximum \	/alue		11	3	15	65	290	0.2	12	460	96	11	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>210</td><td>270</td><td>440</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>210</td><td>270</td><td>440</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>210</td><td>270</td><td>440</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>210</td><td>270</td><td>440</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>210</td><td>270</td><td>440</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>210</td><td>270</td><td>440</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td>210</td><td>270</td><td>440</td><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	210	270	440	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td><pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<></td></pql<>	<pql< td=""><td>NC</td></pql<>	NC

Concentration above the CT1
Concentration above SCC1
Concentration above the SCC2

VALUE VALUE VALUE



	SOIL	TABLE E	ITC									
		ta in mg/L unless stated o										
	All du	ta iii iiig, L aiiicss statea e	Action Wisc									
			Lead	B(a)P								
PQL - Envirolab Services 0.03 0.001												
TCLP1 - General Solid Waste 5 0.04												
TCLP2 - Restric	ted Solid Wast	ce	20	0.16								
TCLP3 - Hazard	lous Waste		>20	>0.16								
Sample Reference	Sample Depth	Sample Description										
BH1	0.5-0.6	Fill	NA	<0.001								
BH2	0.1-0.2	Fill	0.06	NA								
BH4	1.0-1.1	Natural	NA	<0.001								
Total Numbe	er of samples		1	2								
Maximum Va	alue		0.06	<pql< td=""></pql<>								
General Solid V	Vaste		VALUE									
Restricted Solid	d Waste		VALUE									
Hazardous Wa	ste		VALUE									



# TABLE F SOIL INTRA-LABORATORY DUPLICATE RESULTS & RPD CALCULATIONS All results in mg/kg unless stated otherwise

SAMPLE	ANALYSIS	Envirolab	INITIAL	REPEAT	MEAN	RPD
37 (141) EE	7117/12/3/3	PQL				%
Sample Ref = BH2 (0.1-0.2)	Arsenic	4	11	13	12.0	17
Oup Ref = DUPTC1	Cadmium	0.4	3	3	3.0	0
	Chromium	1	14	20	17.0	35
Envirolab Report: 148608	Copper	1	60	130	95.0	74
	Lead	1	290	650	470.0	77
	Mercury	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	120
	Nickel	1	10	13	11.5	26
	Zinc	1	460	590	525.0	25
	Naphthalene	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	Acenaphthylene	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	Acenaphthene	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	Fluorene	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	Phenanthrene	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.5	40
	Anthracene	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0
	Fluoranthene	0.1	1	1	1.0	0
	Pyrene	0.1	1	1	1.0	0
	Benzo(a)anthracene	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	22
	Chrysene	0.1	0.6	0.5	0.6	18
	Benzo(b,j+k)fluoranthene	0.2	1	0.9	1.0	11
	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.05	0.59	0.5	0.5	17
	Indeno(123-cd)pyrene	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	29
	Dibenzo(ah)anthracene	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	Benzo(ghi)perylene	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	29
	Total OCPs	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	Total OPPs	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	Total PCBs	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NC	NC
	TRH C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>10</sub> (F1)	25	<25	<25	NC	NC
	TRH >C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub> (F2)	50	<50	<50	NC	NC
	TRH >C <sub>16</sub> -C <sub>34</sub> (F3)	100	<100	<100	NC	NC
	TRH >C <sub>34</sub> -C <sub>40</sub> (F4)	100	<100	<100	NC	NC
	Benzene	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	NC	NC
	Toluene	0.5	<0.5	<0.5	NC	NC
	Ethylbenzene	1	<1	<1	NC	NC
	m+p-xylene	2	<2	<1	NC	NC
	o-xylene	1	<1	<2	NC	NC

#### **Explanation:**

The RPD value is calculated as the absolute value of the difference between the initial and repeat results divided by the average value expressed as a percentage. The following acceptance criteria will be used to assess the RPD results:

Results > 10 times PQL = RPD value <= 50% are acceptable

Results between 5 & 10 times PQL = RPD value <= 75% are acceptable

Results < 5 times PQL = RPD value <= 100% are acceptable

If result is LPQL then 50% of the PQL is used for the calculation

RPD Results Above the Acceptance Criteria

VALUE



TABLE G
SUMMARY OF FIELD QA/QC RESULTS

	Enviro	lab PQL	TB1 <sup>s</sup>
ANALYSIS	LIIVIIO		20/06/2016
AIVALISIS	mg/kg	μg/L	
	1116/146	μ6/ <b>L</b>	mg/kg
Benzene	1	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	1	0.5	<0.5
Ethylbenzene	1	1	<1
m+p-xylene	2	2	<2
o-xylene	1	1	<1

## **Explanation:**

BTEX concentrations in trip spikes are presented as % recovery

Values above PQLs/Acceptance criteria

VALUE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>w</sup> Sample type (water)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>S</sup>Sample type (sand)



# **BOREHOLE LOG**

Borehole No.

1/1

**Client:** 

Project:

Location: 1 WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY, NSW

Job	No.				Meth	nod: HAND AUGER		R	.L. Surf	face: ≈ 50.1m
Date	e: 17-6	6-16						D	atum:	AHD
					Log	ged/Checked by: T.C./P.S.				
Groundwater Record	ES U50 DB SAMPLES	Field Tests	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Unified Classification	DESCRIPTION	Moisture Condition/ Weathering	Strength/ Rel. Density	Hand Penetrometer Readings (kPa.)	Remarks
•		REFER TO DCP TEST RESULTS	0.5 -		SC	FILL: Silty sand, fine to medium grained, dark grey and dark brown, with roots and root fibres. FILL: Sandy clay, low plasticity, orange brown, yellow brown and dark grey, with fine to coarse grained ironstone gravel.  CLAYEY SAND: fine to medium grained, grey and brown.  SANDY CLAY: low plasticity, orange brown and grey.	M W MC≈PL	VL-L F-St	100	APPEARS POORLY COMPACTED
			2.5 -			END OF BOREHOLE AT 2.0m				



# **BOREHOLE LOG**

Borehole No.

2

1/1

Client:

Project:

Location: 1 WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY, NSW

Job No. Date: 17-	6 16			Meth	nod: HAND AUGER	R.L. Surface: ≈ 50.6m  Datum: AHD			
Date. 17-	.0-10			Log	ged/Checked by: T.C./P.S.		J	atum.	AIID
Groundwater Record ES USO SAMPLES		Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Unified Classification	DESCRIPTION	Moisture Condition/ Weathering	Strength/ Rel. Density	Hand Penetrometer Readings (kPa.)	Remarks
DRY ON COMPLET	REFER TO DCP TEST	0			FILL: Clayey sand topsoil, fine to coarse grained, dark brown, with	М			GRASS COVER
ION	RESULTS			SC	roots. CLAYEY SAND: fine to coarse grained, dark brown.	M	VL-L		-
		0.5 -		CL	SANDY CLAY: medium plasticity, light grey.	MC≈PL	F	100 110	-
		1.5 -			END OF BOREHOLE AT 0.7m				HAND AUGER REFUSAL ON INFERRED SANDSTONE BEDROCK



# **BOREHOLE LOG**

Borehole No.

1/1

Client:

Project:

Location: 1 WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY, NSW

Job No. Method: HAND AUGER R.L. Surface:  $\approx 50.0$ m

Job No. Method: HAND AU						iod: HAND AUGER		R	.L. Sur	face: ≈ 50.0m	
<b>Date:</b> 17-6-16									Datum: AHD		
					Logg	ged/Checked by: T.C./P.S.					
Groundwater Record	ES U50 SAMPLES DS	Field Tests	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Unified Classification	DESCRIPTION	Moisture Condition/ Weathering	Strength/ Rel. Density	Hand Penetrometer Readings (kPa.)	Remarks	
		REFER TO DCP TEST RESULTS	0		SC	FILL: Clayey silty sand, fine to course grained, dark grey, with root fibres.  FILL: Gravelly sand, fine to coarse grained, orange brown and grey, with fine to coarse grained sandstone gravel and sandstone cobbles.  CLAYEY SAND: fine to medium	M	VL-L		CONCRETE PAVER  APPEARS POORLY COMPACTED	
•			- - 1.5 – - - -		30	grained, dark brown.  CLAYEY SAND: fine to medium grained, orange brown and light grey.	IVI	VL-L		-	
			2.5 — - - - - - - -			END OF BOREHOLE AT 2.0m				- - - -	
			3 - - - 3.5_							- - -	



# **BOREHOLE LOG**

Borehole No.

4

1/1

Client:

Project:

Location: 1 WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY, NSW

Job No. Method: HAND AUGER R.L. Surface: ≈ 51.2m

1 000	Job No.					Method: HAND AUGER				<b>R.L. Surface:</b> ≈ 51.2m		
Date	<b>Date:</b> 17-6-16									Datum: AHD		
					Logg	ged/Checked by: T.C./P.S.						
Groundwater Record	ES U50 DB SAMPLES	Field Tests	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Unified Classification	DESCRIPTION	Moisture Condition/ Weathering	Strength/ Rel. Density	Hand Penetrometer Readings (kPa.)	Remarks		
		REFER TO DCP TEST RESULTS	0 - - -			FILL: Sandy clay topsoil, low plasticity, dark grey and brown, with root fibres.	MC≈PL			- APPEARS POORLY TO MODERATELY - COMPACTED		
			0.5 -			FILL: Clayey gravelly sand, fine to coarse grained, orange brown, with fine to coarse grained sandstone gravel and sandstone cobbles.	M			- - - -		
			1-		SC	CLAYEY SAND: fine to medium grained, brown.	W	VL-L		-		
			1.5 - - - - 2 -			CLAYEY SAND: fine to medium grained, orange brown and grey.				- - -		
						END OF BOREHOLE AT 2.2m				HAND ALIGED		
			2.5 =			END OF BOREHOLE AT 2.2m				HAND AUGER REFUSAL ON INFERRED SANDSTONE BEDROCK  -		



# **BOREHOLE LOG**

Borehole No. **5** 

Client:

Project:

Location: 1 WALTER STREET, WILLOUGHBY, NSW

Local											
Job N						Method:    HAND AUGER      R.L. Surface:    ≈ 5					
Date:	1	7-6	6-16						D	atum:	AHD
						Logo	ged/Checked by: T.C./P.S.				
Groundwater Record	$\top$	DB SAMPLES		Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Unified Classification	DESCRIPTION	Moisture Condition/ Weathering	Strength/ Rel. Density	Hand Penetrometer Readings (kPa.)	Remarks
DRY ON COMPLET			REFER TO DCP TEST	0			FILL: Silty sand, fine to coarse   ¬ grained, dark brown, with roots	М			GRASS COVER
ION			RESULTS			SC	fibres. CLAYEY SAND: fine to coarse grained, brown, with root fibres.	M	VL		- - -
				0.5 -		CL	SANDY CLAY: low to medium plasticity, orange brown and grey.	MC>PL	F	70	- - -
				1 -	-		END OF BOREHOLE AT 0.9m				HAND AUGER  REFUSAL ON INFERRED SANDSTONE BEDROCK
				1.5 -	-						- - - -
				2-	-						- - - -
				2.5 -							- - -
				3 -							- - -
				3.5 _	_						-



Appendix D
QA/QC
Summary

## Appendix D - Quality Assurance/Quality Control Program

## 1 Field QA/QC Evaluation

#### 1.1 Field QA Procedures

To ensure that the data obtained meets the DQIs of precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness and comparability, the following field procedures and QA measures were implemented as part of the investigation fieldwork:

- Field staff undertaking the fieldwork were appropriately qualified and experience;
- Locations of sampling points were appropriately determined prior to conducting fieldworks to ensure adequate site characterisation, and based on a review of site history;
- Field documentation included the completion of standard field forms including Daily Field Reports
  documenting the field activities undertaken throughout each day in the field, gauging sheets and
  purging logs and the use of Chain of Custody (COC) documentation for all field samples;
- Field instruments were maintained in good order and appropriately calibrated and/or challenged in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions prior to conducting fieldworks;
- Soil samples were collected in laboratory supplied washed / certified clean glass 250 mL glass jars with Teflon lined lids. Waterproof labels were affixed to the body of the jars, and included the job number, unique sample identification, and date of sample collection;
- Groundwater samples were collected in laboratory washed / certified bottles appropriate for the analytes tested. Waterproof labels were affixed to the body of the jars, and included the job number, unique sample identification, and date of sample collection;
- Sampling was done in a manner to ensure that any volatile organic compound (VOC) losses were minimal. Immediately after each sample was collected, the vial was sealed with zero headspace to prevent any VOC losses;
- In accordance with AS 4482.1 (2005), soil and groundwater samples were stored in a cool esky containing ice immediately after collection;
- Samples were submitted to the laboratory immediately following fieldwork to ensure that sample
  holding times could be met. Primary and QA/QC samples were analysed by NATA accredited
  laboratories by the appropriate analytical methods and LORs; and
- Reusable sampling equipment was decontaminated between sampling locations and new gloves were worn for the collection of each sample to prevent cross contamination.

#### 1.2 Field QA/QC Data Evaluation

### 1.2.1 Replicate Samples

A QC blind duplicate sample is a sub-sample of the parent sample taken in the field and submitted to the primary laboratory for analysis to enable measurement of the overall precision of the sampling procedure (how representative the result is of the true field conditions) and the precision of the laboratory analytical methods. A QC blind triplicate sample is also a sub-sample of the parent sample taken in the field, but this sample is submitted to a secondary laboratory for analysis to enable assessment of the accuracy of the analytical results between different laboratories.

The primary laboratory for soil and groundwater analyses was Eurofins-mgt in Lane Cove, NSW. The intra-laboratory duplicates were also analysed by Eurofins-mgt. The inter-laboratory duplicates were analysed by ALS Environmental in Smithfield, NSW.

#### 1.2.2 Soil and Groundwater Replicate Data

The soil and groundwater duplicate and triplicate samples collected during the site validation works, and submitted for laboratory testing, are shown in **Table D-1**, below.

Table N-1: Soil and Groundwater Duplicate/Triplicate Summary

Parent Sample	Date	Blind Duplicate	Blind Triplicate	Analysis
Soil				
SB1/MW4_0.2	26/08/2019	QS1	QS1A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals, asbestos, phenols
SB8_0.1	27/08/2019	QS2	QS2A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals, phenols
SB21_0.05	27/08/2019	QS3	QS3A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals
Groundwater				
MW1	2/09/2019	QW1	QW1A	TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals, phenols

In total, 41 primary soil samples were analysed for the COPCs at the site (noting that not all COPCs were analysed for each sample), with the duplicate/triplicate samples analysed for the main COPCs comprising BTEXN, TRH, PAHs and metals. This equates to a frequency of at least one soil duplicate per 14 primary samples, and at least one soil triplicate per 14 primary samples.

In total, four primary groundwater samples were analysed for the COPCs at the site, with the duplicate/triplicate samples analysed for TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, metals, phenols. This equates to a frequency of one groundwater duplicate per four primary samples, and one groundwater triplicate per four primary samples.

The overall conducted soil and groundwater sampling frequency was conducted in accordance with the DQIs in **Table 5-2** of the main report.

In order to evaluate the data obtained for the replicate samples, the RPD between replicate and parent samples is calculated using the following equation.

Relative Percentage Difference = 
$$\frac{X^1 - X^2}{\left(\frac{X^1 + X^2}{2}\right)} \times 100$$

Standards AS 4482.1-1997, AS 4482.2-1999, AS/NZ 5667.1-1998, AS/NZ 5667.11-1998 and NEPM (2013) state that replicate and original sample RPDs should generally be within 30%. However, this variation can be expected to be higher for organic compounds than for inorganics. In addition, greater variation is observed where low concentrations of analytes are present. Therefore, the following RPD acceptance criteria were adopted during this DSI:

- Inorganics 30% RPD;
- Organics 50% RPD; and
- If primary and/or duplicate concentration <10 x LOR No Limit.</li>

If replicate RPDs are determined to be outside this range, the reasons and potential impact on site data validity are discussed.

As shown on **Tables 3** (soil) and **8** (water), the RPD between the primary and duplicate/triplicate soil and groundwater samples were within the acceptable ranges or no limit, except for the following:

- Zinc between primary soil sample SB1/MW4\_0.2 and the corresponding duplicate sample QS1;
- Lead between primary soil sample SB8\_0.1 and the corresponding duplicate sample QS2 and the triplicate sample QS2A;
- Copper between primary soil sample SB8\_0.1 and the corresponding triplicate sample QS2A;
- Chromium and zinc between primary soil sample SB21\_0.05 and the corresponding duplicate sample QS3; and
- Copper and nickel between primary groundwater sample MW1 and the corresponding duplicate sample QW1.

The RPD exceedances reported in the above soil samples are likely attributable to the heterogeneous nature of the sampled fill materials and the noted zinc RPDs are not considered to affect the outcome of the investigation. Additionally, the highest concentrations reported in the primary, duplicate or triplicate soil samples have been adopted for this investigation.

The reported metals concentrations and RPD exceedances reported in groundwater are likely representative of elevated background levels (with no other COPCs reported at concentrations exceeding the laboratory LORs and/or applicable guideline criteria in groundwater). As all remaining RPDs were reported within acceptance criteria, the reported RPD exceedances are not considered to affect the outcome of the investigation. Additionally, the highest concentrations reported in the primary, duplicate or triplicate groundwater samples have also been adopted for this investigation.

## 1.2.3 Trip Blank/Trip Spike

Trip blank samples were prepared and transported with primary samples to ensure cross contamination of samples had not occurred during transportation of the samples for the soil and groundwater sampling events. Trip spike samples were also prepared and transported with primary samples to ensure sample integrity and ensure volatile loss had not occurred during the soil and groundwater sampling events.

The trip spike/trip blank analytical results are summarised in **Table 4** (soil trip spikes/blanks) and **Table 9** (groundwater trip spike/blanks). No COPCs were detected at concentrations above the laboratory LORs in any of the trip blanks analysed during the works. The trip spike recoveries were found to be in acceptable ranges for all samples.

### 1.2.4 Rinsate

The use of rinsate blank samples enables the assessment of potential cross-contamination of the samples during the field handling and are collected during field decontamination procedures by rinsing decontaminated equipment with clean deionised water. Detection of contaminants in a rinsate sample may indicate cross-contamination between sampling locations.

One rinsate water sample was submitted for each day of soil sampling (for a total of three rinsate samples), with analysis of rinsate water associated with the decontaminated hand auger. The rinsate analytical results are summarised in **Table 5**. COPCs were not detected at concentrations exceeding the laboratory LORs in the rinsate blanks and the results indicate the potential for cross contamination of samples from decontaminated equipment was low and decontamination between sampling locations was adequate for the remaining COPCs.

No reusable sampling equipment was used during the groundwater sampling as samples were collected using disposable, single use sampling equipment. Therefore, no rinsate samples were collected during groundwater sampling.

## 1.2.5 Sample Holding Times

Holding times are the length of time a sample can be stored after collection and prior to analysis without significantly affecting the analytical results. Holding times vary with the analyte, sample matrix, and analytical methodology used to quantify the analytes concentration. A review of the laboratory analytical reports (**Appendix E**) indicates that samples were extracted and/or analysed within the appropriate holding times. Overall, the laboratory results are considered reliable for assessing the sites suitability for the proposed continuing service station land use

## 1.2.6 Sample Integrity

The COCs and sample receipt documentation received with each sample batch is included with the laboratory reports (**Appendix E**). A review of this documentation indicates that samples were received at the primary and secondary laboratories under chilled conditions at appropriate temperatures.

## 1.2.7 Sample Containers

A review of the laboratory reports (**Appendix E**) indicates all soil and groundwater samples were submitted to the laboratory in the appropriate containers. Samples for VOC analysis were received in airtight sample containers and with no headspace remaining.

## 2 Laboratory QA/QC Data Evaluation

## 2.1 Laboratory Methods

Chemical analysis for all analytes was performed using standard methods by laboratories accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia (NATA). The laboratory methods and LORs used by the laboratories for the COPCs analysed are detailed in the laboratory reports (**Appendix E**) and certified by NATA.

The chosen analytical laboratories undertake internal QA/QC procedures that include the analysis of method blanks, internal duplicate samples, laboratory control samples, matrix spikes and surrogate recovery.

#### 2.2 Laboratory Duplicates

A sub-sample is taken by the laboratory from one of the samples submitted and is analysed along with the samples. This measures the precision of the laboratory internal sub-sampling procedures and the analytical procedures. At least one laboratory duplicate is processed per 20 samples. The acceptable RPD laboratory acceptance range is:

- Result > 20 x LOR < 20% RPD</li>
- Result 10-20 x LOR <50% RPD</li>
- Result <10 x LOR No Limit</li>

Laboratory duplicates were within acceptable ranges. The internal laboratory duplicate results are shown on the laboratory reports in **Appendix E**.

## 2.3 Laboratory Control Spike (LCS)

A sample is spiked with a known concentration of analyte. The amount of spike concentration measured (recovered) after extraction and analysis is recorded and compared to the initial spike concentration. At least one LCS is processed per 20 samples. The LCS assists with measuring the accuracy of the laboratory method employed. In general, the recoveries must lie between 70 – 130%, but differ between analytes.

The LCS sample recoveries were found to be within the acceptance range for all analytes as shown on the laboratory reports in **Appendix E**.

## 2.4 Surrogate Spikes

Surrogate spikes are added prior to extraction of the sample for all organic analyses (VOCs and SVOCs) except for TRH analysis. The surrogate is a compound that is chemically similar to the compound of interest but does not typically occur in nature (therefore unlikely to occur in the sample). The surrogate is used to assess the analytical process in terms of extraction, recovery, chromatographic resolution and detector response. Low recoveries may be due to matrix interferences and presence of non-target compounds that interfere with detection of the analyte and losses occurring from volatilisation and absorption due to high organic content in the soil. Surrogate spikes are processed when samples are submitted for organic analysis. In general, the recoveries must lie between 50 - 150%, but differ between analytes. The laboratory surrogate spike recoveries were found to be within the acceptance ranges for all samples.

The surrogate recoveries are shown on the laboratory reports in **Appendix E**.

## 2.5 Laboratory Matrix Spike

A sample is spiked with a known concentration of analyte, and the amount of spike concentration measured (recovered) after extraction and analysis is recorded and compared to the initial spiked concentration. At least one matrix spike is processed per 20 samples. Laboratory matrix spikes assist with measuring the effect of the sample matrix on the analysis, and the potential loss of the analyte during the analytical procedure. In general, recoveries must lie between 70 – 130%. The matrix spike recovery limits were generally found to be in acceptable ranges, except for some metals results (as reported in Eurofins laboratory report 673733-S). The laboratory reported that the matrix spike recovery is outside of the recommended acceptance criteria, however, an acceptable recovery was obtained for the LCS indicating a sample matrix. As such, these discrepancies are not considered to affect the outcome of the investigation works.

The laboratory matrix spike summary is shown on the laboratory reports in Appendix E.

#### 2.6 Laboratory Blank

A laboratory blank ('clean') sample is prepared and analysed along with the submitted samples. At least one laboratory blank is processed per 20 samples. Laboratory blanks assist with identifying the presence of potential cross contamination resulting from laboratory treatment of the samples. Also, they may indicate the presence of contaminants in extraction solvents, or that cleaning of laboratory equipment between samples was insufficient. The results of the laboratory blank, for each COPC analysed, should be concentrations that are less than the laboratory LOR.

The laboratory blanks were not found to have concentrations of COPCs above the laboratory LORs, as shown on the laboratory reports in **Appendix E**.

## 3 Data Useability

The data validation procedure employed in the assessment of the field and laboratory QA/QC data indicated that the reported analytical results are representative of the conditions at the sample locations and that the analytical data can be relied upon for the purpose of the site assessment. It is concluded that overall the quality of the analytical data produced is reliable for the purpose of this investigation.



Instrument

MX6

Serial No.

12102NS-018

Sensors

O2,PID,LEL

Air-Met Scientific Pty Ltd 1300 137 067

Item	Test	Pass		Com	ments	
Battery	Charge Condition	1				
	Fuses	✓				
	Capacity	✓				
A-	Recharge OK?	1				_
Switch/keypad	Operation	✓				
Display	Intensity	✓	_			
	Operation (segments)	✓				
Grill Filter	Condition	<b>✓</b>				
<u> </u>	Seal	✓				
Pump	Operation	<b>√</b>	<u> </u>			
- <del> </del>	Filter	1	_			
	Flow	1	,			
	Valves, Diaphragm	✓				
PCB	Condition	✓				
Connectors	Condition	✓				
			Low	High	TWA	STEL
Sensor	O2	✓	19.5%	23.5%	和湖湖。 为	
	LEL	✓	5.0%	10.0%	TÜÜ I	
·	PID	<b>✓</b>	100ppm	50ppm	10ppm 🔻	25ppm
Alarms	Beeper	<b>√</b>				
	Settings	✓				
Software	Version					
Datalogger	Operation			-		
Download	Operation					
Other tests:			1			

## Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the above instrument has been calibrated to the following specifications:

Diffusion mode	Aspirated mode				
Sensor	Serial no	Calibration gas and	Certified	Gas bottle	Instrument Reading
O2		20.9%	NATA	Fresh Air	20.9%
LEL		50% LEL Methane	NATA	SY277	48%
PID		92ppm	NATA	SY245	91.8ppm

Calibrated by:

Sen Philip

\_

Calibration date:

16/08/2019

Next calibration due:

12/02/2020

## **Multi Parameter Water Meter**

**YSI Quatro Pro Plus** Instrument

Serial No. 18J104330



Item	Test	Pass	Comments
Battery	Charge Condition	✓	
	Fuses	✓	
	Capacity	✓	
Switch/keypad	Operation	✓	
Display	Intensity	✓	
	Operation	✓	
	(segments)		
Grill Filter	Condition	✓	
	Seal	✓	
PCB	Condition	✓	
Connectors	Condition	✓	
Sensor	1. pH	✓	
	2. mV	✓	
	3. EC	✓	
	4. D.O	✓	
	5. Temp	✓	
Alarms	Beeper		
	Settings		
Software	Version		
Data logger	Operation		
Download	Operation		
Other tests:			

Certificate of bump test

This is to certify that the above instrument has been calibrated to the following specifications:

Sensor	Serial no	Standard Solutions	Certified	Solution Bottle	Instrument Reading
				Number	
1. pH 10.00		pH 10.00		324189	pH 9.64
2. pH 7.00		pH 7.00		330737	pH 6.77
3. pH 4.00		pH 4.00		330734	pH 4.06
4. mV		234mV		325420/325421	233.8mV
5. EC		2.76mS		329027	2.75mS
6. D.O		0.00ppm		329994	0.02ppm
7. Temp		19.8°C		MultiTherm	20.2°C

Calibrated by: Sarah Lian

Calibration date: 30/08/2019

Next calibration due: 29/09/2019



Instrument

Interface Meter (30M)

Serial No.

288043

Air-Met Scientific Pty Ltd 1300 137 067

ltem	Test	Pass	Comments
Battery	Compartment	✓	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Capacity	✓	
	above 7.9V	✓ `.	
Probe	Cleaned/Decon.	1	
	Operation	<u> </u>	
Connectors	Condition	✓ .	
		✓	As:
Tape Check	Cleaned	✓	
Connectors	Checked for cuts	<b>~</b>	7
Instrument Test	At surface level	<b>✓</b>	
mod difference rest	7 tt duritade level	(1)	
			;

## Certificate of Calibration

This is to certify that the above instrument has been cleaned and tested.

Tested by: Irisa Yates Test date: 15/08/2019 Next Test due:

11/02/2020



Appendix E
Laboratory
Reports

\*\* eurofins

Sydney

72 hours 28 da s 28 days 24 hours 7 days Sample comments: emperature on arrival: 673733 3,2,6 2 Kingston Town Close, Oakleigh, VIC 3166 Phone: +613 8564 5000 Fax: +613 8564 5090 Email: EnviroSampleVic@eurofins.com.au Report number: 4 SPOCAS, pH Field and FOX, CrS TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides Some common holding times (with correct preservation). For further information contact the lab Soils Ba Eurofins | mgt quote ID : BTEX, MAH, VOC Data output format: Melbourne Microbiolo ical Page Hean Metals Mercury, CrVI ASLP, TCLP ķ COC Number : etter, val. 125 M.A. Method Of Shi ment 7 days 6 months 28 days 24 hours 7 days 2 days 7 days ž TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides BOD, Nitrate, Nitrite, Total N 450 Courier Consignment #: Solids - TSS, TDS etc Microbiological testing Hand Delivered BTEX. MAH. VOC Mercury, CrVI 100 1500 Heavy Metals Ferrous iron Postal Courier Willoughby DSI Unit 1-21 Smallwood Place, Murrarie Phone: +617 3902 4600 Email: EnviroSampleQLD@eurofins.com.au Containers: 19.13  $\times$   $\times$   $\times$   $\times$ НОГР CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD Brisbane PROJECT Number: PROJECT Name: Purchase Order Furn around time 3 DAY Other: 10 DAY 2 DAY а B Analytes mvanderhevden@traceenviro.com DΑΥ DAY a Sydney
Unit 7-6 & Bullding F 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove
Phone: +612 9900 8400
Email: EnviroSampleNSW@eurofins.com.au E Matt Vanderheyden Matt Vanderhevden R21 - NEPM Screen 12:10 Electrical Conductivity × × Hq 🗙 × Laboratory Staff A SERVEN Aspestos (quantification - NEPM + WA) × ×× × × ×× × 28/08/1+ Email for results: Project Manager: Contact Name: 815 - OCP, OPP, PCB × × × BYA - TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, 8 metals, phenol Received By: Date & Time: B7 - TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, 8 metals  $\times \times \times$ × ×× Please email invoice to accounts@traceenviro.com & Proj Manager Office Address: Shoo 2, 181, 199 New Carfortury Road, Dulwer, HT, MSIW Soil mgt 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 26/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 Date Company Name: TRACE Environmental Special Directions & Comments rofins | mgt DI water batch numb Sample ID SB1/MW4 3.0 SB1/MW4 0.2 SB1/MW4 0.5 SB1/MW4 1.0 SB1/MW4 4.0 SB1/MW4 2.0 SB1/MW4 5.0 CLIENT DETAILS SB3 0.2 SB5 0.5 Relinquished By SB4 0.1 SB7 0.1 8 SB2 0.1 SB3 0.1 SB5 0.1 SB6 0.1 SB7\_0.5 Date & Time 9 ĸ ÷ 54 55

Issue Date: 22 August 2013

QS3009\_R1

Page 1 of 1

eurofins ...

Brisbane

Melbourne

72 hours 14 days 28 days 28 days 24 hours 6 month 7 da s Sample comments: emperature on arrival: 554549 3,27 2 Kingston Town Close, Oakleigh, VIC 3166 Phone: +613 8564 5000 Fax: +613 8564 5090 Email: EnviroSampleVic@eurofins.com.au Report number: ď, SPOCAS, pH Field and FOX, CrS TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides Some common holding times (with correct preservation), For further information contact the lab Bag Microbiolo ical testin Eurofins | mgt quote ID : BTEX, MAH, VOC Data output format: Page Mercu , CrVI Hea Metals ASLP, TCLP Ę COC Number Anions others and 12ther, A. Method Of Shipment 14 days 7 days 6 months 28 days 24 hours 2 days 7 days 7 days 2 TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides BOD, Nitrate, Nitrite, Total N 1250 Courier Consignment #: Microbiological testing Solids - TSS, TDS etc. Hand Delivered Mercury, CrVI 1LP 3350F Heavy Metals Ferrous iron Postal Willoughby DSI Unit 1-21 Smallwood Place, Murrarie Phone: +617 3902 4600 Email: EnviroSampleQLD@eurofins.com.au ontainers: 19.13 × × НОГР CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD PROJECT Number: PROJECT Name : Purchase Order 'um around time 3 DAY Other: а D 10 DAY 2 DAY 3 Analytes mvanderhevden@traceenviro.com DΑΥ DΑΥ Sydney
Unit F3 - 6 Building F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove
Phone: +612 9900 8400
Email: EnviroSampleNSW@eurofins.com.au 3 Matt Vanderhevden Matt Vanderhevden RZ1 - NEPM Screen × 12:50 Electrical Conductivity × × × × × Laboratory Staff Washestos (quantification - MEPM + WA) × × × × × × ×× Date & Time: 2 8/08/19 Project Manager: Email for results: Contact Name: × × × × × 812 - OCP, OPP, PCB B7A - TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, 8 metals, phenol × × × aceived By: B7 - TPH/TRH, BTEXN, PAH, 8 metals × × ×× ×× ×× Please email invoice to accounts@traceenviro.com & Proj Manager Matrix Office Address: Stop 2 193-7Ht New Camerlany Basel Dureith Hill NSW Soil mgt 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/2019 27/08/201 Date Company Name: TRACE Environmental ுர்மை | mgt DI water batch number Special Directions & Comments Sample ID CLIENT DETAILS SB10 0.1 linquished By: SB10 0.5 SB11\_0.6 SB12 0.1 SB12 0.4 SB13 0.1 SB13 0.6 SB14 0.1 SB11 0.1 SB15 0.1 SB15\_0.4 SB8 0.1 SB8 0.6 SB8 1.0 SB9 0.1 SB9 0.6 Date & Time: 19 4 9 20 72 23 23 55 97 27 28 29 30 31

QS3009\_R1

Issue Date: 22 August 2013

Page 1 of 1

mgt 💸 eurofins

a Sydney
Unit F3 - 6 Bullding F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove
Phone: +612 9900 8400
Email: EnviroSampleNSW@eurofins.com.au

Brisbane
Unit 1-21 Smallwood Place, Murrarie
Phone: +617 3902 4600
Email: EnviroSampleQLD@eurofins.com.au

2 Kingston Town Close, Caldleigh, VIC 3166 Phone: +613 8564 5000 Fax: +613 8564 5090 Email: EnviroSampleVic@eurofins.com.au

CLIENT DETAILS																					Page	ge 3	Jo 8	4	
Company Name: TRACE Environmental	nental	ľ	Contact Name:	lame:	Mai	Matt Vanderhevden	erhevde	E				Pul	Purchase Order:	Ë	,					Ŏ	COC Number:				
Office Address:	The same of the same of		Project Manager:	anager:		Matt Vanderhevden	emevde	E				F.	PROJECT Number:		19.13					Eur	Eurofins   mgt quote ID :	quote ID :			
DING A TRA-LITE DANK SARIBBILIE	A ISOSSE LUMBOR THE		Email for results:	results:	1	anderhe	evden@	traceer	mvanderhevden@traceenviro.com	E		PR	PROJECT Name:		Willoug	Willoughby DSI				Dat	Data output format:	mat:			
									Analytes	80 E3		1		1	H			Some	common h For fur	Some common holding times (with correct preservation). For further information contact the lab	is (with co	rrect prese	ervation).		
S ecial Directions & Comments :		I	lone		-		F				F	-					×	Waters					Soils		
Please email invoice to accounts@traceenviro.com & Proj Manager	aceenviro.com & Proj Ma	anager	eyd '												L	BTEX, MAH, VOC	H, VOC		14	14 days	BTEX, MAH, VOC	H, VOC		1	14 days
			_		(AV											TRH, PAR	, Phenols	TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides		7 days	TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides	Phenols, I	Pesticides	4	14 divis
			_		V + 1										Ш	Heavy Metals	tals		9	100	Hea Metals	sia s		9	6 months
			_		EPN										Ц	Mercury, CrVI	SrVI		28		Mercu , CrVI	rVI		22	28 da s
					IN - n											Microbiological testing	gical testi	Đ.	24	24 hours	Microbiolo ical testin	ical testin		77	72 hours
				BCE	catic		_								1	Solide, Tes TDs of	are, minne	N I Old I N	7 7	+	Anions		200	7 0	26 days
		T	_	,990	gituen										1	Ferrous iron	, E29	9	7 2	+	ASLP, TCLP	PH FIBIG an	SPOCAS, PH FIEID and FOX, CISASLP, TCLP	7 7	7 days
Eurofins   mgt Df water batch number:	-	T	AT/H9T NH9T -	,900	s p) sots		rical Co								_	Containers:							-		
Sample ID	Date	Matrix	_	-	yape: \OC	Н									10H	1LP	1 4052	1258	45.8 448	atted, tid. 125+4.	4	80	Bag	Sample comments:	nts:
33 SB16 0.1	27/08/2019	Soil	+	+	-		+		F		-				-	Н							-		
_	27/08/2019	Soil	×																			-	_		
_	27/08/2019	Soil	×	×	×	×	×				H				-							+	_		
36 SB18 0.1		Soil	×		×											+		1		-	-	+	-		
37 SB18 0.5	27/08/2019	Soil	×									-				+		+	+	+		+	+		1
38 SB18 1.0	27/08/2019	Soil									-				×	-	1	1	+	+	-	+	-		
39 SB19 0.1		Soil	×		×		-				-	+				+	+	+	+	+		+			
40 SB20 0.1		Soil	×	×	×	×	×			-	-	+				+		1	1		1	+			
41 SB21 0.05		Soil	×		×		-				-	+		-	1	+	-	1	1	+		+			
42 SB21 0.1	┙	Soil	$\rightarrow$		-	1	-	1	1	-	+			-	-	+		1	+	+	1	+			
		Soil	×	×	×	×	×	1	1	+	+	+		-	,	+	+	+	+	+	1				
		Soil	,		-	1	+	1	1	1	1	+	-	-	K	+	+	+	1	1	1	t			
		- So	< >	1	< <	1	+	1	1	1	Ŧ	+	-	F	+	+	+	+	+	+	1	t			
		NOS I	+	İ	*		+	1	-	1	+	+		f	+	+	+	t	+	+	1	t			
47 QS1	25/08/2019	Soil	< ×		<	1	+	1	-	-	-	+		F	+	+	-				-	H			
				1 3	Laboratory Staff	Staff			1		Ţ	Turn around time	time		-			Me	Method Of Shipment	ipment			Tempe	Temperature on arrival:	val:
Relinquished By:		Received By:	d By:	Luc	3	0					}	2	,		- 0	Courier	   						$\Box$	3,5,6	
Date & Time:		Date & Time:	00	11801	6	12	12110	PM				- t			8 P	Hand D Postal	Hand Delivered Postal						Report	Report number:	
Signature		Signature:	1	13	1	rec	,			•	5				J	Courier Consignment #:	nsignmer	 #					0		
QS3009_R1 Issue Date: 22 August 2013		Dana 1 of 1	-	-																					

met 💸 eurofins

☐ Sydney
Unit F3 - 6 Building F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove
Phone: +612 9900 8400
Email: EnviroSampleNSW@eurofins.com.au

Brisbane
Unit 1-21 Smallwood Place, Murrarie
Phone: +617 3802 4600
Email: EnviroSampleQLD@eurofins.com.au

□ Melbourne
2 Kingston Town Close, Oakleigh, VIC 3166
Phone: +613 8564 5000 Fax: +613 8564 5090
Email: EnviroSampleVic@eurofins.com.au

CI IENT DETAIL &																			Done of			ı
כרובווו חרושורס		I								1									añe	١	١	I
Company Name: TRACE Environmental	nental	Ö	Contact Name:	me:	Matt Vanderhevden	derhevd	eu			а	Purchase Order:							COC Number :	ï			
Office Address:	Street Parkets and		Project Manager:	lager:	Matt Van	Matt Vanderhevden	le le			_	PROJECT Number:		19.13					Eurofins   mgt quote ID	gt quote ID	١		
ALTER A. LANCOUR CONTRACTOR	Commercial		Email for results:		mvanden	hevdenfa	mvanderhevden@traceenviro.com	riro,com		4	PROJECT Name:		Willoughby DSI	lso yar				Data output format:	format:			
		T						Analytes					H		ŵ	ome comm	Some common holding times (with correct preservation). For further information contact the lab	imes (with community	orrect pres	servation).		
Special Directions & Comments:		I	lon	F									-		Waters					Soils		
Please email invoice to accounts@traceenviro.com & Proj Manager	aceenviro.com & Proj l	Aanager	eud 's										<u></u>	BTEX, MAH, VOC	VOC		14 days	BTEX, M	BTEX, MAH, VOC	l		14 da s
			etals lefem		(AW									TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides	henols, Pes	sticides	7 days	TRH, PA	H, Phenols,	TRH, PAH, Phenols, Pesticides		14 da s
		Ť			+ Mq								2	Mercury, CrVI			5 monins	Hea Metals	etals			6 months
					3N -								2	Microbiological testing	al testing		24 hours	Microbiolo ica	Microbiolo ical testin	l e		72 hours
			ИХЗ	80	noit									BOD, Nitrate, Nitrite, Total N	Nitrite, Tota	S E	2 days	Anions				28 days
			T8 ,I	)d 'd	eoliü	_				_			(σ)	Solids - TSS, TDS etc	TDS etc		7 days	SPOCAS	, pH Field a	SPOCAS, pH Field and FOX, CrS	φ	24 hours
Eurofins   mgt DI water batch number:		IIGI	-IAT\⊦	40 'c	uenb)		NX						-	Ferrous iron			7 days	ASLP, TCLP	F.			7 da s
	-	Т		: - oct	sotse	lrical (	318/H							Containers:						ŀ		
Sample ID	Date	Matrix	ΑΛΒ	40C	edeA Hq	_	IGTv						lOH □	.P 250P	125P	1LA	40mL vial	125mL A	Jar	Bag	Sample comments:	nents:
49 QS3	27/08/2019	Soil	×													_		(4)	1	-		
50 RB1	26/08/2019	Water	×	1													2					I
51 RB2	27/08/2019	Water	×														2		_	_		
52 RB3	28/08/2019	Water	×										10				2					
53 TS1	28/08/2019	Soil					×							_			-					
54 TB1	28/08/2019	Soil					×										-					
55 SB24 0.1	28/08/2019	Soil		×	×								_						-	-		
56 SB24 0.5	28/08/2019	Soil	×																1	1		
57 SB24 0.8	28/08/2019	Soil											×						-	1		
58 SB25 0.1	28/08/2019	Soil	×		×														-	-		
59 SB25 0.6	28/08/2019	Soil											×						-	-		
60 SB26 0.1	28/08/2019	Soil	×		×				,										-	-		
61																						
62																				-		
63														-						4.5		
64			11.24	12					0.0			1										
		L		Laborat	Laboratory Staff					Turn around time	nd time		-			Method C	Method Of Shipment			Tem	Temperature on arrival:	rrival:
Relinquished By:		Received By:	By:	10	ď								-	Courier							3,2,6	
Date & Time:		Date & Time: 28/08/19	28/08	67/2		12:10	PM						<b>a</b> 0	Hand Delivered Postal	ivered					Repo	Report number:	
Signature		Signature:	1	1	100				2	0	Officer		8	Courier Consignment # :	3nment #:					٥	6+5+35	
			Charles Charles																			I



Melbourne Sydney Unit F3, Building F 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4472
Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Site # 18217

Melbourne Sydney Unit F3, Building F 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4472
Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth Z/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

ABN - 50 005 085 521

e.mail: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

web: www.eurofins.com.au

## Sample Receipt Advice

Trace Environmental P/L Company name:

Contact name: Matthew Vanderheyden WILLOUGHBY DSI Project name:

Project ID: 19.13

COC number: Not provided

Turn around time: 5 Day

Date/Time received: Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Eurofins reference: 673733

## Sample information

- $\mathbf{V}$ A detailed list of analytes logged into our LIMS, is included in the attached summary table.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Sample Temperature of a random sample selected from the batch as recorded by Eurofins Sample Receipt: 3.2 degrees Celsius.
- $\mathbf{V}$ All samples have been received as described on the above COC.
- $\square$ COC has been completed correctly.
- $\square$ Attempt to chill was evident.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Appropriately preserved sample containers have been used.
- $\mathbf{V}$ All samples were received in good condition.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Samples have been provided with adequate time to commence analysis in accordance with the relevant holding times.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Appropriate sample containers have been used.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Sample containers for volatile analysis received with zero headspace.
- XSplit sample sent to requested external lab.
- $\boxtimes$ Some samples have been subcontracted.
- Custody Seals intact (if used). Notes<sup>N/A</sup>

Extra Jar and Bag received for sample "SB3/0.1A", analysis placed on hold.

### Contact notes

If you have any questions with respect to these samples please contact:

Alena Bounkeua on Phone : or by e.mail: AlenaBounkeua@eurofins.com

Results will be delivered electronically via e.mail to Matthew Vanderheyden - mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com.



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

Order No.:

Report #: Phone:

Fax:

673733 02 8960 0555

Priority: 5 Day

Received:

Due:

**Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melk	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	71			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Χ	Χ	X
Bris	bane Laboratory	y - NATA Site#	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	'36														
Exte	rnal Laboratory																
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID												
1	SB1/MW4_0.2	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41167	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	
2	SB1/MW4_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41168								Х	Х	Χ		
3	SB2_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41169	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		
4	SB3_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41170	Х							Х		Х		
5	SB3_0.2	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41171								Х		Х		
6	SB4_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41172	Х					Х	Х	Х		Х		
7	SB5_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41173	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
8	SB5_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41174								Х		Х		
9	SB6_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41175	Х				Х	Х		Х	Χ		Χ	



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261

673733

02 8960 0555

Site # 1254 & 14271 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

		Samp	ole Detail		Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site # 1	1254 & 14271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 182	17		Х			Х						Х	Χ	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 20	794										Χ			
Pert	h Laboratory - I	NATA Site # 23736														
10	SB7_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41176	Х							Х		Х		
11	SB7_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41177								Х		Χ		
12	SB8_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41178	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	
13	SB8_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41179								Х		Х		
14	SB9_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41180	Х	Х						Х		Х		
15	SB10_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41181	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	
16	SB10_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41182								Х	Х	Х		
17	SB11_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41183	Х					Х		Х		Х		
18	SB11_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41184								Х		Х		
19	SB12_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41185	Х					Х		Х		Х		
20	SB12_0.4	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41186								Х		Х		
21	SB13_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41187	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

673733

02 8960 0555

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

																Lui
		Sam	ple Detail		Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	ourne Laborat	ory - NATA Site #	1254 & 14271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 182	217		Х			Х						Х	Х	Χ
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 2	0794										Х			
Pert	h Laboratory -	NATA Site # 2373	6													
22	SB13_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41188								Х		Х		
23	SB14_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41189	Х							Х		Х		
24	SB15_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41190	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
25	SB15_0.4	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41191								Х		Х		
26	SB16_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41192	Х							Х	Х	Х		
27	SB16_0.3	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41193								Х		Х		
28	SB17_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41194	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	
29	SB18_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41195	Х	1						Х		Х		
30	SB18_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41196		1						Х		Х		
31	SB19_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41197	Х	1						Х		Х		
32	SB20_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41198	Х				Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	
33	SB21_0.05	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41199	Х							Х		Х		



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Received:

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

Order No.: Report #:

673733

Phone: Fax:

02 8960 0555

Due: Sep 4, 2019 Priority: 5 Day

**Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

		Sampl	e Detail		Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	bourne Laborat	ory - NATA Site # 12	254 & 14271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1821	7		Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 207	'94										Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - I	NATA Site # 23736														
34	SB21_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41200								Х		Х		
35	SB22_0.05	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41201	Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	
36	SB23_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41202	Х						Х	Х		Х		
37	SB23_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41203								Х		Х		
38	QS1	Aug 26, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41204	Х							Х			Х	
39	QS2	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41205								Х			Х	
40	QS3	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41206								Х		Х		
41	RB1	Aug 26, 2019	Water	S19-Au41207											Х	
42	RB2	Aug 27, 2019	Water	S19-Au41208											Х	
43	RB3	Aug 28, 2019	Water	S19-Au41209											Х	
44	TS1	Aug 28, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41210												Х
45	TB1	Aug 28, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41211												Χ



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

02 8960 0555

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400

NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19

19.13

 Order No.:
 Received:
 Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

 Report #:
 673733
 Due:
 Sep 4, 2019

 Due:
 Sep 4, 2019

 Priority:
 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH			
Melk	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laboratory	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	ATA Site # 237	36														
46	LAB SPIKE	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41212												Х
47	SB24_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41213	Х					Х		Х		Х		
48	SB24_0.5	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41214								Х		Х		
49	SB25_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41215	Х							Х		Х		
50	SB26_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41216	Х							Х		Х		
51	SB1/MW4_1.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41256				Х								
52	SB1/MW4_2.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41257				Х								
53	SB1/MW4_3.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41258				Х								
54	SB1/MW4_4.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41259				Х								
55	SB1/MW4_5.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41260				Х								
56	SB8_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41261				Х								
57	SB9_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41262				Χ								



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

673733

02 8960 0555

16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM Received:

Due: Sep 4, 2019 Priority: 5 Day

**Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	71			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	36														
58	SB18_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41263				Х								
59	SB22_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41264				Х								
60	SB24_0.8	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41265				Х								
61	SB25_0.6	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41266				Х								
62	SB3/0.1A Aug 26, 2019 Soil S19-Au41619							Х									
Test	Counts					27	9	12	12	10	15	5	44	6	32	15	3



## Certificate of Analysis

## **Environment Testing**

Trace Environmental P/L
Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road
Dulwich Hill
NSW 2203





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025—Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Attention: Matthew Vanderheyden

Report 673733-AID

Project Name WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID 19.13

**Received Date** Aug 28, 2019 **Date Reported** Sep 04, 2019

#### Methodology:

Asbestos Fibre Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 – 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE. Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral Fibres

Mineral fibres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All fibrous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a subsampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be sub-sampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestoscontaining material (ACM) The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the likelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence NATA Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-NATA results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 % " and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the WA DoH.







Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025–Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Page 2 of 13

**Project Name** WILLOUGHBY DSI

**Project ID** 19.13

**Date Sampled** Aug 26, 2019 to Aug 28, 2019

Report 673733-AID

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
SB1/MW4_0.2	19-Au41167	Aug 26, 2019	Approximate Sample 628g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB2_0.1	19-Au41169	Aug 26, 2019	Approximate Sample 751g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	ACM: Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragment. Approximate raw weight of ACM = 0.0g Total estimated asbestos content in ACM = 7.5g* Total estimated asbestos concentration in ACM = 1.0% w/w* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB3_0.1	19-Au41170	Aug 26, 2019	Approximate Sample 737g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB4_0.1	19-Au41172	Aug 26, 2019	Approximate Sample 542g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB5_0.1	19-Au41173	Aug 26, 2019	Approximate Sample 476g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB6_0.1	19-Au41175 Aug 27, 2019 Approximate Sample 634g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil, brick and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.		
SB7_0.1	19-Au41176	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 634g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil, fragments of brick and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.

ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 2 9900 8400 Report Number: 673733-AID Date Reported: Sep 04, 2019







Accreditation Number 1261
Site Number 18217
Accredited for compliance with ISO/IFC 17025—Te

**NATA Accredited** 

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025–Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
SB8_0.1	19-Au41178	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 482g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil, fragments of brick, glass and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB9_0.1	19-Au41180	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 603g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB10_0.1	19-Au41181	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 580g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB11_0.1	19-Au41183	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 611g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB12_0.1	19-Au41185	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 612g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB13_0.1	19-Au41187	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 458g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB14_0.1	19-Au41189	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 482g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB15_0.1	19-Au41190	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 461g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB16_0.1	19-Au41192	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 384g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB17_0.1	19-Au41194	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 549g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB18_0.1	19-Au41195	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 388g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB19_0.1	19-Au41197	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 398g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB20_0.1	19-Au41198	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 564g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.

Page 3 of 13



Date Reported: Sep 04, 2019

## **Environment Testing**





#### **NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261** Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025–Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Page 4 of 13

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
SB21_0.05	19-Au41199	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 299g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB22_0.05	19-Au41201	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 268g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained soil, cement and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected.  No trace asbestos detected.
SB23_0.1	19-Au41202	Aug 27, 2019	Approximate Sample 372g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
QS1	19-Au41204	Aug 26, 2019	Approximate Sample 653g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB24_0.1	19-Au41213	Aug 28, 2019	Approximate Sample 510g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil and rocks	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.
SB25_0.1	Approximate Sample 296g	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.		
SB26_0.1	19-Au41216	Aug 28, 2019	Approximate Sample 566g Sample consisted of: Brown coarse-grained sandy soil, rocks and fragment of brick	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No trace asbestos detected.



## **Sample History**

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported. A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

DescriptionTesting SiteExtractedHolding TimeAsbestos - LTM-ASB-8020SydneyAug 28, 2019Indefinite



# ABN - 50 005 085 521 3.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

673733

02 8960 0555

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

**Project Name:** 

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melb	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site#	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	IATA Site # 237	36														
Exte	rnal Laboratory																
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID												
1	SB1/MW4_0.2	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41167	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	
2	SB1/MW4_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41168								Х	Х	Х		
3	SB2_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41169	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		
4	SB3_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41170	Х							Х		Х		$\square$
5	SB3_0.2	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41171								Х		Х		$\square$
6	SB4_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41172	Х					Х	Х	Х		Х		$\square$
7	SB5_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41173	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	$\square$
8	SB5_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41174								Х		Х		$\square$
9	SB6_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41175	Х				Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	

Page 6 of 13



# ABN - 50 005 085 521 3.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175

Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

**Project Name:** 

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

Order No.: Received: Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM Report #:

673733 Due: Sep 4, 2019 02 8960 0555 Priority: 5 Day

> **Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

		Samı		Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH	
Mell	oourne Laborat	ory - NATA Site #	1254 & 14271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 182	17		Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	ry - NATA Site # 20	794										Х			
Pert	h Laboratory -	NATA Site # 23736	j													
10	SB7_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41176	Х							Х		Х		
11	SB7_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41177								Х		Х		
12	SB8_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41178	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
13	SB8_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41179								Х		Х		
14	SB9_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41180	Х	Х						Х		Х		
15	SB10_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41181	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
16	SB10_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41182								Х	Х	Х		
17	SB11_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41183	Х					Х		Х		Х		
18	SB11_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41184								Х		Х		
19	SB12_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41185	Х					Х		Х		Х		
20	SB12_0.4	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41186								Х		Х		
21	SB13_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41187	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	

Page 7 of 13



# ABN - 50 005 085 521 3.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175

Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

673733

02 8960 0555

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

**Project Name:** 

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

**Contact Name:** 

Received:

Priority:

Due:

			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH		
Melk	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site #	1254 & 14271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 182	217		Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 20	0794										Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - I	NATA Site # 23736	6													
22	SB13_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41188								Х		Х		
23	SB14_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41189	Х							Х		Х		
24	SB15_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41190	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
25	SB15_0.4	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41191								Х		Х		
26	SB16_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41192	Х							Х	Х	Х		
27	SB16_0.3	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41193								Х		Х		
28	SB17_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41194	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	
29	SB18_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41195	Х							Х		Х		
30	SB18_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41196								Х		Х		
31	SB19_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41197	Х							Х		Х		
32	SB20_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41198	Х				Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	
33	SB21_0.05	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41199	Х							Х		Х		

Page 8 of 13



## ABN – 50 005 085 521 3.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261

Site # 1254 & 14271

3175 16 Mars Road 00 Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney

Unit F3, Building F

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Company Name:

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

 Order No.:
 Received:
 Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

 Report #:
 673733
 Due:
 Sep 4, 2019

673733 **Due:** Sep 4, 2019 02 8960 0555 **Priority:** 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Alena Bounkeua

		Sam	ple Detail		Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site #	1254 & 14271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 182	217		Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 20	0794										Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 23736	3													
34	SB21_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41200								Х		Х		
35	SB22_0.05	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41201	Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	
36	SB23_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41202	Х						Х	Х		Х		
37	SB23_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41203								Х		Х		
38	QS1	Aug 26, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41204	Х							Х			Х	
39	QS2	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41205								Х			Х	
40	QS3	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41206								Х		Х		
41	RB1	Aug 26, 2019	Water	S19-Au41207											Х	
42	RB2	Aug 27, 2019	Water	S19-Au41208											Х	
43	RB3	Aug 28, 2019	Water	S19-Au41209											Х	
44	TS1	Aug 28, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41210												Х
45	TB1	Aug 28, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41211												Х

Page 9 of 13



## ABN – 50 005 085 521 3.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

673733

02 8960 0555

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne
6 Monterey Road
Dandenong South VIC 3175

Phone : +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney
Unit F3, Building F
16 Mars Road
Lane Cove West NSW 2066
Phone: +61 2 9900 8400
NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

**Brisbane**1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

**Dulwich Hill** 

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.

19.13

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Alena Bounkeua

																		"
		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH	
Mell	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	71			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Х	
Bris	bane Laboratory	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х				
Pert	h Laboratory - N	ATA Site # 237	736															
46	SB24_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41213	Х					Х		Х		Х			
47	SB24_0.5	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41214								Х		Х			
48	SB25_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41215	Х							Х		Х			
49	SB26_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41216	Х							Х		Х			
50	SB1/MW4_1.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41256				Х									
51	SB1/MW4_2.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41257				Х									
52	SB1/MW4_3.0			Soil	S19-Au41258				Х									
53	SB1/MW4_4.0			Soil	S19-Au41259				Х									
54	SB1/MW4_5.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41260				Х									
55	SB8_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41261				Х									
56	SB9_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41262				Х								igert	
57	SB18_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41263				Х									

Page 10 of 13



## ABN – 50 005 085 521 3.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261

Site # 1254 & 14271

Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Company Name: Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

Date Reported: Sep 04, 2019

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

Order No.: Report #: 673733

Phone:

02 8960 0555

Fax:

**Received:** Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM **Due:** Sep 4, 2019

Priority: 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melk	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	71			Χ	Χ		Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Χ						Х	Х	Χ
Bris	bane Laboratory	y - NATA Site #	20794											Χ			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	IATA Site # 237	<b>'</b> 36														
58	SB22_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41264				Х								
59	SB24_0.8	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41265				Х								
60	SB25_0.6	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41266				Х								
61	SB3/0.1A	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41619			Χ									
Test	Counts					27	9	12	12	10	15	5	44	6	32	15	2

Eurofins Environment Testing Unit F3, Building F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove West, NSW, Australia, 2066 ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 2 9900 8400 Page 11 of 13



#### **Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary**

#### General

- 1. QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated
- 3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 4. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 5. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

#### **Holding Times**

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the Sample Receipt Advice.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w: weight for weight basis grams per kilogram
Filter loading: fibres/100 graticule areas

Reported Concentration: fibres/mL Flowrate: L/min

Terms

ΑF

Dry Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis

LOR Limit of Reporting
COC Chain of Custody
SRA Sample Receipt Advice

ISO International Standards Organisation

AS Australian Standards

Date Reported: Sep 04, 2019

WA DOH Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated

Sites in Western Australia (2009), including supporting document Recommended Procedures for Laboratory Analysis of Asbestos in Soil (2011)

NEPM National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, 2013 (as amended)

ACM Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded and/or sound condition. For the purposes of the

NEPM, ACM is generally restricted to those materials that do not pass a 7mm x 7mm sieve.

Asbestos Fines. Asbestos containing materials, including friable, weathered and bonded materials, able to pass a 7mm x 7mm sieve. Considered under the NEPM as

equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".

FA Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing materials in a friable and/or severely weathered condition. For the purposes of the NEPM, FA is generally restricted to those

materials that do not pass a 7mm x 7mm sieve.

Friable Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is

outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability

Trace Analysis Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres in the matrix.

Eurofins Environment Testing Unit F3, Building F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove West, NSW, Australia, 2066
ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 2 9900 8400

Page 12 of 13

Report Number: 673733-AID



#### Comments

S19-Au41173, S19-Au41178, S19-Au41187, S19-Au41189, S19-Au41190, S19-Au41192, S19-Au41194, S19-Au41195, S19-Au41197, S19-Au41199, S19-Au41201, S19-Au41202, S19-Au41205: Samples received were less than the nominal 500mL as recommended in Section 4.10 of the NEPM Schedule B1 - Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.

#### Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

#### **Qualifier Codes/Comments**

Code Description
N/A Not applicable

#### **Asbestos Counter/Identifier:**

Laxman Dias Senior Analyst-Asbestos (NSW)

#### Authorised by:

Sayeed Abu Senior Analyst-Asbestos (NSW)



## General Manager

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- \* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and lost production arising from this report. This document shall not be reproduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

Report Number: 673733-AID



Trace Environmental P/L Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road Dulwich Hill NSW 2203





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Attention: Matthew Vanderheyden

Report 673733-S

Project name WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID 19.13

Received Date Aug 28, 2019

Client Sample ID			SB1/MW4_0.2	SB1/MW4_0.5	SB2_0.1	SB3_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41167	S19-Au41168	S19-Au41169	S19-Au41170
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions	•				
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM	Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	74	116	90	100
Volatile Organics						
1.1-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.1-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.2-Dibromoethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.2-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.2-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-

Report Number: 673733-S



Client Sample ID			SB1/MW4_0.2	SB1/MW4_0.5	SB2_0.1	SB3_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41167	S19-Au41168	S19-Au41169	S19-Au41170
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Volatile Organics						
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
1.3-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	_	_
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
2-Propanone (Acetone)	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	_	_
4-Chlorotoluene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	_	_
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Allyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	_	-	_
Bromobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Bromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Bromodichloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Bromoform	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Bromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Carbon disulfide	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Chlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Chloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Chloroform	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
Chloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	_	-	_
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Dibromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Dibromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	-
Iodomethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	-
Methylene Chloride	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	-
Styrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Tetrachloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	-
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Trichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Vinyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	-	-	-
Total MAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 CHC (Total)*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other CHC (Total)*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	74	-	-	-
Toluene-d8 (surr.)	1	%	79	-	-	-



Client Sample ID			SB1/MW4_0.2	SB1/MW4_0.5	SB2_0.1	SB3_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41167	S19-Au41168	S19-Au41169	S19-Au41170
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	•	•				
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	69	80	85	75
o-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	93	80	96	69
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	< 1	-
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.) Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	123 80	-	122 86	-



Client Sample ID			SB1/MW4_0.2	SB1/MW4_0.5	SB2 0.1	SB3 0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41167	S19-Au41168	S19-Au41169	S19-Au41170
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	3 ,		3 ,	3 2,
Organophosphorus Pesticides	2011	- Onne				
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	_	< 0.2	_
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2		< 0.2	
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	_	< 0.2	_
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	_	< 0.2	_
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	_	< 0.2	_
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	< 2	_	< 2	_
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	
Demeton-O	0.2		< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	
Dimethoate Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
		mg/kg				
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	=
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	< 2	-
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	< 2	-
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	114	-	123	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls		1				
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	123	-	122	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	80	-	86	-



Client Sample ID			CD4/MW/4 0.2	SP4/MW44 0.5	SB2 0.4	CD2 0.4
Sample Matrix			SB1/MW4_0.2 Soil	SB1/MW4_0.5 Soil	SB2_0.1 Soil	SB3_0.1 Soil
·						İ
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41167	S19-Au41168	S19-Au41169	S19-Au41170
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenols (Halogenated)		_				
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	-	-	-
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	T					
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	-
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	-
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	-
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	-
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	-
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	-	-	-
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	-
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	-
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	36	-	-	-
% Clay	1	%	-	2.5	-	-
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm	46	70	50	-
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	7.9	-	-	-
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	-	6.3	-	-
Total Organic Carbon	0.1	%	-	0.3	-	-
% Moisture	1	%	10	9.1	4.6	5.7
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	2.3	3.3	2.9	3.1
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	10	9.6	5.4	5.6
Copper	5	mg/kg	12	< 5	11	8.7
Iron	20	mg/kg	-	1000	-	-
Lead	5	mg/kg	31	6.1	38	51
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	45	< 5	90	54
Heavy Metals						
Iron (%)	0.01	%	-	0.10	-	-
Cation Exchange Capacity						
Cation Exchange Capacity	0.05	meq/100g	-	5.8	-	-



Client Sample ID			SB3_0.2	SB4_0.1	SB5_0.1	SB5_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41171	S19-Au41172	S19-Au41173	S19-Au41174
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	3 ,	3 3, 3	3 3, 3	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	_	Onne				
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) <sup>N04</sup>	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM		ing/itg	1.00	1100	1100	1.00
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	62	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	62	< 50	< 50
BTEX	1 30	i ilig/Ng		02	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.1
o-Xylene	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	88	83	88	94
Volatile Organics	ı	/0	- 00	- 03	00	34
1.1-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
1.1-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	<u>-</u>
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	<u> </u>
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg		< 0.5	-	
1.2-Dibromoethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	
1.2-Dibromoemane 1.2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
1.2-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
1.2-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	<del>-</del>
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
1.3-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	_	_
2-Propanone (Acetone)	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
4-Chlorotoluene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	_	_
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	_	_
Allyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
Benzene	0.3	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	-	-
Bromobenzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
Bromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	<u> </u>
Bromodichloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	
Bromoform	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	



Client Sample ID			SB3_0.2	SB4_0.1	SB5_0.1	SB5_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41171	S19-Au41172	S19-Au41173	S19-Au41174
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	3 ,		3 3, 3	3 , 1
Volatile Organics	LOIC	Onic				
Bromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	-	_
Carbon disulfide	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	-	_
Chlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	_
Chloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
Chloroform	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	-	_
Chloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	-	_
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
Dibromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	-	_
Dibromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	-	_
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	_	< 0.1	-	_
Iodomethane	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	_	< 0.2	-	_
Methylene Chloride	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	-	_
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	_	_
Styrene	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
Tetrachloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	_	_
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	_	-
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Trichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Vinyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	-	< 0.3	-	-
Total MAH*	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 CHC (Total)*	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other CHC (Total)*	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	-	-
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	-	83	-	-
Toluene-d8 (surr.)	1	%	-	85	-	-
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	•	•				
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5



Client Comple ID			000 00	004.04	005.04	005.05
Client Sample ID			SB3_0.2	SB4_0.1	SB5_0.1	SB5_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41171	S19-Au41172	S19-Au41173	S19-Au41174
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	·					
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	74	83	91	90
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	71	109	127	88
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	-	< 1	< 1	-
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	< 0.05	< 0.05	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	139	132	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	89	94	-
Organophosphorus Pesticides						
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	-	< 2	< 2	-
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-



Client Sample ID			SB3_0.2	SB4_0.1	SB5_0.1	SB5_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41171	S19-Au41172	S19-Au41173	S19-Au41174
•						
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organophosphorus Pesticides	<u> </u>	1				
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	-	< 2	< 2	-
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	-	< 2	< 2	-
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	-	< 0.2	< 0.2	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	-	132	130	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	=
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	-	< 0.1	< 0.1	=
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	139	132	=
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	89	94	=
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	-	-	< 10	-
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	_
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	_
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	-	_	< 1	_
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	_	< 0.5	_
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	_	_	< 5	_



Client Sample ID			SB3 0.2	SB4_0.1	SB5_0.1	SB5 0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41171	S19-Au41172	S19-Au41173	S19-Au41174
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 26, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	'					
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.4	-
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	77	-
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm		-	31	
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25 °C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	_	_	6.8	
% Moisture	1	%	6.3	7.3	17	19
Heavy Metals	'	70	0.5	7.5	17	19
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	3.2	2.2	5.0	3.7
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	0.5	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	8.7	10	9.5	15
Copper	5	mg/kg	13	15	17	15
Lead	5	mg/kg	46	110	500	14
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	60	91	140	29

Client Sample ID			SB6_0.1	SB7_0.1	SB7_0.5	SB8_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41175	S19-Au41176	S19-Au41177	S19-Au41178
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	120	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	120	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM	Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	110	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	110	< 50
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	95	95	90	76



Client Sample ID			SB6_0.1	SB7_0.1	SB7_0.5	SB8_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41175	S19-Au41176	S19-Au41177	S19-Au41178
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
ndeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	82	71	75	81
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	117	71	76	74
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	=	< 0.1
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	=	< 0.05
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
g-BHC (Lindane) Heptachlor	0.05 0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05 < 0.05	-	-	< 0.05 < 0.05
пертаспіот Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	<u> </u>	< 0.05
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.05	-	<u> </u>	< 0.05
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	<del>-</del>	< 0.05
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	mig/kg %	131	-	-	62
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	87	-	-	85



Client Sample ID			SB6_0.1	SB7_0.1	SB7_0.5	SB8 0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41175	S19-Au41176	S19-Au41177	S19-Au41178
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 27, 2010	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 27, 2010
Organophosphorus Pesticides	LOK	Offic				
	0.0		.00	_		.00
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
		mg/kg		-		+
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2		-	< 0.2
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Dimethoate  Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
		mg/kg				
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	-	< 2
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	-	< 2
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	126	-	-	66
Polychlorinated Biphenyls		1				
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	131	-	-	62
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	87	-	-	85



Oliant Cample ID		1	000 04	007.04	007.05	000 04
Client Sample ID			SB6_0.1 Soil	SB7_0.1	SB7_0.5	SB8_0.1
Sample Matrix				Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41175	S19-Au41176	S19-Au41177	S19-Au41178
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	=	=	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	=	=	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	=	=	< 1
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	-	-	< 10
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	< 20
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	< 5
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	< 5
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	-	-	< 0.4
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	< 5
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	< 20
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	=	=	< 0.5
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	< 20	=	=	< 20
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	55	=	=	65
% Clay	1	%	3.8	-	-	-
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm	19	-	-	34
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	6.8	-	-	6.4
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	6.0	-	-	-
Total Organic Carbon	0.1	%	2.6	-	-	-
% Moisture	1	%	7.4	8.5	12	16
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	2.5	5.3	7.7	18
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	7.7	11	8.3	21
Copper	5	mg/kg	11	13	6.1	110
Iron	20	mg/kg	6600		-	_
Lead	5	mg/kg	18	41	19	850
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.2
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	11
Zinc	5	mg/kg	31	55	35	610
Heavy Metals						
Iron (%)	0.01	%	0.66	-	-	-
Cation Exchange Capacity		<del>_</del>				
Cation Exchange Capacity	0.05	meq/100g	9.0	-	-	-
				-	-1	



		1			1	
Client Sample ID			SB8_0.6	SB9_0.1	SB10_0.1	SB10_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41179	S19-Au41180	S19-Au41181	S19-Au41182
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions	'				
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM		19,9	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	99
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	99
BTEX		mg/kg	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ 30	\ 30	33
	0.1	ma/ka	101	101	101	101
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.1
Toluene		mg/kg				
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	98	85	100	101
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons		T				
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	72	75	51	77
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	62	63	62	67



Client Sample ID			SB8_0.6	SB9_0.1	SB10_0.1	SB10_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41179	S19-Au41180	S19-Au41181	S19-Au41182
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 27, 2010	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 21, 2010
	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides	0.4				0.0	
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	0.3	-
4.4'-DDD 4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDE 4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
4.4-DD1 a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05 < 0.05	-
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg			< 0.05	
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05		-	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulian sulphate Endrin	0.05	mg/kg mg/kg	<u>-</u>	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	_
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	_
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	_	-	0.06	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.05	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	_
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	_	-	< 1	_
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	_	< 0.05	_
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	_	< 0.05	_
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	_	-	0.36	_
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	_	-	0.36	_
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	_	_	76	_
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	_	_	55	_
Organophosphorus Pesticides		,,,				
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	_	< 0.2	_
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	_	<u> </u>	< 0.2	<u> </u>
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	_	-	< 2	_
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	_
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	_	_	< 0.2	_
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	_
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	_
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	_
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	-



Client Sample ID			SB8_0.6 Soil	SB9_0.1	SB10_0.1	SB10_0.5
Sample Matrix				Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41179	S19-Au41180	S19-Au41181	S19-Au41182
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organophosphorus Pesticides	T.					
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	-	-	< 2	-
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	-	-	< 2	-
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	83	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls		1				
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	<0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	76	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	55	-
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	-	-	< 10	-
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	ı	T				
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.4	-
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	67	-



Client Sample ID			SB8_0.6	SB9_0.1	SB10_0.1	SB10_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41179	S19-Au41180	S19-Au41181	S19-Au41182
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
% Clay	1	%	-	-	-	28
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm	-	75	120	110
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	-	=	8.4	-
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	-	=	=	5.2
Total Organic Carbon	0.1	%	-	-	-	0.8
% Moisture	1	%	13	9.4	14	18
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	11	2.5	3.8	3.8
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	0.9	0.6	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	26	5.8	14	19
Copper	5	mg/kg	230	21	21	16
Iron	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	23000
Lead	5	mg/kg	290	85	67	22
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	8.7	< 5	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	590	110	81	170
Heavy Metals						
Iron (%)	0.01	%	-	-	-	2.3
Cation Exchange Capacity						
Cation Exchange Capacity	0.05	meq/100g	-	-	-	8.7

Client Sample ID			SB11 0.1	SB11_0.6	SB12 0.1	SB12 0.4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41183	S19-Au41184	S19-Au41185	S19-Au41186
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	130	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	130	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM	Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	130	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	130	< 50	< 50
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1



Client Sample ID			SB11_0.1	SB11_0.6	SB12_0.1	SB12_0.4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41183	S19-Au41184	S19-Au41185	S19-Au41186
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	7 tag 21, 2010	7.ug 21, 2010	7.43 27, 2010	7 tag 21, 2010
BTEX	LOK	Offic				
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	88	93	96	101
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<u>'</u>	70	- 00	33	30	101
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (incolum bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	52	76	78	66
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	64	62	80	60
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	< 1	-
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	< 0.05	-



Client Sample ID			SB11_0.1	SB11_0.6	SB12_0.1	SB12_0.4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41183	S19-Au41184	S19-Au41185	S19-Au41186
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides	-	-				
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	_	< 0.1	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	83	-	68	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	57	-	83	-
Organophosphorus Pesticides	•					
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	< 2	-
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	< 2	-
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	< 2	-	< 2	-
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	< 0.2	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	92	-	73	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	<u> </u>					+
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1260 Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.1 < 0.1	-	< 0.1 < 0.1	-



Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No.			SB11_0.1 Soil S19-Au41183	SB11_0.6 Soil S19-Au41184	SB12_0.1 Soil S19-Au41185	SB12_0.4 Soil S19-Au41186
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	83	-	68	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	57	-	83	-
% Moisture	1	%	13	18	8.8	10
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	5.3	5.5	7.4	7.1
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	2.7	< 0.4	0.6	0.7
Chromium	5	mg/kg	11	17	15	27
Copper	5	mg/kg	28	< 5	30	47
Lead	5	mg/kg	160	15	120	210
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	13	< 5	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	230	8.2	260	270

Client Sample ID			SB13_0.1	SB13_0.6	SB14_0.1	SB15_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41187	S19-Au41188	S19-Au41189	S19-Au41190
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions	•				
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	970	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	230	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	1200	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM	Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	230	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	1000	< 50	78
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	1230	< 50	78
ВТЕХ						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	87	85	89	91
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5



Client Sample ID			SB13 0.1	SB13 0.6	SB14_0.1	SB15 0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41187	S19-Au41188	S19-Au41189	S19-Au41190
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 27, 2010	Aug 27, 2010	Aug 27, 2010
	LOR	Ullit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	0.5		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1 1	%	52	63	79	51
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	66	61	76	67
Organochlorine Pesticides	<del></del>	T				
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Dieldrin  Endeaufee L	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05 < 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg		-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin Endrin oldebyde	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
g-BHC (Lindane) Heptachlor	0.05 0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05 < 0.05	-	-	< 0.05 < 0.05
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Hexachlorobenzene		mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	
Methoxychlor	0.05 0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05 < 0.05
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
`		mg/kg		-	-	
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	-	-	< 0.05
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	80 58	-	=	82 58



Client Sample ID			SB13 0.1	SB13 0.6	SB14_0.1	SB15 0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41187	S19-Au41188	S19-Au41189	S19-Au41190
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 27, 2010	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 27, 2010
Organophosphorus Pesticides	LOR	Offic				
	0.0		.00	_		.00
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos-methyl		mg/kg		-	-	< 0.2
Coumaphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
		mg/kg				
Directors	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
Dimethoate Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
		mg/kg				+
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Merphos  Methyl parethian	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Monocrotophos Naled	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-		< 0.2
		mg/kg			-	
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2 < 0.2	-	-	< 0.2 < 0.2
Pyrazophos Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	88	-	-	98
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	'	70	00			30
	0.1		.01			.01
Aroclor 1221	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor 1222	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor 1242	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor 1242	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor 1254	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	-	-	< 0.1
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	80	-	-	82
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	58	-	-	58



# Environment Testing

Client Sample ID			SB13 0.1	SB13 0.6	SB14 0.1	SB15 0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41187	S19-Au41188	S19-Au41189	S19-Au41190
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenois (Halogenated)	'					
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	< 10	-	-	< 10
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	< 20
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	< 5
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	-	-	< 0.2
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	< 1	-	-	< 1
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	< 5
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	-	-	< 0.4
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	< 5	-	-	< 5
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	< 20
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	-	-	< 0.5
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	< 20	-	-	< 20
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	73	-	=	69
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm	28	-	-	91
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	6.3	-	-	5.0
% Moisture	1	%	21	16	20	9.5
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	3.3	< 2	8.9	2.8
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	0.5	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	11	8.4	30	9.5
Copper	5	mg/kg	36	< 5	33	11
Lead	5	mg/kg	440	14	69	210
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	8.0	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	190	20	180	69

Client Sample ID Sample Matrix			SB15_0.4 Soil	SB16_0.1 Soil	SB16_0.3 Soil	SB17_0.1 Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41191	S19-Au41192	S19-Au41193	S19-Au41194
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fr	actions					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	120	< 100	< 100



Client Sample ID			SB15_0.4	SB16_0.1	SB16_0.3	SB17_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
•						
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41191	S19-Au41192	S19-Au41193	S19-Au41194
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fi	ractions	_				
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	120	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fi	ractions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	53	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	67	120	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	67	173	< 50	< 50
ВТЕХ						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	101	93	95	77
Volatile Organics	·					
1.1-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.1-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	=	< 0.5
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.2-Dibromoethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	=	< 0.5
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.2-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.2-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.3-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2-Propanone (Acetone)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
4-Chlorotoluene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Allyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Bromobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Bromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Bromodichloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Bromoform	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Bromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Carbon disulfide	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Carbon retractionide Chlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Chloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Chloroform	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5



Client Sample ID			SB15_0.4	SB16_0.1	SB16_0.3	SB17_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41191	S19-Au41192	S19-Au41193	S19-Au41194
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Volatile Organics	1					
Chloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	_	_	< 0.5
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	_	_	< 0.5
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	_	-	-	< 0.5
Dibromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Dibromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
lodomethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Methylene Chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Styrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Tetrachloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Trichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Vinyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.3
Total MAH*	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Vic EPA IWRG 621 CHC (Total)*	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other CHC (Total)*	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	77
Toluene-d8 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	82
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.8	< 0.5	1.9
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	1.1	0.6	2.1
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.4	1.2	2.4
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	< 0.5	0.9
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.7	< 0.5	1.4
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.1
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.9
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.3
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.6	< 0.5	1.1
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.9	< 0.5	2.3
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.3
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.8	< 0.5	2.3
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	3.5	< 0.5	13.1
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	82	70	85	52



Client Sample ID			SB15_0.4	SB16_0.1	SB16_0.3	SB17_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
· ·						
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41191	S19-Au41192	S19-Au41193	S19-Au41194
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 0.1
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 0.05
а-ВНС	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 0.05
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 0.05
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 0.05
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 0.05
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	-	-	=	< 1
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	89
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	60
Organophosphorus Pesticides						
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	=	< 0.2
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 2
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	-	=	=	< 0.2
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2



Client Sample ID			SB15_0.4	SB16_0.1	SB16_0.3	SB17_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41191	S19-Au41192	S19-Au41193	S19-Au41194
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organophosphorus Pesticides		•				
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 2
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 2
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	=	< 0.2
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	100
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	=	< 0.1
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	89
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	60
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 10
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 20
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 5
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 5
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.4
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 5
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 20
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 20
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	74



Client Sample ID			SB15_0.4	SB16_0.1	SB16_0.3	SB17_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41191	S19-Au41192	S19-Au41193	S19-Au41194
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
% Clay	1	%	-	7.5	-	-
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm	-	76	-	79
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	-	-	-	8.2
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	-	4.4	=	-
Total Organic Carbon	0.1	%	-	1.7	=	-
% Moisture	1	%	12	8.7	5.9	12
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	3.2	2.9	< 2	5.2
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	16	9.7	6.6	14
Copper	5	mg/kg	5.9	28	< 5	21
Iron	20	mg/kg	-	8500	-	-
Lead	5	mg/kg	60	150	22	64
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	36	120	15	320
Heavy Metals						
Iron (%)	0.01	%	-	0.85	-	-
Cation Exchange Capacity						
Cation Exchange Capacity	0.05	meq/100g	-	4.7	-	-

Client Sample ID			SB18 0.1	SB18 0.5	SB19 0.1	SB20_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41195	S19-Au41196	S19-Au41197	S19-Au41198
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	160	160	160	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	160	160	160	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM	Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	110	120	110	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	75	65	72	62
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	185	185	182	62
BTEX						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1



Client Sample ID			SB18_0.1	SB18_0.5	SB19_0.1	SB20_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41195	S19-Au41196	S19-Au41197	S19-Au41198
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	7.09 = 1, = 0.10	7109 21, 2010	7.09 21, 2010	7109 21, 2010
BTEX	LOIK	Offic				
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	93	92	89	90
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<u> </u>	70	33	32	00	30
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	4.0	4.7	3.1	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	4.0	4.7	3.3	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (incolum bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	4.0	4.7	3.6	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.6	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.6	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	2.6	2.8	1.6	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	2.5	3.3	2.4	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	2.1	2.1	1.4	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	2.0	2.2	1.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	2.3	2.2	1.6	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	2.5	2.6	1.6	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	0.5	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	4.4	4.8	1.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	2.1	1.9	1.6	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	1.5	2.4	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	4.1	4.9	1.8	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	26.6	30.9	15	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	71	75	69	55
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	64	70	66	70
Organochlorine Pesticides	·	•				
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	=	< 0.05
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.05



Client Sample ID			SB18_0.1	SB18_0.5	SB19_0.1	SB20_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41195	S19-Au41196	S19-Au41197	S19-Au41198
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides	<u>'</u>					
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	_	_	< 0.1
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	_	_	< 0.1
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	95
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	60
Organophosphorus Pesticides		·				
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 2
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ethyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 2
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 2
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	108
Polychlorinated Biphenyls		<u> </u>				
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.1 < 0.1



Client Sample ID			SB18_0.1	SB18 0.5	SB19_0.1	SB20 0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41195	S19-Au41196	S19-Au41197	S19-Au41198
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			,	
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	LOI	Ornic				
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%		_		95
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	60
Phenois (Halogenated)	· ·	/0	_	-	1	00
·	0.5					- 0.5
2-Chlorophenol		mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	=	-	< 1
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 10
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
Phenols (non-Halogenated)		1				
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 20
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 5
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.2
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 1
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 5
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.4
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 5
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 20
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 0.5
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	< 20
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	-	77
,		•				
% Clay	1	%	-	-	-	7.5
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm	_	_	-	28
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units	_	_	_	6.1
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units		_	_	5.5
Total Organic Carbon	0.1	%	_	_	_	2.9
% Moisture	1	%	9.7	6.9	18	16
Heavy Metals	<u>'</u>	70	5.7	0.0	10	10
Arsenic	2	ma/ka	4.2	2.9	5.6	6.5
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	0.8	< 0.4	1.0	0.4
		mg/kg		< 0.4		
Conner	5	mg/kg	15		13	8.0
Copper	5	mg/kg	120	50	48	28
Iron	20	mg/kg	-	-	-	7000
Lead	5	mg/kg	200	54	260	54
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	5.1	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	160	62	430	160
Heavy Metals						
Iron (%)	0.01	%	-	-	-	0.70
Cation Exchange Capacity						
Cation Exchange Capacity	0.05	meq/100g	-	-	-	9.7



[		1				
Client Sample ID			SB21_0.05	SB21_0.1	SB22_0.05	SB23_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41199	S19-Au41200	S19-Au41201	S19-Au41202
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fr	actions	•				
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fr	actions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	59
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	59
ВТЕХ						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	90	93	73	73
Volatile Organics		•				
1.1-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.1-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	=	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	=	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.2-Dibromoethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.2-Dichloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.2-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.3-Dichloropropane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Propanone (Acetone)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Chlorotoluene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Allyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
Bromobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Bromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Bromodichloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Bromoform	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5



Client Sample ID			SB21_0.05	SB21_0.1	SB22_0.05	SB23_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41199	S19-Au41200	S19-Au41201	S19-Au41202
•			1			
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Volatile Organics	<u> </u>	1				
Bromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Carbon disulfide	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chlorobenzene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chloroethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chloroform	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibromochloromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibromomethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
lodomethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	< 0.2
Methylene Chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
Styrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Tetrachloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Trichloroethene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Vinyl chloride	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Xylenes - Total Total MAH*	0.3	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.3	< 0.3
	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Vic EPA IWRG 621 CHC (Total)*	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other CHC (Total)* 4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
` /	1	% %	-	-	73	73
Toluene-d8 (surr.)  Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons		70	-	-	81	89
	0.5		.0.5	.0.5	.0.5	.0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene	0.5 0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5
· /	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(p.k.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
		mg/kg				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5 0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5
Chrysene Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorantnene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5



Client Sample ID			CD04 0.05	CD04 0.4	CD00 00E	CD00 04
•			SB21_0.05 Soil	SB21_0.1 Soil	SB22_0.05 Soil	SB23_0.1 Soil
Sample Matrix					1	
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41199	S19-Au41200	S19-Au41201	S19-Au41202
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	76	74	57	82
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	73	72	72	76
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	-	=	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
а-ВНС	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
b-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
d-BHC	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	99	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	62	-
Organophosphorus Pesticides		1				
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	-	-	< 2	-
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	
EPN	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Ethion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-



Client Sample ID			SB21_0.05	SB21_0.1	SB22_0.05	SB23_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41199	S19-Au41200	S19-Au41201	S19-Au41202
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 27, 2010	Aug 21, 2010	Aug 21, 2010
Organophosphorus Pesticides	LOR	Unit				
	0.0				.00	
Ethoprop  Ethyl parathian	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2 < 0.2	-
Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg mg/kg			< 0.2	
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	
Fenthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg		-	< 0.2	-
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg		-	< 0.2	_
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg		-	< 0.2	_
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg		-	< 2	_
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	_	-	< 2	_
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	_	_	< 0.2	_
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	_	_	< 0.2	_
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	_	_	< 0.2	_
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	_
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	112	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	<u> </u>	•				
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	_
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.1	_
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	99	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	62	-
Phenols (Halogenated)						
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	-	-	< 10	-
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	_
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-



Client Sample ID			SB21_0.05	SB21_0.1	SB22_0.05	SB23_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41199	S19-Au41200	S19-Au41201	S19-Au41202
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.4	-
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	-
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	75	-
% Clay	1	%			6.3	
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	10	uS/cm		-	23	<u> </u>
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units		_	6.2	_
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	0.1	pH Units		-	5.0	_
Total Organic Carbon	0.1	%	-	-	3.9	-
% Moisture	1	%	23	18	22	10
Heavy Metals		1				
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	13	7.4	3.5	2.0
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	1.3	< 0.4	0.9	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	26	13	18	7.8
Copper	5	mg/kg	54	10.0	63	10
Iron	20	mg/kg	-	-	7500	-
Lead	5	mg/kg	110	20	200	14
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	16	< 5	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	190	< 5	290	35
Heavy Metals						
Iron (%)	0.01	%	-	-	0.75	-
Cation Exchange Capacity						
Cation Exchange Capacity	0.05	meq/100g	-	-	8.0	-

Client Sample ID			SB23_0.5	QS1	QS2	QS3
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41203	S19-Au41204	S19-Au41205	S19-Au41206
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Frac	tions					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Frac	tions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50



Г				1	1	_
Client Sample ID			SB23_0.5	QS1	QS2	QS3
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41203	S19-Au41204	S19-Au41205	S19-Au41206
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
BTEX	1 -					
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	76	97	64	88
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	1					
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	64	67	74	81
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	65	70	75	78
Phenols (Halogenated)		,,,				
2-Chlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	< 0.5	_
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	-
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	< 1	< 1	_
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	1	mg/kg	-	< 1	< 1	_
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	_
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1	mg/kg	_	< 1	< 1	-
Pentachlorophenol	1	mg/kg	_	< 1	< 1	_
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	10	mg/kg	_	< 10	< 10	_
Total Halogenated Phenol*	1	mg/kg	-	< 1	< 1	-
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	'	, 5 5				
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	20	mg/kg	-	< 20	< 20	_
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	_	< 5	< 5	_
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.2	mg/kg	_	< 0.2	< 0.2	_
2-Nitrophenol	1.0	mg/kg	_	< 1	< 1	_
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.5	mg/kg	_	< 0.5	< 0.5	_
2.4-Dinitrophenol	5	mg/kg	_	< 5	< 5	_
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.4	mg/kg	_	< 0.4	< 0.4	_
4-Nitrophenol	5	mg/kg	_	< 5	< 5	_



Client Sample ID			SB23_0.5	QS1	QS2	QS3
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41203	S19-Au41204	S19-Au41205	S19-Au41206
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 26, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)						
Dinoseb	20	mg/kg	-	< 20	< 20	-
Phenol	0.5	mg/kg	-	< 0.5	< 0.5	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	20	mg/kg	-	< 20	< 20	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	-	78	91	-
% Moisture	1	%	13	< 1	16	23
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	4.8	2.3	17	13
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	1.6	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	19	8.8	24	58
Copper	5	mg/kg	16	14	86	65
Lead	5	mg/kg	35	43	330	120
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.2	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	10	15
Zinc	5	mg/kg	64	80	800	350

Client Sample ID			R20 <b>TS1</b>	TB1	SB24_0.1	SB24_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41210	S19-Au41211	S19-Au41213	S19-Au41214
Date Sampled			Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM I	ractions					
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	98	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	110	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	-	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	-	-	< 100	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	-	-	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	-	-	< 100	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM I	ractions					
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	110	< 20	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	-	-	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	-	-	< 50	< 50
ВТЕХ						
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	110	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	110	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	130	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	110	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	110	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	110	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	98	85	81	94



Client Sample ID			R20 <b>TS1</b>	TB1	SB24_0.1	SB24_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41210	S19-Au41211	S19-Au41213	S19-Au41214
Date Sampled			Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	0.6	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	1.2	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
ndeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.5	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	-	-	51	85
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	-	-	63	85
Organochlorine Pesticides						
Chlordanes - Total	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
4.4'-DDD	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDE	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
4.4'-DDT	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
a-BHC	0.05	mg/kg			< 0.05	-
Aldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	
b-BHC d-BHC	0.05 0.05	mg/kg mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05 < 0.05	-
Dieldrin	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	0.06	
Endosulfan I	0.05	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.05	_
Endosulfan II	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	_
Endosulfan sulphate	0.05	mg/kg	_	_	< 0.05	_
Endrin	0.05	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.05	_
Endrin aldehyde	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	_
Endrin ketone	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	_
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	_
Heptachlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Methoxychlor	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Toxaphene	1	mg/kg	-	-	< 1	-
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	0.06	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.05	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.05	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	81	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	57	-



Client Sample ID			R20 <b>TS1</b>	TB1	SB24_0.1	SB24_0.5
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41210	S19-Au41211	S19-Au41213	S19-Au41214
Date Sampled			Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	3 == , == : :	3 = 0, = 0 = 0	3 = 0, = 0 = 0	3
Organophosphorus Pesticides	LOIK	Onic				
Azinphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Bolstar	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorfenvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	-
Chlorpyrifos	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	_
Coumaphos	2	mg/kg	_	-	< 2	_
Demeton-S	0.2	mg/kg	_	-	< 0.2	-
Demeton-O	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Diazinon	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Dichlorvos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Dimethoate	0.2	mg/kg			< 0.2	-
Dimetrioate  Disulfoton	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
EPN	0.2	mg/kg mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Ethion					< 0.2	
	0.2	mg/kg	-	-		-
Ethoprop	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Fensulfothion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Fenthion Malatic and the second secon	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Malathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Merphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Methyl parathion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Mevinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Monocrotophos	2	mg/kg	-	-	< 2	-
Naled	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Omethoate	2	mg/kg	-	-	< 2	-
Phorate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Pyrazophos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Ronnel	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Terbufos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Tokuthion	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Trichloronate	0.2	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.2	-
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	92	-
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Aroclor-1016	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1221	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1232	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1242	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1248	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1254	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Aroclor-1260	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Total PCB*	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	< 0.1	-
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	-	-	81	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	-	-	57	-
% Moisture	1	%	-	-	19	11
*** *	·		1	i .		



Client Sample ID Sample Matrix			R20TS1 Soil	TB1 Soil	SB24_0.1 Soil	SB24_0.5 Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41210	S19-Au41211	S19-Au41213	S19-Au41214
Date Sampled			Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Heavy Metals						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	-	-	4.0	< 2
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	-	-	1.1	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	-	-	11	6.0
Copper	5	mg/kg	-	-	35	12
Lead	5	mg/kg	-	-	430	58
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	-	-	0.1	< 0.1
Nickel	5	mg/kg	-	-	< 5	< 5
Zinc	5	mg/kg	-	-	460	68

Client Sample ID			SB25_0.1	SB26_0.1
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41215	S19-Au41216
Date Sampled			Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM I	Fractions			
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
TRH C6-C10	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20
TRH >C10-C16	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50
TRH >C16-C34	100	mg/kg	280	< 100
TRH >C34-C40	100	mg/kg	< 100	< 100
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	100	mg/kg	280	< 100
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM I	Fractions			
TRH C6-C9	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20
TRH C10-C14	20	mg/kg	< 20	< 20
TRH C15-C28	50	mg/kg	260	< 50
TRH C29-C36	50	mg/kg	< 50	< 50
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	50	mg/kg	260	< 50
BTEX				
Benzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1
Toluene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1
m&p-Xylenes	0.2	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2
o-Xylene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1
Xylenes - Total	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	88	119
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	0.9	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.2	0.6
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound) *	0.5	mg/kg	1.4	1.2
Acenaphthene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Acenaphthylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	0.7	< 0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	0.7	< 0.5
Benzo(b&j)fluorantheneN07	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	< 0.5
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5



Client Sample ID Sample Matrix			SB25_0.1 Soil	SB26_0.1 Soil
•				
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41215	S19-Au41216
Date Sampled			Aug 28, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit		
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	0.5	< 0.5
Chrysene	0.5	mg/kg	0.6	< 0.5
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Fluoranthene	0.5	mg/kg	0.9	< 0.5
Fluorene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Naphthalene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Phenanthrene	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pyrene	0.5	mg/kg	0.9	< 0.5
Total PAH*	0.5	mg/kg	4.9	< 0.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	79	74
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	70	68
% Moisture	1	%	55	12
Heavy Metals				
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	26	3.3
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	6.5	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	28	12
Copper	5	mg/kg	410	23
Lead	5	mg/kg	430	52
Mercury	0.1	mg/kg	0.2	0.3
Nickel	5	mg/kg	21	6.3
Zinc	5	mg/kg	2100	91



## Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.

A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	<b>Holding Time</b>
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	Sydney	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
BTEX	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Phenols (Halogenated)	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water		•	•
Metals M8	Melbourne	Sep 03, 2019	180 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS		' '	•
Volatile Organics	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2150 VOCs in Soils Liquid and other Aqueous Matrices (USEPA 8260)		,	,
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7090 pH in soil by ISE		,··	, .
Eurofins   mgt Suite B15			
Organochlorine Pesticides	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water (USEPA 8270)	Wolfer	OOP 02, 2010	11 Dayo
Organophosphorus Pesticides	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2200 Organophosphorus Pesticides by GC-MS (USEPA 8081)	Weibourne	OCP 02, 2013	14 Days
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	28 Days
	Weibourne	OCP 02, 2013	20 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water (USEPA 8082)  NEPM Screen for Soil Classification			
	Brisbane	Aug 20, 2010	0 Days
% Clay	Dispane	Aug 29, 2019	0 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7040	Malhaurna	Con 02 2010	7 Dave
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-INO-4030 Conductivity	Mallaguna	0 00 0040	7 Dave
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7090 pH in soil by ISE		0 00 0040	00.5
Total Organic Carbon	Melbourne	Sep 03, 2019	28 Days
- Method: LTM-INO-4060 Total Organic Carbon in water and soil			
Heavy Metals	Melbourne	Sep 02, 2019	180 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
Cation Exchange Capacity	Melbourne	Sep 03, 2019	180 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3060 Cation Exchange Capacity by bases & Exchangeable Sodium Percentage			
% Moisture	Melbourne	Aug 28, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-GEN-7080 Moisture			



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261

673733

02 8960 0555

Site # 1254 & 14271

16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

**Dulwich Hill** 

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.

19.13

**Received:** Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Due: Sep 4, 2019 Priority: 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua

	Sample Detail  Melbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271						Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melk	elbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271						Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sydi	Sydney Laboratory - NATA Site # 18217								Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	36														
Exte	rnal Laboratory	,			1												
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID												
1	SB1/MW4_0.2	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41167	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	
2	SB1/MW4_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41168								Х	Х	Х		
3	SB2_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41169	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		
4	SB3_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41170	Х							Х		Х		
5	SB3_0.2 Aug 26, 2019 Soil S19-Au4117				S19-Au41171								Х		Х		
6						Х					Х	Х	Х		Х		
7	SB5_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41173	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
8	SB5_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41174								Х		Х		
9	SB6_0.1 Aug 27, 2019 Soil S19-Au411					Х				Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	

Eurofins Environment Testing Unit F3, Building F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove West, NSW, Australia, 2066 ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 2 9900 8400 Page 44 of 70
Report Number: 673733-S



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

Project ID: 19.13

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Order No.: Report #:

673733

02 8960 0555

Phone: Fax:

Priority: 5 Day

Received:

Due:

**Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

	Sample Detail					Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melk	Melbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271					Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 18217	7		Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 207	94										Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 23736														
10	SB7_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41176	Х							Х		Х		
11	SB7_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41177								Х		Х		
12	SB8_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41178	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
13	SB8_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41179								Х		Х		
14	SB9_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41180	Х	Х						Х		Х		
15	SB10_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41181	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
16	16 SB10_0.5 Aug 27, 2019 Soil S19-Au41182											Х	Х	Х		
17	7 SB11_0.1 Aug 27, 2019 Soil S19-Au41183				Х					Х		Х		Х	igsqcut	
18												Х		Х	igsqcut	
19	SB12_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41185	Х					Х		Х		Х	igsqcut	
20	SB12_0.4	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41186								Х		Х		
21	SB13_0.1 Aug 27, 2019 Soil S19-Au41187				Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

**Project Name:** 

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

Order No.: Received: Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM Report #:

673733 Due: Sep 4, 2019 02 8960 0555 Priority: 5 Day

> **Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

	Sample Detail  Molbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 8 14271					Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	lelbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271					Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 182	217		Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 20	794										Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - I	NATA Site # 23736	5													
22	SB13_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41188								Х		Х		
23	SB14_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41189	Х							Х		Х		
24	SB15_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41190	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Х	
25	SB15_0.4	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41191								Х		Х		
26	SB16_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41192	Х							Х	Х	Х		
27	SB16_0.3	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41193								Х		Х		
28	SB17_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41194	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	
29					Х							Х		Х		
30	30 SB18_0.5 Aug 27, 2019 Soil S19-Au41196											Х		Х		
31	SB19_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41197	Х							Х		Х		
32	SB20_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41198	Х				Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	
33	SB21_0.05	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41199	Х							Х		Х		



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217 **Brisbane**1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Company Name: Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

 Order No.:
 Received:
 Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

 Report #:
 673733
 Due:
 Sep 4, 2019

673733 **Due:** Sep 4, 2019 02 8960 0555 **Priority:** 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

	Sample Detail					Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	Melbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271						Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 18217			Х			Х						Х	Χ	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 23736														
34	SB21_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41200								Х		Х		
35	SB22_0.05	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41201	Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Χ	
36	SB23_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41202	Х						Х	Х		Х		
37	SB23_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41203								Х		Х		
38	QS1	Aug 26, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41204	Х							Х			Χ	
39	QS2	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41205								Х			Χ	
40	40 QS3 Aug 27, 2019 Soil S19-Au41206											Х		Х		
41															Χ	
42	RB2	Aug 27, 2019	Water	S19-Au41208											Χ	
43	RB3	Aug 28, 2019	Water	S19-Au41209											Χ	
44	TS1	Aug 28, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41210												Х
45	5 TB1 Aug 28, 2019 Soil S19-Au41211															Χ



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

Phone : +61 3 8564 50 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

673733

02 8960 0555

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400

NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Company Name:

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

**Received:** Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

 Due:
 Sep 4, 2019

 Priority:
 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	71			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laboratory	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	ATA Site # 237	36														
46	LAB SPIKE	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41212												Х
47	SB24_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41213	Х					Х		Х		Х		
48	SB24_0.5	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41214								Х		Х		
49	SB25_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41215	Х							Х		Х		
50	SB26_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41216	Х							Х		Х		
51	SB1/MW4_1.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41256				Х								
52	SB1/MW4_2.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41257				Х								
53	SB1/MW4_3.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41258				Х								
54	SB1/MW4_4.0			Soil	S19-Au41259				Х								
55	SB1/MW4_5.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41260				Х								
56	SB8_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41261				Х								
57	SB9_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41262				Х								



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261

Site # 1254 & 14271

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217 Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

Order No.:

Report #: Phone: 673733 02 8960 0555

Fax:

**Received:** Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM **Due:** Sep 4, 2019

Priority: 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melk	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	71			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	36														
58	SB18_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41263				Х								
59	SB22_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41264				Х								
60	SB24_0.8	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41265				Х								
61	SB25_0.6	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41266				Х								
62	SB3/0.1A	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41619			Х									
Test	Counts					27	9	12	12	10	15	5	44	6	32	15	3



## **Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary**

### General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

## **Holding Times**

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

\*\*NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

### Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram ug/L: micrograms per litre ug/L: micrograms per litre

org/100mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units MPN/100mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

### **Terms**

Dry Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.

LOR Limit of Reporting

SPIKE Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.

RPD Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.

LCS Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.

CRM Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.

Method Blank In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.

**Surr - Surrogate** The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.

**Duplicate** A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

APHA American Public Health Association
TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

COC Chain of Custody
SRA Sample Receipt Advice

QSM US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.3

CP Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report

NCP Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.

TEQ Toxic Equivalency Quotient

## QC - Acceptance Criteria

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR: No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50%  $\,$ 

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% Phenols & 50-150% PFASs

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.3 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

 $WA\ DWER\ (n=10):\ PFBA,\ PFPeA,\ PFHxA,\ PFHpA,\ PFOA,\ PFBS,\ PFHxS,\ PFOS,\ 6:2\ FTSA,\ 8:2\ FTSA,\ 6:2\ FTSA$ 

## **QC Data General Comments**

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting LCS data, Toxaphene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
- 4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting Spike data, Toxaphene is not added to the Spike.
- 5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
- 6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time.

  Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Aroclor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS.
- 9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " -" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 10. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.



## **Quality Control Results**

Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank		,			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions					
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	mg/kg	< 50	50	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	mg/kg	< 100	100	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/kg	< 100	100	Pass	
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/kg	< 50	50	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/kg	< 50	50	Pass	
Method Blank					
BTEX					
Benzene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Toluene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.1	Pass	
o-Xylene	T	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	mg/kg				
,	mg/kg	< 0.3	0.3	Pass	
Method Blank		T		T	
Volatile Organics		.05	0.5	Dana	
1.1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	-
1.2-Dibromoethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	-
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.3-Dichloropropane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
2-Propanone (Acetone)	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Allyl chloride	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benzene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Bromobenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Bromochloromethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Bromodichloromethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Bromoform	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Bromomethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Diomoniculano	I my/ky	\ \ 0.0	0.5	1 1 033	1



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Carbon disulfide	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Carbon Tetrachloride	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Chlorobenzene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Chloroethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Chloroform	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Chloromethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Dibromomethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
lodomethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Methylene Chloride	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Styrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Tetrachloroethene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Toluene	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Trichloroethene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	mg/kg	< 0.3	0.3	Pass	
Method Blank					
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Method Blank					
Organochlorine Pesticides					
Chlordanes - Total	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
a-BHC	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Aldrin	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
b-BHC	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
d-BHC	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Dieldrin	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endrin	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Endrin ketone	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Heptachlor	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Methoxychlor	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Toxaphene	mg/kg	< 1	1	Pass	
Method Blank			· ·		
Organophosphorus Pesticides					
Azinphos-methyl	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Bolstar	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Chlorfenvinphos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Coumaphos	mg/kg	< 2	2	Pass	
•					
Demeton-S	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Demeton-O	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Diazinon	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Dichlorvos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Dimethoate	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Disulfoton	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
EPN	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ethion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ethoprop	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ethyl parathion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Fenitrothion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Fensulfothion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Fenthion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Malathion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Merphos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Methyl parathion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Mevinphos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Monocrotophos	mg/kg	< 2	2	Pass	
Naled	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Omethoate	mg/kg	< 2	2	Pass	
Phorate	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Pirimiphos-methyl	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Pyrazophos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Ronnel	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Terbufos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Tokuthion	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Trichloronate	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
Method Blank					
Polychlorinated Biphenyls					
Aroclor-1016	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1221	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1232	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Aroclor-1242	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1248	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1254	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Aroclor-1260	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Total PCB*	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank					
Phenols (Halogenated)					
2-Chlorophenol	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 1	1	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 1	1	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg	< 1	1	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	mg/kg	< 1	1	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	mg/kg	< 10	10	Pass	
Method Blank	, 3, 3				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)					
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	mg/kg	< 0.2	0.2	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	< 1	1.0	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	mg/kg	< 0.4	0.4	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Dinoseb	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
Phenol	mg/kg	< 0.5	0.5	Pass	
Method Blank	Hig/kg	< 0.5	0.3	Fass	
% Clay	%	< 1	1 1	Pass	
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	uS/cm	< 10	10	Pass	<del> </del>
Total Organic Carbon	%	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank	70	< 0.1	0.1	1 033	
Heavy Metals					
Arsenic	mg/kg	< 2	2	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/kg	< 0.4	0.4	Pass	
Chromium	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Copper	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Iron	mg/kg	< 20	20	Pass	
Lead			5	Pass	
	mg/kg	< 5			
Mercury	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Nickel	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Zinc	mg/kg	< 5		Pass	
Method Blank Cation Evaluation Consoits				Ι	
Cation Exchange Capacity Cation Exchange Capacity	mog/100~	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	+
LCS - % Recovery	meq/100g	< 0.05		rass	<del>                                     </del>
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions					
	0/	100	70.400	Door	1
Naphthalana	%	108	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene TRU CC C40	%	97	70-130	Pass	+
TRH C6-C10	%	98	70-130	Pass	-
TRH C6-C10	%	84	70-130	Pass	-
TRH >C10-C16	%	78	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					1



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
TRH C6-C9	%	105	70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	%	83	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		<u> </u>			
BTEX					
Benzene	%	98	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	105	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	105	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	105	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	%	106	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			1 12 132	1 2.22	
Volatile Organics					
1.1-Dichloroethene	%	87	70-130	Pass	
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	%	108	70-130	Pass	
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	%	120	70-130	Pass	
1.2-Dichloroethane	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Benzene	%	104	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	96	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	94	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Trichloroethene	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	%	97	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	70	31	70-100	1 433	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	%	90	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	111	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	%	121	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	%	114	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	%	87	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	%	125	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	108	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	%	121	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	129	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	95	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	/0	] 93	70-130	Fass	
Organochlorine Pesticides Chlordanas Total	0/	01	70-130	Poss	
Chlordanes - Total 4.4'-DDD	% %	91 88	70-130	Pass Pass	
4.4'-DDE	%	86	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE 4.4'-DDT	%	76	70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	%	94	70-130		
				Pass	
b-BHC	%	121	70-130	Pass	
d-BHC	%	87	70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin L	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan aulahata	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	%	80	70-130	Pass	
Endrin	%	84	70-130	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Endrin aldehyde	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	%	85	70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	%	106	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	%	80	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	%	94	70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	%	84	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	70	<u> </u>	10 100	1 400	
Organophosphorus Pesticides					
Diazinon	%	81	70-130	Pass	
Dimethoate	%	74	70-130	Pass	
		79			
Ethion	%		70-130	Pass	
Fenitrothion Matter to a set this set	%	105	70-130	Pass	
Methyl parathion	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Mevinphos	%	72	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Polychlorinated Biphenyls					
Aroclor-1260	%	94	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Phenols (Halogenated)	1				
2-Chlorophenol	%	90	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	%	106	30-130	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	%	115	30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	%	105	30-130	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	%	88	30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	%	111	30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	%	97	30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	%	106	30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery				1 3.00	
Phenois (non-Halogenated)					
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	%	61	30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	%	80	30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	%	116	30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	%	119	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	%	110	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol					
	%	56	30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	%	93	30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	%	102	30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb	%	98	30-130	Pass	
Phenol	%	80	30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
% Clay	%	118	70-130	Pass	
Total Organic Carbon	%	99	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Heavy Metals					
Arsenic	%	102	80-120	Pass	
Cadmium	%	84	80-120	Pass	
Chromium	%	98	80-120	Pass	
Copper	%	109	80-120	Pass	
Iron	%	116	80-120	Pass	
Lead	%	97	80-120	Pass	
Mercury	%	87	75-125	Pass	
Nickel	%	96	80-120	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery							
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1			
Chlordanes - Total	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	91	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	96	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	74	70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	71	70-130	Pass	
b-BHC	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	123	70-130	Pass	
d-BHC	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	86	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	79	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	84	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Endrin	S19-Au41970	NCP	%	84	70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	73	70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	105	70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	106	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	72	70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	M19-Au43702	NCP	%	77	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Organophosphorus Pesticides	S			Result 1			
Diazinon	S19-Au41970	NCP	%	81	70-130	Pass	
Dimethoate	S19-Au41970	NCP	%	75	70-130	Pass	
Ethion	S19-Au41970	NCP	%	71	70-130	Pass	
Fenitrothion	S19-Au41970	NCP	%	79	70-130	Pass	
Methyl parathion	S19-Au41970	NCP	%	71	70-130	Pass	
Mevinphos	S19-Au41970	NCP	%	73	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				<u> </u>			
Polychlorinated Biphenyls		1		Result 1			
Aroclor-1016	M19-Au41229	NCP	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Aroclor-1260	M19-Au41229	NCP	%	120	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				<del></del>			
Heavy Metals				Result 1			
Arsenic	S19-Au41173	CP	%	95	75-125	Pass	
Cadmium	S19-Au41173	CP	%	79	75-125	Pass	
Chromium	S19-Au41173	CP	%	91	75-125	Pass	
Copper	S19-Au41173	CP	%	102	75-125	Pass	
Iron	S19-Au41173	CP	%	64	75-125	Fail	Q08
Mercury	S19-Au41173	CP	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Nickel	S19-Au41173	CP	%	90	75-125	Pass	
Zinc	S19-Au41173	CP	%	101	75-125	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T T			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbo				Result 1		<del> </del>	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41181	CP	%	104	70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41181	CP	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				1 1			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbo				Result 1		-	
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41181	CP	%	116	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T T			
BTEX				Result 1		<del> </del>	
Benzene	S19-Au41181	CP	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41181	CP	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41181	CP	%	98	70-130	Pass	<u> </u>



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41181	CP	%	98	70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41181	CP	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41181	CP	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1			
4.4'-DDT	S19-Au37261	NCP	%	81	70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	S19-Au37261	NCP	%	71	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Heavy Metals				Result 1			
Arsenic	S19-Au41183	СР	%	99	75-125	Pass	
Cadmium	S19-Au41183	СР	%	63	75-125	Fail	Q08
Chromium	S19-Au41183	СР	%	95	75-125	Pass	
Copper	S19-Au41183	CP	%	108	75-125	Pass	
Lead	S19-Au41183	CP	%	104	75-125	Pass	
Mercury	S19-Au41183	CP	<del>%</del>	89	70-130	Pass	
Nickel	S19-Au41183	CP	<del>%</del>	80	75-125	Pass	
		CP CP					
Zinc	S19-Au41183	L CP	%	91	75-125	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	0040 NEDM F	•		Doort 4			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbo			0/	Result 1	70.400	D	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41191	CP	%	108	70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41191	CP	%	104	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery						T	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbo				Result 1			
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41191	CP	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery						T	
BTEX				Result 1			
Benzene	S19-Au41191	CP	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41191	CP	%	104	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41191	CP	%	104	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41191	CP	%	106	70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41191	CP	%	106	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41191	СР	%	106	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery					·		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbo	ons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1			
TRH >C10-C16	S19-Au41195	СР	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery			,,,		10.100	1 5.55	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbo	ons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1			
TRH C10-C14	S19-Au41195	CP	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	01071041100	<u> </u>	70	102	70 100	1 400	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocar	hons			Result 1			
-	S19-Au41198	СР	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene	S19-Au41198 S19-Au41198	CP	<u>%</u> %	99	70-130	Pass	
<u> </u>				1			
Anthracene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	86	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	90	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	98	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	73	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	108	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41198	СР	%	97	70-130	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acceptanc Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Phenanthrene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	104	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	S19-Au41198	CP	%	108	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1			
2-Chlorophenol	S19-Au41198	CP	%	99	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41198	CP	%	97	30-130	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41198	СР	%	96	30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41198	СР	%	97	30-130	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41198	СР	%	97	30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	S19-Au41198	СР	%	107	30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	S19-Au41198	СР	%	99	30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	S19-Au41198	СР	%	104	30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				•		·	
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41198	СР	%	83	30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41198	CP	%	76	30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	S19-Au41198	CP	%	97	30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41198	CP	<del>%</del>	101	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	S19-Au41198	CP	%	118	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	S19-Au41198	CP	%	85	30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	S19-Au41198	CP	%	110	30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41198	CP	<del>%</del>	101	30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb	S19-Au41198	CP	%	91	30-130	Pass	
Phenol	S19-Au41198	CP	%	98	30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	319-Au41190	Ci	/0	] 30	30-130	1 033	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2012 NEDM Fract	ione		Result 1		T	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	80	70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41201	CP	<u> </u>	117	70-130		
Spike - % Recovery	319-Au41201	CP	70	117	70-130	Pass	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1000 NEDM Front	ione		Result 1		T	
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41201		%		70.120	Door	
	519-Au41201	CP	70	119	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				Dagult 4		T	
BTEX	040 4 44004	0.0	0/	Result 1	70.400		
Benzene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	106	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	101	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41201	CP	%	105	70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	110	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41201	CP	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T		T	
Volatile Organics	l a.a	1		Result 1		+_	
1.1-Dichloroethene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	99	70-130	Pass	
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	S19-Au41201	CP	%	108	70-130	Pass	
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	121	70-130	Pass	
1.2-Dichloroethane	S19-Au41201	CP	%	128	70-130	Pass	
Trichloroethene	S19-Au41201	CP	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -				Result 1			
Naphthalene	S19-Au41203	CP	%	124	70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41203	CP	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
	1999 NEPM Fract	ione		Result 1	1 1	1	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - TRH C6-C9	1333 NET WITTEC	10113	%	11Count 1			



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acceptanc Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
ВТЕХ				Result 1			
Benzene	S19-Au41203	CP	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41203	CP	%	111	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41203	СР	%	122	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41203	СР	%	127	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery						<u> </u>	
Heavy Metals				Result 1			
Arsenic	S19-Au41203	СР	%	81	75-125	Pass	
Cadmium	S19-Au41203	СР	%	90	75-125	Pass	
Chromium	S19-Au41203	СР	%	78	75-125	Pass	
Copper	S19-Au41203	СР	%	85	75-125	Pass	
Lead	S19-Au41203	СР	%	71	75-125	Fail	Q08
Mercury	S19-Au41203	СР	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Nickel	S19-Au41203	CP	%	79	75-125	Pass	
Zinc	S19-Au41203	CP	%	49	75-125	Fail	Q08
Spike - % Recovery	01071011200	U.	,,	10 1	70 120	1 411	400
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				Result 1			
Acenaphthene	S19-Au41214	СР	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	116	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	90	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	107	70-130	Pass	
		CP					
Benzo(a)pyrene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	114	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	117	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S19-Au41214		%	122	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	130	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	114	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	130	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	125	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	110	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	S19-Au41214	CP	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				<del>                                     </del>		1	
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1			
2-Chlorophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	93	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	108	30-130	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	120	30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	105	30-130	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	88	30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	117	30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	120	30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	S19-Au41214	CP	%	115	30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	125	30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	118	30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	S19-Au41214	CP	%	117	30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	127	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	S19-Au41214	СР	%	112	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	S19-Au41214	СР	%	105	30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	S19-Au41214	СР	%	93	30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	118	30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb	S19-Au41214	CP	%	117	30-130	Pass	
Phenol	S19-Au41214	CP	%	82	30-130	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA	Units	Result 1			Acceptance	Pass	Qualifying
	Lub Gumple 15	Source	Onits	rtesuit i			Limits	Limits	Code
Duplicate Organishlering Posticides				Dogult 1	Result 2	DDD			
Organochlorine Pesticides	M40 A.:40572	NCP	m a/l.a	Result 1		RPD	30%	Doos	
Toxaphene	M19-Au40573	NCP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				Dogult 1	Result 2	RPD			
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
at 25°C as rec.)	S19-Au41167	CP	uS/cm	46	38	18	30%	Pass	
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as									
rec.)	S19-Au41167	CP	pH Units	7.9	7.8	pass	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				ı					
	1		ı	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Clay	M19-Jl22376	NCP	%	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Total Organic Carbon	S19-Au41168	CP	%	0.3	0.3	5.2	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Moisture	S19-Au41171	CP	%	6.3	6.3	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate					,				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Volatile Organics				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
1.1-Dichloroethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.1-Dichloroethene	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.2-Dibromoethane	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.2-Dichloroethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.2-Dichloropropane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.3-Dichloropropane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Butanone (MEK)	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Propanone (Acetone)	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Chlorotoluene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Allyl chloride	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
, myr ornoriae	O TO TAUTITIE	<u> </u>	mg/Ng	\ \ 0.0	` 0.0		30 70	1 433	<b>—</b>



Duplicate Duplicate									
Volatile Organics				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Bromochloromethane	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Bromodichloromethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Bromoform	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Bromomethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Carbon disulfide	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Carbon Tetrachloride	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorobenzene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chloroethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chloroform	S19-Au41172	CP		< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chloromethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<u> </u>	30%	Pass	
			mg/kg		1			1	
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibromochloromethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibromomethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
lodomethane (Occasion)	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Methylene Chloride	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Styrene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachloroethene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Trichloroethene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Trichlorofluoromethane	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Vinyl chloride	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				T	T T				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon	IS	1	1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Chlordanes - Total	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
a-BHC	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin				, , ,,,,,,	× 0.00	~ ·	1 55/0	1 . 400	
Aldrin b-BHC				< 0.05	< 0.05	<i>~</i> 1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin b-BHC d-BHC	S19-Au41172 S19-Au41172	CP CP	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.05 < 0.05	< 0.05 < 0.05	<1 <1	30% 30%	Pass Pass	



Duplicate									
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Endosulfan I	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	S19-Au41172	CP		< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene		CP	mg/kg			<1			
	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05		30%	Pass	
Methoxychlor	S19-Au41172	L CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Ouplicate				Desult 4	Decute 0	DDD			
Organophosphorus Pesticides	C40 A.:44470	CD		Result 1	Result 2	RPD	200/	Dana	
Azinphos-methyl	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Bolstar	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorfenvinphos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Coumaphos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Demeton-S	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Demeton-O	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Diazinon	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Dichlorvos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Dimethoate	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Disulfoton	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
EPN	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethoprop	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethyl parathion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenitrothion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fensulfothion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenthion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Malathion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Merphos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Methyl parathion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Mevinphos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Monocrotophos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Naled	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Omethoate	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Phorate	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	_
Pirimiphos-methyl	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrazophos	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ronnel	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Terbufos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Tokuthion	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Trichloronate	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	1 2107.011112				, ,	1	, 5576	1 200	
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Chlorophenol	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	<1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 1		<1	30%	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1 < 1	<u> </u>	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	319-Au41172	CF	l llig/kg	_ < 10	<u> </u>		30 /0	Fass	
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dinoseb	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenol	S19-Au41172	CP		< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	1 013-MU41112	UP	mg/kg		_ \ 0.5	<u> </u>	JU /0	1 033	
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	S19-Au41172	СР	mg/kg	2.2	2.1	5.0	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	5.0 <1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	10	8.9	14	30%	Pass	
Copper	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	15	15	2.0	30%	Pass	
Iron	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	4200	3800	10	30%	Pass	
Lead	S19-Au41172	CP		110	120	5.0	30%	Pass	
Mercury	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	5.0 <1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	S19-Au41172	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<u> </u>	30%	Pass	
Zinc	S19-Au41172	CP		91	80	13	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	319-Au41172	L CF	mg/kg	] 91	00	13	30%	Fass	
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		T	
Arsenic	S19-Au41173	СР	mg/kg	5.0	5.0	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	0.5	0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	9.5	9.7	2.0	30%	Pass	
Copper	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	17	17	1.0	30%	Pass	
Iron	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	9000	9100	<1	30%	Pass	
Lead	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	500	500	1.0	30%	Pass	
Mercury	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Zinc	S19-Au41173	CP	mg/kg	140	140	3.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	013 Au+1173	01	i ilig/kg	140	140	3.0	3070	1 433	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	- 2013 NFPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD		T	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	01071041100	01	i ilig/ikg	1 20	\ 20		0070	1 455	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	- 1999 NFPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD		T	
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	1 010 Au+1100		, mg/kg		, \ ZU		30 /0	1 433	
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S19-Au41180	СР	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41180	CP	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	1 010-Au-1100		ı my/ky	_ \ 0.3	_ \ 0.3		30 /0	1 033	
Duplicate				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Moisture	S19-Au41181	СР	%	14	14	<1	30%	Pass	
70 IVIOISIUIE	J 313-MU41101	UF	//0	14	14	<u> </u>	30%	F 455	



Duplicate									
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
-	C40 A.:44402	CD					200/	Dana	
Arsenic	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	5.3	5.2	2.0 <1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	2.7	2.8		30%	Pass	
Chromium	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	11	11	1.0	30%	Pass	
Copper	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	28	29	2.0	30%	Pass	
Iron	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	9700	9800	1.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	160	160	1.0	30%	Pass	
Mercury	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	13	13	1.0	30%	Pass	
Zinc	S19-Au41183	CP	mg/kg	230	230	1.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate		-		I			l		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons			1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH >C10-C16	S19-Au41184	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	S19-Au41184	CP	mg/kg	130	220	47	30%	Fail	Q15
TRH >C34-C40	S19-Au41184	CP	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	- 1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C10-C14	S19-Au41184	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	S19-Au41184	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	S19-Au41184	CP	mg/kg	130	210	49	30%	Fail	Q15
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	- 2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	- 1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41190	СР	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				•	,				
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41190	CP	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	01071011100	<u> </u>	1 1119/119	1 0.0	1 0.0	71	0070	1 400	
Duplicate				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		T	
% Moisture	S19-Au41191	СР	%	12	12	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	015 Au+1151	01	70	12	12		3070	1 433	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	e			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	S19-Au41197	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	S19-Au41197	CP		< 0.5			30%		
			mg/kg		< 0.5	<1		Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	1.6	1.2	28	30%	Pass	045
Benzo(a)pyrene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	2.4	1.7	32	30%	Fail	Q15
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	1.4	1.1	31	30%	Fail	Q15
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	1.5	1.2	23	30%	Pass	045
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	1.6	1.1	34	30%	Fail	Q15
Chrysene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	1.6	1.2	30	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	1.5	1.5	3.0	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	1.6	1.1	33	30%	Fail	Q15
Naphthalene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	



<b>-</b>									
Duplicate									
Phenols (Halogenated)	l <u>.</u> .			Result 1	Result 2	RPD		+	
2-Chlorophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 10	< 10	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate					1				
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	1		1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dinoseb	S19-Au41197	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenol	S19-Au41197	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
-				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	S19-Au41198	СР	uS/cm	28	46	47	30%	Fail	Q15
pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	S19-Au41198	СР	pH Units	6.1	5.9	pass	30%	Pass	
pH (units)(1:5 soil:CaCl2 extract at 25°C as rec.)	S19-Au41198	СР	pH Units	5.5	5.3	pass	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions	1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
BTEX	T			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
V 1							200/	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41200	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	1 033	
o-Xylene Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41200 S19-Au41200	CP CP	mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.1 < 0.3	< 0.1 < 0.3	<1 <1	30%	Pass	
•	•								
Xylenes - Total	•								
Xylenes - Total	•			< 0.3	< 0.3	<1			
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate	S19-Au41200	СР	mg/kg	< 0.3 Result 1	< 0.3 Result 2	<1 RPD	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate  % Moisture	S19-Au41200	СР	mg/kg	< 0.3 Result 1	< 0.3 Result 2	<1 RPD	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate  % Moisture  Duplicate	S19-Au41200	СР	mg/kg	< 0.3  Result 1  22	< 0.3  Result 2  23	<1 RPD 3.0	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate  % Moisture  Duplicate  Heavy Metals  Arsenic	S19-Au41200 S19-Au41201 S19-Au41202	CP CP	mg/kg % mg/kg	< 0.3  Result 1  22  Result 1  2.0	< 0.3  Result 2 23  Result 2 2.1	<1 RPD 3.0 RPD 1.0	30%	Pass Pass Pass	
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate  % Moisture  Duplicate  Heavy Metals  Arsenic  Cadmium	\$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202	CP CP CP	mg/kg % mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.3  Result 1  22  Result 1  2.0  < 0.4	< 0.3  Result 2 23  Result 2 2.1 < 0.4	<1 RPD 3.0 RPD 1.0 <1	30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate  % Moisture  Duplicate  Heavy Metals  Arsenic  Cadmium  Chromium	\$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202	CP CP CP CP	mg/kg % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.3  Result 1  22  Result 1  2.0  < 0.4  7.8	Result 2 23  Result 2 2.1 < 0.4 7.2	<1 RPD 3.0 RPD 1.0 <1 8.0	30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate  % Moisture  Duplicate  Heavy Metals  Arsenic  Cadmium  Chromium  Copper	\$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202	CP CP CP CP CP CP	mg/kg  %  mg/kg  mg/kg  mg/kg  mg/kg	< 0.3  Result 1 22  Result 1 2.0 < 0.4 7.8 10	< 0.3  Result 2 23  Result 2 2.1 < 0.4 7.2 11	<1 RPD 3.0 RPD 1.0 <1 8.0 1.0	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Xylenes - Total  Duplicate  % Moisture  Duplicate  Heavy Metals  Arsenic  Cadmium  Chromium	\$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41201 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202 \$19-Au41202	CP CP CP CP	mg/kg % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	< 0.3  Result 1  22  Result 1  2.0  < 0.4  7.8	Result 2 23  Result 2 2.1 < 0.4 7.2	<1 RPD 3.0 RPD 1.0 <1 8.0	30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	



Duplicate									
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Nickel	S19-Au41202	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Zinc	S19-Au41202	CP	mg/kg	35	42	19	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	S19-Au41203	CP	mg/kg	4.8	4.9	3.0	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	S19-Au41203	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	S19-Au41203	CP	mg/kg	19	19	1.0	30%	Pass	
Copper	S19-Au41203	CP	mg/kg	16	16	2.0	30%	Pass	
Iron	S19-Au41203	СР	mg/kg	21000	21000	2.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	S19-Au41203	СР	mg/kg	35	35	2.0	30%	Pass	
Mercury	S19-Au41203	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	S19-Au41203	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Zinc	S19-Au41203	CP	mg/kg	64	65	1.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	0.00.00.00.00		199		, ,,,	110	2272		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH >C10-C16	S19-Au41204	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	S19-Au41204	CP	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	S19-Au41204	CP	mg/kg	< 100	< 100	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	J1071071207		g/Ng	100	1700	31		1 400	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NFPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C10-C14	S19-Au41204	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	S19-Au41204	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	S19-Au41204	CP	mg/kg	< 50	< 50	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	319-Au41204	UF	i ilig/kg	< 50	< 50	<u> </u>	30 /6	Fa55	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				Result 1	Result 2	RPD	T		
		СР	m a/l.a			<1	200/	Pass	
Acenaphthelene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5		30%		
Acenaphthylene	S19-Au41213		mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				1			I		
Organochlorine Pesticides	<u></u>		1	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Chlordanes - Total	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
а-ВНС	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
b-BHC	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
d-BHC	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Dieldrin	S19-Au41213	СР	mg/kg	0.06	< 0.05	47	30%	Fail	Q15
Endosulfan I	S19-Au41213	СР	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	_
Endosulfan II	S19-Au41213	СР	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Endosulfan sulphate	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<del></del>	30%	Pass	
Methoxychlor	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	0.07.02.0	<u> </u>		1 0.00	1 0.00		0070	1 400	
Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Azinphos-methyl	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Bolstar	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorfenvinphos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Coumaphos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Demeton-S	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Demeton-O	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Diazinon	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Dichlorvos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Dimethoate	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Disulfoton	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
EPN	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethoprop	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethyl parathion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenitrothion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fensulfothion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Fenthion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Malathion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Merphos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Methyl parathion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Mevinphos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Monocrotophos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Naled	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Omethoate	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Phorate	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Pirimiphos-methyl	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrazophos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Ronnel	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Terbufos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Tokuthion	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Trichloronate	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	010 Au41213		ı myrky		\ \ ∪.∠		J J J J J	1 433	
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Chlorophenol	S19-Au41213	СР	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	<1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol		CP		1	i i		30%	Pass	
7.1	S19-Au41213		mg/kg	<1	< 1	<1	1	1 1	
Pentachlorophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Phenois (non-Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	S19-Au41213	СР	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 1	< 1	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Dinoseb	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenol	S19-Au41213	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons</b>	- 2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons</b>	- 1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 20	< 20	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 0.2	< 0.2	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	S19-Au41216	CP	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	<1	30%	Pass	



## Comments

## Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used) N/A Attempt to Chill was evident Yes Sample correctly preserved Yes Appropriate sample containers have been used Yes Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace Yes Samples received within HoldingTime Yes Some samples have been subcontracted No

## **Qualifier Codes/Comments**

<u> </u>	
Code	Description
Code	DESCRIPTION

F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis). N01

Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.

F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes. N04

Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs N07

The matrix spike recovery is outside of the recommended acceptance criteria. An acceptable recovery was obtained for the laboratory control sample indicating a sample matrix interference Q08

The RPD reported passes Eurofins Environment Testing's QC - Acceptance Criteria as defined in the Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary page of this report. Q15

R20 This sample is a Trip Spike and therefore all results are reported as a percentage

## **Authorised By**

N02

Alena Bounkeua Analytical Services Manager Emily Rosenberg Senior Analyst-Metal (VIC) Harry Bacalis Senior Analyst-Volatile (VIC) Jonathon Angell Senior Analyst-Inorganic (QLD) Joseph Edouard Senior Analyst-Organic (VIC) Julie Kay Senior Analyst-Inorganic (VIC) Nibha Vaidva Senior Analyst-Asbestos (NSW)



## Glenn Jackson

## **General Manager**

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- \* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and to style production arring from this report. This document shall not be reporteduced except in full and relates only to the letems tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the testes were performed on the samples as received.



Trace Environmental P/L Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road Dulwich Hill NSW 2203





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Attention: Matthew Vanderheyden

Report 673733-W

Project name WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID 19.13

Received Date Aug 28, 2019

Client Sample ID			RB1	RB2	RB3
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41207	S19-Au41208	S19-Au41209
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM		J 01t			
TRH C6-C9	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH C10-C14	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRH C15-C28	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH C29-C36	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
BTEX	'				
Benzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Toluene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Ethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
m&p-Xylenes	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
o-Xylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Xylenes - Total	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	105	111	114
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions	1			
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
TRH C6-C10	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH >C10-C16	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRH >C16-C34	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH >C34-C40	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	·				
Acenaphthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Acenaphthylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benz(a)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chrysene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluorene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001



Client Sample ID			RB1	RB2	RB3
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Au41207	S19-Au41208	S19-Au41209
Date Sampled			Aug 26, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 28, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	3 ,	, , ,	3 ,
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	2011	O THE			
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Naphthalene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Phenanthrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Total PAH*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	64	60	63
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	66	63	70
Phenois (Halogenated)					
2-Chlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Pentachlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Total Halogenated Phenol*	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Phenois (non-Halogenated)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2-Nitrophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4-Dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.006	mg/L	< 0.006	< 0.006	< 0.006
4-Nitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Dinoseb	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	40	37	38
Heavy Metals					
Arsenic	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Cadmium	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	< 0.0002
Chromium	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Copper	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Lead	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Mercury	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Nickel	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Zinc	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005



## Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.

A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

	Description	Testing Site	Extracted	<b>Holding Time</b>
٦	otal Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	7 Days
- 1	Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Е	BTEX	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	14 Days
- 1	Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
٦	otal Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	7 Days
- 1	Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
E	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A			
	Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	
	- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	7 Days
	- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
	Phenols (Halogenated)	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	7 Days
	- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
	Phenols (non-Halogenated)	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	7 Days
	- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
	Metals M8	Melbourne	Aug 30, 2019	180 Days

<sup>-</sup> Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261

Site # 1254 & 14271

Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone : +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Company Name: Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

Report #: Phone: Fax:

Order No.:

673733

02 8960 0555

02 8960

Due: Sep 4, 2019 Priority: 5 Day

Received:

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Alena Bounkeua

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melb	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Χ	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	36														
Exte	rnal Laboratory	1		1													
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID												
1	SB1/MW4_0.2	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41167	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	
2	SB1/MW4_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41168								Х	Х	Х		
3	SB2_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41169	Х	Х				Х		Х		Х		
4	SB3_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41170	Х							Х		Х		
5	SB3_0.2	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41171								Х		Х		
6	SB4_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41172	Х					Х	Х	Х		Х		
7	SB5_0.1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41173	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	
8	SB5_0.5	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41174								Х		Х		
9	SB6_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41175	Х				Х	Х		Х	Χ		Х	

Eurofins Environment Testing Unit F3, Building F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove West, NSW, Australia, 2066 ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 2 9900 8400 Page 4 of 17

Date Reported:Sep 04, 2019



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

673733

02 8960 0555

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

Project ID: 19.13

WILLOUGHBY DSI

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

		Samp	ole Detail		Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site # 1	1254 & 14271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 182	17		Х			Х						Х	Χ	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 20	794										Χ			
Pert	h Laboratory - I	NATA Site # 23736														
10	SB7_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41176	Х							Х		Х		
11	SB7_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41177								Х		Х		
12	SB8_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41178	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	
13	SB8_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41179								Х		Х		
14	SB9_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41180	Х	Х						Х		Х		
15	SB10_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41181	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	
16	SB10_0.5	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41182								Х	Χ	Х		
17	SB11_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41183	Х					Х		Х		Х		
18	SB11_0.6	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41184								Х		Х		
19	SB12_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41185	Х					Х		Х		Х		
20	SB12_0.4	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41186								Х		Х		
21	SB13_0.1	Aug 27, 2019	Soil	S19-Au41187	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

Phone: +61 3 8564 500 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

673733

02 8960 0555

Sydney
Unit F3, Building F
16 Mars Road
Lane Cove West NSW 2066
Phone: +61 2 9900 8400
NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

**Received:** Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

**Due:** Sep 4, 2019

Priority: 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Alena Bounkeua

		Sar	nple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 18	3217			Х			Х						Х	Χ	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - I	NATA Site # 237	36														
22	SB13_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41188								Х		Х		
23	SB14_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41189	Х							Х		Х		
24	SB15_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41190	Х	Х			Х	Х		Х			Χ	
25	SB15_0.4	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41191								Х		Х		
26	SB16_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41192	Х							Х	Х	Х		
27	SB16_0.3	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41193								Х		Х		
28	SB17_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41194	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х			Χ	
29	SB18_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41195	Х							Х		Х		
30	SB18_0.5	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41196								Х		Х		
31	SB19_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41197	Х							Х		Х		
32	SB20_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41198	Х				Х	Х		Х	Х		Χ	
33	SB21_0.05	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41199	Х							Х		Х		



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

673733

02 8960 0555

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261

16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 Site # 1254 & 14271 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

**Company Name:** Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

**Dulwich Hill** 

NSW 2203

**Project Name:** 

Project ID: 19.13

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

		San	nple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Mell	bourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site #	‡ 1254 & 142	271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Syd	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 18	3217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Х
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site # 2	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 2373	36														
34	SB21_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41200								Х		Х		
35	SB22_0.05	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41201	Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	
36	SB23_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41202	Х						Х	Х		Х		
37	SB23_0.5	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41203								Х		Х		
38	QS1	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41204	Х							Х			Х	
39	QS2	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41205								Х			Х	
40	QS3	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41206								Х		Х	Ш	
41	RB1	Aug 26, 2019		Water	S19-Au41207											Х	$\square$
42	RB2	Aug 27, 2019		Water	S19-Au41208											Х	$\square$
43	RB3	Aug 28, 2019		Water	S19-Au41209											Х	$\square$
44	TS1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41210											igsqcup	Х
45	TB1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41211												Χ



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261

Site # 1254 & 14271

673733

02 8960 0555

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

																		ui
		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH	
Mell	ourne Laborato	ry - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	271			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
	ney Laboratory					Х			Х						Х	Х	Х	
Bris	bane Laboratory	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х				
Pert	h Laboratory - N	ATA Site # 237	36															
46	LAB SPIKE	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41212												Х	
47	SB24_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41213	Х					Х		Х		Х		<u> </u>	
48	SB24_0.5	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41214								Х		Х		<u> </u>	
49	SB25_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41215	Х							Х		Х		<u> </u>	
50	SB26_0.1	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41216	Х							Х		Х	igsquare	<u> </u>	
51	SB1/MW4_1.0	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41256				Х							igsquare	<u> </u>	
52	SB1/MW4_2.0			Soil	S19-Au41257				Х								<u> </u>	1
53	SB1/MW4_3.0			Soil	S19-Au41258				Х								<u> </u>	1
54	SB1/MW4_4.0			Soil	S19-Au41259				Х								<u> </u>	_
55	SB1/MW4_5.0			Soil	S19-Au41260				Х								<u> </u>	-
56	SB8_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41261				Х								<u> </u>	-
57	SB9_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41262				Х								<u> </u>	



ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Order No.:

Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261

Site # 1254 & 14271

673733

02 8960 0555

16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Aug 28, 2019 12:10 PM

Matthew Vanderheyden

Sep 4, 2019

5 Day

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

Received:

Priority:

**Contact Name:** 

Due:

		Sa	mple Detail			Asbestos - WA guidelines	Conductivity (1:5 aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	HOLD	HOLD	pH (1:5 Aqueous extract at 25°C as rec.)	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Moisture Set	NEPM Screen for Soil Classification	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A	BTEXN and Volatile TRH
Melk	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	71			Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217			Х			Х						Х	Х	Χ
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794											Х			
Pert	h Laboratory - N	ATA Site # 237	36														
58	SB18_1.0	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41263				Х								
59	SB22_0.6	Aug 27, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41264				Х								
60	SB24_0.8	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41265				Х								
61	SB25_0.6	Aug 28, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41266				Х								
62	SB3/0.1A	Aug 26, 2019		Soil	S19-Au41619			Х									
Test	Counts					27	9	12	12	10	15	5	44	6	32	15	3



#### **Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary**

#### General

- 1. Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

#### **Holding Times**

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

\*\*NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

#### Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram ug/L: micrograms per litre ug/L: micrograms per litre

org/100mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units MPN/100mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

#### **Terms**

Dry Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.

LOR Limit of Reporting

SPIKE Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.

RPD Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.

LCS Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.

CRM Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.

Method Blank In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.

**Surr - Surrogate** The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.

**Duplicate** A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

APHA American Public Health Association
TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

COC Chain of Custody
SRA Sample Receipt Advice

QSM US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.3

CP Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report

NCP Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.

TEQ Toxic Equivalency Quotient

#### QC - Acceptance Criteria

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR : No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR: RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% Phenols & 50-150% PFASs

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.3 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

 $WA\ DWER\ (n=10):\ PFBA,\ PFPeA,\ PFHxA,\ PFHpA,\ PFOA,\ PFBS,\ PFHxS,\ PFOS,\ 6:2\ FTSA,\ 8:2\ FTSA,\ 6:2\ FTSA$ 

#### **QC Data General Comments**

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting LCS data, Toxaphene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
- 4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting Spike data, Toxaphene is not added to the Spike.
- 5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
- 6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time.

  Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Aroclor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS.
- 9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " -" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 10. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.

Eurofins Environment Testing Unit F3, Building F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove West, NSW, Australia, 2066 Page 10 of 17

ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 2 9900 8400 Report Number: 673733-W



#### **Quality Control Results**

Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank					
BTEX	1				
Benzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Toluene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions					
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	mg/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank	, J				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
				1	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	<del>                                     </del>
Pyrene  Method Blank	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Method Blank  Phonolo (Uslaggeneted)					-
Phenois (Halogenated)	n	.0.000	0.000	D	
2-Chlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	-
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	-
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
Method Blank					
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	1			1	
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	mg/L	< 0.006	0.006	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
Dinoseb	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Phenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
Method Blank					
Heavy Metals					
Arsenic	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/L	< 0.0002	0.0002	Pass	
Chromium	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Copper	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Lead	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Mercury	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Nickel	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Zinc	mg/L	< 0.005	0.005	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery				1	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	\$				
TRH C6-C9	%	122	70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	%	81	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery				1	
ВТЕХ					
Benzene	%	122	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	108	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	107	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	%	103	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		1		ı	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions					
Naphthalene	%	95	70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	%	127	70-130	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	%	75	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		1		I	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	%	95	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	%	76	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	86	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	%	116	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	%	114	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	%	111	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	77	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	%	81	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	86	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	83	70-130	Pass	I



Test			Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Phenols (Halogenated)								
2-Chlorophenol			%	93		30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol			%	76		30-130	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol			%	84		30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol			%	83		30-130	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol			%	88		30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol			%	84		30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol			%	51		30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total			%	73		30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			13				1 0.00	
Phenols (non-Halogenated)								
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol			%	37		30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol			%	48		30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)			%	82		30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol			%	86		30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol			%	91		30-130	Pass	
•			i	41				
2.4-Dinitrophenol			%			30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)			%	90		30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol			%	75		30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb			%	60		30-130	Pass	
Phenol			%	60		30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery				T	l I			
Heavy Metals								
Arsenic			%	99		80-120	Pass	
Cadmium			%	96		80-120	Pass	
Chromium			%	100		80-120	Pass	
Copper			%	97		80-120	Pass	
Lead			%	103		80-120	Pass	
Mercury			%	104		75-125	Pass	
Nickel			%	98		80-120	Pass	
Zinc			%	94		80-120	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1		Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery								
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1				
TRH C6-C9	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	108		70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	B19-Au42733	NCP	%	80		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
BTEX				Result 1				
Benzene	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	98		70-130	Pass	
Toluene	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	102		70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	103		70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	103		70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	109		70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	109		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	2012 NEDM F===1	lions		Dogult 4				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -			0/	Result 1		70.400	Doc-	
Naphthalene	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	112		70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	M19-Au42940	NCP	%	110		70-130	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	B19-Au42733	NCP	%	75		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<u>\$</u>			Result 1				
Acenaphthene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	95		70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	M19-Au33282	NCP NCP	% %	99		70-130	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Benz(a)anthracene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	95			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	103			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	94			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	106			70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	114			70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	112			70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	100			70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	90			70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	99			70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	86			70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	102			70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	99			70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	90			70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery									
Phenois (Halogenated)				Result 1					
2-Chlorophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	102			30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	95			30-130	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	111			30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	102			30-130	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	104			30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	103			30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	91			30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	103			30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery			7,5	100				7 0.00	
Phenois (non-Halogenated)				Result 1					
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	94			30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	97			30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	92			30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	104			30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	95			30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	80			30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	83			30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	58			30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	104			30-130	Pass	
Phenol	M19-Au33282	NCP	%	50			30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery			,,,				33 .33	. 455	
Heavy Metals				Result 1					
Arsenic	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	96			75-125	Pass	
Cadmium	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	98			75-125	Pass	
Chromium	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	99			75-125	Pass	
Copper	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	99			75-125	Pass	
Lead	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	101			75-125	Pass	
Mercury	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	100			70-130	Pass	
Nickel	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	93			75-125	Pass	
Zinc	B19-Au40782	NCP	%	71			75-125	Fail	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate									
<b>Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons</b>	- 1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	M19-Au42940	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	M19-Au42940	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	M19-Au42940	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
BTEX				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	M19-Au42336	NCP	ma/l	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	W113-Au42330	INCI	IIIg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003		3070	1 033	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	M19-Au42336	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	M19-Au42940	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	M19-Au42940	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	1 0.00	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	M19-Au42940	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1		<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	1111071012010	1101	g/ <u>-</u>	1 0.1		7.	0070	1 400	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	0.049	0.048	2.0	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	0.005	0.006	5.0	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	0.001	0.002	5.0	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate			<u> </u>						
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		T	
2-Chlorophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.006	< 0.006	<1	30%	Pass	
Car : meany process (map erec				1			1		
4-Nitrophenol	M19-Au42093	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
	M19-Au42093 M19-Au42093	NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L	< 0.03 < 0.1	< 0.03 < 0.1	<1 <1	30% 30%	Pass Pass	



Duplicate									
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Cadmium	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	0.004	0.002	65	30%	Fail	Q15
Copper	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	0.010	0.010	4.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	0.001	< 0.001	9.0	30%	Pass	
Mercury	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	0.042	0.039	8.0	30%	Pass	·
Zinc	B19-Au40782	NCP	mg/L	0.23	0.22	7.0	30%	Pass	



#### Comments

#### Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used) N/A Attempt to Chill was evident Yes Sample correctly preserved Yes Appropriate sample containers have been used Yes Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace Yes Samples received within HoldingTime Yes Some samples have been subcontracted No

#### **Qualifier Codes/Comments**

<u> </u>	
Code	Description
Code	DESCRIPTION

F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis). N01

Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.

N02

F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes. N04

Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs N07

Q15 The RPD reported passes Eurofins Environment Testing's QC - Acceptance Criteria as defined in the Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary page of this report.

#### **Authorised By**

Alena Bounkeua Analytical Services Manager Emily Rosenberg Senior Analyst-Metal (VIC) Harry Bacalis Senior Analyst-Volatile (VIC) Joseph Edouard Senior Analyst-Organic (VIC)



#### Glenn Jackson

#### **General Manager**

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- \* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins, shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profits, damages for failure to meet deadlines and to style production arring from this report. This document shall not be reporteduced except in full and relates only to the letems tested. Unless indicated otherwise, the testes were performed on the samples as received.



### **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road,

Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

Telephone : ---Project : 19.13
Order number : ---C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : JACK ELLIS

Site : ---

Quote number : EN/222 (Sydney Batches)

No. of samples received : 3
No. of samples analysed : 3

Page : 1 of 6

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 28-Aug-2019 17:30

Date Analysis Commenced : 30-Aug-2019

Issue Date : 04-Sep-2019 15:02



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Descriptive Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Alana Smylie Asbestos Identifier Newcastle - Asbestos, Mayfield West, NSW Ankit Joshi Inorganic Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Edwandy Fadjar Organic Coordinator Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW Ivan Taylor Analyst Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Wisam Marassa Inorganics Coordinator Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 6 Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- Benzo(a)pyrene Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (TEQ) per the NEPM (2013) is the sum total of the concentration of the eight carcinogenic PAHs multiplied by their Toxicity Equivalence Factor (TEF) relative to Benzo(a)pyrene. TEF values are provided in brackets as follows: Benz(a)anthracene (0.1), Chrysene (0.01), Benzo(b+j) & Benzo(k)fluoranthene (0.1), Benzo(a)pyrene (1.0), Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene (0.1), Dibenz(a.h)anthracene (1.0), Benzo(g.h.i)perylene (0.01). Less than LOR results for 'TEQ Zero' are treated as zero, for 'TEQ 1/2LOR' are treated as half the reported LOR, and for 'TEQ LOR' are treated as being equal to the reported LOR. Note: TEQ 1/2LOR and TEQ LOR will calculate as 0.6mg/Kg and 1.2mg/Kg respectively for samples with non-detects for all of the eight TEQ PAHs.
- EG005: Poor precision was obtained for Chromium on sample ES1927565-3. Results have been confirmed by re-extraction and re-analysis.
- EA200N: Asbestos weights and percentages are not covered under the Scope of NATA Accreditation.
- Weights of Asbestos are based on extracted bulk asbestos, fibre bundles, and/or ACM and do not include respirable fibres (if present)
- The Asbestos (Fines and Fibrous) weight is calculated from the extracted Fibrous Asbestos and Asbestos Fines as an equivalent weight of 100% Asbestos

Percentages for Asbestos content in ACM are based on the 2013 NEPM default values.

- All calculations of percentage Asbestos under this method are approximate and should be used as a quide only.
- EA200 'Am' Amosite (brown asbestos)
- EA200 'Cr' Crocidolite (blue asbestos)
- EA200 'Trace' Asbestos fibres ("Free Fibres") detected by trace analysis per AS4964. The result can be interpreted that the sample contains detectable 'respirable' asbestos fibres
- EA200: Asbestos Identification Samples were analysed by Polarised Light Microscopy including dispersion staining.
- EA200 Legend
- EA200 'Ch' Chrysotile (white asbestos)
- EA200: 'UMF' Unknown Mineral Fibres. "-" indicates fibres detected may or may not be asbestos fibres. Confirmation by alternative techniques is recommended.
- EA200N: ALS laboratory procedures and methods used for the identification and quantitation of asbestos are consistent with AS4964-2004 and the requirements of the 2013 NEPM for Assessment of Site Contamination
- EA200: For samples larger than 30g, the <2mm fraction may be sub-sampled prior to trace analysis as outlined in ISO23909:2008(E) Sect 6.3.2-2
- EA200: 'Yes' Asbestos detected by polarised light microscopy including dispersion staining.
- EA200: 'No\*' No asbestos found, at the reporting limit of 0.1g/kg, by polarised light microscopy including dispersion staining. Asbestos material was detected and positively identified at concentrations estimated to be below 0.1g/kg.
- EA200: 'No' No asbestos found at the reporting limit 0.1g/kg, by polarised light microscopy including dispersion staining.

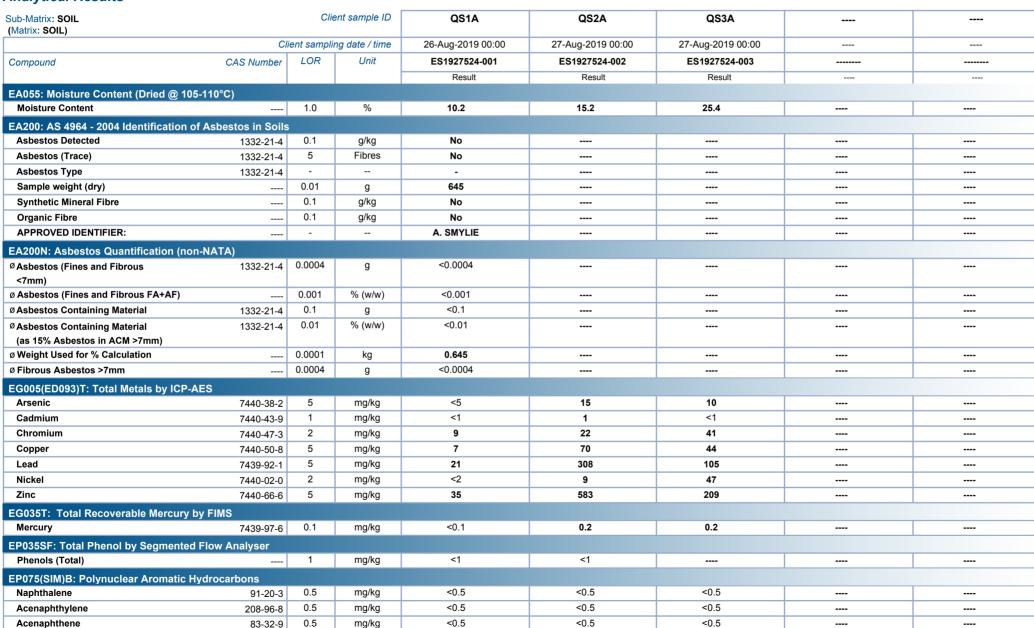


Page : 3 of 6 Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

#### **Analytical Results**





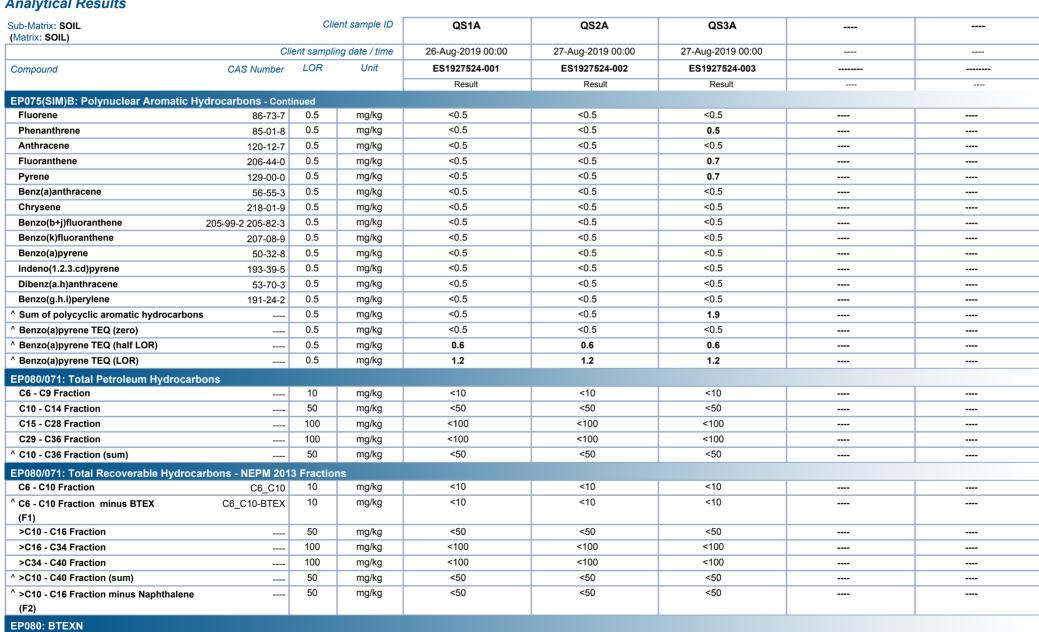
Page : 4 of 6 Work Order ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

· 19.13 Project

#### Analytical Results

Benzene



0.2

71-43-2

mg/kg

< 0.2

< 0.2

< 0.2



Page : 5 of 6
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## Analytical Results



Sub-Matrix: SOIL (Matrix: SOIL)		Clie	ent sample ID	QS1A	QS2A	QS3A	 
	Cli	ent samplii	ng date / time	26-Aug-2019 00:00	27-Aug-2019 00:00	27-Aug-2019 00:00	 
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1927524-001	ES1927524-002	ES1927524-003	 
				Result	Result	Result	 
EP080: BTEXN - Continued							
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
^ Sum of BTEX		0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	 
^ Total Xylenes		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	 
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	<1	 
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound S	Surrogates						
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	0.5	%	86.1	84.0	83.3	 
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	0.5	%	96.0	94.9	93.1	 
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	0.5	%	75.6	80.5	80.6	 
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates							
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	0.5	%	111	111	108	 
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	0.5	%	94.2	92.8	90.7	 
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	0.5	%	102	101	98.1	 
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates							
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	0.2	%	109	112	113	 
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	0.2	%	109	113	117	 
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.2	%	102	107	109	 

# Analytical Results Descriptive Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL

Cub Mathix. CCIL							
Method: Compound	Client sample ID - Client sampling date / time	Analytical Results					
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos in Soils							
EA200: Description	QS1A - 26-Aug-2019 00:00	Mid brown soil.					

Page : 6 of 6
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

# Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Recovery	Limits (%)
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Surrogates			
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	63	123
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	66	122
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	40	138
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	70	122
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	66	128
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	65	129
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates			
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	73	133
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	74	132
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	72	130





### **QUALITY CONTROL REPORT**

Work Order : **ES1927524** 

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road,

Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

Telephone : ---Project : 19.13
Order number : ----

C-O-C number : ---

Sampler : JACK ELLIS

Site · \_\_\_

Quote number : EN/222 (Sydney Batches)

No. of samples received : 3
No. of samples analysed : 3

Page : 1 of 7

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 28-Aug-2019

Date Analysis Commenced : 30-Aug-2019

Issue Date : 04-Sep-2019



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full. This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

#### **Signatories**

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Alana Smylie	Asbestos Identifier	Newcastle - Asbestos, Mayfield West, NSW
Ankit Joshi	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Edwandy Fadjar	Organic Coordinator	Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW
Ivan Taylor	Analyst	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW
Wisam Marassa	Inorganics Coordinator	Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 7 Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

# = Indicates failed QC

#### Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit: Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%: Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EG005(ED093)T: T	otal Metals by ICP-AES	(QC Lot: 2558321)							
ES1927040-001	Anonymous	EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.00	No Limit
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	44	43	2.67	0% - 20%
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	12	12	0.00	No Limit
		EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	17	15	11.7	No Limit
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	<5	0.00	No Limit
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	9	8	16.4	No Limit
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	27	26	4.14	No Limit
ES1927565-003	Anonymous	EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.00	No Limit
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	65	# 45	35.4	0% - 20%
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	63	53	16.3	0% - 20%
		EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	9	9	0.00	No Limit
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	34	21	48.1	No Limit
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	11	14	25.5	No Limit
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	53	67	22.3	0% - 50%
EP035SF: Total Ph	enol by Segmented Flo	ow Analyser (QC Lot: 2559319)							
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP035SF: Phenols (Total)		1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.00	No Limit
EA055: Moisture C	ontent (Dried @ 105-11	0°C) (QC Lot: 2558324)							
ES1927040-003	Anonymous	EA055: Moisture Content		0.1	%	69.0	67.8	1.79	0% - 20%
ES1927565-005	Anonymous	EA055: Moisture Content		0.1	%	15.2	15.3	0.896	0% - 50%
EG035T: Total Red	coverable Mercury by F	IMS (QC Lot: 2558320)							
ES1927040-001	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	0.2	0.1	0.00	No Limit
ES1927565-003	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	<0.1	0.00	No Limit
EP075(SIM)B: Poly	EG005T: Chromium  EG005T: Nickel  EG005T: Arsenic  EG005T: Copper  EG005T: Lead  EG005T: Zinc  Anonymous  EG005T: Cadmium  EG005T: Chromium  EG005T: Nickel  EG005T: Nickel  EG005T: Chromium  EG005T: Nickel  EG005T: Arsenic  EG005T: Lead  EG005T: Lead  EG005T: Zinc  Denol by Segmented Flow Analyser (QC Lot: 2559319)  QS1A  EP035SF: Phenols (Total)  Content (Dried @ 105-110°C) (QC Lot: 2558324)  Anonymous  EA055: Moisture Content  Anonymous  EA055: Moisture Content  Coverable Mercury by FIMS (QC Lot: 2558320)  Anonymous  EG035T: Mercury						·		
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit

Page : 3 of 7
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Sub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory I	Duplicate (DUP) Report		
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP075(SIM)B: Polyr	nuclear Aromatic Hydi	rocarbons (QC Lot: 2555600) - continued							
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	205-99-2 205-82-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
	EP075(SIM): Sum of polycyclic aromatic		0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit	
		hydrocarbons		0.5	ma/ka	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
ED000/074 - T-1-1 D	(mala manal la desarrada m	EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (zero)		0.5	mg/kg	<b>\0.5</b>	<0.5	0.00	NO LITTIL
	etroleum Hydrocarbon					100			
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.00	No Limit
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.00	No Limit
		EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	0.00	No Limit
	troleum Hydrocarbon	ns (QC Lot: 2555884)							
ES1927361-001	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.00	No Limit
ES1927530-001	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.00	No Limit
EP080/071: Total Re	ecoverable Hydrocarb	ons - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC Lot: 2555601)							
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP071: >C16 - C34 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.00	No Limit
		EP071: >C34 - C40 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	<100	0.00	No Limit
		EP071: >C10 - C16 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	<50	0.00	No Limit
EP080/071: Total Re	ecoverable Hydrocarb	ons - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC Lot: 2555884)							
ES1927361-001	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.00	No Limit
ES1927530-001	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	10	mg/kg	<10	<10	0.00	No Limit
EP080: BTEXN (QC	Lot: 2555884)					<u>'</u>			
ES1927361-001	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
	,	EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit

Page : 4 of 7
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Sub-Matrix: SOIL						Laboratory D	Ouplicate (DUP) Report		
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP080: BTEXN (QC	Lot: 2555884) - continued								
ES1927361-001	Anonymous	EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.00	No Limit
ES1927530-001 Anonymous		EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	<0.2	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
			106-42-3						
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	<1	0.00	No Limit

Page : 5 of 7
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



### Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control term Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) refers to a certified reference material, or a known interference free matrix spiked with target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Method Blank (MB)	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report				
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High	
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES (QCLot:	2558321)								
EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	mg/kg	<5	21.7 mg/kg	108	86	126	
EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	1	mg/kg	<1	4.64 mg/kg	103	83	113	
EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	2	mg/kg	<2	43.9 mg/kg	98.7	76	128	
EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	5	mg/kg	<5	32 mg/kg	104	86	120	
EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	5	mg/kg	<5	40 mg/kg	103	80	114	
EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	mg/kg	<2	55 mg/kg	106	87	123	
EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	5	mg/kg	<5	60.8 mg/kg	115	80	122	
EP035SF: Total Phenol by Segmented Flow Analys	er (QCLot: 2559319)								
EP035SF: Phenols (Total)		1	mg/kg	<1	20 mg/kg	87.8	60	102	
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS (QCI	ot: 2558320)								
EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.1	mg/kg	<0.1	2.57 mg/kg	102	70	105	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	(OCL at: 2555600)				3 3		-		
EP075(SIM)B. Polyfluctear Aromatic Hydrocarbons EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	108	77	125	
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	115	72	124	
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	107	73	127	
EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	114	72	126	
EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	106	75	127	
EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	91.8	77	127	
EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	117	73	127	
EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	111	74	128	
EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	101	69	123	
EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	96.6	75	127	
EP075(SIM): Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	102	68	116	
	205-82-3								
EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	100	74	126	
EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	104	70	126	
EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	95.9	61	121	
EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	92.3	62	118	
EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	6 mg/kg	91.0	63	121	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot	: 2555601)								
EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	300 mg/kg	93.1	75	129	
EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	450 mg/kg	96.4	77	131	
EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	300 mg/kg	89.7	71	129	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot	0.00000	-	, J						

Page : 6 of 7
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Method Blank (MB)	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report				
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 255588	4) - continued								
EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		10	mg/kg	<10	26 mg/kg	84.7	68	128	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPM 2013 I	Fractions (QC	Lot: 2555601)							
EP071: >C10 - C16 Fraction		50	mg/kg	<50	375 mg/kg	92.3	77	125	
EP071: >C16 - C34 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	525 mg/kg	95.2	74	138	
EP071: >C34 - C40 Fraction		100	mg/kg	<100	225 mg/kg	77.5	63	131	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPM 2013 I	Fractions (QC	Lot: 2555884)							
EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	10	mg/kg	<10	31 mg/kg	82.9	68	128	
EP080: BTEXN (QCLot: 2555884)									
EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	0.2	mg/kg	<0.2	1 mg/kg	98.1	62	116	
EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	93.4	67	121	
EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	89.6	65	117	
EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	2 mg/kg	91.0	66	118	
	106-42-3								
EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	1 mg/kg	90.8	68	120	
EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	mg/kg	<1	1 mg/kg	88.7	63	119	

### Matrix Spike (MS) Report

The quality control term Matrix Spike (MS) refers to an intralaboratory split sample spiked with a representative set of target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential matrix effects on analyte recoveries. Static Recovery Limits as per laboratory Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). Ideal recovery ranges stated may be waived in the event of sample matrix interference.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL	x: SOIL				Matrix Spike (MS) Report				
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery L	mits (%)		
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High		
EG005(ED093)T: T	otal Metals by ICP-AES (QCLot: 2558321)								
ES1927040-001	Anonymous	EG005T: Arsenic	7440-38-2	50 mg/kg	90.0	70	130		
		EG005T: Cadmium	7440-43-9	50 mg/kg	91.5	70	130		
		EG005T: Chromium	7440-47-3	50 mg/kg	78.8	70	130		
		EG005T: Copper	7440-50-8	250 mg/kg	92.8	70	130		
		EG005T: Lead	7439-92-1	250 mg/kg	91.2	70	130		
		EG005T: Nickel	7440-02-0	50 mg/kg	88.4	70	130		
		EG005T: Zinc	7440-66-6	250 mg/kg	91.0	70	130		
EP035SF: Total Ph	enol by Segmented Flow Analyser (QCLot: 2559319)								
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP035SF: Phenols (Total)		20 mg/kg	110	70	130		
EG035T: Total Red	coverable Mercury by FIMS (QCLot: 2558320)								
ES1927040-001	Anonymous	EG035T: Mercury	7439-97-6	5 mg/kg	84.0	70	130		
EP075(SIM)B: Poly	nuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 2555600)								
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	10 mg/kg	102	70	130		

Page : 7 of 7
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Sub-Matrix: SOIL				Ma	atrix Spike (MS) Report	Matrix Spike (MS) Report				
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery L	imits (%)			
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High			
EP075(SIM)B: Poly	ynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 2555600) - c	ontinued								
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	10 mg/kg	113	70	130			
EP080/071: Total I	Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 2555601)									
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		523 mg/kg	91.2	73	137			
		EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		2319 mg/kg	103	53	131			
		EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		1714 mg/kg	105	52	132			
EP080/071: Total I	Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot: 2555884)									
ES1927361-001	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		32.5 mg/kg	81.0	70	130			
EP080/071: Total I	Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC	Lot: 2555601)								
ES1927524-001	QS1A	EP071: >C10 - C16 Fraction		860 mg/kg	86.8	73	137			
		EP071: >C16 - C34 Fraction		3223 mg/kg	104	53	131			
		EP071: >C34 - C40 Fraction		1058 mg/kg	107	52	132			
EP080/071: Total I	Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC	Lot: 2555884)								
ES1927361-001	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	37.5 mg/kg	76.0	70	130			
EP080: BTEXN (C	CLot: 2555884)									
ES1927361-001	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	2.5 mg/kg	83.6	70	130			
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	2.5 mg/kg	85.6	70	130			
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.5 mg/kg	89.4	70	130			
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	2.5 mg/kg	89.4	70	130			
			106-42-3							
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.5 mg/kg	90.2	70	130			
		EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	2.5 mg/kg	88.2	70	130			



# QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

**Work Order** : **ES1927524** Page : 1 of 6

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

 Contact
 : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN
 Telephone
 : +61-2-8784 8555

 Project
 : 19.13
 Date Samples Received
 : 28-Aug-2019

 Site
 : -- Issue Date
 : 04-Sep-2019

Sampler : JACK ELLIS No. of samples received : 3
Order number : ---- No. of samples analysed : 3

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

# **Summary of Outliers**

### **Outliers: Quality Control Samples**

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- NO Method Blank value outliers occur.
- NO Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- NO Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- Duplicate outliers exist please see following pages for full details.
- For all regular sample matrices, NO surrogate recovery outliers occur.

#### **Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

• NO Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

#### **Outliers: Frequency of Quality Control Samples**

NO Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.

Page : 2 of 6 Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

#### **Outliers: Quality Control Samples**

Duplicates, Method Blanks, Laboratory Control Samples and Matrix Spikes

Matrix: SOIL

Compound Group Name	Laboratory Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Data	Limits	Comment
Duplicate (DUP) RPDs							
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES	ES1927565003	Anonymous	Chromium	7440-47-3	35.4 %	0% - 20%	RPD exceeds LOR based limits

#### **Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for <u>VOC in soils</u> vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: <b>SOIL</b> Evalua	ation: 🗴 = Holding time breach ;	, $\checkmark$ = Within holding time.
----------------------------	----------------------------------	---------------------------------------

Matrix: SOIL					Evaluation	1: 🔻 = Holding time	breach; ✓ = withi	n nolaing tirr
Method		Sample Date	E)	traction / Preparation			Analysis	
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EA055: Moisture Content (Dried @ 105-110°C)								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EA055)								
QS1A		26-Aug-2019				02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EA055)							40.0 0040	
QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019				02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	✓
EA200: AS 4964 - 2004 Identification of Asbestos	in Soils							
Snap Lock Bag: Separate bag received (EA200)								
QS1A		26-Aug-2019				30-Aug-2019	22-Feb-2020	✓
EA200N: Asbestos Quantification (non-NATA)								
Snap Lock Bag: Separate bag received (EA200N)								
QS1A		26-Aug-2019				30-Aug-2019	22-Feb-2020	✓
EG005(ED093)T: Total Metals by ICP-AES								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EG005T)								
QS1A		26-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	22-Feb-2020	✓	02-Sep-2019	22-Feb-2020	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EG005T)								
QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	23-Feb-2020	✓	02-Sep-2019	23-Feb-2020	✓
EG035T: Total Recoverable Mercury by FIMS								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EG035T)								
QS1A		26-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	23-Sep-2019	✓	03-Sep-2019	23-Sep-2019	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EG035T)								
QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	24-Sep-2019	<b>√</b>	03-Sep-2019	24-Sep-2019	✓
EP035SF: Total Phenol by Segmented Flow Analy	yser							
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP035SF)								
QS1A		26-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓	04-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP035SF)				40.0			40.0 0040	
QS2A		27-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	<b>√</b>	04-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	<b>✓</b>

Page : 3 of 6
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Matrix: SOIL					Evaluation	ı: 🗴 = Holding time	breach ; ✓ = Withi	n holding time
Method		Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation			Analysis	
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP075(SIM)) QS1A		26-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	1	03-Sep-2019	12-Oct-2019	<b>✓</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP075(SIM)) QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	✓	03-Sep-2019	12-Oct-2019	✓
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP071) QS1A		26-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓	03-Sep-2019	12-Oct-2019	<b>✓</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP080) QS1A		26-Aug-2019	30-Aug-2019	09-Sep-2019	1	02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	<b>✓</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP071) QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	1	03-Sep-2019	12-Oct-2019	<b>✓</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP080) QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	30-Aug-2019	10-Sep-2019	1	02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	<b>✓</b>
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPI	M 2013 Fractions							
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP071) QS1A		26-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	1	03-Sep-2019	12-Oct-2019	<b>✓</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP080) QS1A		26-Aug-2019	30-Aug-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓	02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP071) QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	✓	03-Sep-2019	12-Oct-2019	✓
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP080) QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	30-Aug-2019	10-Sep-2019	✓	02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	✓
EP080: BTEXN								
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP080) QS1A		26-Aug-2019	30-Aug-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓	02-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	<b>✓</b>
Soil Glass Jar - Unpreserved (EP080) QS2A,	QS3A	27-Aug-2019	30-Aug-2019	10-Sep-2019	✓	02-Sep-2019	10-Sep-2019	<b>√</b>

Page : 4 of 6 Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



# **Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance**

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

the expected rate. A listing or breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: SOIL

Evaluation: × = Quality Control frequency not within specification; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification.

Quality Control Sample Type		Co	ount		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Moisture Content	EA055	2	20	10.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	10	10.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	2	17	11.76	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	2	17	11.76	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Phenol By Discrete Analyser	EP035SF	1	2	50.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	10	10.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
RH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	2	19	10.53	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
aboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	10	10.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	1	17	5.88	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	1	17	5.88	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Phenol By Discrete Analyser	EP035SF	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
RH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	10	10.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
RH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	19	5.26	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	10	10.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	1	17	5.88	5.00	<b>√</b>	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	1	17	5.88	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Phenol By Discrete Analyser	EP035SF	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
RH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	10	10.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
RH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	19	5.26	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Matrix Spikes (MS)							
AH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	10	10.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	1	17	5.88	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	1	17	5.88	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
otal Phenol By Discrete Analyser	EP035SF	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
RH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	10	10.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	19	5.26	5.00	<b>√</b>	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Page : 5 of 6
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

### **Brief Method Summaries**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Moisture Content	EA055	SOIL	In house: A gravimetric procedure based on weight loss over a 12 hour drying period at 105-110 degrees C. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) Section 7.1 and Table 1 (14 day holding time).
Asbestos Identification in Soils	EA200	SOIL	AS 4964 - 2004 Method for the qualitative identification of asbestos in bulk samples  Analysis by Polarised Light Microscopy including dispersion staining
Asbestos Classification and Quantitation per NEPM 2013	* EA200N	SOIL	Asbestos Classification and Quantitation per NEPM 2013 with Confirmation of Identification by AS 4964 - 2004 Gravimetric determination of Asbestos Containing Material, Fibrous Asbestos, Asbestos Fines and sample weight and calculation of percentage concentrations per NEPM protocols. Asbestos (Fines and Fibrous FA+AF) is reported as the equivalent weight in the sample received after accounting for sub-sampling (where applicable for the <7mm and/or <2mm fractions).
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EG005T	SOIL	In house: Referenced to APHA 3120; USEPA SW 846 - 6010. Metals are determined following an appropriate acid digestion of the soil. The ICPAES technique ionises samples in a plasma, emitting a characteristic spectrum based on metals present. Intensities at selected wavelengths are compared against those of matrix matched standards. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
Total Mercury by FIMS	EG035T	SOIL	In house: Referenced to AS 3550, APHA 3112 Hg - B (Flow-injection (SnCl2) (Cold Vapour generation) AAS) FIM-AAS is an automated flameless atomic absorption technique. Mercury in solids are determined following an appropriate acid digestion. Ionic mercury is reduced online to atomic mercury vapour by SnCl2 which is then purged into a heated quartz cell. Quantification is by comparing absorbance against a calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
Total Phenol By Discrete Analyser	EP035SF	SOIL	In house: Referenced to ISO 14402. Phenols are extracted in 1M NaOH. The extract is diluted by 10 and then in-line-distilled at pH 1- 4. The distillate, containing steam-volatile phenolic compounds is then oxidised by hexacyanoferrate(III). The resulting quinones react with 4-aminoantipyrine forming red condensation products, which are measured spectrometrically in a flow spectrometer at 505 nm This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8015A Sample extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/FID and quantified against alkane standards over the range C10 - C40. Compliant with NEPM amended 2013.
PAH/Phenols (SIM)	EP075(SIM)	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8270D. Extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/MS in Selective Ion Mode (SIM) and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) (Method 502 and 507)
TRH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8260B. Extracts are analysed by Purge and Trap, Capillary GC/MS. Quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. Compliant with NEPM amended 2013.
Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Hot Block Digest for metals in soils sediments and sludges	EN69	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA 200.2. Hot Block Acid Digestion 1.0g of sample is heated with Nitric and Hydrochloric acids, then cooled. Peroxide is added and samples heated and cooled again before being filtered and bulked to volume for analysis. Digest is appropriate for determination of selected metals in sludge, sediments, and soils. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3) (Method 202)



Page : 6 of 6
Work Order : ES1927524

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Extraction for Total Phenols in soil	EP035-PR	SOIL	In house: Soil sub-sample is extracted in 1M NaOH by tumbling for between 6 and 16 hours. The resulting extract is diluted 10 times with reagent grade water prior to analysis.
Methanolic Extraction of Soils for Purge and Trap	ORG16	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 5030A. 5g of solid is shaken with surrogate and 10mL methanol prior to analysis by Purge and Trap - GC/MS.
Tumbler Extraction of Solids	ORG17	SOIL	In house: Mechanical agitation (tumbler). 10g of sample, Na2SO4 and surrogate are extracted with 30mL 1:1 DCM/Acetone by end over end tumble. The solvent is decanted, dehydrated and concentrated (by KD) to the desired volume for analysis.



# **SAMPLE RECEIPT NOTIFICATION (SRN)**

: ES1927524 Work Order

: TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD Client Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN Contact : Customer Services ES Address

: Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield

NSW Australia 2164

Road, Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

E-mail F-mail : ALSEnviro.Sydney@ALSGlobal.com : mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com

Telephone Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555 Facsimile Facsimile : +61-2-8784 8500

Project : 19.13 Page : 1 of 2 Order number Quote number

C-O-C number QC Level : NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Sampler : JACK ELLIS

**Dates** 

**Date Samples Received** : 28-Aug-2019 17:30 Issue Date : 30-Aug-2019 Scheduled Reporting Date : 04-Sep-2019 Client Requested Due : 04-Sep-2019

Date

**Delivery Details** 

Security Seal Mode of Delivery : Carrier : Not Available No. of coolers/boxes · 1 Temperature : 1.2 - Ice present

Receipt Detail No. of samples received / analysed : 3/3

#### General Comments

This report contains the following information:

- Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances
- Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis
- Proactive Holding Time Report
- Requested Deliverables
- 30/8/19: This is an updated SRN which indicates the addition of total phenols as confirmed with Mat.
- Phenols analysis has not been added as it is not clear if Speciated phenols or total phenols analysis is required.
- Please refer to the Proactive Holding Time Report table below which summarises breaches of recommended holding times that have occurred prior to samples/instructions being received at the laboratory. The absence of this summary table indicates that all samples have been received within the recommended holding times for the analysis requested.
- Please direct any queries you have regarding this work order to the above ALS laboratory contact.
- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- Sample Disposal Aqueous (3 weeks), Solid (2 months ± 1 week) from receipt of samples.
- Please be aware that APHA/NEPM recommends water and soil samples be chilled to less than or equal to 6°C for chemical analysis, and less than or equal to 10°C but unfrozen for Microbiological analysis. Where samples are received above this temperature, it should be taken into consideration when interpreting results. Refer to ALS EnviroMail 85 for ALS recommendations of the best practice for chilling samples after sampling and for maintaining a cool temperature during transit.

: 30-Aug-2019 Issue Date

Page

2 of 2 ES1927524 Amendment 0 Work Order

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD



#### Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances

All comparisons are made against pretreatment/preservation AS, APHA, USEPA standards.

• No sample container / preservation non-compliance exists.

### Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis

Some items described below may be part of a laboratory process necessary for the execution of client requested tasks. Packages may contain additional analyses, such as the determination of moisture content and preparation Phenol by Segmented Flow Analyser sbestos in Soils - (<1kg samples ONLY) tasks, that are included in the package. If no sampling time is provided, the sampling time will default 00:00 on the date of sampling. If no sampling date is provided, the sampling date will be assumed by the OIL - S-26 metals/TRH/BTEXN/PAH EP035SF (solids) laboratory and displayed in brackets without a time component OIL - EA055-103 **Joisture Content EA200N** Matrix: SOIL Client sample ID Laboratory sample Client sampling OIL -ID date / time ES1927524-001 26-Aug-2019 00:00 QS1A ES1927524-002 27-Aug-2019 00:00 QS2A ES1927524-003 27-Aug-2019 00:00 QS3A

#### Proactive Holding Time Report

Sample(s) have been received within the recommended holding times for the requested analysis.

#### Requested Deliverables

#### **ACCOUNTS**

- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	accounts@traceenviro.com
MATT VANDERHEYDEN		
- *AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA (COA)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) (QCI)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA (QC)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental HT (SRN)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- Chain of Custody (CoC) (COC)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- EDI Format - ENMRG (ENMRG)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- EDI Format - ESDAT (ESDAT)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com

Environmental SIN SIN

ALS Laboratory: please tick → CUSTODY CHAIN OF

DGLADSTONE 46 Callemondah Drive Clinton QLD 4680 Ph: 07 7471 5600 E: gladstone@alsglobal.com HABELAIDE 21 Burma Boad Poscales SA 59853 PH: 07 3243 7922 E: Bamples Brisband Bansyloval.com

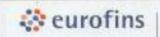
HWELKO TREE BECOME STREET HIS TO THE STREET TO THE STREET HE STREET THE STREET HE STRE

DNEAD, STA, E.E. Brew, CHINA, Marthew, ASSW, 2304 PAY, OSA, ESA, SEE, E.M. AND BRING MERCHING BISSOCIAL COM DPERTH 10 Hood Way Malage WA 60300 Ph. 10, 8009 77855 E. Samples perfer Reveal obtained

DESCONE '77-7289 wordstar fraad Strinities NSW 2164 WFOWNESHIEFE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE WITHOUT STORE STANSON STORE WITHOUT STANSON STORE WITHOUT STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STORE STANSON STANSON STORE STANSON

					$\left  \right $				,				
CLIENT:	CLIENT: TRACE Environmental		TURNA	TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS:	Standard	JTAT (List du	Standard TAT (List due date): Standard	ndard			FORLAB	FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY (Circle	ONLY (Gircle)
OFFICE:	Sydney		(Standard Ultra Trac	(Standard TAT may be longer for some tests e.g Ultra Trace Organics)								Utinant	No. Kel
PROJECT: 19.13	: 19.13		ALS Q1	ALS QUOTE NO.:				ەز. —	oc SEQUEN	COC SEQUENCE NUMBER (Circle)	in april	zgrije brokspres	gatupan kas NA
ORDER NUMBER:	UMBER:								_H	3 4 5 6	7 Rendom Sa	nple Temperatule C	·Fiskelpt:
PROJECT	PROJECT MANAGER: Matt Vanderheyden			CONTACT: 0401457535	7535			OF: (	ے (۲	3 4 5 6	7 Offiel comm	ent	J
SAMPLEE	SAMPLER: Jack Ellis	SAMPLER MOBILE: 0452020300	OBILE: 0	)452020300	RELINQUISHED BY:	IED BY:		RECEIVED	// Madaj	24	RELINGUISHED BY:	BY:	RECEIVED BY:
COC emai	COC emailed to ALS? ( YES / NO)	Yes EDD FORM	NT (or def	EDD FORMAT (or default): default	138C	Cack Elle	2	S.	Z XX	£ &			
Email Rep	Email Reports to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed):				DATE/TIME:	( (		DATE/T.		- (	DATE/TIME:		DATE/TIME:
Email Invo	Email Invoice to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed):	are listed):			7/8/87	7//8/		7	(X	22 1814 1730			
COMMEN	COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL:	vosal:					-						
AES	SAMPLE DETAILS MATHIX: SOLID (S) WATER (W	AILS. WATER (W)	Ī	CONTAINER INFO	RMATION	S	ANALYS /here Metals a	SIS REQUIRED	Including S ecify Total (u	ANALYSIS REQUIRED Including SUITES (NB. Suite Codes must be listed to attract suite price) Where Metals are required, specify Total (unfiltered bottle required) or Dissolved (filed filtered bottle required).	must be listed to att	act suite price) Itered bottle require	). Additional Information
													2007
LABID	SAMPLEID	DATE / TIME	XISTAM	TYPE & PRESERVATIVE codes below)	(refer to	TOTAL CONTAINERS	128	slsiəM	slon949	eoteedeA (AW moitscititmenp)		ногр	Comments on likely contaminant levels, dilutions, or semples requiring specific QC analysis etc.
_	QS1A	26/08/2019	Soil	Bag+Jar		2	×	×	×	×			A PARTY OF THE PAR
7	QS2A	27/08/2019	Soll	Bag+Jar		2	×	×	×				
(~	QS3A	27/08/2019	Soil	Bag+Jar		7	×	×					
		(3) 1 % o d y	75 75 76 76 76	esta Fig.					Envir	Environmental Division	Sion		
	C ACTOON OF THE PARTY ACTO	Achochor -		Newceste					No.	y Corder Beferenc	*		
	Organised By / Date:	/ Date:							Ú	ES1927524	Ç.		
	Relinquished By / Date:	By / Date:		!							=		
	Connote / Conrier:	urfer	1 1	i									
	WO No:		4										
	Attach by 10 / merra succe		3250		C				elephone;	Telephone: + 61-2-8784 9555			
		:		a de la companya de l									
					TOTAL	ဖ	е	en en	N N				

Water Container Codes: P = Unpreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Preserved Plastic; ORC = Nitric Preserved ORC; SH = Sodium Hydroxide-Cd Preserved; S = Sodium Hydroxide Preserved Plastic; AG = Amber Glass Unpreserved; AP - Airfreight Unpreserved Plastic; F = Formaldehyde Preserved Glass; V = HCI preserved; AB = HCI preserved Speciation bottle; AS = Sulturic Preserved Plastic; F = Formaldehyde Preserved Glass; A = LDTA Preserved Bottles; ST = Sterile Bottle; ASS = Plastic Bag for Acid Sulphate Scils; B = Unpreserved Bag.



Sydney
UnitF3 -5 Stationg F, 16 Mars Road, Lane Cove
Phone -4012 9900 8400
Estati EnviroSampleNSW@euretine.com.au

D Brisbane Use 1-21 Smalwood Place, Murrane Phone: +617 3902 4000 Empir EnviroSampleQLD@eurofins.com.au Melbourne

Contempore Final Temps:

2 Kingston Town Close, Oakleigh, VIC 3105 Phonix +613 8954 5000 Fax: +612 8964 5080 Ernell EnviroSamparVo@eurofins.com.au

CLIENT DETAILS Company Name: TRACE Environments Office Address; Shoo 2: 793-799 New Carriertury Ross Special Directions & Comments; Planse email invoice to accounts@traceory  Earnies:   mag 0f water batch number:  Sample ID	ed. Dubwich Hil	- 1	Proje	_	ame: ankgo resulfi	et d	Mati '	Vande	orhevd						PROJE								GOC Num			of 4	
Office Address; Shoo 2 793-799 New Cardestury Road Special Directions & Comments; Please email invoice to accounts@traceon  baroline   regi Of water lastsh number:	ed. Dubwich Hil	- 1	Proje	PAN, 8 metals, phenol	inkgo	et d	Mati '	Vande	obevd	en					PROJE	GT Number							-				
Shoo 2: 793:799 New Cantestury Ross Special Directions & Comments ; Please email invoce to ecocuring traceory		- 1		PAH, 8 metals, pheno																			Eurofins )	mat aco			
Special Directions & Comments; Please email invoce to accounts@trocerv		- 1	TEXN, RAH, Browns	PAH, 8 metels, pheno	result	*	mvan	derhe	rvdenit	Straceer					PROJE	CT Name :	150			PROJECT Number 1 19.13 Eurofins   mpt quote ID :							
Please email invoice to ecocurte@troceon	wird com & Proj	Manager	TEXE BAH, Emelses	PAH, 8 metels, pheno					T								PROJECT Name : Willoughby DSI					Date output format:					
Please email invoice to ecocurte@troceon	wiro.com & Proj	Minager	TEXE, Ref. Breezes	944					T	П	Analy	ten	-	Analytes					Some common holding times (with correct preservation					lors.			
Please email invoice to eccounts@trocserv	wiscom & Proj	Minager	TEXE BAH 8 meters	944								octions & Comments : 0						For further is				Normation contact the lab					
Carriforn   regs Of water lasts b number:	wire.com & Proj	Minsger	TEXE RAY, Broken	944						se-email invoce to accourts@traceerwire.com & Proj Manager 5.								Waters						S	olls		
			TEXA, RAH, 8 meters	944				2 5										BTE	K MAH, VC	c .		14 days	BTEK	MAH, VO	IC.		14 days
			TEXE RAH, 8 med	944														796	PAH, Phil	non, Pentic	dea	7 days	THHU	WH. Pte	note, Pesti	oides.	14 days
			TEXN, BAH, B	944														3100	vy Motots			6 months	Hunty	Michigan			6 month
			TEXA BA	XN. P.														Mert	say CrVI			28 days	Mercur	ny, Crivi			28 days
			TEXA	8						1 1								Micro	pinkning car	esting:		24 hours	Microb	errogical t	enting		72.hou
			8	113	100													BOO	, Nameda, Na	rte, Total f	6	2 days	Aniom	(2)			28 days
			E -3%	in	W.			-	100									5040	ts - 785, TI	6 etc		7 days	SFOC	AS, pit Fi	with and PC	XX GS	24 hour
			E	E	8			2 1	8 8									Fem	DAR ROTE	000111		7 days	ASLP,	TO,P	- Husban		7 days
Sample ID			5	P.F.	85			BTEXN	WEN.																		
Sample ID	CONTRACT OF	120000	垂	8	0	7.	10	見	E 4.								0	Contain	ers:				,,, -			Bample con	anni della contra
	Dene	Mintrix	Tin I	B7A	E	ğ	E	E	2								1 2	11,87	250P	Metan	PEAS	40%, VM	125m, A	Jak	Bag	semple out	mienes.
MW1 2	2-09-2019	W		Х	Х	X	Х													13	1	2	1			Metata Filtered	
	2-09-2019	W		X	Х	X	X	-												1	1	2	1			Metals Filtered	
The state of the s	2-09-2019	W		X	X	Х	X						- 10							1	- 1	2	1			Metals Filtered	
	2-09-2019	W		X	X	X	X													1.	1.1	2	1			Metals Filtered	
	2-09-2019	W		X					1											- 1	- 1	2	1			Motala Filtered	
	2-09-2019	W															1			1	1	2	1		1 2	Metals Total	
	2-09-2019	W						X														2					
	2-09-2019	W						X														2					
		- " =									1																
													.5														
																		-									
																		-									
		_						10										-								Tomparature	mental to
					La	borsto	ary St	taff			-			3 Mm e	round the	er.		-		- 1	Wethod O	W Shipmen	IC:			Temperature on	015
Relinquished By: AC		Receiv	ed By	1															300							9	86
											108		106		EDAY			170	Courter								
2/9/19 L	515	Date &	Timo	1								C		- 0		0		***	Hand Deliv Postal	ered						Report number:	1/12
Signaturo		Signati	urre:	_							S EUR	. 6	no n	W D	Other			340	er Consign	ment#::			25-14	3		01	40.
	-																	100000000				Date/Yime:	Delt	39	CI	TPM	1800



| Melbourne | Sydney | Unit F3, Building F | 1/21 Smallwood Place | Dandenong South Vic 3175 16 Mars Road | Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 | NATA # 1261 | Site # 1254 & 14271 | NATA # 1261 Site # 18217 | Site # 20794 | Site # 1254 & 14271 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217

Perth Z/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

ABN - 50 005 085 521

e.mail: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

web: www.eurofins.com.au

## Sample Receipt Advice

Company name: Trace Environmental P/L

Contact name: Matthew Vanderheyden WILLOUGHBY DSI Project name:

Project ID: 19.13

COC number: Not provided

Turn around time: 5 Day

Date/Time received: Sep 2, 2019 5:47 PM

Eurofins reference: 674639

## Sample information

- $\mathbf{V}$ A detailed list of analytes logged into our LIMS, is included in the attached summary table.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Sample Temperature of a random sample selected from the batch as recorded by Eurofins Sample Receipt: 8.9 degrees Celsius.
- $\mathbf{V}$ All samples have been received as described on the above COC.
- $\square$ COC has been completed correctly.
- $\square$ Attempt to chill was evident.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Appropriately preserved sample containers have been used.
- $\mathbf{V}$ All samples were received in good condition.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Samples have been provided with adequate time to commence analysis in accordance with the relevant holding times.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Appropriate sample containers have been used.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Sample containers for volatile analysis received with zero headspace.
- $\boxtimes$ Split sample sent to requested external lab.
- $\boxtimes$ Some samples have been subcontracted.
- N/A Custody Seals intact (if used).

## Contact notes

If you have any questions with respect to these samples please contact:

Alena Bounkeua on Phone : or by e.mail: AlenaBounkeua@eurofins.com

Results will be delivered electronically via e.mail to Matthew Vanderheyden - mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com.



# **Environment Testing**

ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Sydney
Unit F3, Building F
16 Mars Road
Lane Cove West NSW 2066
Phone: +61 2 9900 8400
NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Z/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Perth

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 1

19.13

Order No.: Report #:

674639

Phone:

02 8960 0555

Fax:

**Received:** Sep 2, 2019 5:47 PM

Due: Sep 9, 2019 Priority: 5 Day

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

Sample Detail								Volatile Organics	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A (filtered metals)	BTEXN and Volatile TRH	Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFASs)
Melb	Melbourne Laboratory - NATA Site # 1254 & 14271								Х	Х	
Sydney Laboratory - NATA Site # 18217											
Bris	Brisbane Laboratory - NATA Site # 20794										Χ
Pert	h Laboratory - I	NATA Site # 237	36								
Exte	rnal Laboratory	<u>'</u>									
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID						
1	MW1	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02374		Х	Х	Х		X
2	MW2	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02375		Х	Х	Х		Х
3	MW3	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02376		Х	Х	Х		Х
4								Х	Х		Х
5	5 QW1 Sep 02, 2019 Water S19-Se02378								Х		
6	6 TS2 Sep 02, 2019 Water S19-Se02379									Х	
7	TB2	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02380					Х	
8	RBW1	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02381	Х					
Test	est Counts							4	5	2	4



# Environment Testing

Trace Environmental P/L Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road Dulwich Hill NSW 2203





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 18217

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Attention: Matthew Vanderheyden

Report 674639-W-V2
Project name WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID 19.13

Received Date Sep 02, 2019

Client Sample ID			MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02374	S19-Se02375	S19-Se02376	S19-Se02377
Date Sampled			Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
•	1.00	1.1-20	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	3ep 02, 2019
Test/Reference Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM F	LOR	Unit				
<u> </u>			.0.01	. 0.01	. 0.01	- 0.01
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup> TRH C6-C10	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01 < 0.02	< 0.01 < 0.02	< 0.01 < 0.02
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1) <sup>N04</sup>	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH >C10-C10 less BTEX (FT)***		mg/L	< 0.02			< 0.02
TRH >C10-C16  TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2) <sup>N01</sup>	0.05	mg/L		< 0.05	< 0.05	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05 < 0.1	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRH >C16-C34 TRH >C34-C40	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.1
TRH >C34-C40 TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1 < 0.1	< 0.1
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM F		mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH C6-C9		m = //	.0.00	.000	.0.00	.0.00
	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
TRH C10-C14	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
TRH C15-C28	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH C29-C36	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
TRH C10-C36 (Total) BTEX	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Benzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Toluene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Ethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
m&p-Xylenes	0.001	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.002
o-Xylene	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Xylenes - Total	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	113	98	109	105
Volatile Organics	·	/0	113	30	103	100
1.1-Dichloroethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1-Dichloroethene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dibromoethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dichloroethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2-Dichloropropane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001



Client Sample ID			MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02374	S19-Se02375	S19-Se02376	S19-Se02377
•						
Date Sampled			Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Volatile Organics						
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.3-Dichloropropane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
2-Propanone (Acetone)	0.001	mg/L	0.001	< 0.005	< 0.001	< 0.005
4-Chlorotoluene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Allyl chloride	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromochloromethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromodichloromethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromoform	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Bromomethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Carbon disulfide	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chlorobenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chloroethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chloroform	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
Chloromethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibromochloromethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibromomethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Ethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Iodomethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
m&p-Xylenes	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Methylene Chloride	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
o-Xylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Styrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Tetrachloroethene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Toluene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Trichloroethene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Vinvl chloride	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Xylenes - Total	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.003	< 0.001	< 0.003
Total MAH*	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
Vic EPA IWRG 621 CHC (Total)*	0.003					
` '		mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other CHC (Total)*	0.005	mg/L	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	113	98	109	105
Toluene-d8 (surr.)	1	%	113	95	103	97

Page 2 of 25



Client Sample ID			MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02374	S19-Se02375	S19-Se02376	S19-Se02377
Date Sampled			Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	COP 02, 2010	35p 52, 2015	3 p 32, 2010	COP 02, 2010
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LOIN	Offic				
Acenaphthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Acenaphthylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benz(a)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Chrysene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Fluorene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Naphthalene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Phenanthrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Total PAH*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	55	50	76	62
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	67	55	82	56
Organochlorine Pesticides	1					
Chlordanes - Total	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
4.4'-DDD	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
4.4'-DDE	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
4.4'-DDT	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
a-BHC	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Aldrin	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
b-BHC	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
d-BHC	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Dieldrin	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Endosulfan I	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Endosulfan II	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Endosulfan sulphate	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Endrin	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Endrin aldehyde	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Endrin ketone	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Heptachlor	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Heptachlor epoxide	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Methoxychlor	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Toxaphene	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin and Dieldrin (Total)*	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Vic EPA IWRG 621 OCP (Total)*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Vic EPA IWRG 621 Other OCP (Total)*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	86	66	101	52
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	58	97	70	56

Page 3 of 25



Client Sample ID			MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02374	S19-Se02375	S19-Se02376	S19-Se02377
Date Sampled			Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
•	LOD	l lait	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organophosphorus Pesticides	T					
Azinphos-methyl	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Bolstar	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Chlorfenvinphos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Chlorpyrifos	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Coumaphos	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Demeton-S	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Demeton-O	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Diazinon	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Dichlorvos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Dimethoate	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Disulfoton	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
EPN	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Ethion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Ethoprop	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Ethyl parathion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Fenitrothion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Fensulfothion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Fenthion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Malathion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Merphos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Methyl parathion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Mevinphos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Monocrotophos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Naled	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Omethoate	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Phorate	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Pirimiphos-methyl	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Pyrazophos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Ronnel	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Terbufos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Tetrachlorvinphos	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Tokuthion	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Trichloronate	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002
Triphenylphosphate (surr.)	1	%	73	56	91	51
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Aroclor-1016	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1221	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1232	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1242	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1248	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1254	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor-1260	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Total PCB*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	86	66	101	52
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	58	97	70	56

Page 4 of 25



Client Sample ID			MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02374	S19-Se02375	S19-Se02376	S19-Se02377
Date Sampled			Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
·	1.00	l lait	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Phenois (Halogenated)	0.000		0.000	2 222	2 2 2 2	0.000
2-Chlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Pentachlorophenol Tetrachlorophenol Total	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01 < 0.03	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Tetal Usia constant Phonois	0.03	mg/L		< 0.03	< 0.03 < 0.01	< 0.03
Total Halogenated Phenol*  Phenols (non-Halogenated)	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
	0.4		0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol) 2-Nitrophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003 < 0.01	< 0.003 < 0.01	< 0.003 < 0.01	< 0.003
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.01	< 0.003	< 0.01
2.4-Dinitrophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.006	mg/L mg/L	< 0.006	< 0.006	< 0.006	< 0.006
4-Nitrophenol	0.000	mg/L	< 0.000	< 0.00	< 0.000	< 0.000
Dinoseb	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Phenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	0.003	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	41	29	60	34
Heavy Metals	'	70	71	20		04
Arsenic (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.004
Cadmium (filtered)	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0002	0.0003	0.0048
Chromium (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Copper (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	0.002	0.033	0.026	0.017
Lead (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	0.007	0.002	0.019
Mercury (filtered)	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.002	< 0.0001
Nickel (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	0.003	0.014	0.037	0.072
Zinc (filtered)	0.005	mg/L	0.011	0.10	0.19	0.70
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PFCAs)	1 0.000	g/ =	0.0	00	0.10	00
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoDA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA) <sup>N15</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
13C4-PFBA (surr.)	1	%	95	68	98	65
13C5-PFPeA (surr.)	1	%	148	109	149	103
13C5-PFHxA (surr.)	1	%	166	114	154	112
13C4-PFHpA (surr.)	1	%	125	102	139	110
13C8-PFOA (surr.)	1	%	129	109	141	104
13C5-PFNA (surr.)	1	%	130	108	149	88

Page 5 of 25



Client Sample ID			MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02374	S19-Se02375	S19-Se02376	S19-Se02377
•						
Date Sampled	1.00		Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	1			
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PFCAs)	<u> </u>					
13C6-PFDA (surr.)	1	%	121	95	117	54
13C2-PFUnDA (surr.)	1	%	134	127	120	62
13C2-PFDoDA (surr.)	1	%	72	78	68	41
13C2-PFTeDA (surr.)	1	%	40	85	45	48
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamido substances		1				
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (FOSA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-MeFOSA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-EtFOSA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
2-(N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-MeFOSE) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
2-(N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-EtFOSE) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-ethyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-EtFOSAA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
N-methyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-MeFOSAA) $^{\rm N11}$	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
13C8-FOSA (surr.)	1	%	96	66	86	60
D3-N-MeFOSA (surr.)	1	%	27	38	33	39
D5-N-EtFOSA (surr.)	1	%	17	30	24	29
D7-N-MeFOSE (surr.)	1	%	33	46	38	50
D9-N-EtFOSE (surr.)	1	%	26	37	38	30
D5-N-EtFOSAA (surr.)	1	%	46	37	30	17
D3-N-MeFOSAA (surr.)	1	%	42	41	29	14
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids (PFSAs)						
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS) <sup>N15</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoropropanesulfonic acid (PFPrS) <sup>N15</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)N15	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)N15	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS) <sup>N15</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
13C3-PFBS (surr.)	1	%	104	97	100	93
18O2-PFHxS (surr.)	1	%	117	95	112	98
13C8-PFOS (surr.)	1	%	114	103	109	76
n:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acids (n:2 FTSAs)	T	1				
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTSA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (6:2 FTSA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTSA) <sup>N11</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorododecanesulfonic acid (10:2 FTSA) <sup>N15</sup>	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
13C2-4:2 FTSA (surr.)	1	%	103	114	181	80
13C2-6:2 FTSA (surr.)	1	%	113	112	194	136
13C2-8:2 FTSA (surr.)	1	%	92	77	INT	115



# Environment Testing

Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No. Date Sampled			MW1 Water S19-Se02374 Sep 02, 2019	MW2 Water S19-Se02375 Sep 02, 2019	MW3 Water S19-Se02376 Sep 02, 2019	MW4 Water S19-Se02377 Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference PFASs Summations	LOR	Unit	Зер 02, 2013	Зер 02, 2013	Зер 02, 2019	Зер 02, 2013
Sum (PFHxS + PFOS)*	0.01	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Sum of US EPA PFAS (PFOS + PFOA)*	0.01	ug/L	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Sum of enHealth PFAS (PFHxS + PFOS + PFOA)*	0.01	ug/L	0.01	0.01	0.01	< 0.01
Sum of WA DWER PFAS (n=10)*	0.05	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Sum of PFASs (n=30)*	0.1	ug/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1

Client Sample ID			QW1	R20 <b>TS2</b>	TB2
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02378	S19-Se02379	S19-Se02380
Date Sampled			Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM	Fractions	•			
Naphthalene <sup>N02</sup>	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	88	< 0.01
TRH C6-C10	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	94	< 0.02
TRH C6-C10 less BTEX (F1)N04	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	-	< 0.02
TRH >C10-C16	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	-	-
TRH >C10-C16 less Naphthalene (F2)N01	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	-	-
TRH >C16-C34	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
TRH >C34-C40	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
TRH >C10-C40 (total)*	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM	Fractions				
TRH C6-C9	0.02	mg/L	< 0.02	88	< 0.02
TRH C10-C14	0.05	mg/L	< 0.05	-	-
TRH C15-C28	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
TRH C29-C36	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
TRH C10-C36 (Total)	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
ВТЕХ					
Benzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	95	< 0.001
Toluene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	91	< 0.001
Ethylbenzene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	89	< 0.001
m&p-Xylenes	0.002	mg/L	< 0.002	86	< 0.002
o-Xylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	91	< 0.001
Xylenes - Total	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	88	< 0.003
4-Bromofluorobenzene (surr.)	1	%	110	98	88
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Acenaphthylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Benz(a)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene <sup>N07</sup>	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Chrysene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Fluoranthene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Fluorene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-



Client Sample ID			QW1	R20 <b>TS2</b>	TB2
Sample Matrix			Water	Water	Water
Eurofins Sample No.			S19-Se02378	S19-Se02379	S19-Se02380
Date Sampled			Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019	Sep 02, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit		00,000,000	COP 02, 2010
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons		J 01t			
Naphthalene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	_	_
Phenanthrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	_	_
Pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	_	_
Total PAH*	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	_	_
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	50	_	_
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	88	_	_
Phenois (Halogenated)		70			
2-Chlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	_	_
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	_	_
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	_	_
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	_	_
2.6-Dichlorophenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	_	_
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	_	_
Pentachlorophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	_	_
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	_	_
Total Halogenated Phenol*	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	_	-
Phenois (non-Halogenated)	1 2.2.	g/ =			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	_	_
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	_	_
2-Nitrophenol	0.01	mg/L	< 0.01	_	_
2.4-Dimethylphenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	-	-
2.4-Dinitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	-	-
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	0.006	mg/L	< 0.006	-	-
4-Nitrophenol	0.03	mg/L	< 0.03	-	-
Dinoseb	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
Phenol	0.003	mg/L	< 0.003	-	-
Total Non-Halogenated Phenol*	0.1	mg/L	< 0.1	-	-
Phenol-d6 (surr.)	1	%	28	-	-
Heavy Metals					
Arsenic (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Cadmium (filtered)	0.0002	mg/L	< 0.0002	-	-
Chromium (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	-	-
Copper (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	0.018	-	-
Lead (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	0.001	-	-
Mercury (filtered)	0.0001	mg/L	< 0.0001	-	-
Nickel (filtered)	0.001	mg/L	0.014	-	-
Zinc (filtered)	0.005	mg/L	0.070	-	-

Page 8 of 25



## Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.

A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	<b>Holding Time</b>
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Sep 05, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	Melbourne	Sep 05, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
BTEX	Melbourne	Sep 11, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A (filtered metals)			
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions	Melbourne	Sep 09, 2019	
- Method: LTM-ORG-2010 TRH C6-C40			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Melbourne	Sep 09, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Phenols (Halogenated)	Melbourne	Sep 09, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Phenols (non-Halogenated)	Melbourne	Sep 09, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Metals M8 filtered	Melbourne	Sep 05, 2019	28 Days
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
Volatile Organics	Melbourne	Sep 05, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2150 VOCs in Soils Liquid and other Aqueous Matrices (USEPA 8260)			
Eurofins   mgt Suite B15			
Organochlorine Pesticides	Melbourne	Sep 09, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water (USEPA 8270)			
Organophosphorus Pesticides	Melbourne	Sep 09, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2200 Organophosphorus Pesticides by GC-MS (USEPA 8081)			
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	Melbourne	Sep 09, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water (USEPA 8082)			
Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFASs)			
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PFCAs)	Brisbane	Sep 04, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2100 Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)			
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamido substances	Brisbane	Sep 04, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2100 Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)			
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids (PFSAs)	Brisbane	Sep 04, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2100 Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)			
n:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acids (n:2 FTSAs)	Brisbane	Sep 04, 2019	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2100 Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)			



## **Environment Testing**

ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271 Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

**Project Name:** 

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

Order No.: Received: Sep 2, 2019 5:47 PM Report #:

Sydney

674639 Due: Sep 9, 2019 02 8960 0555 Priority: 5 Day

> **Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

		Sar	mple Detail			HOLD	Eurofins   mgt Suite B15	Volatile Organics	Eurofins   mgt Suite B7A (filtered metals)	BTEXN and Volatile TRH	Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFASs)
Melb	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	271		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Sydi	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217								
Bris	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794								Х
Pert	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	36								
Exte	rnal Laboratory	<u>'</u>		1	1						
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID						
1	MW1	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02374		Х	Х	Х		Х
2	MW2	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02375		Х	Х	Х		Х
3	MW3	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02376		Х	Х	Х		Х
4	MW4	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02377		Х	Х	Х		Х
5	QW1	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02378				Х		
6	TS2	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02379					Х	
7	TB2	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02380					Х	
8	RBW1	Sep 02, 2019		Water	S19-Se02381	Х					
Test	Counts					1	4	4	5	2	4

Date Reported:Sep 12, 2019



## **Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary**

### General

- Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

## **Holding Times**

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

\*\*NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

### Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram mg/L: milligrams per litre ug/L: micrograms per litre

org/100mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units MPN/100mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

### **Terms**

Dry Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.

LOR Limit of Reporting

SPIKE Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.

RPD Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.

LCS Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.

CRM Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.

Method Blank In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.

**Surr - Surrogate** The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.

**Duplicate** A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

APHA American Public Health Association
TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

COC Chain of Custody
SRA Sample Receipt Advice

QSM US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.3

CP Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report

NCP Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.

TEQ Toxic Equivalency Quotient

## QC - Acceptance Criteria

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR: No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR: RPD must lie between 0-50%

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% Phenols & 50-150% PFASs

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.3 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

WA DWER (n=10): PFBA, PFPeA, PFHxA, PFHpA, PFOA, PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, 6:2 FTSA, 8:2 FTSA

## **QC Data General Comments**

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting LCS data, Toxaphene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
- 4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting Spike data, Toxaphene is not added to the Spike.
- 5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
- 6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time.

  Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Aroclor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS.
- 9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " -" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 10. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.



## **Quality Control Results**

Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fract	ions				
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	mg/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fract	ions				
TRH C6-C9	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	mg/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Method Blank	,g, <u>_</u>				
BTEX					
Benzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Toluene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
o-Xylene		< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
	mg/L				
Xylenes - Total	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
Method Blank				T	
Volatile Organics		.0.004	0.004	Dana	
1.1-Dichloroethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.2-Dibromoethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.2-Dichloroethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.2-Dichloropropane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.3-Dichloropropane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
2-Propanone (Acetone)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Allyl chloride	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Bromobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Bromochloromethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Bromodichloromethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Bromoform	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Bromomethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Carbon disulfide	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Carbon Tetrachloride	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Chlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Chloroethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Chloroform	mg/L	< 0.005	0.005	Pass	
Chloromethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
cis-1.3-Dichloropropene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Dibromochloromethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Dibromomethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
lodomethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Methylene Chloride	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
o-Xylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Styrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Tetrachloroethene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Toluene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Trichloroethene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Vinyl chloride	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
Method Blank	1 3				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Chrysene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Fluoranthene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Fluorene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Naphthalene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Phenanthrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Pyrene	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Method Blank	, <del>y</del> , =				
Organochlorine Pesticides					
Chlordanes - Total	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
a-BHC	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Aldrin	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
b-BHC	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
					i .



# Environment Testing

Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Dieldrin	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Endosulfan I	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Endosulfan II	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Endrin	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Endrin ketone	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Heptachlor	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Methoxychlor	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Toxaphene	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Method Blank					
Organophosphorus Pesticides					
Azinphos-methyl	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Bolstar	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Chlorfenvinphos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
Chlorpyrifos-methyl	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Coumaphos	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
Demeton-S	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
Demeton-O	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Diazinon	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Dichlorvos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Dimethoate	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Disulfoton	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
EPN	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Ethion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Ethoprop	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Ethyl parathion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Fenitrothion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Fensulfothion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Fenthion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Malathion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Merphos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Methyl parathion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Mevinphos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Monocrotophos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Naled	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Omethoate	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Phorate	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Pirimiphos-methyl	mg/L	< 0.02	0.02	Pass	
Pyrazophos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Ronnel	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Terbufos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Tokuthion	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Trichloronate	mg/L	< 0.002	0.002	Pass	
Method Blank					
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	1				
Aroclor-1016	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1221	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1232	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Aroclor-1242	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1248	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1254	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Aroclor-1260	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Total PCB*	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Method Blank					
Phenols (Halogenated)					
2-Chlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
Method Blank					
Phenols (non-Halogenated)					
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	mg/L	< 0.006	0.006	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	mg/L	< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
Dinoseb	mg/L	< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
Phenol	mg/L	< 0.003	0.003	Pass	
Method Blank		T T	T T		
Heavy Metals	1				
Arsenic (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Cadmium (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.0002	0.0002	Pass	
Chromium (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Copper (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Lead (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Mercury (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	Pass	
Nickel (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.001	0.001	Pass	
Zinc (filtered)	mg/L	< 0.005	0.005	Pass	
Method Blank					
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PFCAs)				_	
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoDA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Method Blank					
		1 1	1 1		I
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamido substances Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (FOSA)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	

Page 15 of 25



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-EtFOSA)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
2-(N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-MeFOSE)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
2-(N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-EtFOSE)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
N-ethyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-EtFOSAA)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
N-methyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-MeFOSAA)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
Method Blank		,			
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids (PFSAs)					
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluoropropanesulfonic acid (PFPrS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
Method Blank					
n:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acids (n:2 FTSAs)					
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTSA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (6:2 FTSA)	ug/L	< 0.05	0.05	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTSA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorododecanesulfonic acid (10:2 FTSA)	ug/L	< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			·		
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 2013 NEPM Fractions					
Naphthalene	%	103	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	101	70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	%	114	70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	%	104	70-130	Pass	
TRH >C10-C16	%	75	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - 1999 NEPM Fractions					
TRH C6-C9	%	113	70-130	Pass	
TRH C10-C14	%	81	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		<u> </u>		•	
BTEX					
Benzene	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	95	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	95	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	%	95	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		•		•	
Volatile Organics					
1.1-Dichloroethene	%	93	70-130	Pass	
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	%	75	70-130	Pass	
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	%	90	70-130	Pass	
1.2-Dichloroethane	%	79	70-130	Pass	
Benzene	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	%	107	70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Toluene	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Trichloroethene	%	79	70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	%	107	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery		-			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons					
Acenaphthene	%	98	70-130	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Acenaphthylene	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	89	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	%	87	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	%	83	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	%	103	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	%	80	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	%	73	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	95	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			, , , , , , ,	1 3.00	
Organochlorine Pesticides					
Chlordanes - Total	%	87	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	%	103	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	%	106	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	%	82	70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	%	116	70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	%	106	70-130	Pass	
b-BHC	%	105	70-130	Pass	
d-BHC		108			
Dieldrin	%		70-130 70-130	Pass	
	% %	98 105		Pass	
Endosulfan I			70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	%	76	70-130	Pass	
Endrin	%	83	70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	%	101	70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	%	75	70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	%	122	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	%	83	70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	%	96	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Organophosphorus Pesticides				_	
Diazinon	%	98	70-130	Pass	
Dimethoate	%	74	70-130	Pass	
Ethion	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Fenitrothion	%	86	70-130	Pass	
Methyl parathion	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Mevinphos	%	86	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	T				
Aroclor-1260	%	115	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Phenols (Halogenated)	1				
2-Chlorophenol	%	81	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	%	79	30-130	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	%	71	30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	%	70	30-130	Pass	

Page 17 of 25



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
2.6-Dichlorophenol	%	88	30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	%	73	30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	%	49	30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	%	106	30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Phenols (non-Halogenated)					
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	%	70	30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	%	50	30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	%	63	30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	%	88	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	%	76	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	%	43	30-130	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	%	57	30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	%	101	30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb	%	59	30-130	Pass	
Phenol	%	43	30-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PFCAs)					
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	%	98	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	%	122	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	%	99	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	%	102	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	%	97	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	%	96	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	%	101	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA)	%	91	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoDA)	%	95	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	%	81	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	%	79	50-150	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery				•	
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamido substances					
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (FOSA)	%	90	50-150	Pass	
N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-MeFOSA)	%	84	50-150	Pass	
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-EtFOSA)	%	69	50-150	Pass	
2-(N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-EtFOSE)	%	104	50-150	Pass	
N-ethyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-EtFOSAA)	%	92	50-150	Pass	
N-methyl-perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-MeFOSAA)	%	105	50-150	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids (PFSAs)					
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	%	92	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS)	%	66	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoropropanesulfonic acid (PFPrS)	%	102	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)	%	98	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	%	90	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)	%	84	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	%	93	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS)	%	80	50-150	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery			, 32 .00		
n:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acids (n:2 FTSAs)					
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTSA)	%	91	50-150	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (6:2 FTSA)	%	106	50-150	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTSA)	%	107	50-150	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorododecanesulfonic acid (10:2 FTSA)	%	90	50-150	Pass	

Page 18 of 25



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery							
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1			
TRH >C10-C16	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	81	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1			
TRH C10-C14	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	86	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Heavy Metals		1		Result 1			
Arsenic (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Cadmium (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Chromium (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	95	70-130	Pass	
Copper (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Lead (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Mercury (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Nickel (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Zinc (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	%	84	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T	T	Т	
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PF				Result 1			
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	89	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	102	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	90	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	83	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	92	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	92	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	102	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	88	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoDA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	99	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	91	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	89	50-150	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamido substa	nces			Result 1			
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (FOSA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	88	50-150	Pass	
N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-MeFOSA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	89	50-150	Pass	
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-EtFOSA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	76	50-150	Pass	
2-(N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-EtFOSE)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	104	50-150	Pass	
N-ethyl- perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-EtFOSAA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	93	50-150	Pass	
N-methyl- perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-MeFOSAA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	82	50-150	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids (PFS)	As)			Result 1			
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	90	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	96	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoropropanesulfonic acid (PFPrS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	110	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	86	50-150	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	98	50-150	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	87	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	89	50-150	Pass	
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	75	50-150	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
n:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acids (	n:2 FTSAs)			Result 1			
1H.1H.2H.2H- perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTSA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	85	50-150	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H- perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (6:2 FTSA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	82	50-150	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H- perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTSA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	98	50-150	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H- perfluorododecanesulfonic acid (10:2 FTSA)	B19-Se06508	NCP	%	116	50-150	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon	s			Result 1			
Acenaphthene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	114	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	117	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	116	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	100	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	116	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	122	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	118	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	117	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	117	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery						,	
Phenols (Halogenated)		1 1		Result 1			
2-Chlorophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	89	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	86	30-130	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	128	30-130	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	121	30-130	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	88	30-130	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	90	30-130	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	106	30-130	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	123	30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T			
Phenois (non-Halogenated)	1440.0 0.000	NGT		Result 1		_	
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	75	30-130	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	120	30-130	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	87	30-130	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	93	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	91	30-130	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	111	30-130	Pass	<u> </u>



	1	QA					Acceptance	Pass	Qualifying
Test	Lab Sample ID	Source	Units	Result 1			Limits	Limits	Code
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	85			30-130	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	108			30-130	Pass	
Dinoseb	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	102			30-130	Pass	
Phenol	M19-Se05393	NCP	%	80			30-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T					
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons				Result 1					
Naphthalene	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	105			70-130	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	108			70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T	1				
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1					
TRH C6-C9	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	105			70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery					, ,				
BTEX				Result 1					
Benzene	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	107			70-130	Pass	
Toluene	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	113			70-130	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	108			70-130	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	107			70-130	Pass	
o-Xylene	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	109			70-130	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	M19-Se04105	NCP	%	108			70-130	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate	-	Source					LIIIIIIS	LIIIIII	Code
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons	· 2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH >C10-C16	M19-Se07854	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C16-C34	M19-Se07854	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH >C34-C40	M19-Se07854	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	11110 0007001	1101	g/ <u></u>	1 0.1	<b>V</b> 0.1		3070	1 400	
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	· 1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C10-C14	M19-Se07854	NCP	mg/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C15-C28	M19-Se07854	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C29-C36	M19-Se07854	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	11110 0001001			1 011	, , , ,		3075	. 455	
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	0.002	0.002	2.0	30%	Pass	
Cadmium (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Copper (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	0.013	0.014	2.0	30%	Pass	
Lead (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	0.001	< 0.001	11	30%	Pass	
Mercury (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Nickel (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	0.018	0.018	<1	30%	Pass	
Zinc (filtered)	M19-Se06799	NCP	mg/L	0.016	0.018	2.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	W19-3e00799	INCI	IIIg/L	0.001	0.003	2.0	30 78	1 033	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<u> </u>			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	M19-Au44469	NCP		< 0.001	< 0.001		30%	Pass	
	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1 <1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1 <1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	1	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001		<1			
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	M19-Au44469	1	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene Dibonz(a b)onthrocone	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon	 S			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	W13-Au44403	INCI	IIIg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001		3078	1 033	
Organochlorine Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Chlordanes - Total	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	M19-Au44469	NCP		< 0.0001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
			mg/L	1					
4.4'-DDE	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
a-BHC	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
b-BHC	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
d-BHC	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Dieldrin	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan I	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
				<u> </u>					
IVIGILIUAVGIIIUI	I WIT9-AU44409	LNCP	l ma/l	< 0.0001	l < 0.0001 l	<1	30%	I Pass I	
Methoxychlor  Duplicate	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	W19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	· -			30%	Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002	RPD <1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1	30% 30%	Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion Fensulfothion Fensulfothion Malathion	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion Fensulfothion Fenthion Malathion Merphos	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion Fensulfothion Fensulfothion Fenthion Malathion Merphos Methyl parathion	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion Fenitrothion Fensulfothion Fenthion Malathion Merphos Methyl parathion Mevinphos	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	
Duplicate Organophosphorus Pesticides Azinphos-methyl Bolstar Chlorfenvinphos Chlorpyrifos Chlorpyrifos-methyl Coumaphos Demeton-S Demeton-O Diazinon Dichlorvos Dimethoate Disulfoton EPN Ethion Ethoprop Ethyl parathion Fensulfothion Fensulfothion Fenthion Malathion Merphos Methyl parathion	M19-Au44469 M19-Au44469	NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP NCP	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Result 1 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	Result 2 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002 < 0.002	RPD <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass	



Dunlingto									
Duplicate Provide Name Provide				D 11.4	D	DD2			
Organophosphorus Pesticides				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		_	
Phorate	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Pirimiphos-methyl	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrazophos	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Ronnel	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Terbufos	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorvinphos	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Tokuthion	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Trichloronate	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				T			Г		
Phenols (Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		_	
2-Chlorophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dichlorophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.6-Dichlorophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Pentachlorophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Tetrachlorophenols - Total	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Phenols (non-Halogenated)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methyl-4.6-dinitrophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2-Nitrophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dimethylphenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4-Dinitrophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
3&4-Methylphenol (m&p-Cresol)	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.006	< 0.006	<1	30%	Pass	
4-Nitrophenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Dinoseb	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenol	M19-Au44469	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids (PF	CAs)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluoroundecanoic acid									
(PFUnDA)	S19-Se02377	CP	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorododecanoic acid									
(PFDoDA)	S19-Se02377	CP	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA)	S19-Se02377	CP	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA)	S19-Se02377	CP	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	0.0002011		, dg,∟	, , 0.01	, , 0.01		0070	, , , , ,	
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamido substa	nces			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide				1 tooult 1	1 COURT Z				
(FOSA)	S19-Se02377	CP	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
N-methylperfluoro-1-octane								1_	
sulfonamide (N-MeFOSA)	S19-Se02377	CP	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamide (N-EtFOSA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
2-(N-methylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-MeFOSE)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	



Daniel Control									
Duplicate  Destinate and and an arrivate and a substantial and a s				Deschid	Desilio	DDD			
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamido substa	nces			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2-(N-ethylperfluoro-1-octane sulfonamido)-ethanol (N-EtFOSE)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
N-ethyl- perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-EtFOSAA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
N-methyl- perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid (N-MeFOSAA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids (PFS)	As)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluoropropanesulfonic acid (PFPrS)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	S19-Se02377	CP	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate			<u> </u>						
n:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acids (r	n:2 FTSAs)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
1H.1H.2H.2H- perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTSA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H- perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (6:2 FTSA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.05	< 0.05	<1	30%	Pass	
1H.1H.2H.2H- perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTSA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
1H.1H.2H-2H- perfluorododecanesulfonic acid (10:2 FTSA)	S19-Se02377	СР	ug/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	2013 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Naphthalene	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
TRH C6-C10	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons -	1999 NEPM Fract	ions		Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
TRH C6-C9	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.02	< 0.02	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
BTEX		T	T	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzene	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Toluene	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Ethylbenzene	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
m&p-Xylenes	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.002	< 0.002	<1	30%	Pass	
o-Xylene	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Xylenes - Total	M19-Se07083	NCP	mg/L	< 0.003	< 0.003	<1	30%	Pass	

Page 24 of 25



### Comments

This report has been revised (V2) to report repeat results for sample 19-Se02374.

## Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used)	N/A
Attempt to Chill was evident	Yes
Sample correctly preserved	Yes
Appropriate sample containers have been used	Yes
Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace	Yes
Samples received within HoldingTime	Yes
Some samples have been subcontracted	No

## **Qualifier Codes/Comments**

Qualifier Co	des/Comments
Code	Description
N01	F2 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "naphthalene" value from the ">C10-C16" value. The naphthalene value used in this calculation is obtained from volatiles (Purge & Trap analysis).
N02	Where we have reported both volatile (P&T GCMS) and semivolatile (GCMS) naphthalene data, results may not be identical. Provided correct sample handling protocols have been followed, any observed differences in results are likely to be due to procedural differences within each methodology. Results determined by both techniques have passed all QAQC acceptance criteria, and are entirely technically valid.
N04	F1 is determined by arithmetically subtracting the "Total BTEX" value from the "C6-C10" value. The "Total BTEX" value is obtained by summing the concentrations of BTEX analytes. The "C6-C10" value is obtained by quantitating against a standard of mixed aromatic/aliphatic analytes.
N07	Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs
N11	Isotope dilution is used for calibration of each native compound for which an exact labelled analogue is available (Isotope Dilution Quantitation). The isotopically labelled analogues allow identification and recovery correction of the concentration of the associated native PFAS compounds.
N15	Where the native PFAS compound does not have labelled analogue then the quantification is made using the Extracted Internal Standard Analyte with the closest retention time to the analyte and no recovery correction has been made (Internal Standard Quantitation).
R20	This sample is a Trip Spike and therefore all results are reported as a percentage

## **Authorised By**

Alena Bounkeua Analytical Services Manager
Bryan Wilson Senior Analyst-PFAS (QLD)
Emily Rosenberg Senior Analyst-Metal (VIC)
Harry Bacalis Senior Analyst-Volatile (VIC)
Joseph Edouard Senior Analyst-Organic (VIC)



## Glenn Jackson

## **General Manager**

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- \* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profets, damages for failure to meet deadlines and to sky production arrising from this report. This document shall not be reporteduced except in full and relates only to the lems steaded. Unless indicated otherwise, the tests were performed on the samples as received.

Page 25 of 25



## **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road,

Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

Telephone : ----

Project : 19.13

Order number

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : ANDREW CARRAS

Site : ---

Quote number : EN/222 (Sydney Batches)

No. of samples received : 1

No. of samples analysed : 1

Page : 1 of 6

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 03-Sep-2019 12:45

Date Analysis Commenced : 04-Sep-2019

Issue Date : 10-Sep-2019 13:16



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

## Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Edwandy Fadjar Organic Coordinator Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW Ivan Taylor Analyst Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

# ALS

## **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- A = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- Benzo(a)pyrene Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (TEQ) per the NEPM (2013) is the sum total of the concentration of the eight carcinogenic PAHs multiplied by their Toxicity Equivalence Factor (TEF) relative to Benzo(a)pyrene. TEF values are provided in brackets as follows: Benz(a)anthracene (0.1), Chrysene (0.01), Benzo(b+j) & Benzo(k)fluoranthene (0.1), Benzo(a)pyrene (1.0), Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene (0.1), Dibenz(a.h)anthracene (1.0), Benzo(g.h.i)perylene (0.01). Less than LOR results for 'TEQ Zero' are treated as zero.

Page : 3 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## Analytical Results



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)	Client sample ID		QW1A	 	 	
	С	lient samplii	ng date / time	02-Sep-2019 00:00	 	 
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1928089-001	 	 
				Result	 	 
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS	S					
Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	 	 
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	 	 
Chromium	7440-47-3	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	 	 
Copper	7440-50-8	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	 	 
Lead	7439-92-1	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	 	 
Nickel	7440-02-0	0.001	mg/L	0.002	 	 
Zinc	7440-66-6	0.005	mg/L	0.006	 	 
EG035F: Dissolved Mercury by FIMS						
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	 	 
EP075(SIM)A: Phenolic Compounds						
Phenol	108-95-2	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8		µg/L	<1.0	 	 
2-Methylphenol	95-48-7	1.0	µg/L	<1.0	 	 
3- & 4-Methylphenol	1319-77-3	2.0	µg/L	<2.0	 	 
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	1.0	µg/L	<1.0	 	 
2.4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	1.0	µg/L	<1.0	 	 
2.4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2		μg/L	<1.0	 	 
2.6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0		μg/L	<1.0	 	 
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	1.0	µg/L	<1.0	 	 
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	2.0	µg/L	<2.0	 	 
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic			10			
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Acenaphthene	83-32-9		µg/L	<1.0	 	 
Fluorene	86-73-7	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Anthracene	120-12-7	1.0	µg/L	<1.0	 	 
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Pyrene	129-00-0		μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	1.0	µg/L	<1.0	 	 
Chrysene	218-01-9	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	205-99-2 205-82-3	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
20120(5.))indordinatelle	200-99-2 200-02-3	1.0	MA\_	-1.0	 	 

Page : 4 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## Analytical Results



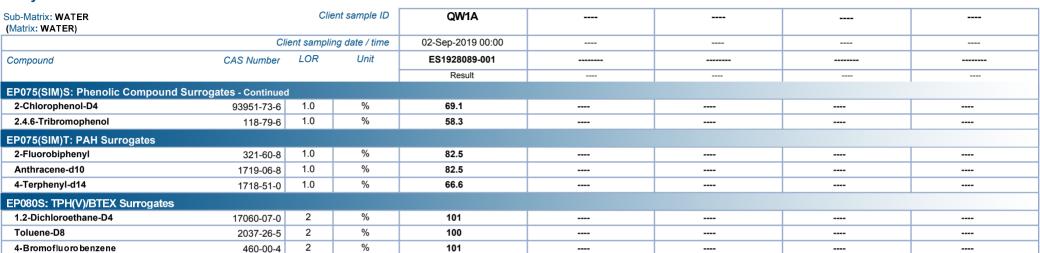
Analytical Results						
Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)	Client sample ID			QW1A	 	 
	CI	lient sampli	ng date / time	02-Sep-2019 00:00	 	 
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1928089-001	 	 
				Result	 	 
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hy	drocarbons - Cont	tinued				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Benzo(a)py rene	50-32-8	0.5	μg/L	<0.5	 	 
Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Dibenz(a.h) anthracene	53-70-3	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	1.0	μg/L	<1.0	 	 
^ Sum of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons		0.5	μg/L	<0.5	 	 
^ Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (zero)		0.5	μg/L	<0.5	 	 
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarb	ons					
C6 - C9 Fraction		20	μg/L	<20	 	 
C10 - C14 Fraction		50	μg/L	<50	 	 
C15 - C28 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	 	 
C29 - C36 Fraction		50	μg/L	<50	 	 
^ C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50	μg/L	<50	 	 
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydroca	rbons - NEPM 201	3 Fractio	ns			
C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	20	μg/L	<20	 	 
^ C6 - C10 Fraction minus BTEX	C6_C10-BTEX	20	μg/L	<20	 	 
(F1)						
>C10 - C16 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	 	 
>C16 - C34 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	 	 
>C34 - C40 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	 	 
^ >C10 - C40 Fraction (sum)		100	μg/L	<100	 	 
^ >C10 - C16 Fraction minus Naphthalene		100	μg/L	<100	 	 
(F2)						
EP080: BTEXN						
Benzene	71-43-2	1	μg/L	<1	 	 
Toluene	108-88-3	2	μg/L	<2	 	 
Eth y lbe nze ne	100-41-4	2	μg/L	<2	 	 
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	2	μg/L	<2	 	 
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2	μg/L	<2	 	 
^ Total Xylenes		2	μg/L	<2	 	 
^ Sum of BTEX		1	μg/L	<1	 	 
Naphthalene	91-20-3	5	μg/L	<5	 	 
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Sur	rogates					
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	1.0	%	30.0	 	 

Page : 5 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## Analytical Results





Page : 6 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: WATER		Recovery	Recovery Limits (%)  Low High			
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High			
EP075(SIM)S: Phenolic Compound Surrogates						
Phenol-d6	13127-88-3	10	44			
2-Chlorophenol-D4	93951-73-6	14	94			
2.4.6-Tribromophenol	118-79-6	17	125			
EP075(SIM)T: PAH Surrogates						
2-Fluorobiphenyl	321-60-8	20	104			
Anthracene-d10	1719-06-8	27	113			
4-Terphenyl-d14	1718-51-0	32	112			
EP080S: TPH(V)/BTEX Surrogates						
1.2-Dichloroethane-D4	17060-07-0	71	137			
Toluene-D8	2037-26-5	79	131			
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	70	128			





## **QUALITY CONTROL REPORT**

Work Order : ES1928089

: TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road,

Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

Telephone : ---Project : 19.13

Order number ·

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : ANDREW CARRAS

Site · ---

Quote number : EN/222 (Sydney Batches)

No. of samples received : 1
No. of samples analysed : 1

Page : 1 of 6

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 03-Sep-2019

Date Analysis Commenced : 04-Sep-2019

Issue Date : 10-Sep-2019



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full. This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

## Signatories

Client

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Edwandy Fadjar Organic Coordinator Sydney Organics, Smithfield, NSW Ivan Taylor Analyst Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 6 Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

# ALS

## **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

# = Indicates failed QC

## Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit: Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%: Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: WATER		Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report							
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EG020F: Dissolved	Metals by ICP-MS (QC	Lot: 2569876)							
ES1928542-001	Anonymous	EG020A-F: Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.00	No Limit
		EG020A-F: Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	0.00	No Limit
		EG020A-F: Chromium	7440-47-3	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	0.00	No Limit
		EG020A-F: Copper	7440-50-8	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	0.00	No Limit
		EG020A-F: Lead	7439-92-1	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	0.00	No Limit
		EG020A-F: Nickel	7440-02-0	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	0.00	No Limit
		EG020A-F: Zinc	7440-66-6	0.005	mg/L	<0.005	<0.005	0.00	No Limit
EG035F: Dissolved	Mercury by FIMS (QC	Lot: 2569877)							
ES1928369-007	Anonymous	EG035F: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.00	No Limit
EP080/071: Total Pe	etroleum Hydrocarbons	(QC Lot: 2563311)							
EB1922804-003	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		20	μg/L	<20	<20	0.00	No Limit
EW1903806-021	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		20	μg/L	<20	<20	0.00	No Limit
EP080/071: Total Re	ecoverable Hydrocarbo	ns - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC Lot: 2563311)							
EB1922804-003	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	20	μg/L	<20	<20	0.00	No Limit
EW1903806-021	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	20	μg/L	<20	<20	0.00	No Limit
EP080: BTEXN (QC	Lot: 2563311)								
EB1922804-003	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	1	μg/L	<1	<1	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit
			106-42-3						
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit
		EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	5	μg/L	<5	<5	0.00	No Limit
EW1903806-021	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	1	μg/L	<1	<1	0.00	No Limit

Page : 3 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Sub-Matrix: WATER	Sub-Matrix: WATER				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report								
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)				
EP080: BTEXN (QC Lot: 2563311) - continued													
EW1903806-021	Anonymous	EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit				
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit				
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit				
			106-42-3										
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2	μg/L	<2	<2	0.00	No Limit				
		EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	5	μg/L	<5	<5	0.00	No Limit				

Page : 4 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



## Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control term Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) refers to a certified reference material, or a known interference free matrix spiked with target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS.

Sub-Matrix: WATER				Method Blank (MB)	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report				
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS (QCLot: 256	69876)								
EG020A-F: Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	0.1 mg/L	92.8	85	114	
EG020A-F: Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	0.1 mg/L	91.7	84	110	
EG020A-F: Chromium	7440-47-3	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	0.1 mg/L	92.7	85	111	
EG020A-F: Copper	7440-50-8	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	0.1 mg/L	90.5	81	111	
EG020A-F: Lead	7439-92-1	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	0.1 mg/L	92.0	83	111	
EG020A-F: Nickel	7440-02-0	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	0.1 mg/L	87.9	82	112	
EG020A-F: Zinc	7440-66-6	0.005	mg/L	<0.005	0.1 mg/L	90.6	81	117	
EG035F: Dissolved Mercury by FIMS (QCLot: 256	9877)								
EG035F: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	0.01 mg/L	89.9	83	105	
EP075(SIM)A: Phenolic Compounds (QCLot: 2561	1818)								
EP075(SIM): Phenol	108-95-2	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	33.5	25	62	
EP075(SIM): 2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 µg/L	67.7	52	90	
EP075(SIM): 2-Methylphenol	95-48-7	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	77.1	51	91	
EP075(SIM): 3- & 4-Methylphenol	1319-77-3	2	μg/L	<2.0	10 μg/L	66.5	44	88	
EP075(SIM): 2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	74.6	48	100	
EP075(SIM): 2.4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	75.1	49	99	
EP075(SIM): 2.4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	66.9	53	105	
EP075(SIM): 2.6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	74.0	57	105	
EP075(SIM): 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	75.3	53	99	
EP075(SIM): 2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	71.4	50	106	
EP075(SIM): 2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 µg/L	81.4	51	105	
EP075(SIM): Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	2	μg/L	<2.0	10 µg/L	45.8	10	95	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	s (QCLot: 2561818)								
EP075(SIM): Naphthalene	91-20-3	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	74.4	50	94	
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	69.0	64	114	
EP075(SIM): Acenaphthene	83-32-9	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	69.9	62	113	
EP075(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	70.9	64	115	
EP075(SIM): Phenanthrene	85-01-8	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	70.7	63	116	
EP075(SIM): Anthracene	120-12-7	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	67.3	64	116	
EP075(SIM): Fluoranthene	206-44-0	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	81.5	64	118	
EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	82.5	63	118	
EP075(SIM): Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	67.7	64	117	
EP075(SIM): Chrysene	218-01-9	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	68.0	63	116	

Page : 5 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Sub-Matrix: WATER				Method Blank (MB)	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report				
				Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High	
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	(QCLot: 2561818) - con	tinued							
EP075(SIM): Benzo(b+j)fluoranthene	205-99-2	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	72.2	62	119	
	205-82-3								
EP075(SIM): Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	69.4	63	115	
EP075(SIM): Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.5	μg/L	<0.5	5 μg/L	75.8	63	117	
EP075(SIM): Indeno(1.2.3.cd)pyrene	193-39-5	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	76.1	60	118	
EP075(SIM): Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	53-70-3	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	78.0	61	117	
EP075(SIM): Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	191-24-2	1	μg/L	<1.0	5 μg/L	75.0	59	118	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot:	2561816)								
EP071: C10 - C14 Fraction		50	μg/L	<50	2000 μg/L	63.2	56	112	
EP071: C15 - C28 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	3000 µg/L	75.6	72	113	
EP071: C29 - C36 Fraction		50	μg/L	<50	2000 μg/L	76.5	56	121	
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (QCLot:	2563311)								
EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		20	μg/L	<20	260 µg/L	98.4	75	127	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPI	M 2013 Fractions (QCLo	ot: 2561816)							
EP071: >C10 - C16 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	2500 μg/L	66.7	58	119	
EP071: >C16 - C34 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	3500 µg/L	77.0	63	110	
EP071: >C34 - C40 Fraction		100	μg/L	<100	1500 µg/L	67.5	62	121	
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPI	M 2013 Fractions (QCLo	ot: 2563311)							
EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	20	μg/L	<20	310 µg/L	97.5	75	127	
EP080: BTEXN (QCLot: 2563311)									
EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	1	μg/L	<1	10 µg/L	92.2	70	122	
EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	2	μg/L	<2	10 μg/L	98.8	69	123	
EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2	μg/L	<2	10 µg/L	100	70	120	
EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	2	μg/L	<2	10 μg/L	96.9	69	121	
	106-42-3								
EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2	μg/L	<2	10 µg/L	98.8	72	122	
EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	5	μg/L	<5	10 µg/L	94.4	70	120	

## Matrix Spike (MS) Report

The quality control term Matrix Spike (MS) refers to an intralaboratory split sample spiked with a representative set of target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential matrix effects on analyte recoveries. Static Recovery Limits as per laboratory Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). Ideal recovery ranges stated may be waived in the event of sample matrix interference.

Sub-Matrix: WATER		Matrix Spike (MS) Report					
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery Li	imits (%)
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High
EG020F: Dissolved	Metals by ICP-MS (QCLot: 2569876)						
ES1928542-002	Anonymous	EG020A-F: Arsenic	7440-38-2	1 mg/L	91.5	70	130
		EG020A-F: Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.25 mg/L	93.5	70	130

Page : 6 of 6
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Sub-Matrix: WATER			Matrix Spike (MS) Report					
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery Li	mits (%)	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High	
EG020F: Dissolved	Metals by ICP-MS (QCLot: 2569876) - continued							
ES1928542-002	Anonymous	EG020A-F: Chromium	7440-47-3	1 mg/L	93.2	70	130	
		EG020A-F: Copper	7440-50-8	1 mg/L	88.2	70	130	
		EG020A-F: Lead	7439-92-1	1 mg/L	85.6	70	130	
		EG020A-F: Nickel	7440-02-0	1 mg/L	90.2	70	130	
		EG020A-F: Zinc	7440-66-6	1 mg/L	92.8	70	130	
EG035F: Dissolved	Mercury by FIMS (QCLot: 2569877)							
ES1928089-001	QW1A	EG035F: Mercury	7439-97-6	0.01 mg/L	78.3	70	130	
EP080/071: Total P	etroleum Hydrocarbons  (QCLot: 2563311)							
EB1922804-003	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C9 Fraction		325 µg/L	91.5	70	130	
EP080/071: Total R	ecoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QCI	ot: 2563311)						
EB1922804-003	Anonymous	EP080: C6 - C10 Fraction	C6_C10	375 µg/L	91.6	70	130	
EP080: BTEXN (Q	CLot: 2563311)							
EB1922804-003	Anonymous	EP080: Benzene	71-43-2	25 μg/L	82.9	70	130	
		EP080: Toluene	108-88-3	25 μg/L	90.5	70	130	
		EP080: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	25 μg/L	94.2	70	130	
		EP080: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	25 μg/L	92.5	70	130	
			106-42-3					
		EP080: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	25 μg/L	94.1	70	130	
		EP080: Naphthalene	91-20-3	25 µg/L	96.8	70	130	



## QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

**Work Order** : **ES1928089** Page : 1 of 5

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

 Contact
 : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN
 Telephone
 : +61-2-8784 8555

 Project
 : 19.13
 Date Samples Received
 : 03-Sep-2019

 Site
 : --- Issue Date
 : 10-Sep-2019

Sampler : ANDREW CARRAS No. of samples received : 1
Order number : No. of samples analysed : 1

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

## **Summary of Outliers**

#### **Outliers: Quality Control Samples**

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- NO Method Blank value outliers occur.
- NO Duplicate outliers occur.
- NO Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- NO Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- For all regular sample matrices, NO surrogate recovery outliers occur.

## **Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

NO Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

## **Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples**

Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist - please see following pages for full details.

Page : 2 of 5 Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



#### **Outliers: Frequency of Quality Control Samples**

Matrix: WATER

Quality Control Sample Type	Count Rate (%) Qu		Quality Control Specification		
Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)					
PAH/Phenols (GC/MS - SIM)	0	4	0.00	10.00	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	0	6	0.00	10.00	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Matrix Spikes (MS)					
PAH/Phenols (GC/MS - SIM)	0	4	0.00	5.00	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	0	6	0.00	5.00	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

### **Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for <u>VOC in soils</u> vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: WATER				Evaluation	: 🗴 = Holding time	breach; ✓ = Withi	in holding time
Method	Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation			Analysis	
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS							
Clear Plastic Bottle - Nitric Acid; Filtered (EG020A-F) QW1A	02-Sep-2019				06-Sep-2019	29-Feb-2020	<b>√</b>
EG035F: Dissolved Mercury by FIMS							
Clear Plastic Bottle - Nitric Acid; Filtered (EG035F)  QW1A	02-Sep-2019				09-Sep-2019	30-Sep-2019	✓
EP075(SIM)A: Phenolic Compounds							
Amber Glass Bottle - Unpreserved (EP075(SIM))  QW1A	02-Sep-2019	04-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	1	05-Sep-2019	14-Oct-2019	<b>✓</b>
EP075(SIM)B: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons							
Amber Glass Bottle - Unpreserved (EP075(SIM))  QW1A	02-Sep-2019	04-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	1	05-Sep-2019	14-Oct-2019	✓
EP080/071: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons							
Amber Glass Bottle - Unpreserved (EP071)  QW1A	02-Sep-2019	04-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	✓	05-Sep-2019	14-Oct-2019	1
Amber VOC Vial - Sulfuric Acid (EP080)  QW1A	02-Sep-2019	05-Sep-2019	16-Sep-2019	1	05-Sep-2019	16-Sep-2019	<b>✓</b>
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons - NEPM 2013 Fractions							
Amber Glass Bottle - Unpreserved (EP071)  QW1A	02-Sep-2019	04-Sep-2019	09-Sep-2019	1	05-Sep-2019	14-Oct-2019	<b>✓</b>
Amber VOC Vial - Sulfuric Acid (EP080)  QW1A	02-Sep-2019	05-Sep-2019	16-Sep-2019	✓	05-Sep-2019	16-Sep-2019	1

Page : 3 of 5
Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



Matrix: WATER				Evaluation	: 🗴 = Holding time	breach ; ✓ = Withi	n holding time.
Method	Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation			Analysis	
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EP080: BTEXN							
Amber VOC Vial - Sulfuric Acid (EP080)							
QW1A	02-Sep-2019	05-Sep-2019	16-Sep-2019	✓	05-Sep-2019	16-Sep-2019	✓

Page : 4 of 5 Work Order ES1928089

Client · TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

: 19.13 Project



## **Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance**

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to

the expected	rate. A listing t	or breaches i	s provided in the	Summary o	Outliers

Matrix: WATER				Evaluatio	n: × = Quality Co	ontrol frequency	not within specification; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification
Quality Control Sample Type		C	ount		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Dissolved Mercury by FIMS	EG035F	1	2	50.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS - Suite A	EG020A-F	1	1	100.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
PAH/Phenols (GC/MS - SIM)	EP075(SIM)	0	4	0.00	10.00	æ	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	0	6	0.00	10.00	.te	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	2	20	10.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Dissolved Mercury by FIMS	EG035F	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS - Suite A	EG020A-F	1	1	100.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
PAH/Phenols (GC/MS - SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	4	25.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	6	16.67	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	20	5.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
Dissolved Mercury by FIMS	EG035F	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS - Suite A	EG020A-F	1	1	100.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
PAH/Phenols (GC/MS - SIM)	EP075(SIM)	1	4	25.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	1	6	16.67	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	20	5.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Matrix Spikes (MS)							
Dissolved Mercury by FIMS	EG035F	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS - Suite A	EG020A-F	1	1	100.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
PAH/Phenols (GC/MS - SIM)	EP075(SIM)	0	4	0.00	5.00	x	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	0	6	0.00	5.00	×	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
TRH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	1	20	5.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Page : 5 of 5 Work Order : ES1928089

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## ALS

## **Brief Method Summaries**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS - Suite A	EG020A-F	WATER	In house: Referenced to APHA 3125; USEPA SW846 - 6020, ALS QWI-EN/EG020. Samples are 0.45µm filtered prior to analysis. The ICPMS technique utilizes a highly efficient argon plasma to ionize selected elements. Ions are then passed into a high vacuum mass spectrometer, which separates the analytes based on their distinct mass to charge ratios prior to their measurement by a discrete dynode ion detector.
Dissolved Mercury by FIMS	EG035F	WATER	In house: Referenced to AS 3550, APHA 3112 Hg - B (Flow-injection (SnCI2)(Cold Vapour generation) AAS) Samples are 0.45µm filtered prior to analysis. FIM-AAS is an automated flameless atomic absorption technique. A bromate/bromide reagent is used to oxidise any organic mercury compounds in the filtered sample. The ionic mercury is reduced online to atomic mercury vapour by SnCI2 which is then purged into a heated quartz cell. Quantification is by comparing absorbance against a calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
TRH - Semivolatile Fraction	EP071	WATER	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8015A The sample extract is analysed by Capillary GC/FID and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve of n-Alkane standards. This method is compliant with the QC requirements of NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
PAH/Phenols (GC/MS - SIM)	EP075(SIM)	WATER	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8270D Sample extracts are analysed by Capillary GC/MS in SIM Mode and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
TRH Volatiles/BTEX	EP080	WATER	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 8260B Water samples are directly purged prior to analysis by Capillary GC/MS and quantification is by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve.  Alternatively, a sample is equilibrated in a headspace vial and a portion of the headspace determined by GCMS analysis. This method is compliant with the QC requirements of NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Separatory Funnel Extraction of Liquids	ORG14	WATER	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 846 - 3510B 100 mL to 1L of sample is transferred to a separatory funnel and serially extracted three times using DCM for each extract. The resultant extracts are combined, dehydrated and concentrated for analysis. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3). ALS default excludes sediment which may be resident in the container.
Volatiles Water Preparation	ORG16-W	WATER	A 5 mL aliquot or 5 mL of a diluted sample is added to a 40 mL VOC vial for sparging.



## **SAMPLE RECEIPT NOTIFICATION (SRN)**

: ES1928089 Work Order

: TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD Client Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield

NSW Australia 2164

Road, Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

E-mail F-mail : ALSEnviro.Sydney@ALSGlobal.com : mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com

Telephone Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555 Facsimile Facsimile : +61-2-8784 8500

Project : 19.13 Page · 1 of 2

Order number Quote number : ES2018TRAENV0003 (EN/222 (Sydney

Batches))

C-O-C number QC Level : NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Sampler : ANDREW CARRAS

**Dates** 

Site

Date

**Date Samples Received** : 03-Sep-2019 12:45 Issue Date : 03-Sep-2019

Scheduled Reporting Date : 10-Sep-2019 Client Requested Due : 10-Sep-2019

**Delivery Details** 

Mode of Delivery Security Seal Undefined : Not Available

No of coolers/hoxes Temperature Receipt Detail No. of samples received / analysed · 1/1

#### General Comments

This report contains the following information:

- Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances
- Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis
- Proactive Holding Time Report
- Requested Deliverables
- Please refer to the Proactive Holding Time Report table below which summarises breaches of recommended holding times that have occurred prior to samples/instructions being received at the laboratory. The absence of this summary table indicates that all samples have been received within the recommended holding times for the analysis requested.
- Sample(s) requiring volatile organic compound analysis received in airtight containers (ZHE).
- Please direct any queries you have regarding this work order to the above ALS laboratory contact.
- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- Sample Disposal Aqueous (3 weeks), Solid (2 months ± 1 week) from receipt of samples.
- Please be aware that APHA/NEPM recommends water and soil samples be chilled to less than or equal to 6°C for chemical analysis, and less than or equal to 10°C but unfrozen for Microbiological analysis. Where samples are received above this temperature, it should be taken into consideration when interpreting results. Refer to ALS EnviroMail 85 for ALS recommendations of the best practice for chilling samples after sampling and for maintaining a cool temperature during transit.

: 03-Sep-2019 Issue Date

Page

2 of 2 ES1928089 Amendment 0 Work Order

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD



#### Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances

All comparisons are made against pretreatment/preservation AS, APHA, USEPA standards.

• No sample container / preservation non-compliance exists.

#### Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis

Some items described below may be part of a laboratory process necessary for the execution of client requested tasks. Packages may contain additional analyses, such as the determination of moisture content and preparation tasks, that are included in the package. If no sampling time is provided, the sampling time will default 00:00 on the date of sampling. If no sampling date is provided, the sampling date will be assumed by the laboratory and displayed in brackets without a time

Matrix: WATER

component

Client sample ID Laboratory sample Client sampling ID date / time

ES1928089-001 02-Sep-2019 00:00 QW1A

## Proactive Holding Time Report

Sample(s) have been received within the recommended holding times for the requested analysis.

#### Requested Deliverables

#### **ANDREW KITA**

- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	andrew@traceenviro.com
,	Liliali	andrew@traceenviro.com
MATT VANDERHEYDEN		
- *AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA (COA)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) (QCI)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA (QC)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental HT (SRN)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- Chain of Custody (CoC) (COC)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- EDI Format - ENMRG (ENMRG)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- EDI Format - ESDAT (ESDAT)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- EDI Format - XTab (XTAB)	Email	mvanderhevden@traceenviro.com

'RH/BTEXN/PAH/Phenols/8 Metals

ELCONTONION OF

**CHAIN OF** CUSTODY

HAPE-LADE 37 Burns Brad Fooglave SVAFORS PR 18 23 7722 February Brad Burns Brade Brad Brade Brad

HILD STATE FOR EXECUTION OF THE SECTION OF STATE OF THE SECTION OF STATE OF THE SECTION OF STATE OF ST

日記数係会前に長春的學品中記事的研究 中心を分割させ、上水和電腦出版報報等時の自身の自己のm OFERTH 10 Hod Way Waters WAGERS WAGERS WAGERS TO BE NOT BE SERVICED TO BE SOOD TO B

19.70/EV 777.729 Woodpark, Roant Smithing NSW 2164 19.70/73 But 17.82 Smithing Spotting Mark Hand Mark Ph. 07.73 But 18.00 Et winstalling eminimizing Saggious dom NOCLI LONGOODS 98 Kerny Street Woolpoorg NSW 2500 Ph. 07.4275 3125 Front feminal season in the com-

ב ש	EETTLIFE ALBERTAIN ALS Laborator.		STONE 46 Ca 471 5800 E·g	GGLADSTONE 16 Callemendah Drive Clinton QLD 4380 Phr 07 7471 5500 E: gladstone@alaglobal com	OMUDGEE 2: Ph: 02 6372 6	7 Sydney Road M 735 E: mudgee.m	DMUDGEE 27 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2850 Ph. 02 6372 6735 E: mudgee.mai@alsglobal.com		TH 10 Hod Way Mals 9209 7655 E. sample	DPERTH 10 Hod Way Malaga WA 6090 Ph. 08 9209 7655 E: samples.perth@alsglobal.com		DWOLLONGC Ph: 02 4225 31	71. 07 41 50 DOUY E. KWIRSKIII. BINITOINMENTAIQBISGLOBALCOM IDWOLLONGOING 99 Kenny Street Wollongong NSW 2500 Ph; 02 4225 3125 E. portkembia@atsglobal.com	
CLIENT:	TRACE Environmental		TURN	TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS:	Standard	TAT (List du	Standard TAT (List due date): Standard	lind			POBLIBBORATORNISE PAINS INC.	SV4 ISE ON	IX interior	
OFFICE:	के संस्थात		(Standar	(Standard TAT may be longer for some tests e.g Ultra Trace Ornanics)				, `					(anato) i a	100
PROJECT: 19.13	T: 19,13	Į.	ALS 0	ALS QUOTE NO.:				COC SEC	COC SEQUENCE NUMBER (Circle)	(Circle)	erce / frozebyce broks present upon	noks present	fd oh sel	4 / 4
ORDEŘ	ORDER NUMBER:							000: 1	4	ر م	Calpita and the Cambridge Terranomentals on the		Series Series	e V
PROJEC	PROJECT MANAGER: Matt Vanderheyden			CONTACT: 0401457535	535			-	, 60 - 4	2 2 9	Ter Commons		O This can	
SAMPLE	SAMPLER: Andrew Carras	SAMPLER	MOBILE:	SAMPLER MOBILE: 0430276466	RELINQUISHED BY:	ED BY:		IVED E	1		RELINOUISHED BY:		DECEIVED BY.	200
COC em	COC emailed to ALS? ( YES / NO)	Yes EDD FOR	AAT (or de	EDD FORMAT (or default): default	AC			18	L				ALCEIVED BT.	è
Email Re	Email Reports to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed):	s are listed):			DATE/TIME:		,	DATE/TIME:		DATE/TIME	ME			
Email Inv	Email Invoice to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed):	are listed):			_	7 6/	515	3/4/19	S4-21				DATE/IIME:	
COMMEN	COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/STORAGE OR DISPOSAL:	OSAL:	=							<b>)</b>				$\top$
ALS	SAWFLE DETRILS MATRIX SOLID(S) WATER(M)	ULS ATER(W)		CONTAINERINFOR	RMATION	>	ANALYSIS RE	QUIRED includin e required, specify	SUITES (NB. Sui Fotal (unfiltered b	e Codes must be lis	ANALYSIS REQUIRED including SUITES (NB. Suite Codes must be listed to attract suite price). Where Metals are required, specify Total (unfiltered bottle required) or Dissolved (field filterad bottle	price) d bottle	Additional Information	
			-						required).			 i		
LABID	SAMPLEID	DATE / TIME	XIATAM	TYPE & PRESERVATIVE codes below)	(refer to	JATOT SABNIATNOS		slon	estos intification WA)				Comments on likely contaminant tevels, dilutions, or samples requiring specific QC analysis etc.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					_  .		W-2	-				ПОН		
9	QW1A	02-09-19	8	zx 40mL vials, 1x glass amber, 1x m PFAS Bottle	metals, 1x	2	×						metals filtered	
	-													_
									Envir	-				
									Sydn	Sydney	Jivision	_		
			-						<u> </u>	ESTODE FINANCIAL Reference				- 1
											5	1		-
				· * *										
									Telephone					_
						_			35		ro			_
										<u> </u>	-	-		
	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.													
					TOTAL	5	 							
Water Conta V = VOA Vial	Water Container Codes: P = Unpreserved Plastic; N = Nitric Preserved Plastic; ORC = Nitric Preserved ORC; SH = Sodum Hydroxide/Cd Preserved; S = Sodium Hydroxide Preserved Plastic; AG = Amber Glass Unpreserved; AP - Airfreight Unpreserved Plastic V = VOA Vial HOI Preserved; VB = VOA Vial Solituric Preserved; VS = VOA Vial Suffuric Preserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved Plastic; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved Plastic; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved Plastic; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved Plastic; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved Plastic; AP = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG = Suffurire Preserved Vial SG = Suffurire Pre	served Plastic; ORC = Nitr sserved; VS = VOA Vial St	ic Preserved Ifuric Preser	ORC; SH = Sodium Hydroxide/Cd Prese ved: AV = Airfreight Unpreserved Vial SG	ved; S = Sodiun = Sulfunc Presen	1 Hydroxide Pre	sserved Plastic;	AG = Amber Glas	s Unpreserved; AP	- Airfreight Unprese	rved Plastic			

## **Enviro Sample Vic**

From:

Alena Bounkeua

Sent:

Thursday, 5 September 2019 2:35 PM

To:

**Enviro Sample Vic** 

Subject:

FW: TCLP request - 673733

**Attachments:** 

673733\_summary.pdf

Additional analysis please - standard TAT

Kind Regards,

Alena Bounkeua

**Eurofins | Environment Testing** 

Phone: +61 2 9900 8414 Mobile: +61 429 365 410

Email: AlenaBounkeua@eurofins.com

From: Matt Vanderheyden [mailto:mvanderheyden traceenviro.com]

Sent: Thursday, 5 September 2019 2:25 PM

To: Alena Bounkeua Cc: Dilmi Herath

Subject: TCLP request - 673733

**EXTERNAL EMAIL\*** 

Hi Alena.

Could I please request the following TCLP analysis for samples from this batch:

- SB18\_0.1 benzo(a)pyrene
- SB18\_0.5 benzo(a)pyrene
- SB5\_0.1 Pb
- SB8 0.1 Pb
- SB13 0.1 Pb

Regards,



D.S 27/08
Au41195-41177-79
Au41196Au41173Au41178-

Au 41187-



### TRACE Environmental

- \$ 02 8960 0555 w 0401 457 535
- Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road Dulwich Hill NSW 2203
- www.traceenviro.com mwanderheyden@traceenviro.com

AUDITOR

This e-mail and any files transmitted with it are the property of 1 a CCE 1.75 and 1 million and 1 million and 1 million contained in this e-mail message, and any files transmitted with it is intended for the use of the recipient's maned above. If the reader of this e-mail is not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you have received this e-mail in error and that any review, distribution or copying of this e-mail or any files transmitted with it is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, please notify the sender immediately and delete the original message and any files transmitted.

675404 Adlin 80) 5/9/19,2:25pm





| Melbourne | Sydney | Unit F3, Building F | 1/21 Smallwood Place | Dandenong South Vic 3175 16 Mars Road | Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 | NATA # 1261 | Site # 1254 & 14271 | NATA # 1261 Site # 18217 | Site # 20794 | Site # 1254 & 14271 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217 | Site # 18217

Perth Z/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

ABN - 50 005 085 521

e.mail: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

web: www.eurofins.com.au

## Sample Receipt Advice

Company name: Trace Environmental P/L

Contact name: Matthew Vanderheyden WILLOUGHBY DSI Project name:

Project ID: 19.13

COC number: Not provided

Turn around time: 5 Day

Sep 5, 2019 2:25 PM Date/Time received:

Eurofins reference: 675404

## Sample information

- $\mathbf{V}$ A detailed list of analytes logged into our LIMS, is included in the attached summary table.
- $\mathbf{V}$ All samples have been received as described on the above COC.
- $\square$ COC has been completed correctly.
- $\square$ Attempt to chill was evident.
- $\square$ Appropriately preserved sample containers have been used.
- $\mathbf{V}$ All samples were received in good condition.
- $\square$ Samples have been provided with adequate time to commence analysis in accordance with the relevant holding times.
- $\mathbf{V}$ Appropriate sample containers have been used.
- $\boxtimes$ Split sample sent to requested external lab.
- $\boxtimes$ Some samples have been subcontracted.
- Custody Seals intact (if used).

#### Contact notes

If you have any questions with respect to these samples please contact:

Alena Bounkeua on Phone : or by e.mail: AlenaBounkeua@eurofins.com

Results will be delivered electronically via e.mail to Matthew Vanderheyden - mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com.



## **Environment Testing**

ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000

NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Sep 5, 2019 2:25 PM

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID:

19.13

Order No.: Report #:

675404

Phone: Fax:

02 8960 0555

Due: Sep 12, 2019 Priority: 5 Day

Received:

**Contact Name:** Matthew Vanderheyden

**Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Alena Bounkeua** 

		Sa	mple Detail			Benzo(a)pyrene	Lead	USA Leaching Procedure
Melb	ourne Laborato	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	?71		Х	Х	Х
Sydr	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217					
Brisl	oane Laborator	y - NATA Site#	20794					
Perti	n Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	36					
Exte	rnal Laboratory	<u>,                                      </u>						
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID			
1	SB18_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07877	Х		Х
2	SB18_0.5	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07878	Х		Х
3	SB5_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07879		Х	Х
4	SB8_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07880		Х	Х
5	SB13_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07881		Х	Х
Test	Counts					2	3	5



## **Environment Testing**

Trace Environmental P/L Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road Dulwich Hill NSW 2203





NATA Accredited Accreditation Number 1261 Site Number 1254

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 – Testing The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

Page 1 of 6

Report Number: 675404-L

Attention: Matthew Vanderheyden

Report 675404-L

Project name WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID 19.13

Date Reported: Sep 12, 2019

Received Date Sep 05, 2019

Client Sample ID			SB18_0.1	SB18_0.5	SB5_0.1	SB8_0.1
Sample Matrix			US Leachate	US Leachate	US Leachate	US Leachate
Eurofins Sample No.			M19-Se07877	M19-Se07878	M19-Se07879	M19-Se07880
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019	Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons						
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.001	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	-	-
Heavy Metals						
Lead	0.01	mg/L	-	-	0.10	0.11
USA Leaching Procedure						
Leachate Fluid <sup>C01</sup>		comment	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
pH (initial)	0.1	pH Units	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.1
pH (Leachate fluid)	0.1	pH Units	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
pH (off)	0.1	pH Units	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0
pH (USA HCl addition)	0.1	pH Units	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6

Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No.			SB13_0.1 US Leachate M19-Se07881
Date Sampled			Aug 27, 2019
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	
Heavy Metals			
Lead	0.01	mg/L	0.62
USA Leaching Procedure			
Leachate Fluid <sup>C01</sup>		comment	1.0
pH (initial)	0.1	pH Units	5.9
pH (Leachate fluid)	0.1	pH Units	5.1
pH (off)	0.1	pH Units	5.0
pH (USA HCI addition)	0.1	pH Units	1.5



#### Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.

A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	<b>Holding Time</b>
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Melbourne	Sep 06, 2019	7 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water			
Heavy Metals	Melbourne	Sep 05, 2019	180 Days

- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS



## **Environment Testing**

ABN - 50 005 085 521 e.mail : EnviroSales@eurofins.com web : www.eurofins.com.au

Phone:

Fax:

Melbourne 6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261

Site # 1254 & 14271

16 Mars Road Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Unit F3, Building F

Brisbane
1/21 Smallwood Place
Murarrie QLD 4172
Phone: +61 7 3902 4600
NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

**Company Name:** 

Trace Environmental P/L

Address:

Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road

Dulwich Hill

NSW 2203

Project Name:

WILLOUGHBY DSI

Project ID: 19.13

WILLOUGH

 Order No.:
 Received:
 Sep 5, 2019 2:25 PM

 Report #:
 675404
 Due:
 Sep 12, 2019

02 8960 0555 **Priority**: 5 Day

Sydney

Contact Name: Matthew Vanderheyden

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager : Alena Bounkeua

		Sa	mple Detail			Benzo(a)pyrene	Lead	USA Leaching Procedure
Melb	ourne Laborate	ory - NATA Site	# 1254 & 142	271		Х	Х	Х
Sydr	ney Laboratory	- NATA Site # 1	8217					
Brisl	bane Laborator	y - NATA Site #	20794					
Perti	h Laboratory - N	NATA Site # 237	36					
Exte	rnal Laboratory	<u>'</u>						
No	Sample ID	Sample Date	Sampling Time	Matrix	LAB ID			
1	SB18_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07877	Х		Х
2	SB18_0.5	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07878	Х		Х
3	SB5_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07879		Х	Х
4	SB8_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07880		Х	Х
5	SB13_0.1	Aug 27, 2019		US Leachate	M19-Se07881		Х	Х
Test	Counts					2	3	5

Eurofins Environment Testing 6 Monterey Road, Dandenong South, Victoria, Australia 3175 ABN: 50 005 085 521 Telephone: +61 3 8564 5000 Page 3 of 6



#### **Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary**

#### General

- Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds.
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

#### **Holding Times**

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

\*\*NOTE: pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

#### Units

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram mg/L: milligrams per litre ug/L: micrograms per litre

org/100mL: Organisms per 100 millilitres NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units MPN/100mL: Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

#### **Terms**

Dry Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.

LOR Limit of Reporting

SPIKE Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.

RPD Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.

LCS Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.

CRM Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.

Method Blank In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.

Surr - Surrogate The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.

Duplicate A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

APHA American Public Health Association
TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

COC Chain of Custody
SRA Sample Receipt Advice

QSM US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.3

CP Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report

NCP Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.

TEQ Toxic Equivalency Quotient

#### QC - Acceptance Criteria

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR : No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50%  $\,$ 

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% Phenols & 50-150% PFASs

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5.3 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

 $WA\ DWER\ (n=10):\ PFBA,\ PFPeA,\ PFHxA,\ PFHpA,\ PFOA,\ PFBS,\ PFHxS,\ PFOS,\ 6:2\ FTSA,\ 8:2\ FTSA,\ 6:2\ FTSA$ 

#### **QC Data General Comments**

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting LCS data, Toxaphene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
- 4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting Spike data, Toxaphene is not added to the Spike.
- 5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
- 6. pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time.

  Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Aroclor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS.
- 9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " -" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.

10. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.



#### **Quality Control Results**

Test			Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Method Blank									
Heavy Metals									
Lead			mg/L	< 0.01			0.01	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	3			Result 1					
Benzo(a)pyrene	M19-Au44656	NCP	%	81			70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery									
Heavy Metals				Result 1					
Lead	M19-Se08058	NCP	%	129			75-125	Fail	Q08
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<b>3</b>			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Benzo(a)pyrene	M19-Au44655	NCP	mg/L	< 0.001	< 0.001	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Heavy Metals				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Lead	M19-Se08058	NCP	mg/L	0.04	0.04	1.0	30%	Pass	



#### Comments

#### Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used) N/A Attempt to Chill was evident Yes Sample correctly preserved Yes Appropriate sample containers have been used Yes Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace Yes Samples received within HoldingTime Yes Some samples have been subcontracted No

#### **Qualifier Codes/Comments**

Code Description

Leachate Fluid Key: 1 - pH 5.0; 2 - pH 2.9; 3 - pH 9.2; 4 - Reagent (DI) water; 5 - Client sample, 6 - other C01

The matrix spike recovery is outside of the recommended acceptance criteria. An acceptable recovery was obtained for the laboratory control sample indicating a sample matrix

Q08

#### **Authorised By**

Alena Bounkeua Analytical Services Manager Emily Rosenberg Senior Analyst-Metal (VIC) Joseph Edouard Senior Analyst-Organic (VIC)



#### Glenn Jackson

#### **General Manager**

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- \* Indicates NATA accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

Eurofins shall not be liable for loss, cost, damages or expenses incurred by the client, or any other person or company, resulting from the use of any information or interpretation given in this report. In no case shall Eurofins be liable for consequential damages including, but not limited to, lost profest, damages for failure to meet deadlines and to sky production arrising from this report. This document shall not be reporteduced except in full and relates only to the items tested. (I) these indicated to therewise, the testes were performed on the samples as received.

Report Number: 675404-L



## **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road,

Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

Telephone : ---Project : 19.13
Order number : ---C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : Jack Ellis

Site : ---

Quote number : EN/222 (Sydney Batches)

No. of samples received : 1

No. of samples analysed : 1

Page : 1 of 4

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 28-Aug-2019 17:30

Date Analysis Commenced : 11-Sep-2019

Issue Date : 12-Sep-2019 17:49



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Celine Conceicao Senior Spectroscopist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## ALS

#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.

Page : 3 of 4 Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## Analytical Results



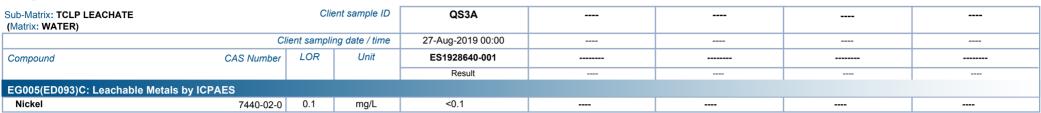


Page : 4 of 4 Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## Analytical Results







### **QUALITY CONTROL REPORT**

Work Order : **ES1928640** 

: TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Road,

Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

 Telephone
 : --- 

 Project
 : 19.13

 Order number
 : --- 

 C-O-C number
 ---- 

Sampler : Jack Ellis

Site · \_\_\_

Quote number : EN/222 (Sydney Batches)

No. of samples received : 1
No. of samples analysed : 1

Page : 1 of 3

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 28-Aug-2019

Date Analysis Commenced : 11-Sep-2019

Issue Date : 12-Sep-2019



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full. This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

#### **Signatories**

Client

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Celine Conceicao Senior Spectroscopist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 3 Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13

## ALS

#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

# = Indicates failed QC

#### Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit: Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%: Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: WATER				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report						
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
EG005(ED093)C: Lea	chable Metals by ICPAES (C	QC Lot: 2580508)								
ES1928494-001	Anonymous	EG005C: Nickel	7440-02-0	0.1	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	0.00	No Limit	

Page : 3 of 3 Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



## Method Blank (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control term Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) refers to a certified reference material, or a known interference free matrix spiked with target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS.

Sub-Matrix: SOIL					Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Report				
			Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)		
CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High		
	0.1	pH Unit	1.0						
	0.1	pH Unit	1.0						
	0.1	pH Unit	1.0						
			Method Blank (MB)		Laboratory Control Spike (LC	S) Report			
			Report	Spike	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)		
CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	Low	High		
QCLot: 2580508)									
7440-02-0	0.1	mg/L	<0.1	0.1 mg/L	99.6	83	115		
	CAS Number QCLot: 2580508)	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 CAS Number LOR	0.1 pH Unit 0.1 pH Unit 0.1 pH Unit 0.1 pH Unit  0.1 pH Unit  CAS Number LOR Unit  QCLot: 2580508)	CAS Number   LOR	Report   Spike   CAS Number   LOR   Unit   Result   Concentration	Report   Spike   Spike Recovery (%)	Report   Spike   Spike Recovery (%)   Recovery		

#### Matrix Spike (MS) Report

The quality control term Matrix Spike (MS) refers to an intralaboratory split sample spiked with a representative set of target analytes. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential matrix effects on analyte recoveries. Static Recovery Limits as per laboratory Data Quality Objectives (DQOs). Ideal recovery ranges stated may be waived in the event of sample matrix interference.

Sub-Matrix: WATER				Ma	itrix Spike (MS) Repo	t	
				Spike	SpikeRecovery(%)	Recovery L	imits (%)
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	Concentration	MS	Low	High
EG005(ED093)C: L	eachable Metals by ICPAES (QCLot: 2580508)						
ES1928640-001	QS3A	EG005C: Nickel	7440-02-0	1 mg/L	106	70	130



## QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order : **ES1928640** Page : 1 of 4

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

 Contact
 : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN
 Telephone
 : +61-2-8784 8555

 Project
 : 19.13
 Date Samples Received
 : 28-Aug-2019

 Site
 : --- Issue Date
 : 12-Sep-2019

Sampler : Jack Ellis No. of samples received : 1
Order number : ---- No. of samples analysed : 1

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

## **Summary of Outliers**

## **Outliers: Quality Control Samples**

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- NO Method Blank value outliers occur.
- NO Duplicate outliers occur.
- NO Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- NO Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- For all regular sample matrices, NO surrogate recovery outliers occur.

## **Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

NO Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

## **Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples**

• NO Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.

Page : 2 of 4 Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project · 19.13



## **Analysis Holding Time Compliance**

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for <u>VOC in soils</u> vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: SOIL Evaluation: **x** = Holding time breach; ✓ = Within holding time. Method Sample Date Extraction / Preparation Analysis Container / Client Sample ID(s) Due for extraction Date extracted Evaluation Date analysed Due for analysis Evaluation EN33: TCLP Leach Non-Volatile Leach: 180 day HT (e.g. PFAS, metals ex.Hg) (EN33a) 23-Feb-2020 11-Sep-2019 QS3A 27-Aug-2019 Matrix: WATER Evaluation: \* = Holding time breach: \( \sigma = \text{Within holding time}. \) Method Extraction / Preparation Sample Date Analysis Container / Client Sample ID(s) Date extracted Due for extraction Evaluation Date analysed Due for analysis Evaluation EG005(ED093)C: Leachable Metals by ICPAES Clear Plastic Bottle - Nitric Acid; Unfiltered (EG005C) 11-Sep-2019 12-Sep-2019 09-Mar-2020 12-Sep-2019 09-Mar-2020 QS3A

Page : 3 of 4
Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



## **Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance**

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: SOIL				Evaluation	n: × = Quality Co	ntrol frequency r	not within specification; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification
Quality Control Sample Type		C	ount		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	OC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Method Blanks (MB)							
TCLP for Non & Semivolatile Analytes	EN33a	1	11	9.09	9.09	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Matrix: WATER				Evaluation	n: × = Quality Co	ntrol frequency r	not within specification ; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification
Quality Control Sample Type		C	ount		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	OC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Leachable Metals by ICPAES	EG005C	1	6	16.67	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Leachable Metals by ICPAES	EG005C	1	6	16.67	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
Leachable Metals by ICPAES	EG005C	1	6	16.67	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Matrix Spikes (MS)							
Leachable Metals by ICPAES	EG005C	1	6	16.67	5.00	1	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Page : 4 of 4 Work Order : ES1928640

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD

Project : 19.13



## **Brief Method Summaries**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Leachable Metals by ICPAES	EG005C	SOIL	In house: referenced to APHA 3120; USEPA SW 846 - 6010: The ICPAES technique ionises leachate sample atoms emitting a characteristic spectrum. This spectrum is then compared against matrix matched standards for quantification. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
Preparation Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Digestion for Total Recoverable Metals in TCLP Leachate	EN25C	SOIL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW846-3005. Method 3005 is a Nitric/Hydrochloric acid digestion procedure used to prepare surface and ground water samples for analysis by ICPAES or ICPMS. This method is compliant with NEPM (2013) Schedule B(3)
TCLP for Non & Semivolatile Analytes	EN33a	SOIL	In house QWI-EN/33 referenced to USEPA SW846-1311: The TCLP procedure is designed to determine the mobility of both organic and inorganic analytes present in wastes. The standard TCLP leach is for non-volatile and Semivolatile test parameters.



## **SAMPLE RECEIPT NOTIFICATION (SRN)**

ES1928640 Work Order

: TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD Client Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Mr MATT VANDERHEYDEN Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : Shop 2, 793-799 New Canterbury Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield

NSW Australia 2164

Road,

Dulwich Hill, NSW 2203

E-mail F-mail : ALSEnviro.Sydney@ALSGlobal.com : mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com Telephone

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555 Facsimile Facsimile : +61-2-8784 8500

Order number Quote number : ES2018TRAENV0003 (EN/222 (Sydney

Page

Batches))

· 1 of 2

C-O-C number QC Level : NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Site Sampler : Jack Ellis

: 19.13

**Dates** 

Date

Project

**Date Samples Received** : 28-Aug-2019 17:30 Issue Date : 06-Sep-2019

Scheduled Reporting Date : 12-Sep-2019 Client Requested Due : 12-Sep-2019

**Delivery Details** 

Mode of Delivery Security Seal : Samples On Hand : Not Available

No of coolers/hoxes Temperature : 4.1 Receipt Detail No. of samples received / analysed : 1/1

#### General Comments

This report contains the following information:

- Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances
- Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis
- Proactive Holding Time Report
- Requested Deliverables
- This is a rebatch of ES1927524.
- Please refer to the Proactive Holding Time Report table below which summarises breaches of recommended holding times that have occurred prior to samples/instructions being received at the laboratory. The absence of this summary table indicates that all samples have been received within the recommended holding times for the analysis requested.
- Please direct any queries you have regarding this work order to the above ALS laboratory contact.
- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Sydney.
- Sample Disposal Aqueous (3 weeks), Solid (2 months ± 1 week) from receipt of samples.
- Please be aware that APHA/NEPM recommends water and soil samples be chilled to less than or equal to 6°C for chemical analysis, and less than or equal to 10°C but unfrozen for Microbiological analysis. Where samples are received above this temperature, it should be taken into consideration when interpreting results. Refer to ALS EnviroMail 85 for ALS recommendations of the best practice for chilling samples after sampling and for maintaining a cool temperature during transit.

: 06-Sep-2019 Issue Date

Page

2 of 2 ES1928640 Amendment 0 Work Order

Client : TRACE ENVIRONMENTAL PTY LTD



#### Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances

All comparisons are made against pretreatment/preservation AS, APHA, USEPA standards.

• No sample container / preservation non-compliance exists.

## Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis

Some items described below may be part of a laboratory process necessary for the execution of client requested tasks. Packages may contain additional analyses, such as the determination of moisture content and preparation tasks, that are included in the package. If no sampling time is provided, the sampling time will default 00:00 on the date of sampling. If no sampling date eachable Metals by ICPAES is provided, the sampling date will be assumed by the laboratory and displayed in brackets without a time component EN33a Leachate Matrix: SOIL Client sample ID Laboratory sample Client sampling ID date / time ES1928640-001 27-Aug-2019 00:00 QS3A

## Proactive Holding Time Report

Sample(s) have been received within the recommended holding times for the requested analysis.

#### Requested Deliverables

#### **ANDREW KITA**

- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	andrew@traceenviro.com
MATT VANDERHEYDEN		
- *AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA (COA)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) (QCI)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA (QC)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental HT (SRN)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- Chain of Custody (CoC) (COC)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com
- EDI Format - XTab (XTAB)	Email	mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com

# **Vishal Patel**

From:

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Thursday, 5 September 2019 2:38 PM Alice Carney

Vishal Patel

ICLP analysis request - ES1927524

Hey Vishal,

Could you please arrange this re-batch for me? The client would like sample #3 analysed for Ni on a TCLP.

Workorder # ES1927524

Standard TAT.

Best regards,

Alice Carney

Client Services Officer, Environmental Sydney



<u>T</u> +61 2 8784 8555 <u>D</u> +61 2 8784 8504 <u>E</u> +61 2 8784 8500

277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW 2164 AUSTRALIA Alice.carney@alsglobal.com

\*Subscribe In \* FI

We are keen for your feedback! Please click here for your 3 minute survey

EnviroMail™ 00 - All EnviroMails™ in one convenient library.

Recent releases (click to access directly):

EnviroMail™ 124 – PFOS Analysis to Freshwater Species Protection Lvl 99%

Environmental Division



Telephone: +61-2-8784 8555



See how ALS is making sampling easier! Register your interest here.

Right Solutions · Right Partner www.alsglobal.com

From: Matt Vanderheyden [mailto:mvanderheyden@traceenviro.com]

Sent: Thursday, 5 September 2019 2:27 PM

To: ALSEnviro Sydney <ALSEnviro.Sydney@ALSGlobal.com>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] - TCLP analysis request - ES1927524

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of ALS. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and are sure content is relevant to you.

Good afternoon,

Could I please request TCLP analysis for Ni on sample QS3A from batch ES1927524?

Regards,



## **ENVIRONMENTAL**

Matthew Vanderheyden Senior Environmental Scientist

TRACE Environmental

Dulwich Hill NSW 2203

This email and any thes transmitted with it are the property of NaM. Here received and its affiliates. All rights including without limitation copyright, are reserved. The proported and property of NaMes and any fixes transmitted with it is intended for the use of the recipient, in an above. If the reader of this e-mail is not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you have received this e-mail in error and that any review distribution or copyring of this e-mail or any files transmitted with it is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, please notify the sender emensions and any files transmitted. NOTICE



Appendix F<br/>Field<br/>Documents

TRACE

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450 Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road
Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB1/MW4

Date: 26/08/2019

**Drilled by:** Epoca Environmental

	EXCA	VATION	DATA	١			MATERIAL DATA		YI!	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	WEIT	CONSTRUCTION	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0-	0.2			0.0		Concrete - 0.125m thick FILL: Clayey gravelly SAND, brown	м		No odour, no staining
		QS1 QS1A 0.5			0.0					
	=						Clayey gravelly SAND, light brown	М		No odour, no staining
	1—	1.0			0.0			L		
	-						Poor returns			
	-		Grout	Grout						
	, =	2.0	9	9	0.0		Sandy CLAY, dark brown/grey	<u> </u>		No odour, no staining
	-	2.0			0.0	a 1 1	Clayey SAND, light brown	<u> </u>	ļ	Natural - No odour, no staining
	=						, , , ,			, <u>u</u>
	-									
	3—	3.0			0.0					
	=									
	=									
	4—	4.0			0.0		SANDSTONE, weathered			
	=						SAIDSTONE, WEBLIEFED			
	=							м		
	=							IVI		
	5—	5.0			0.0					
	-									
	=									
	6—									
	=									
	-							w		
	=									
	-									
	8-									
	=									
	9									
	=									
NO.	ΓES:						Borehole terminated at 9.3m - target depth attained			
Han	d auge	r to 1.1m uger to 5.								
Air I	hamme sture	r to 9.3m	(	Consis	tency In	dex	Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
		Humid W: Wet		VS: Ve V St: V	ery Soft Very Stif	S: Soft	St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense			Classification System  * Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)  * Parts per million (ppm)
	F. Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable * Parts per million (ppm)  MD: Medium Dense									



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Matt Vanderheyden Project Manager:

Walter Street and Willoughby Road Location:

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd Borehole No: SB2

Date: 26/08/2019 Drilled by: **Epoca Environmental** 

EX	EXCAVATION DATA				MATERIAL DATA		ITY	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSI INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —				Grass			
	"				FILL - Gravelly SAND, brown, trace sandstone fragments	D		No odour, no staining, brick and concrete
	-	0.1	0.0					fragments, roots

Borehole terminated at 0.15m - refusal on sandstone bedrock

NOTES:

Hand auger to 0.15m

Moisture D: Dry H: Humid M: Moist W: Wet Consistency Index VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff

V St: Very Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense

Density Index

VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense

Walter Street and Willoughby Road

\* Description based on Unified Soil

Classification System

\* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)

\* Parts per million (ppm)

### ENVIRONMENTAL

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Location:

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Walter Projects Pty Ltd Client:

**BOREHOLE LOG** 

Borehole No: SB3 Date: 26/08/2019

Drilled by: Epoca Environmental

EXC	CAVATIO	ON DATA			MATERIAL DATA		ΙΤΥ			
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS		
	0 —				Grass					
	ĭ				FILL - Gravelly SAND, brown, trace sandstone fragments	D		No odour, no staining, concrete		
	-	0.1	0.0					fragments, roots		
	-	0.2	0.0		Gravelly SAND, some clay, light brown, trace sandstone fragments	D		No odour, no staining		
					Borehole terminated at 0.2m - refusal on sandstone bedrock					
$\overline{}$										

### NOTES:

Hand auger to 0.2m

Moisture D: Dry H: Humid M: Moist W: Wet Consistency Index V St: Very Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable

MD: Medium Dense

Density Index VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense

\* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System

\* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) \* Parts per million (ppm)



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Walter Street and Willoughby Road Location:

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd Borehole No: SB4 **Date:** 26/08/2019

Drilled by: Epoca Environmental

EXC	EXCAVATION DATA				MA	MATERIAL DATA		ITY	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	Soil division: sand / g	DESCRIPTION gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —				Grass	own, trace sandstone fragments	D		No adays no staining apparate
	=	0.1	0.0		FILL - Gravelly SAND, DIO	wit, trace satistione tragments			No odour, no staining, concrete fragments, roots
H					Borehole termi	inated at 0.2m - refusal on sandstone bedrock			
NO'	ΓES:						ļ		
⊢÷	d auger t	:o 0.2m							
Moi	sture			Consi	stency Index	Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
	D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff				•	VL: Very Loose D: Dense			Classification System
l N	M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff				•	L: Loose VD: Very Dense			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)
	F: Firm  H: Hard  Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense								* Parts per million (ppm)

### **BOREHOLE LOG**



Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Borehole No: SB5

Drilled by: Epoca Environmental

**Date:** 26/08/2019

I	O Box 42	nvironment 22 own NSW 1	•		Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road  Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd	Drilled	l by:	Epoca Environmental
EXC	AVATIO	ON DATA			MATERIAL DATA		Ţ	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
i	0 —				Grass	<b></b>		
	=	0.1	0.0		FILL - Clayey SAND, brown, trace sandstone fragments	Н		No odour, no staining, roots
	0.5	0.5	0.0		Sandy CLAY, light brown/orange, some sandstone and ironstone	H-M		No odour, no staining
					Borehole terminated at 0.55m - refusal on sandstone bedrock			
Ш								
NOT	TES:							
Han	d auger t	to 0.55m						
Moi	Moisture Con:			Consi	stency Index Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
D			VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense				Classification System	
F: Fi				F: Fin	Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense m H: Hard Fb: Friable			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) * Parts per million (ppm)
MD: Medium Dense								

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Borehole No: SB6 Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden Date: 27/08/2019 Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road Drilled by: JE

Walter Projects Pty Ltd Client:

	camperdov	VIIIVSVV 14	30							
EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		Ł			
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS		
	0 —				FILL - Gravelly SAND, brown/grey	D		No adour no staining arganics		
	=	0.1	0.0		TILL - Grovery SAND, DIOWITE CY			No odour, no staining, organics		
				Borehole terminated at 0.2m - refusal						
NOTES:										
_	Hand auger to 0.2m									
D: Dry H: Humid VS: \ M: Moist W: Wet V St:		VS: V V St:	stency Index ery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense m H: Hard Fb: Friable			* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System * Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) * Parts per million (ppm)				

### **BOREHOLE LOG**

TRACE

Project No: 19.13

MD: Medium Dense

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Borehole No: SB7 Date: 27/08/2019 Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road Drilled by: JE

	TRACE Env PO Box 422 Camperdov		•		Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd	Dillieu	i by.	ji.			
EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		Ţ				
WATER (Stabilised)			PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS			
	0 —				FILL - TOPSOIL: Gravelly SAND, some clay, brown/grey	D		No odour, no staining			
		0.1	0.0		THE TOT SOLE GIVEN SAID, SAID CIDY, STOWN BLY	b		NO OGOGI, NO SCANNING			
	0.25 -	0.5	0.0								
					Borehole terminated at 0.5m - refusal on sandstone bedrock						
NOTES:											
Har	Hand auger to 0.5m										
					istency Index Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil			
	D: Dry H: I				/ery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense			Classification System			
'					Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense rm H: Hard Fb: Friable			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)  * Parts per million (ppm)			

F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Borehole No: SB8 Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden Date: 27/08/2019 Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road **Drilled by:** JE

Walter Projects Pty Ltd Client:

EXCAVA	ATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		Ē		
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
0					Grass				
0.5		0.1 QS2 QS2A	0.0		FILL - Gravelly SAND, brown/grey and some white, trace sandstone cobbles  Becoming light brown	D		No odour, no staining, brick fragments  No odour, no staining	
1.0	=	1.0	0.0		CLAY, grey with some mottling	D		No odour, no staining	
					Borehole terminated at 1.05m - required depth attained				
NOTES:	NOTES:								
Hand auger to 1.05m									
D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very L				VS: V V St: F: Fir	rery Soft S: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense m H: Hard Fb: Friable			Description based on Unified Soil Classification System     Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)     Parts per million (ppm)	

### **BOREHOLE LOG**

								BUREHULE LUG		
	FRUIF	RONMI	CE	L	Project No: 19.13 Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden		ole No:			
1	PO Box 422	ironmenta ! wn NSW 14		_	Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road  Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd	Date: 27/08/2019 Drilled by: JE				
EX	CAVATION DATA				MATERIAL DATA		ΤΥ			
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS		
	0 —				Grass FILL - Gravelly SAND, some clay	Н		No odour, no staining, brick fragments		
	- - - - - -	0.1	0.0		FILL - Oraveny SAIVID, SUITE CLAY	n		No occur, no staining, orick fragments		
	0.5 -	0.6	0.0		Sandy CLAY, light brown	Н		No odour, no staining		
					Borehole terminated at 0.7m - required depth attained					
NO'	ΓES:			-				1		
Han	Hand auger to 0.7m									
	D: Dry H: Humid VS: M: Moist W: Wet V SI F: F			VS: \ V St: F: Fir	stency Index Density Index  tery Soft St: Stiff VI: Very Loose D: Dense  Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense  mt: Hard Fb: Friable  Medium Dense			Description based on Unified Soil Classification System     Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)     Parts per million (ppm)		



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450 Project No: 19.13

Location:

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB10

**Date:** 27/08/2019 **Drilled by:** JE

EX	EXCAVATION DATA				MATERIAL DATA		TY			
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	(mdd) GIA	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS		
	0 —				Grass					
	0.25	0.1	0.0		FILL - Clayey gravelly SAND, brown	Н		No odour, no staining, brick fragments		
	0.5	0.5	0.0		CLAY, brown/orange mottling	D-H		No odour, no staining		
					Borehole terminated at 0.5m - required depth attained					
NO	TES:									
Har	Hand auger to 0.5m									
	Moisture Consistency Index Density Index D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense M: Moist W: Wet VSt: Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense							* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System * Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) * Parts per million (ppm)		

### **BOREHOLE LOG**

TRACE

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450 Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

**Location:** Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB11

**Date:** 27/08/2019 **Drilled by:** JE

EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		ITY		
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	(mdd) GIA	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
	0 —								
	0.25 -	0.1	0.0		FILL - Gravelly SAND, some clay, grey	Н			
	0.5 -	0.6	0.0		Sandy CLAY, medium plasticity	Н			
Borehole terminated at 0.6m - required depth attained  NOTES:									
Har	Hand auger to 0.6m								

 Moisture
 Consistency Index

 D: Dry H: Humid
 VS: Very Soft S: Soft

 M: Moist W: Wet
 V St: Very Stiff

VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff
V St: Very Stiff
F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable
MD: Medium Dense

Density Index
VL: Very Loose D: Dense
L: Loose VD: Very Dense

\* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System \* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) \* Parts per million (ppm)



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd Borehole No: SB12

Date: 27/08/2019 Drilled by: JE

EX	KCAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		ITY	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	(mdd) GIA	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —							
	- - - - -	0.1	0.0		FILL - Silty SAND, some gravels and clay, dark brown	Н		Brick fragments
					Borehole terminated at 0.4m - refusal			
NC	TES:							
На	Hand auger to 0.4m							
Mo					stency Index Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
	D: Dry H: Humid		VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense V St: Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense					Classification System
	M: Moist W: Wet				Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense m H: Hard Fb: Friable			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)  * Parts per million (ppm)
					Medium Dense			rates per minon (ppm)

### **BOREHOLE LOG**

ENVIRONMENTAL

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Client:

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB13 Date: 27/08/2019 Drilled by:

NCY DENSITY VDEX EXCAVATION DATA MATERIAL DATA DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other. STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL ORSERVATIONS

.07	WATER (St	DEPTH	SAMPI	PID (p	GRAPHI		MOIS	CONSISTEN	OBSERVATIONS
Г	Т	0 —				Grass			
		0.5	0.1	0.0		FILL - Sandy gravelly CLAY, dark grey	w		Organic material, organic odour
	_	-	0.6	0.0		Sandy CLAY, grey with orange mottling, some sandstone  Borehole terminated at 0.7m - required depth attained	W		
N	TO	ES:					•		
1.	And a constant of the								

Hand auger to 0.7m

Moisture Consistency Index D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff V St: Very Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable M: Moist W: Wet

MD: Medium Dense

Density Index VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense

\* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System \* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)
\* Parts per million (ppm)



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Client:

Matt Vanderheyden

Borehole No: SB14 Date: 27/08/2019

Project Manager: Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Drilled by: JΕ

EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			M	ATERIAL DATA		TY	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	Soil division: sand / g	DESCRIPTION ravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —								
	-	0.1	0.0		FILL - Sandy CLAY, some	gravels, dark brown	Н		
					Borehole ter	minated at 0.1m - refusal on red sandstone			
NO'	ΓES:								
Hand auger to 0.1m									
	Moisture Consistency Index				•	Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
	D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense			V St: F: Fir	Very Stiff m H: Hard Fb: Friable	VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense			Classification System  * Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)  * Parts per million (ppm)

### **BOREHOLE LOG**

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422

Project No: 19.13

MD: Medium Dense

**Project Manager:** Matt Vanderheyden

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB15 Date: 27/08/2019

Drilled by:

	Camperdov	vn NSW 14	50		Chent: Walter Projects Pty Ltu			
EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		ŢŢ	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —	0.1	0.0		FILL - Silty CLAY, some sand, light brown	Н		
	0.25 - 0.4 0.0 -			SAND, some clay, light brown	Н			
					Borehole terminated at 0.6m - refusal on sandstone bedrock			
NO	TES:				<u> </u>			
Hand auger to 0.6m								
	D: Dry H: Humid VS: \ M: Moist W: Wet VSt: F: Fir			VS: V V St: F: Fir	stency Index Pery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff Density Index VL: Very Loose D: Dense Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense H: Hard Fb: Friable			* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System * Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) * Parts per million (ppm)



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Walter Projects Pty Ltd Client:

Borehole No: SB16

Date: 27/08/2019

JE

Drilled by:

EV	CAVATIO	NDATA	l		MATERIAL DATA	I	<b>&gt;</b>	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (mpm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —					L		
	-	0.1	0.0		FILL - Silty SAND, medium grained, some gravels, dark brown/red	Н		
	-	0.3	0.0		SAND, medium grained, light brown	Н		
					Borehole terminated at 0.4m - refusal on sandstone bedrock			
NO	ΓES:							
Han	d auger to	0.4m						
1	sture				stency Index Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
	D: Dry H: I				ery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense			Classification System
N	M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense				m H: Hard Fb: Friable			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)  * Parts per million (ppm)

### **BOREHOLE LOG**



Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Borehole No: SB17 Date: 27/08/2019

	FRACE Envi PO Box 422 Camperdow				Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road Drilled by: Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd			JE	
EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			M	ATERIAL DATA		ΙΤΥ	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	Soil division: sand / s	DESCRIPTION gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —	0.1	0.0		FILL - Gravelly clayey SA	ND, medium grained	M		
					Borehole term	inated at 0.2m - refusal on sandstone bedrock			
NO	ΓES:								
Har	d auger to	0.2m							
					istency Index	Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
1	-				ery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense  Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense				* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)
	F: Fir			F: Fir	m H: Hard Fb: Friable Medium Dense	L. LOUSE VD. VERY DERISE			* Parts per million (ppm)



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450 Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB18

**Date:** 27/08/2019 **Drilled by:** JE

EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		TY			
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS		
	0	0.1	0.0		FILL - Silty SAND, fine to medium grained, dark brown/grey	D				
	0.5 -	0.5	0.0		SAND, trace silt, light brown	D				
	1.0	1.0	0.0		White sandstone fragments  Borehole terminated at 1.0m - required depth attained					
NO	ΓES:	I					I			
Har	Hand auger to 1.0m									
	Moisture Consistency Index Density Index D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense							* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System * Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) * Parts per million (ppm)		

### BOREHOLE LOG

TRACE

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Moisture

D: Dry H: Humid

M: Moist W: Wet

Project No: 19.13

Consistency Index

V St: Very Stiff

VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff

F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Density Index

VL: Very Loose D: Dense

L: Loose VD: Very Dense

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB19

Date: 27/08/2019

Drilled by: JE

	camperdov	VII NSW 14	50							
EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		ſΤΥ			
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS		
	0 —									
	- - -	0.1	0.0		FILL - Silty SAND, trace clay, dark brown	Н		Organic material		
					Borehole terminated at 0.6m - refusal on sandstone bedrock					
NO	NOTES:									
Hai	Hand auger to 0.2m									

\* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)
\* Parts per million (ppm)

\* Description based on Unified Soil

Classification System



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13 Project Manager:

Client:

Matt Vanderheyden

Borehole No: SB20 Date: 27/08/2019

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Drilled by: JΕ

CAVATIO	N DATA			M	ATERIAL DATA		ITY	
DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	Soil division: sand / g	DESCRIPTION ravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENS INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
0 —								
- - -	0.1	0.0		FILL - Silty SAND, trace gr	avels	Н		
				Borehole terminated a	at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock			
TES:			l					
	0.25m							
isture			Consi	stency Index	Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
D: Dry H: H	lumid		VS: V	ery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff	VL: Very Loose D: Dense			Classification System
M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense			F: Fir	m H: Hard Fb: Friable	L: Loose VD: Very Dense			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) * Parts per million (ppm)
	0 —	O O.1 O.1 O.1 O.25m o.25m	O O.1 O.0 O.0 O.0 O.0 O.0 O.0 O.0 O.0 O.0 O.0	O O.1 O.0 O.0  TTES: nd auger to 0.25m  D: Dry H: Humid VS: V M: Moist W: Wet VSt: F: Fir	TES:  nd auger to 0.25m  D: Dry H: Humid M: Moist W: Wet VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable	Borehole terminated at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock  Borehole terminated at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock  Borehole terminated at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock  District Consistency Index Density Ind	Borehole terminated at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock  Borehole terminated at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock  Borehole terminated at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock  District Consistency Index Density Ind	TES:  Ind auger to 0.25m  D: Dry H: Humid  M: Moist W: Wet  D: Dry H: Hard Fb: Friable  FILL - Silty SAND, trace gravels  H  Borehole terminated at 0.25m - refusal on grey/brown sandstone bedrock  H  Density Index  VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense E: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable

### **BOREHOLE LOG**



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Client:

Borehole No: SB21 Date: 27/08/2019

Walter Street and Willoughby Road Drilled by: Walter Projects Pty Ltd

_										
EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		Ě			
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	PID (mpm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS		
	0									
	_	0.05 *	0.0		FILL - Sandy CLAY, trace silt and gravel, dark grey	W		No staining, no odour		
	_	0.1	0.0		CLAY, moderate to high plasticity, grey mottled brown	Н		No staining, no odour		
					Borehole terminated at 0.2m - required depth attained					
NO'	ΓES:			•	•	•				
11	New Association (Control of the Control of the Cont									

Hand auger to 0.2m

\* Duplicate/Triplicate samples QS3/QS3A associated with primary sample SB21\_0.05

Moisture Consistency Index Density Index D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense

F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable MD: Medium Dense

\* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System

\* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID) \* Parts per million (ppm)

ENVIRONMENTAL

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd Borehole No: SB22

Date: 27/08/2019 Drilled by:

EXCAV	ATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		Ţ	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	(mdd) GId	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION  Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
0	-				FILL - Silty SAND, some gravels, dark brown/black	М		
	-	0.05	0.0		Title Sitty Salve, some gravers, dark brown, black			
	_				Sandy CLAY, medium plasticity, grey with light brown mottle	М		
	-							
0.25	5 –							
	-							
	. +							
0.5	, ]				Becoming light grey, friable sandstone			
$\vdash$		0.6	0.0		Borehole terminated at 0.6m - required depth attained			
					Borenoie terminated at 0.6m - required depth attained			
$\sqcup$								
NOTES:								
Hand auger to 0.6m								
Moisture	e			Consi	stency Index Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
D: Dr	D: Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense							Classification System
M: M	M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense							* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)
F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable								* Parts per million (ppm)
	MD: Medium Dense							

### **BOREHOLE LOG**

ENVIRONMENTAL

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Walter Projects Pty Ltd

Borehole No: SB23 Date: 27/08/2019 Drilled by:

Client:

EXCAVATION DATA MATERIAL DATA CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX DESCRIPTION WATER (Stabilised) MOISTURE GRAPHIC LOG Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, SAMPLE ID STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL PID (ppm) other. OBSERVATIONS DEPTH ( 0 FILL - Silty SAND, fine grained, brown 0.1 0.0 FILL(?) - Sandy CLAY, light brown mottled grey D 0.5 0.5 0.0 0.8 Borehole terminated in natural clay at 0.8m NOTES:

Hand auger to 0.5m

Moisture D: Dry H: Humid M: Moist W: Wet F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable

Consistency Index Density Index VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff V St: Very Stiff

MD: Medium Dense

VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense

\* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System \* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)

\* Parts per million (ppm)



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Location: Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd Borehole No: SB24

Date: 28/08/2019 Drilled by:

EX	CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		TY	
WATER (Stabilised)	DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	0 —				FILL - Gravelly SAND, some clay, brown	Н		No odour, no staining, brick fragments
	- -	0.1	0.0		TEE - Cravery SAND, some day, nown			NO Odour, no staining, brick fragments
	0.25 -							
	0.5 -	0.5	0.0		FILL - Clayey SAND, grey/brown	W		No odour, no staining
	0.75	0.8	0.0		CLAY, some sand, brown	Н		No odour, no staining
					Borehole terminated at 0.8m - required depth attained			
NO	TES:							
Har	nd auger to	0.8m						
1 .	isture				stency Index Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
	D: Dry H: I				ery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VL: Very Loose D: Dense			Classification System
'	M: Moist V	V: Wet		F: Fir	Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense m H: Hard Fb: Friable Medium Dense			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)  * Parts per million (ppm)
				.710.	mediani serise			

### **BOREHOLE LOG**

TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450

Project No: 19.13

Location:

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

Walter Street and Willoughby Road

Walter Projects Pty Ltd Client:

Borehole No: SB25 Date: 28/08/2019

Drilled by: JE

CAVATIO	N DATA			MATERIAL DATA		Ĕ	
DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLE ID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHICLOG	DESCRIPTION Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENS INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
٥				Grass			
0.25	0.05	0.0		FILL - Sandy gravelly CLAY, blackSilty SAND, some gravels, dark brown/black	W		No odour, no staining, brick fragment, possible leaking pipe
0.5 —	0.6	0.0		Sandy CLAY, grey/brown	W		No odour, no staining, possible leaking pipe
TEC.				Borehole terminated at 0.6m - required depth attained			
	0 ————————————————————————————————————	0.25 - 0.6	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O	O Grass  O.05  O.05  O.06  O.0  Borehole terminated at 0.6m - required depth attained	O Grass  O.05  O.05  O.06  O.00  O.06  O.00  O.0	O Grass FILL - Sandy gravelly CLAY, blackSilty SAND, some gravels, dark brown/black  O Grass FILL - Sandy gravelly CLAY, blackSilty SAND, some gravels, dark brown/black  W Sandy CLAY, grey/brown  O.5 O.6 O.0 Borehole terminated at O.6m - required depth attained

Hand auger to 0.6m

Moisture Consistency Index VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff V St: Very Stiff D: Dry H: Humid M: Moist W: Wet F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable

MD: Medium Dense

Density Index VL: Very Loose D: Dense L: Loose VD: Very Dense

\* Description based on Unified Soil Classification System
\* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)

\* Parts per million (ppm)



TRACE Environmental Pty Ltd PO Box 422 Camperdown NSW 1450 Project No: 19.13

Project Manager: Matt Vanderheyden

**Borehole No:** SB26 **Date:** 28/08/2019

**Location:** Walter Street and Willoughby Road

**Drilled by:** JE

Client: Walter Projects Pty Ltd

EXCAVATION DATA MATERIAL DATA								
				MA	ATERIAL DATA		ITY	
DEPTH (mm)	SAMPLEID	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	Soil division: sand / g	DESCRIPTION ravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY INDEX	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
0				Grass				
FILL - Gravelly SAND, black/brown				D		No odour, no staining		
				Borehole termir	lated at 0.15m - refusal on sandstone bedrock			
ES:								
l auger t	o 0.15m							
ture			Consi	stency Index	Density Index			* Description based on Unified Soil
			VS: V	ery Soft S: Soft St: Stiff				Classification System
M: Moist W: Wet V St: Very Stiff F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable			F: Fir	m H: Hard Fb: Friable	L: Loose VD: Very Dense			* Photo Ionisation Detector (PID)  * Parts per million (ppm)
	0 — ES: I auger t	0 0.1  ES: I auger to 0.15m  ture Dry H: Humid	O 0.1 0.0  ES: I auger to 0.15m  ture Dry H: Humid	######################################	Borehole termin  ES:  Lauger to 0.15m  Ture  Consistency Index  VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff  Moist W: Wet  V St: Very Stiff	Soil division: sand / gravel / clay, grading, weathering, plasticity, colour, other.  O  Grass FILL - Gravelly SAND, black/brown  Borehole terminated at 0.15m - refusal on sandstone bedrock  ES: Lauger to 0.15m  ture Dry H: Humid VS: Very Soft S: Soft St: Stiff VI.: Very Loose D: Dense VS: Very Stiff L: Loose VD: Very Dense F: Firm H: Hard Fb: Friable	O Grass  O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	Borehole terminated at 0.15m - refusal on sandstone bedrock  ES:  ture

### Well Gauging Sheet - 1-31 Walter Street and 450-462 Willoughby Road, Willoughby NSW

Monitoring Well ID	Well Diameter (mm)	Date	Total Well Depth* (mBTOC)	Depth to Water (mBTOC)	Purged Volume (L)	Colour	Electrical Conductivity EC (μS/cm)	Total Dissolved Solids TDS (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen DO (ppm)	<b>pH</b> (pH unit)	Redox ORP	Comments	
MW1	50	2/09/2019	6.69	2.369	2.5	Grey brown	195.5	131	2.16	6.80	172.3	No odour, no sheen, medium turbidity	
MW2	50	2/09/2019	8.28	3.359	2.5	Clear	224.8	151	0.49	4.22	380.4	No odour, no sheen, low tubridity	
MW3	50	2/09/2019	10.58	4.226	2.5	Clear	530	355	0.15	5.76	168.5	No odour, no sheen, low tubridity	
MW4	50	2/09/2019	-	2.876	2.5	Clear	593	397	0.82	4.62	148.2	No odour, no sheen, low turbidity	

Notes:

"MW-##" Groundwater Monitoring Well

mBTOC - metres below top of casing

ORP - Oxidation Reduction Potential

WT - Water Table (metres relative to temporary benchmark)

HC - Hydrocarbon

\* Total well depth gauged 22/08/19



L	1	ENTAL
		IRONM
	300	ENV

M = Medium $L = Low$	X = Not present Y = Yes $N = No$	Note: Do not smell for HC odour, however,	inadvertent observations should be noted.	All ACT sites must be tested for ethanol.
H = High	X = Not p	Note: Do	inadverte	All ACT si
19.13	MILLOUGHBY	10 24	ار ا	AC
Project No:	ALTER ST,	Finish Time:	Sampling Method:	Recorded by:
2/9/19	3	80°0	) MM	tion: Cocc
Date:	Site Address:	Start Time:	Monitor Well No:	Well Head Condition:

### Field Observations

Physical Observations Colour, LNAPL colour, other odours, etc.	tes Mad. milley wante from or some	Sand Sand
Turbidity	te Mad.	
Sheen	1	
HC Odour	1	
Sample Filtered	>	
Total Well Depth (mbtoc)	せて	
LNAPL Thickness (m)	١	
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	2.369	
Depth to LNAPL (mbtoc)	١	ements
Well Diameter (mm)	PS	Field Parameter Measurements
Well ID	ME	Field Paran

Comments						**		
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	2.701	2.153	2.841	2-93	7-946			
Redox Potential (ORP) (mV)	140.9	135.3	145.3 2.841	1.951	172.3 2.996			
Hd	5+.8	b8. €	7:2	96.9	08.9			
Dissolved Oxygen (DO) (mg/L)		1-93	1.79	1.55	2.16			
Electrical Cond (EC) (µS/cm)	250.9	284.2	17.3 220.8	(7.3 205.8	5.561 7.61			
Temp (°C)	5-61	[7.3	(4.3	(7.3	7.61			
Volume Purged (L)	S-£1 5.0	0.7	<u>.</u>	2.0	2.5			
Time	0101	(013	1016	1020	W24 2.5			



	0/0/0	70.12		
Date:	7 (116)	Project No:	H = High $M = Medium$	L = Low
Site Address:	WALTER ST	WILLOUGH BY	X = Not present Y = Yes	N = No
Start Time:	(103	Finish Time:	Note: Do not smell for HC odour, however,	r, however,
Monitor Well No:	NU2	Sampling Method:	inadvertent observations should be noted.	ld be noted.
Well Head Condition:	on: (ඉහල්	Recorded by:	All ACT sites must be tested for ethanol.	ethanol.

Field Observations

Physical Observations Colour, LNAPL colour, other odours, etc.	Cleal.
Turbidity	39
Sheen	1
HC Odour	١
Sample Filtered	>
Total Well Depth (mbtoc)	1
LNAPL Thickness (m)	Ī
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	3.559
Depth to LNAPL (mbtoc)	١
Well Diameter (mm)	55
Well ID	701

Comments								
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	3.56	3.68)	3.789	3899	3.904			
Redox Potential (ORP) (mV)	5.01 340.8 3.56	360.2	4.47 371.0 3.789	4.29 375.4 3899	280.4 3.904	<b>Y</b>		
Hď	5.01	49.6	もかり	4.29	4.22			
Dissolved Oxygen (DO) (mg/L)	0.72		45.0	10.54	0.49			
Electrical Cond (EC) (µS/cm)	17.9 221.1	223.0	223.6	K. d 224.4	18.0 224.8 0.49			
Temp (°C)	6.71	6.41	(7.7)	16. d	(8.0)			
Volume Purged (L)	5.0	(·)	7.	2-0	2-5	in the second		
Time	11096 0.5	109	7111	9111	1121	6)		



H = High M = Medium L = Low	X = Not present Y = Yes $N = No$	Note: Do not smell for HC odour, however,	inadvertent observations should be noted.	All ACT sites must be tested for ethanol.
Project No: 19.13	LACOUSTRY	Finish Time:	Sampling Method:	Recorded by:
2/9/19	SS: WALTEK	1250	Veli No: MW 3	Well Head Condition:
Date:	Site Address:	Start Time:	Monitor Well No:	Well Head

Field Observations

Physical Observations Colour, LNAPL colour, other odours, etc.	DUS CLEAR SLIGHTLY MILKY
THE STREET	CLEAR /
Turbidity	397
Sheen	1
HC Odour	1
Sample Filtered	7
Total Well Depth (mbtoc)	\
LNAPL Thickness (m)	\
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	4.236
Depth to LNAPL (mbtoc)	\
Well Diameter (mm)	SO
Well ID	202

Comments							
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	4.541	4.683	4.841	4.910	5.061		
Redox Depth to Potential Water (ORP) (mV) (mbtoc)	187.9	176.1	173.8	169.3 4.910			
Hd	5.63	5.70	5.73	5.75	94.5		
Dissolved Oxygen (DO) (mg/L)	0.34	0.27	6.19	0.16	51.0		
Electrical Cond (EC) (μS/cm)	530	530	575	528	530		
Temp (°C)	17.5	(A-S	h·£1	7. 51	h. £.)		
Volume Purged (L)	0.5	4.0	٢٠	2.0	2.5		
Time	12583 0.5	9571	725/30	1304 2.0	1309 2.5		



H = High $M = Medium$ $L = Low$	X = Not present Y = Yes $N = No$	Note: Do not smell for HC odour, however,	inadvertent observations should be noted.	All ACT sites must be tested for ethanol.	
Project No: 19.13	MACOCOLOGICO / OCHOCOLOGICO	Finish Time:	Sampling Method:	Recorded by:	
Date: 2/9/19	Site Address: WALTER ST	Start Time:	Monitor Well No:	Well Head Condition: MW- & 4	

### Field Observations

Physical Observations Colour, LNAPL colour, other odours, etc.	Cled			
Turbidity	707			
Sheen	(			
HC Odour	1			
Sample Filtered	)			
Total Well Depth (mbtoc)				
LNAPL Thickness (m)				
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	2.876			
Depth to LNAPL (mbtoc)	١			
Well Diameter (mm)	55			
Well ID	P WM			

Comments							
Depth to Water (mbtoc)	3.025	3.0%	3.138	3.162	3.201		
Potential Water (ORP) (mV) (mbtoc)	224.1	208.4	194.3	79.167 177.2 3.162	148.2 3.201		
Hd	4.88	4.87	tt.7	t9.17	4.62		
Dissolved Oxygen (DO) (mg/L)	1.27	10,1	0.95	98.0	0.82		
Electrical Cond (EC) (µS/cm)	Æ.	287	207	165	593		
Temp (°C)	たわ	9.1)	17.5	17.7	17.6		
Volume Purged (L)	0.5	0-1	(-)	2.0	2.5		
Time	185	176	120D	4021	302,		